## XXXIX.-Descriptions of Chalcidites discovered in Valdivia by C. Darwin, Esq. By Francis Walker, F.L.S.

Pachylarthrus Sariaster, Mas. Firidis, antenne lutece, pedes flavi, ale limpida.-Fem. Cupreus, antenua nigra, pedes fulvi, femora viridia.

Mas. Corpus crassum, convexum, nitens, viride cupreo-varium, scite squameum, parce pubescens : caput magnum, transversum, breve, viride, thorace latius; vertex latus, cupreo-varius; frons impressa, abrupte declivis: oculi rufi, mediocres, non extantes: os flavum; palpi maxillares clavati; antennæe luteæ, graciles, subfiliformes, 13 -articulatæ, thorace pauilo longinres; articulus $1^{\text {ns }}$ longus, gracilis; $2^{\text {us }}$ longicyathiformis; $3^{38}$ et $4^{\text {as }}$ minimi ; $5^{\text {us }}$ et sequentes usque ad $10^{\text {um }}$ mediocres, sttbequales; clava longiconica, acuminata, articulo $10^{\circ}$ fere duplo longior : thorax ovatus, robustus: prothorax transversus, brevis, antice angustus: mesothoracis scutum longitudine latius; parapsidum suturæ bene determinatæ, postice approximatæ; paraptera ot epimera magna; scutellum subconicum, sat magnum : metathorax mediocris, obconicus, declivis: petiolus sat longus: abdomen rhombiforme, contractum, læve, glabrum, latitudine non longius, thoracis dimidii longitudine; segmentum $1^{\text {um }}$ maximum, dorsum obtegens: pedes favi, simplices, subæquales; coxæ virides; ungues et pulvilli fusci : alæ limpidæ; squamulæ Iuteæ; nervi fulvi; nervus humeralis ulnari multo longior, radialis ulnari vix brevior, eubitali duplo longior ; stigma miuntum.

Fem. Cupreus, parum nitens : caput thorace vix latius: palpi maxillares simplices: antenase nigræ, subfiliformes, thorace non longiores; articulus $2^{\text {as }}$ cyathiformis; $5^{n s}$ et sequentes usque ad $10^{n u m}$ subæquales, approximati; clava conica, articulo $10^{\circ}$ iongior : petiolus brevis : abdomen ovatum, stipra fere planum, subtus carinatum, apice acuminatum et attenuatum, thorace vix longius; segnentum $1^{\text {um }}$ magnum, $2^{\text {um }}$ et sequentia brevia; pedes fulvi; coxw virides; femora viridia, apice fulva. (Corp. long. lin. 1-1 $\frac{2}{5}$; alar. $\operatorname{lin}$. 13-2 $\frac{1}{4}$.)

Dicyclus Lynastes, Fem. Viridi-ceneus, nntenna nigra, pedes fulvi, femora anca, alae limpide.
Corpus breve, convexum, viridi-æneum, nitens, scitissime squameum, parce hirtum : caput transversum, breve, thorace paullo latius; vertex latus; frons impressa, abrupte declivis : oculi rufi, mediocres, non extantes: antennæ nigræ, graciles, subclavatæ, thorace vix Iongiores; articulus $\left.l^{\text {us }}\right]$ on gus $; 2^{\text {us }}$ cyathiformis; $3^{\text {u6 }}$ et $4^{148}$ minimi ; $5^{\text {us }} \mathrm{et}$ sequentes usque ad $10^{u m}$ subsequales, approximati; clava conica, compressa, acuminata, articulo $10^{\circ}$ multo longior: thorax ovatus : prothorax transversus, brevis, antice angustus: mesothoracis scutum Iongitudine latius, parapsidum suture remotæ, sat bene determinatz, postice approximatæ; paraptera of epimera magna; scutellum subconicum, mediocre : metathorax brevi-obconicus, declivis: petiolus brevis: abdomen subrotundum, supra fere planum, subtus carinatum, apice acuminatum, thorace brevius; segmentum $1^{\text {um }}$ magnum : pedes fulvi, simplices, subæquales; coxæ æneæ; femora senea, apice fulva; tarsi apice fusci: alæ limpidæ; squamulæ piceæ; nervi fulvi; nervus humeralis ulnari multo longior, radialis ulnari vix brevior, cubitali longior; stigna minutum. (Corp. long. lin, $\frac{3}{4}$; alar. lin, $1_{\frac{1}{2}}$.)

Lamprotatus Natta, Mas. Viridi-cyaneus, antenna nigra, pedes flavi, alce limpide.
Corpus angustum, sublineare, convexum, viridi-cyaneum, nitens, scitissime squameum, parce hirtum: caput transversmm, breve, viride, thorace latius; vertex latus, ænco-varius; frons impressa, abrupte declivis: oculi rufi,

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mediocres, non extantes : antennæ nigræ, graciles, subfiliformes, thorace vix breviores; articulus $1^{\text {us }}$ longus, sublinearis; $2^{\text {us }}$ longicyathiformis, $3^{\text {ns }}$ et $4^{\text {n3 }}$ minimi ; $5^{\text {4s }}$ et sequentes usque ad $10^{\text {um }}$ subæquales, approximati; clava longiovata, acuminata, articulo $10^{\circ}$ multo longior : thorax longi-subovatus: prothorax transversus, mediocris, antice paullo angustior: mesothoracis scutum longitudine latius; parapsidum suluræ bene deterninate, postice approximatæ; paraptera et epimera magna; scutellum subconicum, mediocre: metathorax magnus, declivis, obconicus : petiolus sat longus : abdomen breviovatum, læve, glabrum, thorace multo brevius; pedes Havi, simplices, subæquales; coxe virides; tarsi apice fusci : alæ timpidæ; squamulæ fusce ; nervi fulvi. (Corp. long. lin. 1; alar. lin. 11 $\frac{1}{2}$.)

Lamprotatus Bisaltes, Mas. Aneo-viridis, antenna nigre, pedes flavi, femora viridia, ale limpide.
Corpus convexum, æneo-viride, nitens, scitissime squameum, parce hirtum : caput transversum, breve, thoracis latitudine; vertex latus; frons impressa, abrupte declivis: oculi rufi, mediocres, non extantes: antennæ nigre?: thorax ovatus: prothorax transversas, brevissimus : mesothoracis scutum longitudine latius; parapsidum suturæ bene determinatæ, postice approximatæ; paraptera et epimera magna; scutellum conicum, mediocre: metathorax brevi-obconicus, declivis : petiolus brevissimus: abdomen sublineare, læve, glabrum, fere planum, thorace angustius et multo brevius; segmentum $1^{\text {um }}$ maximum : pedes flavi, simplices, subæquales; coxæ virides; femora viridia, apice flava; tarsi apice fusci : alæ limpidæ; squamule piceæ; nervi fusci ; nervus humeralis ulnari fere duplo longior, radialis ulnari paullo brevior, cubitali paullo longior; stigma parvum. (Corp. long. liv. 1; alar. lin. 13.)

Lamprotatus Orobia, Fem. Viridis, cupreo-varius, antennes nigra, pedes rufi, femora basi viridia, ale limpida.
Viridis, convexus, nitens, scitissime squameus, parce pubescens: caput transversum, mediocre, thoracis latitudine; vertex sat latus; frons abrupte declivis, ad antennarum receptionem excavata: oculi picei, mediocres, non extantes: antemme subfiliformes, nigra, graciles, pubescentes, thorace non longiores; articulus $1^{\text {u6 }}$ longus, gracilis; $2^{155}$ longicyathiformis; $3^{\text {n5 }}$ et $4^{\text {us }}$ vix conspicui; $5^{\text {us }}$ longicyathiformis; $6^{\text {us }}$ et sequentes breviores : thorax longiovatus: prothorax mediocris, transversus, antice angulum utrinque fingens non angustior: mesothoracis scutum longitudiue vix latius; parapsidum suturæ bene determinatæ, postice approximatæ; paraptera et epimera magua; scutellum mediocre, conicum : metathorax mediocris, declivis, obconicus: petiolus brevis: abdomen ovatum, nitens, læve, fere glabrum, apice acuminatum, thorace paullo brevius: scgmenta antica magna, postica breviora: oviductus non exertus : pedes graciles, recti, subæquales, pallide rufi, pubescentes : coxw virides; trochanteres piceæ; femmra basi viridia; tarsi apice fusci : alæ limpidæ, mediocres; squamulæ viridi-piceæ; nervi fusci; nervus humeralis ulnari fere duplo longior, cubitalis radiali brevior; stigma mintttum. (Corp. long. lin. $1 \frac{1}{2}$; alar. lin. $2 \frac{1}{5}$.)

Var. B.-Capitis vertex virdi-eneus: thoracis discus cuprco-æneus : abdomen cupreo-varium.

Pteromalus Megareus, Fem. Viridi-cenens, antennce nigra, pedes favi, femora viridia, tibice fusco-cincter, ale limpide.
Corpus viridi-æneum, convexum, parum nitens, scitissime squameum, parce pubescens : caput transversum, breve, thorace paulio latius; vertex sat latus; frons abrupte declivis, excarata ; oculi picei, mediocres, non extantes: antennæ nigræ, subclavata, pubescentes, sat graciles, thorace non longiotes;
articulus $1^{1 " s}$ viridis : thorax breviovatus: prothorax brevissimus, supra vix conspicuus: mesothoracis scutunt Iatum; parapsidum suture non bene de terminata ; scutellum subrotundum, mediocre: metathorax brevis, declivis, obconicus: petiolus brevissimus: abdomen longiovatum, nitens, Iæve, fere glabrum, supra planum, subtus carinatum, apice acuminatum, thorace longius et angustius : pedes flavi; coxæ virides; femora viridia, apice flava; tibiæ fusco-cinctæ; tarsi apice fusci : alæ limpidæ; squamulæ piceæ; nervi fulvi; nervus humeralis ulnari multo longior, cubitalis radiali multo brevior; stigma minimum. (Corp. long. lin. 1; alar. lin. 1 $1 \frac{1}{2}$.)

Closterocerus Xenodice, Mas et Fem. Viridis cyareo-varius, abdomen cupreum, antennce nigrce, pedes flavi, femora viridia, tibice fusco-cincte, alee fusco-maculate.
Mas. Corpus sublineare, angustum; depressum, læte viride, nitens, læve, parce hirtum: caput transversum, brevissimum, inter oculos impressum; vertex sat latus; frons abrupte declivis: aculi mediocres: antennæe subsetaceæ, nigræ, hirtæ, thorace non longiores: thorax ovatus: prothorax brevissimus: mesothoracis scutum longitudine vix latius; parapsidum suturæ vix conspicuse ; scutellum subovatum: metathorax obconicus, declivis, mediocris : petiolus brevissimus: abdomen sublineare, cupreum, basi cyaneoviride, thorace angustius non longins: pedes flavi; coxæ virides; femora viridia; tibia fusco-cincte ; tarsi apice fusci : alæ mediocres, ciliatæ, fulvotinctæ, in discum obsolete fusco-maculate; squamulæ piceæ; nervi fulvi; nervus ulnaris humerali multo longior, radialis vix tulus, cubitalis breviseimuts in alæ discum abrupte declivis; stigma minimum.

Var, ß.-Tibiæ omnino fusces : alis macule vix conspicuæ.
Var. $\%$-Alæ omnino limpidæ.
Fem. Cyaneo-viridis: antennæ setacew, thorace breviores: abdomen ovatum, thorace paullo brevins vix angustius. (Corp. long. lin. $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{2}{3}$; alar. lin. $\frac{1}{2}-1$.)

Var. ß.-Tibize nigro-fuscæ, apice flavæ.
Platygaster Paches, Mas et Fem. Atra, antenne nigra, pedes nigri, tarsi picei, ale subfusca.
Mas. Corpus convexum, atrum, nitens, læve, fere glabrum : caput transversum, breve, thorace vix latius; vertex sat latus; frons abrupte declivis : oculi picei, parvi, non extantes : antennæ nigræ: thorax ovatus: prothorax brevissimus, supra vix conspicuus: mesothoracis scuturn longitudine latius; parapsidum suturæ non bene determinatæ; scutellum subrotundum, non productum : metathorax parvus, obeonicus, declivis : petiolus brevis: abdomen longiovatum, thorace paullo angustius non longius; segmentum $1^{\text {um }}$ magnum, $2^{\text {uma }}$ et sequentia breviora: pedes nigri, subæquales; femora clavata; genua picea; tibie clavatæ; tarsi picei: alæ subfuscæ; squamulæ picez. (Corp. long. lin. $\frac{1}{2}$; alar. lin. $\frac{3}{3}$.)

Fem. Caput thoracis latitudine: antennæ subclavate: abdomen longiovatum, apice acuminatum, thorace angustius et paullo longits.

Inostemma Quinda, Fem. Atra, antenna fiava, apice fusca, pedes flavi, ala limpida.
Corpus atrum, angustum, sublineare, convexum, læve, nitens, pubescens: caput transversum, subrotundum, thorace vix latius; vertex latus; frons abrupte declivis : oculi parvi, non extantes : antenna stabclavatæ, flavæ, apice fuscæ: thorax ovatus: prothorax brevissimus, supra vix conspicıus: mesothoracis scutum transversum, sulcis 2 indistinctis postice approximatis; parapsidum suturæ non bene determinatæ; scutellum obconicum, non productum : metathorax brevi-obconicus, declivis : petiolus crassus, brevissimus: abdonen longiovatum, glabrum, apice acmminatum, thorace paullo longius

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non angustius ; segmentum $]^{\text {um }}$ maximum : pedes flavi, simplices, subæquales: alæ limpidæ, mediocres; squamulæe picees ; nervi fulvi; nervus subcostalis ala basi emissus nervulum in discum rejiciens et spatio brevi ante costæ medinm in stigma subfureatum decedens : nervus quoque spurius ale basi emissus in discum excurrens et nervo subcostali nervuloque triangulan fingens. (Corp. long. lin. $\frac{1}{2}$; alar. lin. 1.)

Romilius (n. g.*) Zotale, Fem. Ater, antennas nigra basi fulva, pedes fulvi, alce limpida.
Corpus longum, angustum, sublineare, atrum, vix convexum, obscurum, pilis canis pubescens, subtilissime et confertissime punctatum : caput transversum, breve, subrotundum, thorace vix latius; vertex latus; frons convexa, non impressa : oculi parvi, non extantes : antenne nigre, graciles, subclavatæ, prope os insertze, thorace non breviores; articulus $1^{0 s}$ longus, subfusiformis, fulvus; $2^{\text {us }}$ longicyathiformis; $3^{\text {us }}$ et $4^{\text {ur }}$ longi, lineares; $5^{\text {ui }}$ et sequentes ad $10^{\text {um }}$ breves, approximati, clavam fingentes longifusiformem : thorax longiovatus: prothorax brevissimus, postice excavatus: me. sothoracis scutum magnum, trisulcatum, longitudine vix latius; sulci laterales postice approximati; scutellum parvum, semicirculum fingens : metathorax mediocris, obconicus : petiolus brevissimus : abdomen longifusiforme, subtus convexum, apice acuminatum, thorace multo longius; segmentum $1^{\mathrm{mm}}$ breve; $2^{\mathrm{van}}$ et $3^{u n}$ magna; $4^{u m}$ et $5^{\text {um }}$ paullo breviora; $6^{u m}$ adhuc brevius : pedes fulvi, jongi, graciles, simplices, subæquales; tarsis articulus $1^{\text {ra }}$ longus, $2^{\text {ns }}$ multo brevior, $3^{\text {as }}$ adhuc brevior, $4^{\mathrm{us}} 3^{\circ}$ brevior, $5^{\mathrm{us}} 4^{\circ}$ patullo longior: alæ mediocres, limpidæ, abdominis apicem dum quictem agunt non attingentes; squamulæf fulva; nervi fulvi ; nervus subcostalis alæ basi emissus ad costex medium eam attingens et fere ad alæ apicem percurrens; nervus $2^{\text {ns. }}$ quoque alæ basi emissus in discum excurrens ibique furcatus, furea antica nervo subcostali triangulum fingens, furca postica ad alæ marginem posticum decedens; nervus cubitalis rectus, sat longus, nervo subcostali ubi costam attingit emissus, stigmate terminatus minuto. (Corp. long. lin. $1 \frac{3}{4}$; alar. lia. $2 \frac{3}{2}$.)
[To be continned.]
XL.-The Crustacea of Ireland. Order Decapoda. By Wm. Thompson, Esq., Vice-Pres. Nat. Hist. Society of Belfast.

## CRUSTACEA. Order Decapoda.

## Decapoda Brachyuri.

Macropodia phalangium, Leach, Mal. pl. 23. f. 6; Desmar. p. 155. pl. 23. f. 3 .
Stenorhyncus phalangium, Edw. Crust. tome i. p. 279.
Cancer phalangium, Penn. Brit. Zool. vol. iv. p. 11. pl. 9. f. 3, edition 1812.
This species has already been recorded by Templeton as "not uncommon on the Irish coast," and by Mr. J. V. Thompson as "very abundant in the deep water of the harbour of Cove." Ent. Mag. vol. iii. p. 371.

It has occurred very commonly to my scientific friends and myself when dredging in the loughs of Strangford and Belfast; and to Mr.

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[^0]:    - Seclio Duris (Monogr. Chalcid., ii. 61.) also belongs to this genus.

