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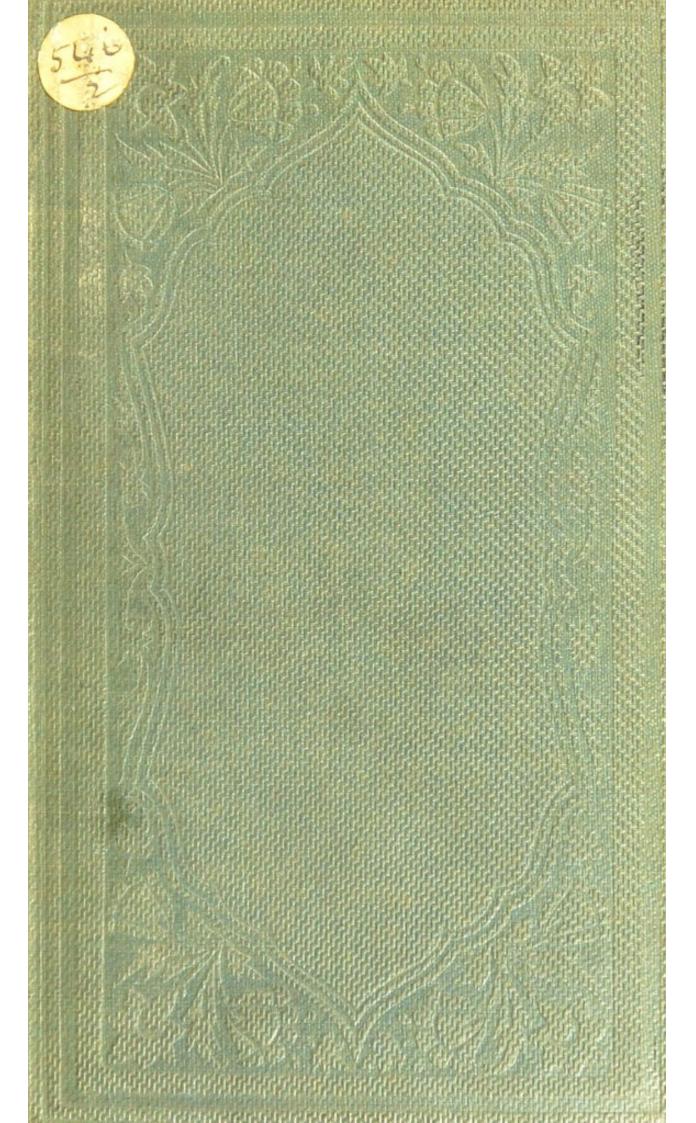
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SIR WILLIAM CROOKES, D.Sc., F.R.S..



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THE

## LICHEN-FLORA

OF

# GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND AND THE CHANNEL ISLANDS.

BY THE

REV. W. A. LEIGHTON, B.A.

F.L.S. F.B.S. Edin.

SECOND EDITION,

Shrewsbury:

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"Think of the beauty which God has spread abroad for our use its profuseness in desert spots where none can see it; its minuteness, so that much can only be discovered by a microscope; and its extent, embracing all things."—Sewell.

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#### INTRODUCTION

TO THE

#### STUDY OF LICHENS.

The Lichenes are a Natural Order of cellular plants intermediate between the Algae and Fungi—uniting themselves to the genera Scytonema, Sirosiphon and Nostoc of the former through the Collemacece-and to the Ascomycetes of the latter, by having the spores in asci or thece and their hymenium often included in an enclosed receptacle or perithecium like the Sphæriæ, Their own peculiar characteristic is that they have gonidia or minute spherical bodies containing chlorophyll or some green granular matter, immediately underneath the cortical layer of the thallus, and that their hymenium is tinged blue or of a red-wine colour by an aqueous solution of They may be found everywhere, clothing rocks, trees, old palings, stones and earth, and giving to these localities those beautiful patches of colour which the artist delights to touch in, and which give such brilliance and finish to his landscape sketches. They attain their maximum development in the Stictæ and Parmeliæ of the tropics, but are also found distributed throughout the temperate and frigid zones even to the arctic circles. Their variation in altitude is also very great, ranging from the sea-level to 14 or 15,000 feet. Their growth is very slow and intermittent, depending on the dryness or humidity of the atmosphere, from which, so far as is at present known, they derive their nutriment and powers of vegetation. Their duration of life is remarkable and excessive, probably extending to many centuries. They will not grow in a flourishing or perfect condition in the immediate neighbourhood of towns, or where the air is impregnated with smoke, soot, or other deleterious ingredients. In such situations they exist only in a gonidial or rudimentary state, appearing on the trees, walls, &c., as green dust, in which state they will continue for ages, increasing by bisection like the Algæ, but never developing into perfect lichens. The pseudo-genus Lepraria of the elder botanists represented this condition. Their abundance in a fully developed and fructiferous condition is a sure and certain indication of the purity of the air and salubrity of the climate.

A lichen consists of a thallus or vegetative portion, bearing the fructification in the apothecium or female fruit, and the spermogonium or supposed male fruit. There are also other bodies, occasionally found on the thallus, termed *pycnides*, which some consider as a kind of secondary fruit, and others as fungilli.

The thallus is very variable in form, size, colour and consistence, and is either horizontal and membranaceous or foliaceous, or pendulous and filamentose, or occurring in small erect shrublike clusters, or else forming a more or less thick crumbly or powdery crust investing the surface of rocks and trees, and becoming lobed This thallus consists in various modes in the circumference. generally of a cortical layer on the upper surface formed of minute closely compacted cellules, immediately underneath which is the gonidial layer consisting of bright green sphærical cells arranged in an interrupted manner, immediately above the medullary layer which consists of interlacing tubular and articulate colourless filaments. The lower surface is either naked or has a cortical layer similar to the upper one and also rhizina or rootlike filaments which attach it to the surface upon which it grows. Underneath the entire lichen is the hypothallus, generally of a black or dark colour, formed of filaments or compacted cells, and which in fact is the primordial vegetation arising from the germination of the spores, and upon which the several other layers of the thallus are gradually and eventually deposited. This hypothallus is often only perceptible in a dark border around the thallus. The thallus is conspicuous enough in the forms above mentioned, but is often hypophlwodal or concealed beneath the epidermis of the bark on which it grows, or evanescent, existing only in scattered portions on or under the friable face of the rocks, or in other cases altogether wanting when the apothecia grow parisitically on the thallus of other lichens, possessing no proper thallus of their own. In the crustaceous lichens the medullary layer has few filaments but abundant molecular granulations, often of oxalate of lime.

The gonidia are of two sorts—either a simple cell containing granular matter termed a gonidium, or clusters of two, three or more spherical granules without any proper cellular membrane, containing green granular matter and named granula gonima. These gonidia, together with the molecular granulations, and filaments of the medullary layer, are often protruded through the cortical layer to the surface of the thallus in powdery or granular

eruptions of a globular shape termed soredia.

The apothecium of whatever form, whether patellulate, lirellate, or enclosed in wartlike perithecia or nuclei, has a similar internal structure and when viewed in a vertical section is seen to consist of a receptacle formed of cells generally compact, termed the hypothecium, either dark or colourless, from whose upper surface in an erect position grow the asci or thece and the paraphyses constituting the hymenium or thalamium, and are conglutinated by a jellylike mucus termed the gelatina hymenea. The paraphyses are slender filaments having minute globular or clavate apices

filled with coloured granular matter, which by their close proximity, constitute the disk or epithecium, and to which they give their peculiar colour. Around this disk or epithecium is a margin formed by the edges of the hypothecium and of the same colour, or else formed by the thallus and partaking of its peculiar colour. The former is termed a proper margin, the latter a thalline margin. The asci or thecæ are linear, clavate, or globular sacs or vesicles containing the spores which in different species are variable in form, size, and colour, either brown or colourless, simple or divided by septa or otherwise into several cells, and in number generally 8 but sometimes 1, 2, 4, 6, or innumerable. The spores contain either granules or oily nuclei, and have an outer and inner paries or wall termed respectively epispore and endospore.

The spermogonia are minute globular conceptacles imbedded in the thallus, distinguishable on its surface as minute tubercles, and in section exhibiting a colourless receptacle from which arise minute filaments either simple, (sterigmata) or articulate, (arthrosterigmata) bearing on their summits or joints very minute rodlike or cylindrical straight or curved bodies (spermatia), which the slightest pressure detaches and protrudes in a cloudy stream through a pore in the

apex of the spermogonium.

The pycnides are minute dark-coloured conceptacles, like the perithecia of Sphæriæ, sessile on the thallus and containing simple filaments (basidia) bearing singly on their apices, bodies, often

oblong, but variable in form and size (stylospores).

On the under surface of the thallus of the Stictei are minute urceolate pale excavations termed cyphellæ, whose function is unknown. These are generally empty but when filled with white

or citrine powder are called pseudocyphellæ.

The thallus of several genera bears on its upper surface orbicular and flattened, or globular tubercles named cephalodia, consisting internally of cells or granula gonima. Their use is unknown. This upper surface is also frequently found exuberant with minute, erect, coral-like excrescences with dark-coloured apices and then constitutes the old pseudo-genus Isidium, which is now known to be really an anomalous state of the thallus of some Pertusaria. Black powdery patches or spots are scattered on the thallus not unfrequently, which formerly constituted the old pseudo-genus Spiloma, but are now considered to consist of minute parasitical fungilli.

In the genus Pertusaria the apothecia become abortive and sterile and converted into soredia, on which state was anciently founded

a pseudo-genus Variolaria.

In collecting Lichens it is requisite to be furnished with a geological hammer and iron chisels of good temper, to detach thin pieces from rocks, with the lichens growing thereon, and also with a strong sharp clasp knife, or strong oyster knife to cut or prise off Lichens from the bark of trees or from old palings, &c., and a pocket lens. All that is necessary to preserve such specimens is immediately to fold them in soft paper, to prevent injury from

rubbing against each other in carriage home. They require no drying or pressure, and are always in a condition proper for examination. Generally speaking, it will be advisable to collect specimens in dry weather. Rain is apt to swell up the parts of lichens so much, as to render them rather difficult to be distinguished from each other in their native localities, and specimens gathered in wet weather will not unfrequently be found destitute of spores, which by the lateral pressure on the asci occasioned by the swelling of the adjacent parts by the moisture, have been ejected. The practice I myself adopt, and which will be found useful, is on return home, to fix the specimens on paper, with strong glue, writing the locality from whence obtained, and then arranging them roughly in genera. This arrangement, leading to the successive examination of several species, or specimens, in any particular genus, will be found to facilitate, by comparison and contrast, their satisfactory determination. I myself do not poison specimens with corrosive sublimate, having found that continual reference and turning over the specimens to be sufficient to prevent destruction by insects. It is possible also that the lichens so poisoned may show different or unsatisfactory results with chemical reagents, -but this by the way.

Every lichenist is unfortunately well aware of the great difficulty of preserving specimens of lichens which grow on the earth. frequently he finds, on consulting his herbarium, that the earth on which such lichens grew has become dry and crumbled into dust, involving in such disintegration the destruction of the lichen itself especially when this happens to possess a crustaceous thallus. To remedy this a solution of gum arabic has been sometimes used, but with partially satisfactory results only, inasmuch as the mucilage does not penetrate the earth, but only conglomerates its surface. An effective preparation appears to have been discovered by M. J. M. Norman, of Trömso, Norway. It consists of a solution of isinglass in spirits of wine, such as is used in the preparation of English adhesive plaster, which a chemist informs me is better known as "Prout's plaster." This composition, when liquefied in a vessel plunged into water of the temperature of 25-30° C., is greedily imbibed by the earth on which the lichen grows, and becomes inspissated into a solid gelatine at a temperature below 150. The solution may be applied by a camel's-hair pencil until the earth becomes saturated, but care should be taken that the lichen itself be not moistened with it, for otherwise it would become discolored. When the surface has become dry, the specimen may be submitted to moderate pressure, which, after some days, produces the requisite hardness and tenacity. The favourable experience of some years encourages M. Norman to recommend this preparation to his fellow lichenists.

The mode of arrangement or preservation in the herbarium must be left to individual taste and convenience. I will merely indicate that which I have adopted as practically most convenient. Having individual specimens glued down on small or suitably-sized pieces of paper with their names, localities, collector's name,

date of collection, and drawings or notes of spores and internal structure appended, I fasten these with small pins on quarto single sheets of good cartridge paper, from which any particular specimen can be readily removed for examination and replaced as occasion requires. These single sheets are then placed in a cover of cartridge paper also of quarto size, and the name of the species written on the left hand corner at the bottom on the outside. These covers, each containing a single species, are enclosed in a quarto cover of thick pasteboard, folded bookwise, marked on the back with the name of the genus, and are kept bookwise on shelves in cabinets, arranged according to the system, and in the larger genera to the sections, adopted in the following work. Reference to any particular specimen is thus readily practicable, even in the most extensive genus, and constant use and practice insensibly and gradually impress on the mind, a lasting knowledge of systematic arrangement.

The successful study of lichens is not really so difficult as persons imagine, if only they will bring to the work, careful painstaking observation, delicate manipulation in dissection, and a microscope with a good object glass of 1 inch focus. The mode of examination which may be adopted is this. Moisten the apothecium with water. then applying a watchmaker's lens to the eye, make with a sharp surgeon's knife or scalpel, a very thin vertical section through the centre of the apothecium. Place this on the lower glass of a compressor, in a drop of hydrate of potash which assists in loosening the cohesion of the parts, and swells the spores to their proper shape. bring down the upper glass of the compressor with slight pressure, and place the whole under the microscope, increasing the pressure by the screw of the compressor gradually as vision shows to be necessary. A view is thus obtained of the asci, spores, paraphyses, structure and colour of the hypothecium &c. and drawings may be made of any of them most readily either with a camera lucida or by throwing the microscope into a horizontal position and placing an oblique steel disk on the end of the eye piece, on looking through which a picture of the object is thrown on paper and may be traced with a pencil, the extraneous light being excluded by covering the head with a dark coloured cloth.

If the spores be mature the application of an aqueous solution of iodine will tinge them or the gelatina hymenea blue, or of a redwine colour, with or without a preceding blue tinge. This re-action occurs only in some lichens, whilst in others there is no such re-action produced, hence it proves useful as a slight confirmatory character. The formula by which the solution is to be prepared is:—Iodine gr. j.; Iodide of Potash, gr. iij; Distilled water, ½ oz. which must be kept in a glass stoppered bottle of dark coloured glass, or covered with tin foil to exclude light. In using this test, the section of the apothecium must be placed in the iodine solution at once, and not previously in the hydrate of potash, which would nullify the reaction. To test the thallus either on its cortical layer, or in the medulla, hydrate of potash is used, compounded of equal

weights of caustic potash and water. Hypochlorite of lime (chloride of lime and water) is another reagent, which may be made of any strength. These are applied by small brushes made of spun glass, one brush being kept exclusively for each reagent, and also a separate vessel used for each. The modus operandi is this, touch the cortical layer or the medulla (exposed by scraping off a morsel of the cortical layer) with the hydrate of potash, and while still moist apply the hypochlorite of lime, and note whether any re-action, and of what kind results. Sometimes the hydrate of potash produces a distinct yellow tinge, which may be symbolised as (K+) or if only faint as (K f +) This yellow reaction is sometimes persistent, (K+) but in other lichens immediately changes to a red colour (K yellow then red). In others the yellow produced by the hydrate of potash, is changed into red, or the yellow is deepened, by the immediate application of hypochlorite of lime, symbolised (K yellow C red) or (K yellow, C deep yellow). Again the hydrate of potash may produce no re-action, but the immediate subsequent application of hypochlorite of lime elicits red or yellow as the case may be, symbolised thus (K-C + red) or (K-C + yellow). times neither reagent produces any reaction and is thus noted (K-C-). A very convenient mode of symbolising the reaction of the cortical layer and medulla of the same lichen is to place the reaction of the former above that of the latter thus (K + C =). These reactions which may be generally obtained on any portion of the thallus, are frequently more vivid on the younger or circumferential portions. Success depends on the reagents being freshly compounded and of the proper strength, and temperature has also something to do with it, as in very severe cold weather the reaction takes place very slowly and imperfectly, and perhaps at all times it would be advisable to warm the reagent. Great cleanliness must be observed with the brushes and vessels which should be thoroughly wiped dry after using. None of the liquid reagent should be left exposed to the air from one day to another, nor a fresh supply added to any which has been so exposed, nor must any which has been once used be returned to the stock bottles, which should always have close fitting glass stoppers. Neglect of these precautions results in failure and uncertainty.

The following work is arranged as to Families, Tribes and Genera, with some slight modifications, on the system of Dr. W. Nylander of Paris, as being simple and philosophical, founded on a general consideration and balancing of all the parts of lichens, their external and internal structure, and as exhibiting their combination with the Algæ and Fungi to which Lichens are intermediate. To facilitate the student's labour in the ready and accurate determination of his specimens, the species, especially in the more extensive genera, such as Lecanora, Lecidea, Verrucaria, &c., have been thrown into small groupes, comprising 2 to 10 or 12 species each, distinguished either by the peculiar external character of the thallus or the forms and colour and septa of the spores, and in the largest genus Lecidea, each of such groupes is again subdivided into lesser

ones according as the hypothecium is dark or colourless. Objectionable as such an arrangement confessedly is in separating allied species, it is believed it will be nevertheless found convenient and useful. In the diagnoses the prominent and distinguishing characters are printed in italics, and the chemical reaction added as a confirmatory aid. Its general habitat, relative frequency or scarcity, date of first discovery in Britain, (also appended afterwards to the name of its discoverer,) are given. The Synonymy has been purposely made concise, retaining only a reference to the work in which each lichen was first described and named, and also to the works of Acharius, the Linnæus of Lichenology and greatest of præmicroscopic lichenists; and finally to the various works of Dr. W. Nylander the facile princeps of modern microscopic lichenologists; and to those of humbler students, where necessary. By a reference to these works the synonymy may be, if desired, followed out in extenso. References are made to characteristic figures of the lichen, its spores, &c. No micrometric measurements of the spores are given, because the decimal fractions of a line, when expressed in figures, really convey no definite idea of size to the mind, and moreover no two writers appear to agree in such measurements. In reality the spores of lichens are very variable in the same apothecium and not unfrequently even in the same ascus, but the eye by constant practice soon becomes able to detect a normal form and magnitude. Taking then the spores of Pertusaria as very large; those of Lecidea contigua, and Lecidea coarctata as large; those of Lecidea parasema as moderate; and those of the polysporous species of Lecanora and Lecidea as minute; approximate ideas will be readily

References are made to various published Exsiccati, Continental and British, enumerated hereafter; and in the preparation of the work the Herbaria of Mr. Dawson Turner, Mr. Borrer, and the Hookerian Herbarium at Kew; many original specimens from Acharius; the collections of Dr. Grevillo, Dr. George Johnston, Mr. Carroll, Mr. Crombie, Mr. Larbalestier, and many others have been consulted and examined, and where necessary microscopically. To which must be also added my own immense Lichen-Herbarium (without exaggeration the finest and most extensive private one, both as to British and Tropical lichens, in the kingdom and destined at my death to be presented to the National Herbarium at Kew) comprised in 400 quarto cases occupy-

ing bookwise, shelves 120 feet in length,

The general geographical distribution throughout the world of each lichen; and its distribution throughout Great Britain &c. indicated by figures corresponding with the Botanical Provinces of Mr. H. C. Watson's Cybele Britannica and Moore and More's Cybele Hibernica are inserted. The names of Botanists on whose authority those localities rest are appended, and a note of admiration (!) added where a specimen from any locality has been personally examined. Those localities to which no name is appended have been ascertained by the personal research of the author, and for these he alone is responsible.

From the above it will be seen what extensive portions of our country are still unexplored as to lichens; e.g. the whole of the north and north-western counties of Scotland, including the Hebrides, Orkney and Shetland Isles (notwithstanding the few scattered notices of commoner species in the Edinburgh Botanical Transactions all inserted); nearly the whole of the north, north-west and midland counties of Ireland; in England, the counties of Cheshire, Lancashire, Derby, Nottingham, Lincoln, Stafford, Hereford, Monmouth. Gloucester, Warwick (partially), and North-ampton; the whole of South Wales, and large districts in North Wales. Additional information is here earnestly requested from all able and willing to communicate it.

Any account of the uses or properties of lichens, or of their applications as dye-stuffs or other ways, in manufactures, food and medicine, is advisedly omitted as beside the object of the present work and belonging rather to the chemist and economical

experimentalist.

Nor is notice taken of certain minute conceptacles of fructification of a Sphæria-like aspect and characters occurring parasitically on the thallus and apothecia of certain lichens, such being now regarded

by the best authorities as fungilli.

It now only remains to show how the present work should be Suppose that a person has collected from some rocks a crustaceous lichen unknown to him (but which for illustration's sake is Lecidea lactea) how is he to proceed to its determination. First, he turns to p. 1, and finds that the thallus of his lichen is not gelatinous, consequently is included in Family III. Lichonacci. He now refers to this family on p. 2, and running over the characters there given of the different Series finds that the thallus being crustaceous, it must belong to Series V. Placodei. To that Series he refers on p. 3, and observing the apothecia of his lichen to be lecideine (i.e. with a dish-like apothecium surrounded by a proper margin of the same colour as the disk or epithecium) at once knows it to be referable to Tribe XV. Lecideinei. Turning to p. 9. where this Tribe is, he now observes the thallus to be crustaceous and areolate, i.e., its upper surface divided into many small adjacent portions or spaces, and also making a thin vertical section through the apothecium, the microscope shows him that the spores are 8, colourless and simple, which convinces him that this lichen belongs to the genus Lecidea, one of the most extensive genera among British lichens. Turning now to p. 248, he notices that this great genus contains 233 species besides numerous varieties and forms. To his great delight, however, he finds that this genus is divided into several sections according as the spores are 8 in number, simple or septate; or spores numerous, or the species is parasitical. His lichen having 8 simple spores, and not being a parasitical species, he refers to the section A. Spores simple, at p. 249, and this still large section he discovers to be broken up into small groupes of 2, 4, 6, 8 or 10 or 12 species distinguished by the nature and aspect of the thallus. Examining the thallus of his

lichen he sees that it is areolate, and that the areola have a flat or plane surface. On p. 283 he finds the group so characterized, and taking another look at the vertical section of the apothecium under the microscope he observes that the hypothecium is darkcoloured; so he refers to p. 287, and then discovers that his choice is limited to 5 species only. Comparing his specimen with the prominent characters printed in italics he observes that it has a whitish or cinerascent, i.e. ashey-grey thallus, smooth and broken-up into areolæ separated from each other by distinct chinks; that the apothecia are black, innate, (i.e. sunken in the thallus), and are either naked or covered with pruina, and his vertical section shows that the apothecium is internally cinerascent and that the hypothecium is of a dark blackish-brown colour. He hesitates not to refer it to Lecidea lactea (Flk.) on p. 289, with which all his ascertained and observed characters coincide. But to make certainty as it were more sure, he takes his chemical reagent the hydrate of potash and touches the surface of the thallus with it; immediately it shows a yellow colour which in a few seconds changes to a deep orange-red. This also coincides, and so his determination is concluded, and is accurate.

The author is neither so vain nor so sanguine as to imagine for an instant, that imperfections and errors may not be discovered; perhaps these are inseparable from such a work. The pointing out of these, in a friendly manner and in a courteous spirit will always command his thanks, and his careful consideration. Communications of such and of additional information resulting from the personal observations and researches of the increased and increasing number of students of this interesting branch of botanical science, (which, if they think fit, may be embodied in future editions, or in future supplements), will tend gradually to an accurate and comprehensive knowledge of our insular lichens, and its eventual elevation to a level with that of other branches of our

country's Flora.

In conclusion, I would commend to the student the following apt remarks of M. Marc Micheli (Bibliotheque Universelle, Archives des Sciences, tom. xlii, p. 105, Oct. 1871). present state of our knowledge we can scarcely expect brilliant discoveries or works to make a great noise in the world. This may be the case in the infancy of a science; but the task which we have to fulfil is essentially different. Our predecessors have laid down the great principles; and in a general way we may say that science rests upon firm and solid bases, which nothing can overturn. What remains for us is deep and minute investigation; we must not neglect any detail, however minute it may appear. It is only by following this course, which is perhaps more arid and which, from afar, may appear more ungrateful, that the scientific men of the present day will succeed in perfecting the work which has been commenced, and introduce into the sketch which has been handed down to us, the finish of a perfect picture. The principal features of the life of plants are known to us; and we can nearly follow the different phases of development from the first vital movements of the germinating seed to the moment when the products of vegetation are accumulating in the fruit and thus preparing a new generation. But if the general outlines are known, how many details are still wanting! how many phenomena which escape us, at all events in part! how many questions to be solved!"

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Zw. Zwackh, Lichenes Germanici Exsiccati.

#### GLOSSARY OF TERMS

#### USED IN

#### LICHENOLOGY.

Abbreviated, suddenly shortened.

Abraded, roughly rubbed off.

Acervuli, little heaps or clusters.

Acicular, needle-shaped.

Aciculari-bacilliform, needle-like and somewhat club-shaped.

Aciculari-cylindrical, a needle-like cylinder-shape.

Aciculari-fusiform, of an acicular or very slender spindle-shape.

Acuminate, coming gradually to a point.

Adnate, adhering to anything.

Adnato-appressed, adnate and closely pressed to a surface.

Adnato-squamulose, with adnate scales.

Adpresso-tomentellose, with appressed close down.

Adscendenti-congested, crowded together and ascending.

Æruginose, verdigris green.

Affixed, fixed to.

Agglomerated, clustered.
Aggregate, crowded together.

Aggregato-acervulate, in crowded heaps.

Aggregato-confluent, flowing together in crowded portions.

Aggregato-conglomerate, in crowded clusters.

Aggregato-deformed, deformed by being crowded together.

Albicant, growing white.
Albicant, growing whitish.

Albido-appresso-tomentellose, with whitish appressed down.

Albido-bullate, whitely bullate.

Albido-cinereous, whitish ashey-grey.

Albido-cinerascent, whitish becoming ashey.

Albido-flavescent, whitish-yellow.
Albido-glaucescent, whitish-glaucous.

Albido-granulose, with whitish granules.

Albido-pallescent, pale and whitish.

Albido-papillate, with whitish papillæ. Albido-pruinose, with white pruina.

Albido-radiate, in whitish radiations.

Albido-stramineous, whitish straw-coloured.

Albo-casio-pruinose, with white bluish-grey pruina.

Albo-canescent, with a white houriness. Albo-carneous, pale flesh-colour. Albo-cinereous, white ashey-grey. Albo-depresso-granulate, covered with white dattened granules. Albo-fibrilloso-ciliate, ciliate with white fibrillæ. Albo flavescent. pale yellow. Albo-floceulose, with white woolly down. Albo-furfuraceous, with white scurf. Albo-fuscescent, white-brownish hue. Albo-granulato-pulverulent, with white granular powder. Albo-granulato-pruinose, with pruina consisting of white granules. Albo-guttate, spotted with white. Albo-limitate, bounded by a white hypothallus. Albo-maculate, having white spots or dots. Albo-macular, consisting of a white spot or patch. Albo-ocellate, surrounded with a white thalline margin, giving an eye-like appearance. Albo-pruinose, with white pruina. Albo-pulverulent, having white powder. Albo-sorediate, with white soredia. Albo-suffused, covered with white powder or pruina. Albo-tomentose, with white tomentum. Albo-verrucose, having white warts. Albo-virescent, whitish-green. Alectorioid, filiform or filamentose, like the thallus of the genus Alectoria. Anastomosing, uniting in a network Angular, with many sharp cut straight sides. Angulari-areolato-verrucose, consisting of angular warty areolæ. Angulari-nucleolate, with angular shaped nuclei. Anguloso-difformed, angular and deformed by crowding. Anguloso-rimose, broken into angular portions by chinks. Angustissimo-divided, divided into the very narrowest lacinia. Annulari-tomentose, having a ring of down. Apex, the end or point. Apically, at the apex. Apiculate, terminating abruptly in a little point. Apiculi, minute points. Apothecium, the entire female fructification of a lichen. Appendiculate, an apothecium subtended by the apex of a branch or lacinia extending beyond it. Applanate, flattened out or horizontally expanded. Applanato-dilated, broad and flattened out. Appressed, pressed closely to anything. Appresso-furfuraceous, having appressed scurf. Appresso-innate, closely pressed to, and partially innate or sunken. Appresso-spongioso-tomentose, having a close-pressed spongy to-

Appresso-tomentose, with appressed tomentum.
Approximate, approaching.
Arachnoid, cobwebbed.

mentum.

Arachnoideo-tomentose, having a loose tomentum or down hanging about like a cobweb.

Arcuate, curved like a bow.

Arcuato-rugulose, wrinkled in an arcuate or curved manner.

Ardellee, the peculiar apothecia in the genus Arthonia resembling burnt or cauterized spots.

Areolato-imbricato-crustaceous, with overlapping areolæ almost

crusty.

Areolato-impressed, impressed in the areolæ.

Areolato-papillate, divided into papillate areolæ.

Areolato-rimose, divided into areolæ by chinks.

Arcolato-squamulose, consisting of flattened scaly arcolæ.

Areolato-verrucose, consisting of wart-like areolæ.

Arthonoid, of the form and consistence of the apothecia in the genus Arthonia.

Articulate, jointed.

Articulato-constricted, having contracted joints.

Arthrosterigmata, jointed sterigmata.

Ascending, bending upwards in an upward direction. Ascendenti-imbricate, ascending and overlapping.

Asci, small hyaline bladders containing the spores.

Ascyphous, without scyphi or cups.

Atrocinerascent, black or dark ashey-grey.

Atro-rhizinose, having black rhizinæ. Atro-rufous, dark and blackish-red.

Attenuate, tapering upwards and becoming thin. Attenuato-fusiform, slenderly spindle-shaped.

Attenuato-subulate, tapering upwards into an awl-shaped form.

Aurantiaco-ochraceous, of an orange ochrey colour.

Axil, the fork of a branch.

Bacillar, Bacilliform, club-shaped.

Badious, dull brown.

Badio-castaneous, dull dark chestnut.

Badio-fuscescent, dull dark brownish color.

Badio-fuscous, dull dark brown.
Badio-pallescent, dull pale brown.
Badio-rufescent, dull reddish brown.
Badio-rufous, dull dark red-brown.

Badio-umbrine, of a dull dark umber colour.

Biatorine, from Fries's genus Biatora, in which the apothecium had a proper margin of a different color to the epithecium, or was convex without visible margin, and internally with a pale or colourless hypothecium.

Biatorino-lecideine, an apothecium becoming convex and destitute

of margin either proper or thalline.

Bifurcate, twice forked.

Bilocular, having two cells cut as it were out of a solid spore in contradistinction to 1-septate.

Binucleolate, with two nuclei.

Branched, in contradistinction to simple or unbranched.

Brunneo-fuscous, dull brown.

Brunneo-infuscate, dull darkish-brown.

Bullate, with unequal convex projections on the under surface of a scrobiculate thallus, corresponding to the concave scrobiculations on the upper surface.

Bullato-plicate, plaited into swollen masses.

Bullato-reticulato-tomentose, bullate in a reticulate manner, the reticulations being downy.

Byssoid, of a finely filamentous structure like the genus Byssus.

Cœrulescent, of a blue colour, variable in intensity.

Cærulescenti-fuscescent, bluish-brown. Cæruleo-cinerascent, blue ashey-grey. Cæruleo-fuscescent, bluish-brown.

Cœruleo-nigricant, of a bluish-black colour.

Cæruleo-pruinose, with blue pruina. Cæruleo-virescent, bluish-green.

Cæsious, bluish-grey.

Cæsio-cinerascent, blue-grey passing into ashey-grey.

Cæsio-nigricant, greyish-black.

Cæsio-pruinose, having bluish-grey pruina.

Cosio-pulverulento-sorediose, having greyish powdery soredia.

Casio-sorediate, with greyish soredia, Casio-suffused, covered with grey pruina.

Cæsious-white, grevish-white.

Cæspitellose, of a minute clustered branched conglomerate form.

Coespitose, in clustered branched agglomerations.

Cospitoso-congested, in crowded tufts.
Cospitoso-fruticulose, in shrub-like tufts.

Cospitoso-pulvinular, in dense tufted cushion-like masses.

Calcivorous, eating into the lime rock.

Canaliculate, longitudinally channelled or furrowed. Canaliculate-laciniate, channelled and laciniate.

Canaliculato-patulous, channelled but still spreading outwards.

Cancellato-insculpted, sculptured in a kind of reticulation.

Canescent, hoary.

Capillary, delicately filiform or like hairs.

Capitate, formed into a head.

Capitulum, the portion of the apothecium in the genus Calicium which is on the top of the stipes.

Capituliform, having a capitulum or head.

Carbonaceous, black like charcoal.

Carioso-cancellate, decayed in a network manner.

Carneo-cinerascent, greyish-flesh-coloured. Carneo-fulvescent, tawny flesh-coloured. Carneo-fuscescent, brownish flesh-colour.

Carneo-pallid, pale flesh-coloured.

Carneo rufescent, pale reddish flesh-color.

Carneo-rufous, reddish flesh-coloured.

Carneo-testaceous, yellowish-brown flesh-coloured.
Cartilaginous, hard or tough like a cartilage or sinew.

Cartilagineo-corticate, having the cortical layer of a cartilaginous consistence.

Cartilagineo-membranaceous, of a consistence intermediate between cartilaginous and membranous.

Cartilagineo-squamose, the squamæ of a thallus being of a tough cartilaginous consistence.

Castaneo-fuscescent, pale chestnut-brown. Castaneo-fuscous, of a dark chestnut-brown.

Castaneo-olivaceous, of a chestnut-brown olive-colour.

Castaneo nigricant, chestnut-black.

Castanco-rufescent, chestnut-brown with a reddish tinge.

Cellulose, consisting of cellules.

Cephalodia, granular concretions of an orbicular form occurring on the thallus, composed internally of granula gonima.

Cephaloid, having a globose or hemispherical head.

Cephalodine, forming a head.

Ceraceo-gelatinose, waxy and gelatinous.

Ceraceo-membranaceous, consisting of a waxy membrane.

Cerasino-rufescent, cherry-red.

Cervine, dark tawny.

Cervino-castaneous, dark tawny chestnut-brown.

Cervino-fuscescent, tawny-brownish. Cervino-lutescent, tawny yellowish. Cervino-rufescent, tawny reddish.

Chroolepoid, consisting of minute yellow scales. Ciliato-dentate, toothed with ciliæ or hairs.

Ciliato-dissected, cut into ciliæ or hair-like laciniæ.

Cinerascent, approaching an ashey-grey colour.

Cinerascenti-fuscescent, of an ashey-grey brownish hue.

Cincreous, ashey-grey.

Cinereo-albescent, ashey-grey becoming whitish. Cinereo-carneous, of an ashey-grey flesh-colour.

Cinereo-cærulescent, ashey-grey verging towards blue.

Cinereo-ferruginous, ashey rust colour. Cinereo-lavescent, ashey-grey yellow.

Cinereo-fuscescent, ashey-brown.

Cincreo-glaucescent, glaucous ashey-grey. Cincreo-glaucous, ashey-grey glaucous hue.

Cinereo-lurid, of a dull ashey hue. Cinereo-nigrescent, ashey-blackish. Cinereo-nigricant, ashey-black.

Cinerco-pallescent, pale ashey.

Cincreo-pruinose, with ashey-grey pruina.

Cinerco-rufescent, ashey-reddish.

Cinereo-suffused, covered with ashey-grey powder or pruina.

Cinereo-virescent, ashey-green.

Cinnamomeo-cinerascent, cinnamon greyish.

Circumcised, applied to an apothecium which is separated from the thallus by a dictinct rima or chink.

Circumference, the exterior edge or margin of a thallus.

Circumscribed, defined. Citrine, yellow-green.

Citrino-flavescent, yellow like a lemon.

Citrino-pulverulent, having powder of a citrine colour.

Citrino-sorediate, having citrine soredia.

Citrino-suffused, covered with citrine powder. Citrino-virescent, yellow-green as in a lemon.

Clavæform, club-shaped. Clavate, club-shaped.

Clavato-capitate, with a head or apex of a club-shaped or wedgeshaped form.

Clavato-cylindrical, elongated club-shaped.

Clavato-pyriform, of club-shaped or elongate pear-shape.

Coarctate, closely pressed.

Colliculoso-verrucose, in hilly or elevated verrucæ.

Colourless, without colour, pale and hyaline, in contradistinction to brown.

Compact, closely united together.

Complicate, folded or plaited together.

Complicate-compound, apothecia becoming compound by close confluence or by complications of the margin.

Compressed, laterally flattened.

Concatenate, united in a chain-like manner.

Concave, with a more or less depressed or sunken rounded surface.

Concentric, ring within ring having a common centre.

Concentrically-gyrose, whirled or gyrose, ring within ring.

Conceptade, receptacle.

Concolorous, similar in colour.

Concrescenti-areolate, the areolæ growing together in a somewhat clustered form.

Concrete, growing together.

Confluent, merging into each other.

Confluento-effuse, spread out in a conjoined or confused condition.

Congested, heaped together.

Conglobate, in rounded clusters. Conglomerate, clustered.

Conglomerations, clusters.

Conglomerato-deformed, becoming deformed by being clustered or crowded.

Conglomerato-granulose, of clustered granules.

Conglutinated, glued together. Connate, arranged together.

Connato-deformed, deformed by growing in close contact.

Connivent, arching over as if to meet.

Conoid, conelike.

Convideo-subtruncate, like a truncate or flattened cone.

Constricted, contracted.

Contiguous, a continuous surface.

Continuous, having an unbroken surface.

Contorted, twisted together.

Converging, tending towards one common centre or point. Convex, with a more or less elevated rounded surface.

Convexo-conical, convex with a conical apex.

Convexo-gibbous, convex and enlarged on one side.

Convexo-unequal, of unequal convexity.

Coralloid, coral-like.

Coralloideo - granuloso-crustaceous, of a crustaceous consistence formed of coral-like granules.

Coralloideo-squamulose, squamæ of a coralloid form.

Coriaceous, of a leathery consistence.

Coriaceo-membranaceous, like a leathery membrane.

Corniculato-convolute, rolled together inwards like a little horn.

Corneous, of horny consistence.

Corneo-hyaline, transparent like horn.

Cornute, shaped like a horn.

Corrugate, roughened with wrinkles.

Cortex, the cortical layer.

Cortical layer, the epidermis of a thallus. Corticate, covered with a cortical layer.

Crenate, having shallow rounded divisions on the margin.

Crenato-dentate, with crenate teeth.

Crenato-granulose, having shallow rounded marginal divisions composed of granules.

Crenato-incised, deeply cut in a crenate form. Crenato-lobulate, with minute crenate lobes.

Crenato-rugose, crenate and wrinkled. Crenato-undulate, crenate and wavy.

Crenulate, having very minute shallow rounded marginal divisions.

Crenulato-denticulate, with minute crenulate teeth.

Crenulato-granulate, having minute shallow rounded marginal divisions composed of granules.

Crenulato-lobate, lobed in minute rounded marginal divisions.

Cretaceous, chalky-white.

Crispate, crisped.

Crisped, irregularly curled and twisted. Cristato-ramose, crested and branched. Croceo-fulvous, tawny saffron-coloured. Crowded, clustered, or many together. Crustaceous, hard, thin, and brittle.

Crustaceous, applied to a thallus which is closely appressed to the substance on which it grows in contradistinction to membranaceous.

Crustaceo-cartilaginous, between crustaceous and cartilaginous.

Crustaceo-concrescent, growing together into a crust.

Crustaceo-granulose, a crustaceous thallus composed of distinct granules.

Crustaceo-imbricate, squamæ of a crustaceous consistence overlapping each other.

Crustose, forming a crust.

Cucullato-revolute, rolled back into a cowl shape,

Cupular, cup-shaped.

Cupuliform, like a little cup. Cuspidate, abruptly pointed.

Cyathiform, cup-shaped like a reversed cone.

Cyathoid, like a cup or a reversed cone.

Cylindrical, having a true cylindrical figure like a pipe.

Cylindrico-acicular, cylindrically needle-shaped.

Cylindraceo-fusiform, a cylindrical form tapering to a point at both ends.

Cylindraceo-oblong, narrow oblong.

Cyphellate, minute sunken roundish cup-like spots on the under surface of the thallus of the Stictei.

Cyphellae, minute urceolate excavations on the under surface of the thallus.

Dactylino-papillate, consisting of papillæ which are divided like fingers.

Decorticate, deprived of the cortical layer,

Decumbent, reclining on the earth and rising again from it at the apex,

Decussate. alternately crossing each other.

Dehiscent, ruptured or split open.

Dehiscing, rupturing.

Deliguescing, dissolving.

Deliquescing, dissolving.

Dendritical, branched like a tree.

Denigrate, blackened.

Dentate, toothed.

Dentato-radiate, with minute teeth spreading in a ray-like manner.

Denticulate, with minute teeth.

Denticulato-cristate, crested with minute teeth.

Denticulato-dilated, expanded at the toothed margin.

Denticulato-laciniate, naciniate or cut into minute teeth.

Denticulato-ruptured, ruptured in tooth-like fashion.

Denticulato-stellate, minute teeth spreading in a star-like manner.

Deplanate, flattened or expanded.

Depressed, pressed down or flattened.

Depresso-adnate, depressed and closely adhering.

Depresso-areolate, divided into flattened areolæ.

Depresso-concave, depressed into a concave hollow.

Depresso-convex, flattened convex.

Depresso-granulate, covered with flattish granules.

Depresso-hemispherical, hemispherical and depressed or flattened on the apex.

Depresso-implexed, entangled in a depressed or flattened manner, Depresso-pulvinar, composed of depressed or flattened cushion-like masses.

Depresso-verrucarioid, like depressed warts.

Determinate, definite in contradistinction to effuse. Dichotomous, having the divisions always in pairs.

Diffluent, dissolving.
Difformed, deformed.

Difformi-lobate, lobed in an irregular or deformed manner. Diffract, broken into distinct arcolæ separated by chinks. Diffracto-insculpt, a surface broken up and sculptured.

Diffracto-unequal, unequally broken up.
Diffuse, spreading in an indeterminate way.

Diffuso-macular, consisting of a diffuse or expanded irregular spot or patch.

Digitate, divided like the fingers of the human hand.

Digitato dentate, with finger-like teeth.

Digitato-lobate, in finger-like lobes.

Digitato-multifid, cut into numerous finger-shaped laciniæ.

Digitato partite, divided into finger-like divisions. Dilated, expanded or spread out horizontally.

Dilatato-compressed, dilated and compressed.

Diluto-nigrescent, pale washy blackish.

Dimidiate, applied to a perithecium which covers only the upper half of the apothecium as in some species of Verrucaria.

Dirinoid, like the apothecium in the genus Dirina see tuberculosolecanorine.

Disciformi-dilated, dilated or expanded into a disk-like form.

Discoid, disk-like.

Discolorous, of a different colour.

Discrete, separate and distinct.

Dispersed, scattered.

Disperso-areolate, consisting of scattered areolæ.

Disperso-glebulose, in dispersed portions like crumbs.

Disperso-granulate, with scattered granules.

Disperso - verrucoso - areolate, consisting of scattered verrucose areolæ.

Dissected, cut.

Dissecto fimbriate, cut into a fringed margin.

Disticto-ramose, branched on opposite sides or margins. Distinct, easily discernible as applied to the paraphyses.

Divaricate, spreading in opposite directions.

Divaricato-bifid, cut into two parts and each of those parts spreading in opposite directions.

Divaricato-fibrillose, fibres spreading divaricately.

Divaricato-lobate, lobes spreading in a divaricate manner. Divaricato-multifid, cut into many divaricating laciniæ.

Divaricato-ramose, branched in a divaricate manner.

Divaricato spinulose, minutely spiny, the spines spreading in opposite directions.

Divergent, spreading outwards from a common centre. Divergenti-furcate, forked, the parts being divergent.

Ecrustaceous, destitute of thallus. Ecyphellate, without cyphellæ.

Effigurate, having a distinct form or figure.

Effigurato-dendritic, in tree-like branchlets or forms.

Effuse, spread out in an indeterminate way. Efoliolose, without leaflike scales or squamæ.

Egranulose, without granules.

Electrino-fuscescent, amber-colored brownish.

Elevato-convex, convex and uplifted. Elevato-sessile, upraised and sessile.

Ellipsoid, approaching the form of an ellipsis.

Elongate, lengthened in a longitudinal direction.

Elongato-accicular, lengthened needle-shaped.

Elongato-cylindrical, like a lengthened cylinder.

Elongato-fusiform, lengthened spindle-shape.

Elongato-granulate, composed of elongate granules.

Elongato-laciniate, with very long laciniæ. Elongato-lobate, having lengthened lobes.

Elongato-pendulous, hanging downwards in a lengthened state.

Elongato-ramose, with lengthened branches. Emergent, protruded through the cortical layer.

Emersed, protruded upwards.

Emerso-adnate, protruded upwards and closely pressed to.

Endocarpoid, applied to apothecia which are sunk or innate in the substance of the thallus, similar to those in the genus Endocarpon.

Endococcoid, internal contents becoming red with iodine; or from the minute globular apothecia like those of the genus Endo-

coccus, Nyl.

Entire, as applied to an apothecium in which the perithecium or hypothecium wholly subtends the hymenium, or to the margin of an apothecium which is continuous and unbroken.

Epiphlæodal, existing superficially on the epidermis of bark.

Episporium, the outer coat of the spores.

Epithallus, cortical layer.

Epithecium, the expanded colored disk of the apothecium in most genera, or the terminal pore in the perithecium of the genera Verrucaria, Thelotrema, and Astrothelium.

Epruinose, without pruina.

Eroso-crenate, crenate as if gnawed .

Eroso-laciniate, as it were gnawed into laciniæ.

Eroso-lacunose, with lacunæ formed as it were by gnawing.
Erumpent, bursting upwards from beneath the cortical layer.

Erumpenti-innate, sunken in and bursting forth.

Evanescent, deficient or disappearing.

Even, smooth.

Evernioid, of similar substance and form to the thallus in the genus Evernia.

Excipulum, receptacle. Excluded, obliterated. Expanded, spread out.

Explanate, spread out in the same plane.

Farinaceous, chaffy. Farinose, mealy.

Fasciculate, collected into small bundles. Fasciculato-ramose, branched in bundles.

Fastigiate, rising upwards together to the same plane or level.

Ferruginous, rust colour.

Ferruginous-red, rust-coloured red.

Fertile, bearing fructification.

Fibrillæ, minute fibre-like branches. Fibrillose, consisting of small fibres.

Fibrilloso-byssine, of a fibrous or filamentose nature.

Fibrilloso-ciliate, ciliated with minute fibres.

Fibrilloso-ramulose, with small slender fibrous-like branches.

Fibrilloso-ramosule, with small fibrous branchlets.

Filamenta ostiolaria, delicate colorless filaments which line the internal portion of the perithecium of Verrucaria immediately around the pore-like epithecium.

Filamentose, consisting of thin threadlike filaments or divisions.

Filiform, thread-like or filamentous.

Filiformi-terete, very slender or thread-like and rounded in a longitudinal direction.

Fimbriate, fringed. Firm, almost rigid.

Fissure, a crack or ruptured opening.

Fissured, split.

Fistulose, hollow like a pipe.

Flabelliformi-lobate, lobed in a fan-shaped mode.

Flaccid, flabby.

Flavescent, growing yellow.

Flavicant, yellow.

Flavicanti-sulphureous, yellowish passing into sulphur-colour.

"lavido-cinerascent, yellowish ashey-grey.

Plavido-fuscescent, yellowish-brown.

Flavido-ochraceous, ochrey yellow. Flavido-rufescent, yellowish-red.

Flavo-albicant, yellowish white.

Flavo-cinerascent, yellow ashey-green. Flavo-fuscescent, yellow growing brown.

Flavo-pallescent, palish-yellow.

Flavo-pulverulent, covered with yellow powder.

Flavo-sorediate, with yellow soredia.

Flavo-virescent, yellow-green.

Flavo-viridi-pruinose, covered with a yellowish-green pruina. Flavo-viridi-suffused, covered with a yellow-green powder.

Flexuose, wavy.

Flocculose, like wool.

Flocculoso-pulverulent, covered with powdery wool-like tufts.

Foliaceous, like an expanded leaf or membrane.

Foliaceo-squamulose, with leafy squamules. Foliacolous, growing on the leaves of a tree.

Foliolose, consisting of minute leaf-like squamæ or scales.

Foreign, applied to a lichen growing parasitically on another (or foreign) thallus not its own.

Fornicate, arched.

Foveolate, having deep pits or depressions.

Foveolato-immersed, in sunken pits or small depressions.

Fragile, easily broken off.

Frondose, foliaceous or in leaf-like expansions.

Frondoso-dilatate, dilated foliaceous.

Fructification, the apothecium and its contents, viz, asci containing spores, and paraphyses.

Fruticose, shrub-like.

Fruticulose, minutely shrub-like.

Fruticuloso-erect, growing erect like a little shrub.

Fruticuloso-imbricate, shrub-like, the branches overlapping.

Fruticuloso-ramose, branched like a little shrub.

Fuciformi-branched, with flattened branches like a fucus or seaweed.

Fucoid, of the nature or similitude of a fucus or sea-weed.

Fuliginous, sooty or brown verging on black.

Fuliginoso-furfuraceous, having chaff of a dark smoke-black hue.

Fuligineo-fuscous, blackish-brown.

Fulvescent, tawny.

Fulvo-testaceous, tawny yellow-brown.

Furcate, forked.

Furcato-divided, divided in a fork-like way.

Furcellate, minutely forked.

Furfuraceous, chaffy.

Furfuraceo-concrescent, growing together in a scurfy manner.

Furfuraceo-diffract, broken up into scurf. Furfuraceo-granulose, like scurfy granules. Fuscescent, tending to become fuscous or brown.

Fuscous, of a dark brown colour, Fuscous-black, dark brown black.

Fusco-cellulose, consisting of brown cellules.

Fusco-cinerascent, brown-greyish. Fusco-cinereous, brown ashey-grey.

Fusco-glaucescent, glaucous dark-brown.

Fusco-griseous, brownish-grey.

Fusco-livescent, brown becoming clouded or paler.

Fusco-nigrescent, brown growing black. Fusco-nigricant, brownish-black.

Fusco-obscurate, clouded with fuscous colour.

Fusco-olivaceous, brown-olive.
Fusco-pallescent, brown growing paler. Fusco-rufescent, dark-brownish-red.

Fusco-rufous, dark-red-brown. Fusco-virescent, brownish-green. Fusiform, spindle-shaped.

Fusiformi-bacillar, fusiform at one end, club-shaped at the other. Fusiformi-cylindrical, a cylindrical form tapering to and more or less pointed at each end.

Fusiformi-ellipsoid, broadly fusiform.

Fusiformi-incrassate, thickened into a spindle-shape.

Fusiformi-oblong, very broadly fusiform.

Fusiformi-turgid, swollen into a spindle-shaped form.

Gelatina hymenea, a gelatinous substance surrounding the asci and paraphyses, which becomes tinged blue or vinous-red or without reaction on the application of an aqueous solution of iodine.

Gelatinoso-conglutinate, glued together by gelatine.

Gibboso-convex, unequally turnid or convex.

Gonidia, simple spherical cells containg green granular matter, situate immediately under the cortical layer of the thallus.

Gonidial stratum, the stratum consisting of gonidia or granula gonima, immediately underneath the cortical layer of the thallus.

Glabrous, smooth.

Glaucescent, greyish-blue or glaucous-green.

Glaucous-green, green like the sea or like a carnation leaf.

Glauco-albescent, glaucous growing white.

Glauco-cærulescent, glaucous-blue.

Glauco-cinerascent, glaucous ashey-grey.

Glauco-flavescent, glaucous yellow. Glauco-fuscescent, glaucous brown.

Glauco-olivaceous, of a glaucous olive colour.

Glauco-pallescent, pale glaucous.

Glauco-pruinose, having glaucous pruina.

Glauco-rufescent, glaucous-reddish. Glauco-virescent, bluish-green.

Glebulæ, crumb-like masses.

Glebuloso-diffract, broken up into crumb-like portions.

Glebuloso-squamose, having scales of a crumb-like appearance.

Globose, round or globular.

Gioboso-lenticular or lentiform, globular lens-shaped.

Globoso-obovate, of a roundish obovate form. Globoso-ovoid, of a broad rounded egg shape.

Globoso-pulverulent, a globe covered with powder.

Globoso-truncate, a globe depressed above.

Globoso-turbinate, of a rounded top-shaped form.

Globoso-verrucose, consisting of globose verrucæ or warts.

Glomerules, clusters. Glomeruli, clusters.

Glomuliferous, bearing clusters of minutely branched coral-like excrescences.

Glomerulose, minutely clustered.

Glomerato-deformed, deformed by being crowded in clusters.

Glypholecine, impressed or canaliculate in an elongate wavy and labyrinthine mode like the genus Glyphis.

Graniform, like granules,

Granoso-crenate, having granular crenations.

Granula gonima, clusters of 2, 3, or more sphærical naked (or without outer membrane) cells, filled with green granular matter situate immediately under the cortical layer of the thallus.

Granulate, same as granulose.

Granulato-areolate, applied to a thallus divided into areolæ or spaces of a granular form.

Granulato-areolato-rimose, separated by chinks into granular areolæ.

Granulato-conglomerate, granular aud clustered.

Granulato-corrugate, corrugate or roughened with granules,

Granulato-crenate, with granular crenations. Granuloso-crispate, crisped and granulose. Granulato-crustose, having a granular crust.

Granulato-dispersed, consisting of scattered granules,

Granulato-furfuraceous, having granular scurf.

Granuloso-lobulate, minute lobes formed of granules.

Granulato-papillate, having papillate granules.

Granulato-plicato-squamulose, consisting of minute granular plaited squamules.

Granulato-pulveraceous, powdery with minute granules.

Granulato-rugose, wrinkled with granules.

Granulato-rugulose, minutely wrinkled with granules.

Granulato-scabrous, rough with granules.

Granulato-squamulose, composed of granular squamules.

Granulato-subareolate, granular, the granules becoming areolate.

Granulato-sub-pulverulent, granular and somewhat powdery.

Granulato-unequal, unlevel with granules. Granulato-verrucose, granulate with warts. Granulose, consisting of minute granules.

Granuloso-concrescent, granules growing together in a conglomerate manner.

Granuloso-concrete, granules closely growing together.

Granuloso-congested, having granules heaped together.

Granuloso-crustaceous, a crustaceous thallus arranged in granules.

Granuloso-diffract, granules broken up into areolæ or clusters.

Granuloso-leprose, with granular scurf.

Granuloso-pulverulent, powdery with minute granules.

Granuloso-squamiform, granules assuming the form of squamæ.

Granuloso-unequal, surface made unlevel by granules.

Granuloso-verrucæform, wartlike granules.

Gregarious, clustered or crowded.
Griseo-nigricant, greyish-black.
Griseo-pallescent, pale grey.

Gyalectiform, urceolate like a Gyalecta.

Gyalectine, applied to urceolate apothecia which are of a waxy or marmoreous appearance and consistence as in the old genus Gyalecta, now incorporated in Lecidea.

Gyalectoid, see Gyalectine.

Gymnotremoid, a naked open spot or space.

Gyrose, concentrically twisted or plaited.

Gyrose, as applied to the peculiar and complicated flexuositics of the margin of the apothecia in the genus Umbilicaria,

Gyroso-complicate, plaited in a gyrose way. Gyroso-plicate, plaited in a gyrose manner.

Hemispherico-conoid, hemispherical with a conical apex.

Hemispherico-tuberculose, consisting of hemispherical minute tubercles.

Hispido-spinuloso-denticulate, bristled with very minute spine-like teeth.

Horizontal, in contradistinction to erect.

Horny, of a horn-like consistence. Hyaline, transparent like glass.

Hymenium, the whole internal portion of the apothecium, consisting of paraphyses, asci and spores and gelatina hymenea. Hymenicolar, inhabiting the hymenium.

Hypophkeodal, existing beneath the epidermis of bark.

Hypothallus, the coloured mycelium-like stratum immediately underneath and upon which the thallus grows.

Hypothecium, the internal portion of the apothecium immediately under the hymenium.

Imbedded, sunk somewhat in the thallus.

Imbricate, overlapping each other.

Imbricato-congested, crowded together and overlapping.

Imbricato-crustaceous, so closely imbricated as to become crustaceous.

Imbricato-decumbent, decumbent and overlapping. Imbricato-intricate, overlapping and entangled. Imbricato-lobate, lobes overlapping each other. Imbricato-squamose, having overlapping scales.

Immarginate, applied to apothecia in which the proper margin is obliterated.

Immersed, sunk or plunged in the thallus. Imperforate, entire without perforation. Implexo-ramose, branches interwoven.

Impressed, pressed into.

Incano-granuloso-pulverulent, having a hoary granular powder.

Incano-tomentellose, with a hoary down.

Incavato-immersed, sunk in excavations of the rock.

Incised, cut into.

Inciso-crenate, having deeply cut crenations.

Inciso-crenulate, deeply cut into minute crenate lobes,

Inciso-lobate, with deeply cut lobes.

Incrassate, thickened.

Incrusting, forming a crust over a thing.

Incurved, curved inwards.

Indeterminate, unlimited or indefinite.

Indistinct, as applied to paraphyses not separated or easily discernible.

Inflated, puffed out.
Inflexed, bent inwards.

Infundibuliform, funnel-shaped.

Infuscate, of a brown colour.

Innate, sunk or imbedded in the thallus.

Innato-appressed, innate and closely pressed to.
Innato-emergent, innate and protruded upwards.

Innato-erumpent, innate and bursting forth.

Innato-granulate, a surface minutely sunken or impressed so as to produce granules.

Innato-impressed, pressed and sunken in.
Innato-sessile, sessile and partially innate.

Innately-sessile, partially imbedded.

Inner tunic, a membrane more or less coloured which surrounds the nucleus or hymenium in the genus Verrucaria situated immediately beneath the perithecium.

Isidiiferous, bearing isidiose excrescences.

Isidiose, having powdery coral-like excrescences.

Isidioso-furfuraceous, covered thickly with chaffy isidia or papillate excresences.

Isidioso-scabrous, roughened with isidiose excrescences.

Insculpt, imbedded in the rock.

Iterato-proliferous, repeatedly proliferous,

Interstitial, intervening.

Intricate, entangled together.

Intricato-cæspitose, in entangled tufts. Intricato-flexuose, wavy like a labyrinth.

Intricato-ramose, branched in an entangled fashion.

Lacerate, torn.

Lacero-dehiscent, gaping or opening in a torn or lacerate manner.

Lacero-dissected, cut in a torn manner.

Lacero-laciniate, laciniæ irregularly divided or torn.

Lacero-lobate, torn into lobes.

Lacunæ, depressions.

Læte-virescent, bright green.

Laciniate, cut into narrow linear portions.

Laciniato-effigurate, arranged in conspicuous laciniæ. Laciniato-fibrillose, consisting of fibre-like laciniæ.

Laciniato-foliolose, leaf-like laciniæ.

Laciniato-lobate, thallus divided into deeply-cut narrow laciniæ or lobes.

Laciniato-multifid, cut into numerous laciniæ.

Laciniato-ramose, branched in a laciniate manner.

Laciniiform, of the form of laciniæ.

Laciniolate, consisting of very minute laciniæ.

Laciniolæ, very minute laciniæ. Laciniose, split into laciniæ.

Lacunose, having shallow depressions or excavations.

Lacunoso-canaliculate, channelled in interrupted depressions.

Lacunoso-corrugate, wrinkled and lacunose.

Lacunoso-impressed, impressed with sunken depressions.

Lacunoso-rugose, wrinkled into lacunæ.

Laminæ, membranous strata.

Lanceolate, narrowly elliptical, tapering to each end.

Lanceolate-linear, narrowly and parallelly lance-shaped.

Lateral, on the side or margin of a thallus or apothecium.

Lecanorine, resembling the apothecium of the genus Lecanora which has a paler margin composed of or arising from the thallus.

Lecideiform, like the apothecium of a Lecidea, same as lecideine.

Lecideine, resembling the apothecium of the genus Lecidea, which has a proper margin of the same colour with the disk or

epithecium, Lenticular, like a small lens.

Leprose, scurf-like.

Leproso-gelatinous, scurfy and gelatinous.

Leproso-granulate, granules of a scurf-like nature.

Leproso-granulose, with scurfy granules. Leproso-pulverulent, having scurfy powder. Leproso-tartareous, scurfy, rough and crumbling.

Ligulate, strap-shaped, narrow with the two opposite margins parallel.

Limitate, limited or bounded by a distinct line of hypothallus.

Linear, narrow, with the two opposite margins parallel.

Lineari-confluent, becoming confluent in linear shapes, or running into continuous lines.

Lineari-dissecto-fimbriate, cut into a linear fringed margin.

Lineari-elongate, an extended linear form. Lineari-laciniose, cut into linear laciniæ.

Lineari-multipartite, divided into numerous linear segments.

Lineari-oblong, an elongated oblong with the opposite sides nearly parallel.

Lineari-radiate, with raylike linear laciniæ or lobes.

Lirellæform, shaped like a lirella.

Lirelline, oblong apothecia elongated into a furrow-like form, simple or branched, sessile or immersed in the thallus, termed a lirella, from its shape.

Livid, pale and clouded.

Livido-carneo-fuscescent, clouded flesh-colored growing brown.

Livido-castaneous, of a livid chestnut hue. Livido-cinerascent, of a pale ashey-grey.

Livido-fuscescent, clouded brownish.

Livido-fuscous, of a pale or livid-brown.

Livido-glaucescent, of a coloured glaucous hue.

Livido-nigricant, clouded blackish. Livido-pruinose, clouded with pruina.

Livido-rufous, clouded-red.

Livido-testaceous, clouded brownish-yellow.

Livido-virescent, clouded-green.

Lobate, consisting of many lobes or divisions, in contradistinction to simple.

Lobato-crenate, having crenate lobes.

Lobato-deformed, having deformed lobes.

Lobato-dilated, with broad expanded lobes.

Lobato-divided, divided into lobes. Lobato-incised, deeply cut into lobes.

Lobato-laciniate, lobed in a laciniate manner.

Lobato-partite, parted into lobes.

Lobe, a division of the thallus, various in size and shape.

Lobed, consisting of many lobes or divisions.

Lobulæ, very minute lobes.

Lobulato-granulose, minute granular lobes.

Longitudinal, parallel to the longer axis of a figure.

Lurid, dull.

Lurido-cinerascent, dull ashey-grey.

Lurido-olivaceous, a dull olive-hue. Lurido-rufescent, dull reddish.

Luteo-fulvous, yellow tawny.

Luteo-fuscescent, of a yellow-brownish colour.

Luteo-ochraceous, yellow ochrey colour.

Luteo-rufescent, yellow-reddish. Luteo-virescent, yellow-greenish.

Lutescenti-fuscescent, yellowish-brown.

Lutescenti-ochraceous, of a yellowish-ochrey colour.

Lycoperdoid, like a tubercular fungus called Lycoperdon. Macrophylline, consisting of elongated extended leaflets.

Macular, spotlike or patchy.

Maculari-determinate, a limited or defined spot or patch. Magmoid, like an alga, consisting of spherical green cellules.

Marginal, situate on a margin or edge.

Marginate, having a margin.

Margined, an apothecium surrounded with a distinct border or elevated margin.

Mastoid, teatlike.

Mastoideo-prominent, in teat-like prominences.

Medio-depressed, depressed or sunken in the centre.

Medio-perforate, perforated in the centre.

Medullary axis, the same as medullary layer, the innermost stratum of the thallus.

Membranaceous, thin, and spread out like a membrane in contradistinction to crustaceous.

Membranaceo-corticate, having a cortical layer thin like a mem-

Membranaceo-dilatate, a membranaceous thallus, horizontally dilated or spread out.

Membranaceo-laciniose, a membrane cut into laciniæ.

Membranaceo-lobate, lobes of a thin membrane-like texture.

Membranaceo-papyraceous, of a membrane-like consistence like paper.

Microlepideo-granulose, composed of minute sealy granules.

Microphylline, composed of minute leaflets or scales. Miniato-fulvescent, vermillion colour growing tawny.

Moderate, of a size intermediate between large and small.

Moniliform, spherical granules arranged together in a necklace like form.

Monophyllous, of one leaf or membrane.

Monophyllo-lobate, a lobed one-leafed thallus.

Mucoso-gelatinous, of a gelatinous mucous consistence.

Mucronate, with a mucro or point. Multifid, cut into many laciniæ.

Multifido-laciniate, cut into many laciniæ. Multi-laciniate, divided into many laciniæ.

Multilocular, many-celled.

Multi-nucleolate, having many nuclei.

Multiseptate, as applied to spores having numerous septa or divisions.

Murali-divided, spores whose internal contents are arranged or divided like the masonry of a stone wall.

Murali-locular, see murali-divided.

Murali-reticulate, marked with muriform reticulations.

Muriformi-locular, same as murali-locular,

Naked, without covering or mark.

Nerveless, destitute of nerves.

Nigrescent, approaching a black colour.

Nigrescenti-olivaceo-virescent, blackish olive-green.

Nigricant, black.

Nigricanti-cœrulescent, of a blackish-blue colour.

Nigricanti-cinereous, blackish ashey-grev. Nigricanti-clavate, black club-shaped.

Nigricanti-fibrillose, with blackish fibres.

Nigricanti-furfuraceous, covered with a blackish scurf.

Nigricanti-limitate, thallus defined or limited by a blackish line of hypothallus.

Nigricanti-macular, forming a black spot or patch.

Nigro-cæsious, blackish blue-grey. Nigro-ciliate, with black ciliæ or hairs.

Nigro-determinate, defined by a black line of hypothallus.

Nigro-fibrillose, with black fibres.

Nigro-fibrilloso-ciliate, ciliated with black fibres.

Nigro-fusceseent, black-brown.

Nigro-fuscous, of a dark or blackish-brown colour.

Nigro-marginate, having black margins.

Lyigro-ouvaceous, black-olive. Nigro-piceous, pitch black.

Nigro-rhizinose, having black rhizinæ.

Nigro-rufous, black red.

Nigro-tomentose, having black tomentum. Nigro-virescent, black or dark green.

Nodules, knotlike bodies. Noduliform, like a knot.

Noduloso-confluent, knotlike tubercles flowing together or conjoined.

Noduloso-pulvinate, in knotlike cushiony patches. Normal, of the ordinary structure or form or size. Nucleus, an internal knot-like substance or contents. Nucleiform, a knot-like tubercle containing a nucleus. Nucleolate, having nuclei.

Obconico-turbinate, inversely conical and topshaped.

Oblique, slanting.

Obliterated, evanescent.

Obliterato-squamulose, having scales somewhat obliterated or changed.

Oblong, elliptical, obtuse at each end.

Oblongo-cylindrical, a wide cylindrical form.

Oblongo-ellipsoid, broadly and obtusely elliptical.

Oblongo-fusiform, broadly fusiform. Oblongo-lobate, in oblong lobes.

Oblongo-ovoid, shape between oblong and eggshape. Obovate, reversely ovate, the broad end uppermost.

Obscurate, darkened. Obscured, darkened. Obsolete, evanescent.

Obtuse, not pointed, with a rounded or blunt termination. Ocellate, imbedded in and margined like a little eye.

Ochraceo-ferruginous, of an ochrey rust colour.

Ochraceo-granuloso-pruinose, with an ochrey granular pruina.

Ochraceo-lutescent, ochrey-yellow.

Ochroleuco-pulverulent, with white or pale ochrey powder.

Ochraceo-suffused, covered with ochrey pruina.

Ochroleucous, pale ochrey-colour.

Oleoso-locular, spores with cells like drops of oil.

Olivaceo-cervine, olive-tawny.

Olivaceo-cinereous, of an olive ashey-grey.

Olivaceo-fuscescent, olive-brownsh.
Olivaceo-fuscous, dark olive-brown.

Olivaceo-virescent, olive-green.

Opake, dull not polished or snining.

Orbicular, of an expanded circular form.

Orbiculari-radiose, passing from an orbicular form into a radiate one.

Orbiculari-squamose, squamæ spreading in an orbicular space.

Orbiculate, same as orbicular.

Ostiolum, the portion of the perithecium of a Verrucaria, or that portion of the thalline verruca in Pertusaria, protruded above the surface of the thallus.

Oval, broadly elliptical obtuse at each end.

Oviformi-oblong, an oblong slightly broader at one end and so approaching to the shape of an egg.

Ovato-oblong, oblong broader at one end.

Ovato-subpyriform, an ovate form verging towards a pear-shape.

Ovoid, shaped like an egg.

Ovoideo-ellipsoid, an ellipsis somewhat broader at one end.

Pallescent, growing pale.

Pallido-albicant, pale clouded.
Pallido-albicant, pale or whitish.
Pallido-canescent, pale hoary.

Pallido-castaneous, pale chestnut-brown.

Pallido-cervine, pale tawny.

Pallido-cinerascent, pale ashey-grey.
Pallido-cinerous, pale ashey-grey.

Pallido-cinereo-rufescent, pale ashey-reddish.

Pallido-fuscescent, pale brown.

Pallido-fusco-cinerascent, pale brown ashey-grey.

Pallido-glaucescent, pale glaucous.

Pallido-livid, pale clouded.

Pallido-lutescent, palish-yellow.

Pallido-ochraceous, pale-ochrey.

Pallido-rufescent, pale-red. Pallido-rufous, pale-red.

Pallido-spadiceous, pale light-brown.

Pallido-sulphureous, pale sulphur-colored.

Pallido-sulphureo-virescent, pale sulphury-green.

Pallido-testaceous, pale brownish-yellow.

Pallido-virescent, pale-greenish.

Palmatifid, cut or divided in a palmate manner.

Palmato-multifid, cut into many laciniæ resembling the human hand.

Papillæ, small nipple-like projections.

Papillæform, like small nipple-like prominences.

Papillato-dactyloid, in finger-shaped papillæ.

Papillato-exasperate, roughened with minute papillæ or points.

Papillato-sorediate, with sorediate papillæ. Papillato-unequal, uneven with papillæ.

Papillato-verrucose, consisting of papillate warts.

Papilloso-granulate, having granular papillæ.

Papilloso-scabrous, roughened with minute nipple-like prominences.

Papilloso-subglobose, of a somewhat globular papillate aspect. Parallel, lines maintaining an equal distance from each other.

Paraphyses, minute hyaline thread-like filaments accompanying the asci, having rounded or clavate colored apices which by their juxta-position give the peculiar colour to the epithecium.

Parasitic, growing on some other lichen.

Paries, wall.

Patellaroid, like a little dish.

Patelliform, dish-shaped.

Patellulate, like a little dish.

Pauci-articulate, with few joints.

Plano-convex, of flattened convexity.

Pedato-radiate, radiate like the foot of a bird.

Pedicillate, stalked. Pellucid, transparent.

Peltate, placed like a pelta or shield horizontally on the apex of a division of the thallus or on a stipes.

Peltiform, shield-like.

Pendulous, hanging downwards, Perforated, having round holes.

Peridium, a membrane covering several hymenia.

Perithecium, the outer case, either entire or dimidiate, enclosing the hymenium as in Verrucaria.

Persistent, permanent or not falling off.
Piloso-ciliate, fringed or ciliated with hairs.
Pinnatifido-dissected, cut in a pinnatifid mode.

Pinnatifido-divaricate, divided into lateral segments which spread out in a divaricate manner.

Plane, flattened.

Plano-appressed, flattened and closely pressed to a thing.

Plano-canaliculate, a plane surface channelled.

Plano-compressed, laterally pressed into a flat surface.

Plano-depressed, pressed downwards and flat on the upper surface.

Platyphyllous, broad-leaved.

Plicate, plaited.

Plicato-deformed, deformed by being plaited.

Plicato-laciniate, laciniæ arranged in a plaited manner.

Plicato-rugose, wrinkled in a plaited manner.

Plicato-undulate, plaited and wavy.

Plicato-verrucoso-granulose, having plaited warty granules.

Plicatulate, minutely plaited.

Pliciform, plait-like.

Plumbeo-albicant, lead colour becoming whitish.

Plumbeo-cærulescent, leaden-blue.

Plumbeo-cinerascent, leaden ashey-grey.

Plumbeo-fuscescent, of a brownish lead-colour. Plumbeo-glaucescent, of a glaucous lead-colour.

Plumbeo-virescent, of a lead-coloured green.

Pluri-articulate, with many articulations or joints.

Plurilocular, many-celled.

Pluriseptate, having many septa.

Podetiiform, resembling a podetium.

Podetiiformi-stipitate, having a stipes like a podetium.

Podetium, the stem-like portion of the thallus in the genus Cladonia, which bears on its apex the apothecium.

Podicellate, stalked.

Polari-bilocular, a spore with the cells placed at the opposite apices. Polari-nucleolate, having nuclei in the opposite apices of a spore.

Polygonal, of many angles.
Polymorphous, of many forms.
Polyphyllous, many-leaved.

Polysporous, having asci containing numerous spores or more than the usual number of 8.

Poriform, like a pore.

Predominant, very conspicuous and in excess. Proliferous, bearing marginal buds or lobes.

Proliferously denticulate, the marginal teeth becoming proliferous.

Prominent, projecting or elevated.

Proper margin, the margin of the apothecium formed from the apothecium itself and not from the thallus.

Prostrate, lying flat on a surface.
Protoplasm, elementary matter.
Protruded, thrust out or forwards.

Pseudo-biatorine, falsely biatorine, or having an apothecium without a conspicuous thalline margin, but at the same time without any observable proper margin or convex and immarginate.

Pseudo-cyphellæ, minute excavations on the under surface of the thallus filled with white or yellow powder.

Pseudo-cyphellate, having false or imperfect cyphellæ.

Pseudo-disciform, falsely disk-like.

Pseudo-scutelliform, falsely shield-like.

Pseudo-thallodal, apparently formed of the thallus.

Puberulo-villose, with pubescent hairs.

Pulpy, formed of pulp, springy and elastic.

Pulveraceous, powdery. Pulvereous, powdery.

Pulvereo-granulose, with powdery granules.

Pulverulent, powdery.

Pulverulento-furfuraceous, powdery and scurfy.

Pulverulento-granuloso-furfuraceous, powdery, granulose, & chaffy or scurfy.

Pulvinate, cushion-like.

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Pulvinuli, enshion-like masses or concretions.

Pulvinulo-conglomerate, in cushion-like clusters.

Punctato-scabrid, rough with minute elevated points.

Punctellato-impressed, with minute sunken or impressed points or dots.

Punctiform, like dots or points.

Punctiformi-contracted, contracted into a mere point or dot. Punctiformi-impressed, impressed like minute points or dots.

Pyrenocarpous, having fructification like that of a Verrucaria.

Pyrenodeous, wart-like.

Pyrenodine, globular and nuclear.

Pyriform, pear-shaped.

Radiate, spreading outwards on all sides from a centre.

Radiato-congregate, in radiate clusters.

Radiato-coronate, with a ray-like corona or margin of minute lobes.

Radiato-crenulate, with radiating crenulations.

Radiato-cristate, with crest-like projections spreading in a radiate way.

Radiato-cymose, a cyme spreading ray-like.

Radiato-fimbriate, radiately fringed.

Radiato-fissured, fissured in a radiate manner.

Radiato-incised, deeply cut and radiate.
Radiato-lobate, lobed, the lobes spreading in a ray-like way.

Radiato-plicato-lobate, lobes spreading in a plaited ray-like fashion.

Radiato-plicato-rugose, radiate, plaited and wrinkled.

Radiato-rimose, having chinks spreading outwards in a radiate

Radiato-rugose, wrinkled in a radiate direction.

Radiato-rugoso-plicatulate, wrinkled and plaited in a radiated direction.

Radiato-sulcate, furrowed in rays.

Radioso-fimbriate, having a radiate fringe.

Radioso-laciniate, the separate laciniæ of a thallus spreading in a ray-like mode.

Radioso-rimose, with ray-like chinks.

Ramose, branched.

Ramoso-divided, branched in many divisions.

Ramoso-fimbriate, branched in a fringed manner.

Ramoso-incised, branched and incised.

Ramuli, branchlets or secondary branches.

Ramulose, with secondary branches.

Ramuloso-ciliate, fringed with branching ciliæ.

Ramuloso-spinulose, having minute spine-like branchlets.

Receptacles, the portions of the thallus in which the apothecia are embedded or enclosed.

Recurved, curved backwards. Reniform, kidney-shaped.

Repando-crenate, sinuously crenate.

Repando-lobulate, with repand or sinuous lobes.

Reticulate, like network.

Reticulato-fovcolate, having deep depressions separated by raised reticulations or net-work.

Reticulato-lacunose, depressions separated by net-work or elevated reticulations.

Reticulato-nigricanti-nervose, reticulated with blackish nerves.

Reticulato-rimulose, having very minute rimæ or chinks arranged in a reticulate manner.

Reticulato-rugose, wrinkled in a net-like manner.

Reticulato-rugulose, minutely wrinkled with elevated reticulations.

Reticulato-sorediate, having sorediate elevated reticulations.

Reticulato-tomentose, having downy reticulations.

Retuse, having the centre depressed.

Retuso-truncate, cut off abruptly and having the centre depressed.

Rhagadioso-diffract, broken up in a deeply cleft mode.

Rhizinæ, root-like filaments.

Rhizinose, having rhizinæ or root-like filaments on the under surface of the thallus,

Rigescent, approaching a rigid or stiff consistence.

Rigid, stiff.

Rimiform, having a longitudinal chink or furrow.

Rimiformi-angustate, having a narrow chink or furrow.

Rimiformi-constricted, having a contracted chink or furrow.

Rimoso-areolate, divided into areolæ by chinks.

Rimoso-diffract, broken into areolæ by widish chinks.

Rimoso-insculpted, having rimæ or chinks sculptured out or cut out of a surface.

Rimoso-squamulose, with squamules separated by chinks.

Rimulose, broken by minute rimæ or chinks.

Rimuloso-dehiscent, ruptured in an irregular radiate chinky manner.

Rotundate, rounded.

Rotundato-difformed, of a deformed round shape.

Rotundato-lobate, with round lobes.

Rotundato-pulvinular, in round cushionlike masses.

Rotundato-undulato-crenate, rounded, wavy and crenate.

Rotundo-abbreviato-laciniate, cut into short rounded laciniæ.

Rotundo-crenate, rounded and crenate.

Rotundo-dilated, rounded and spread out.
Rotundo-obovate, of a roundish obovate form.

Rotundo-poriform, with a round pore.

Rotundo-squamulose, with minute rounded squamules.

Roseo-carneous, of a rosy flesh-color.

Rosulate, rose-like.

Rosulato-lobulate, minutely lobed and spreading in a rose-like or stellate manner.

Rubiginose, of a reddish hue.

Rubricoso-fuscescent, of a brick-red dark brown.

Rubricoso-fuscous, reddish dark brown.

Rubricoso-nigricant, of a brick-red black color.

Rubricoso-rufescent, of a brick-red reddish-brown.

Rufo-badious, reddish dull brown.

Rufo-fuscescent, reddish-brown. Rufo-testaccous, red yellow-brown. Rufous, full red-brown.

Rufescent, reddish-brown.

Rufescenti-cinerascent, reddish ashey-grey.

Rugose, wrinkled.

Rugoso-convex, wrinkled and convex.

Rugoso-crenate, wrinkled into crenations.

Rugoso-crenulate, with wrinkled minute crenations.

Rugoso-granulate, wrinkled and granular. Rugoso-nodulose, wrinkled and knotty.

Rugoso-plicate, wrinkled and plaited.

Rugoso-pustulate, wrinkled and pustuled.

Rugoso-subrimose, wrinkled and somewhat chinky. Rugoso-unequal, with an uneven wrinkled surface.

Rugulose, slightly wrinkled.

Ruguloso-areolate, with wrinkled areolæ.

Sanguineo-black, blood-red black.

Scabrid, scabrous or rough.

Scabrous, rough with minute elevations.

Scattered, dispersed.

Scobiformi-granulate, granules like fine saw-dust.

Scrobiculate, having numerous small shallow depressions or excavations.

Scurfy, pealing off in small detached flakes.

Scutelliform, shield-like.

Scyphi, open cups.

Scyphiform, cuplike.

Scyphiphorous, bearing scyphi.

Scyphose, bearing thalline cups as in Cladonia.

Segregate, separate.

Semi-immersed, partially immersed.

Septate, having divisions.

Septato-articulate, jointed and septate.

Septato-murali-divided, septate and with muriform cellules.

Septulæ, minute septa.

Septum, the partition dividing the spores internally into two or more portions.

Sessile, without any stipes or stalk.

Setuliform, thread-like.

Simple, as applied to spores having no septum or division.

Sinuate, margin uneven with alternate concavities and convexities.

Sinuato-incised, deeply cut into in a sinuate or wavy manner,

Sinuato-flexuose, sinuate and wavy.

Sinuato-laciniate, cut into sinuate laciniæ. Sinuato-lobate, lobed in a sinuate manner.

Sinuato-multifid, divided into many sinuate laciniæ.

Sinuato-pinnatifid, deeply cut into lateral segments which have sinuate margins.

Sinus, the concavity in a sinuate lobe or lacinia.

Soleaform, slipper-shaped.

Soredia, heaps of powdery granules. Sorediato-lacerate, torn and sorediate.

Sorediato-tuberculose, having tubercles more or less sored ate.

Sorediiferous, bearing soredia. Spadiceous, bright clear brown.

Spadiceo-fuscous, bright dark-brown.

Spadiceo-pallescent, a bright brown growing paler.

Spadiceo-rufescent, reddish-brown.
Spadiceo-rufous, bright brownish red.

Sphærical, globose.

Sphæroideo-cellulose, formed of globular cellules.

Spermatia, minute cylindrical or rod-shaped bodies contained in the spermogonia and conjectured to be the male fertilizing organs.

Spermogonia, minute tubercles of the thallus various in colour, and conjectured to contain the male organs of fertilization.

Spermogoniferous, bearing spermogonia.

Spinose, spiny.

Spinulose, having minute spines.

Spinuloso-ciliated, fringed with minute spine-like ciliæ.

Spongioso-tomentose, spongy and downy.

Spores, bodies various in shape and size, either simple or septate or locular contained in the asci.

Spreading, expanding.

Spurious, apparently but not really.

Squamæform, scale-like.

Squamigerous, bearing squamæ or scales.

Squamose, consisting of scale-like leaflets or squamæ.

Squamoso-decorticate, the cortical layer peeling off in scales.

Squamoso-foliolose, leaf-like squamæ. Squamoso-lobate, with lobe-like squamæ.

Squama, a leaf-like scale. Squamaceous, scaly.

Squamula, very minute scales or squama.

Squamulose, consisting of very minute leaflike scales or squamæ.

Squamuloso-areolate, with areolate minute scales. Squamuloso-crenate, having minute crenate scales.

Squamuloso-effigurate, fashioned into scales.

Squamuloso-glebulose, consisting of small scaly crumb-like masses.

Squamuloso-granulate, consisting of granular squamules.

Squamoso-imbricate, with overlapping squamæ.

Stellato-appressed, closely pressed in a stellate manner. Stellato-congregate, clustered in a stellate arrangement.

Stellato-dehiscent, dehiscing in a stellate manner.

Stellato-divided, divided in a stellate or star-like form. Stellato-laciniate, laciniæ spreading in a stellate manner.

Stellato-orbicular, as applied to a thallus whose laciniæ or lobes radiate from a centre in a star-like manner within a rounded

Stellato-radiate, radiating in a starlike form.

Stenophyllous, narrow-leaved.

Sterigmata, minute filaments either simple or articulate, within the spermogonia, which bear the spermatia.

Stipate, crowded.

Stipes, a stalk or elevated support. Stipitate, having a stipes or stalk.

Stramineous, straw-coloured.

Stratum gonidiale, the layer immediately beneath the cortical layer containing the gonidia.

Striated, marked by longitudinal lines or furrows.

Striato-crenulate, striated and crenulate.

Striato-nervous, striated with prominent nerves.

Striato-rugose, wrinkled with striæ.

Stuppeous, woolly.

Subæruginose, somewhat of a verdigris-green. Subampullæform, somewhat flask-like shape.

Subargulose, somewhat angular. Subargulate, nearly argulate. Subbiatorine, nearly biatorine.

Subbyssoid, of a somewhat byssoid or fibrous nature.

Subcarinate, somewhat keel-shaped.

Subciliate, somewhat ciliate.

Subclavato-fusiform, of a somewhat club-shaped spindle-shape. Subcolliculoso-arcolate, having areolæ of somewhat hilly projections.

Subcompressed, slightly compressed.

Subconcentric, arranged in a somewhat concentric manner.

Subconcolorous, nearly of the same colour.

Subconglomerate, somewhat clustered.

Subconglutinate, somewhat glued together.

Subcontinuous, having a nearly unbroken surface.

Subcortical, beneath the cortical layer.

Subcostate, somewhat ribbed.

Subcorymbose, with the lower branches elevated to nearly the same level as the upper ones like a corymb.

Subcrenulate, somewhat crenulate.

Subcrustaceo-leproso-granulate, somewhat crustaceous, leprous and granular.

Subcylindrical, nearly cylindrical.

Subcymbiform, somewhat of a boat shape.

Subcymoso-proliferous, proliferous from the centre like a cyme.

Subdecorticate, nearly destitute of the cortical layer.

Subdeterminate, somewhat limited or defined. Subdiffract, somewhat broken up into areolæ.

Subdisciform, somewhat of a disk-like appearance.

Subeffigurate, somewhat of a defined form.

Subeffuso-arcolate, having areolæ scattered or dispersed in an indefinite manner.

Subfarinaceous, somewhat chaff-like.

Subfastigiate, approaching the same level.

Subfastigiato-fruticulose, like a little shrub whose branches all rise to nearly the same level.

Subfibrillose, somewhat minutely fibrous.

Subfilamentose, somewhat filamentose.

Subfinibriate, somewhat fringed. Subfoliaceous, becoming leafy.

Subfusiform, nearly fusiform.

Subgelatinous, somewhat gelatinous.

Subglobose, almost globose.

Subgloboso-deformed, globose bodies deformed by close contact or crowding.

Subgloboso-incrassate, thickened into a somewhat globose form.

Subgloboso-tuberculiform, like globular tubercles.

Subgranulato-unequal, approaching an uneven somewhat granulose surface.

Subgranulose, nearly granulose.

Subgranuloso-rugose, somewhat wrinkled with granules.

Subgyrose, somewhat gyrose.

Subgyroso-verrucose, having somewhat whirled verrucæ or warts.

Subhymeniale, under the hymenium.

Subimbricate, nearly overlapping each other.

Subimmersed, somewhat immersed.

Subincumbent, somewhat bending downwards.

Subinnato-sessile, superficial but somewhat immersed in the thallus.

Sublacunose, somewhat lacunose. Sublacigate, somewhat smoothed. Sublecanorine, nearly lecanorine.

Sublecideine, apothecia nearly like those of the genus Lecidea.

Subleprose, somewhat scurfy.

Sublimitate, somewhat limited or with a definite boundary.

Sublobato-plicate, somewhat lobed and plaited.

Sublobulate, somewhat lobed.

Sublobulato-concrescent, growing together in minute lobes.

Submembranaceous, almost membranaceous. Submonophyllous, almost formed of one leaf. Submurali-divided, nearly murali-divided.

Suborbiculari-determinate, having a limited or defined somewhat orbicular form.

Suborbiculari-stellate, radiating in a somewhat orbicular space.
Subpalmato-nervose, having nerves spreading in a palmate manner.

Subpeltate, somewhat peltate.

Subplicato-contiguous, lying close together in somewhat plaited

Subpodicellate, somewhat stalked or stipitate.

Subpyrenoid, nearly like a Verrucaria.

Subpyrenodeo-lecanorine, an apothecium nearly like the fructification of a Verrucaria but surrounded with a thalline margin.

Subradiate, approaching a radiate shape.

Subradiato-lobate, consisting of somewhat ray-like lobes.

Subramoso-papillato-granulate, with branched papillate granules.

Subrubricoso-fuscous, somewhat brick-red brown.

Subrugose, somewhat wrinkled.

Subrugulose, somewhat minutely wrinkled. Subsecund, somewhat turned towards one side.

Subsessile, nearly or almost sessile.

Subspadiceous, of a somewhat bright brown.

Subsphærical, nearly sphærical. Subspongiose, nearly spongy.

Subsquamose, somewhat scaly.

Subsquamacco-granulose, granules becoming nearly like squamæ.

Subsquamoso-plicato-verruculose, with plaited warty scales.

Subsquamulose, almost squamulose.

Subsquamuloso-concrescent, growing together in a somewhat scaly manner.

Subsquamuloso-granulate, the granules merging into scales. Substellato-deformed, deformed in a somewhat stellate manner.

Substipitate, with a slight stipes or stalk. Substramineous, somewhat straw-colored.

Subtartarcous, nearly tartareous.

Subtomentose, somewhat tomentose or downy.

Subulate, awl-shaped.

Subulato-spinose, with awl-shaped spines.

Subuliform, awl-shaped.

Suburceolate, somewhat urceolate.

Subventricoso-cornute, having a swollen horn-shaped form.

Subverrucose, somewhat warty.

Subverrucoso-tomentose, somewhat warty and downy.

Subvirescenti-suffused, covered with a greenish hue or pruina.

Sulciform, furrowed or channelled.

Sulphureous, sulphur or brimstone colored.

Sulphureo-pulverulent, covered with sulphury powder. Sulphureo-sorediate, with sulphur-colored soredia.

Sulphureo-suffused, covered with sulphury powder or pruina.

Sulphureo-virescent. sulphury-green. Superficial, lying on the surface.

Tartarcous, having a rough crumbling surface.

Tartareo-farinose, with crumbly powder.

Terete, longitudinally rounded.

Tereti-compressed, terete and compressed.

Teretiusculo-compressed, somewhat terete or compressed. Terminal, on the apex or summit of a branch or stipes.

Terricole, growing on the earth.

Tessellato-arcolate, having areolæ resembling a tessellated pavement.

Testaceo-fuscescent, yellowish-brown passing into dark-brown.

Testaceo-rufescent, yellowish-brown passing into reddish-brown.

Testacco-rufous, brownish-yellow red. Thalamium, the same as hymenium.

Thalline, composed of, or of the same substance as the thallus.

Thalline margin, the margin of an apothecium formed of the

Thallodal, composed of the thallus.

Thallus, the foliaceous or crustaceous portion of a lichen which bears the fructification.

Thecæ, see Asci.

Theciferous, bearing thece or asci.

Thelotremoid, having tubercular apothecia like those of Thelotrema.

Thelotremoideo-lecideine, having an open wart-like and disk-like aspect.

Thyrsoid, like a thyrsus, the branches compact, the lower ones shorter than the middle ones.

Thyrsoideo-conglomerate, clustered together in a thyrsus-like manner.

Tomentose, covered with tomentum or down-like hairs. Tomentoso-filamentose, tomentum composed of filaments.

Torto-curvate. curved and twisted.

Toruloso-intricate, knotted and entangled.

Transverse, at right angles to the longitudinal direction.

Tremulous, shaky.

Tripartite. divided into three portions. Triquetrous. three edged or sided.

Triseptate, having 3-septa or divisions.

Truncate, with an abrupt termination as if cut off.
Truncato-conical, of a truncate or flattened cone shape.

Truncato-crenate, abruptly cut off and crenate.

Truncato-furcate, truncate and forked. Tuberculate, consisting of tubercles.

Tuberculose, covered with little excresences or warts.

Tuberculoso albo-sorediate, having white sorediate tubercles.

Tuberculoso-elevated, raised upon a tubercle.

Tuberculoso-glomerate, in clustered tubercles or conglomerations. Tuberculoso-lecanorine, a lecanorine apothecium elevated on a tubercle.

Tuberculoso-nigricanti-sorediate, having blackish sorediate tubercles.

Tuberculoso-sphærical, consisting of round tubercles.

Tuberculoso-unequal, uneven with tubercles.

Tubulose, hollow like a tube.

Tubuloso-inflated, having an inflated tube-like form.

Tumid, swollen.

Turbinate, shaped like a top.

Turbinato-cylindrical, of an elongated top-like form.

Turbinato-lentiform, top-shaped flattened on the summit. Turgescent, swollen.

Turgid, swollen.

Turgido-cylindrical, of a swollen cylindrical shape.

Umber, dull brown.

Umbilically, as applied to a thallus fixed to the matrix by the centre; as applied to an epithecium, navel-like.

Umbonate, with a projecting point or boss in the centre.

Umbrino-olivaceous, umber-colored olive.

Undulate, wavy.

Undulato-attenuate, tapering upwards in a wavy mode.

Undulato-crispate, wavy and crisped or curled.

Undulato-crisped, wavy and crisped.

Undulato-lobate, with wavy lobes.

Undulato-plane, a flattened wavy surface.

Undulato-plicate, wavy and plaited.

Undulato-rugose, wrinkled in a wavy mode. Undulato-sinuate, waved in a sinuate mode.

Undulato-sulcato-rugose, with wavy furrowed wrinkles.

Uniform, of the same size, thickness or substance throughout.

Uniseptate, spores with one septum or division.

Unstratified, applied to a thallus in which the normal layers cannot be distinctly seen but are confused.

Urceolate, of a sunken cup-like shape.

Urceolariform, sunk in the thallus like a cup as the apothecia of the genus Urceolaria.

Urceolato-appressed, having an urceolate apothecium closely pressed to the thallus.

Urceolato-concave, concave like a cup.

Urceolato-innate, applied to apothecia of a cuplike shape sunken in the thallus.

Urceolato-scutelliform, urceolate and shield like.

Variolarioid, an abortive apothecium developed into a powdery or granulose tubercle, like the supposed fructification of the old pseudo-genus Variolaria.

Villose, hairy.

Vinous-red, red like port wine.

Violaceo-fuscescent, violet with a brown hue.

Violaceo-rubescent, violet with a red tinge.

Virescent, approaching a green hue.

Virescenti-cinerascent, greenish ashey-greyish.

Virescenti-cinereous, greenish ashey-grey. Virescenti-fuscescent, greenish brown.

Virescenti-fuscous, greenish dark-brown.

Virescenti-olivaceous, greenish olive.

Viridi-glaucescent, glaucous-green.

Viridulo-cinerascent, greenish-grey.

Vitellinous-yellow, yellow like the yolk of an egg. Vermiculari-elongate, lengthened out like a worm.

Vermiform, worm-like.

Vermiformi-cylindrical, cylindrical and twisted like a worm. Ventricoso-fusiform, of a swollen or inflated spindle-shape.

Verrucaroid, having fruit like the verrucæ or apothecia of a Verrucaria.

Verrucæ, small wart-like tubercles or elevations of the thallus.

Verrucæform, of a wart-like tubercular form.

Verrucose, wart-like.

Verrucoso-areolate, composed of wart-like areolæ.

Verrucoso-areolato-diffract, broken up into verrucose areolæ.

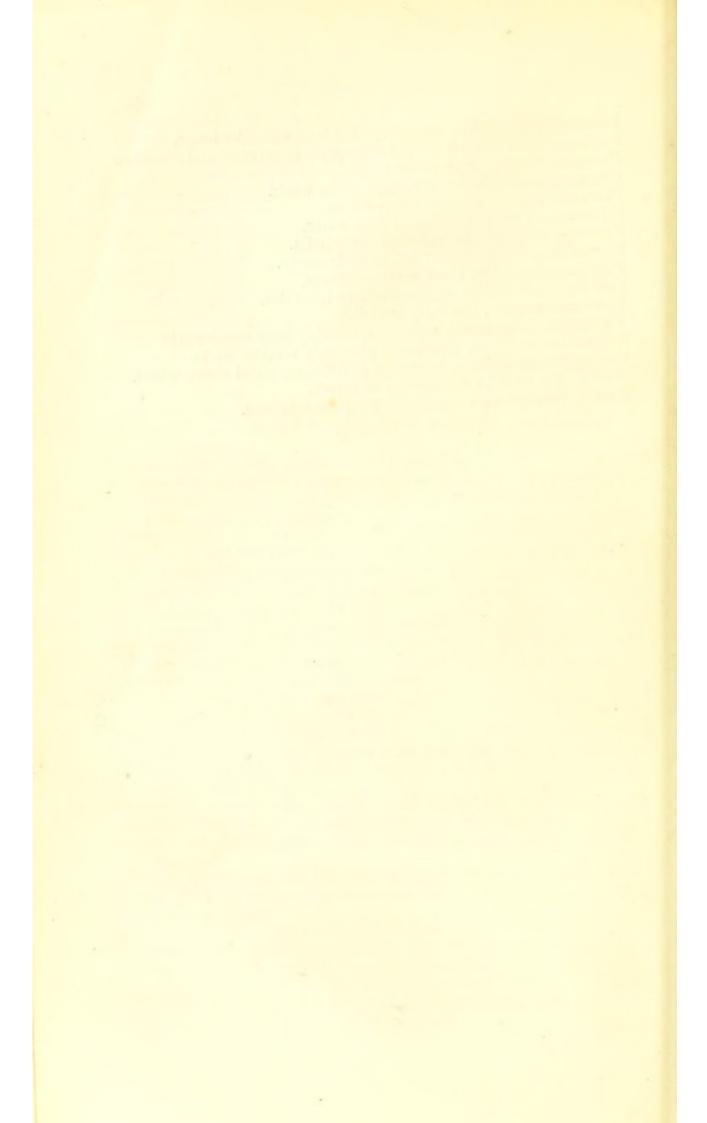
Verrucoso-confluent, with warts growing together.

Verrucoso-conglomerate, in clustered verrucose portions. Verrucoso-diffract, divided by chinks into wartlike areolæ.

Verrucoso-glebulose, having crumb-like warts.

Verrucoso-granulate, a thallus composed of verrucæ and granules.
Verrucoso-leprose, with warty scurf.
Verrucoso-papillate, having papillæ-like warts.
Verrucoso-rugose, with wrinkled warts.
Verrucoso-scabrous, roughened with warts,
Verrucoso-sorediate, having wartlike soredia.
Verrucoso-squamose, consisting of scaly warts.
Verrucoso-tomentose, warty and tomentose.
Verrucoso-tuberculose, having wartlike tubercles,
Verrucoso-unequal, unevenly wartlike.
Verruculoso-cinerascent, consisting of ashey-grey small warts.
Verruculoso-scabrous, roughened with very minute warts.
Verruculoso-scabrous, becoming proliferous, whorl above whorl,
Waxy, of a waxlike consistence or aspect.

Zonate, marked with concentric wavy undulations.



THE

# LICHEN-FLORA

OF

# GREAT BRITAIN,

&c.

#### CLASS OF LICHENS.

Thallus furnished with a stratum of gonidia or granula gonima variously disposed, very often (at least in the crustaceous species) containing crystals of oxalate of lime. Fructification consisting of spores in thecæ or asci; gelatina hymenea in most species becoming blue, in others reddish, on the application of an aqueous solution of iodine. Spermogonia in pyrenodine conceptacles distinct from the apothecia, and occurring either generally on the same thallus with the apothecia, (monæcious) or sometimes separately on different thalli (diæcious).

Lichens are distinguished from Fungi by the peculiar type, form and structure of the thallus. The families and their principal sub-divisions are chiefly based on the diversities of the thallus, though sometimes the differences of the apothecia and spermogonia determine these.

Thallus gelatinous = Family I. COLLEMACEI.

Thalamium cellulose, with superimposed theciferous cavities. = Family II. MYRIANGIACEI.

Thallus not gelatinous. = Family III. LICHENA-CEL.

#### FAM: I. COLLEMACEI.

Thallus filiform, branched. = Tribe I. LICHINEI.
Thallus membranaceous, lobate. = Tribe II. COLLEMEI.

#### FAM: II. MYRIANGIACEI.

Thalamium cellulose, with superimposed theciferous cavities. = Tribe I. Myriangiei.

# FAM: III. LICHENACEI.

Spores pulverulent on surface of fructification. = Series I. Epiconiodei.

Thallus foliolose; apothecia terminal on podetia, biatorine. = Series II. CLADODEI.

Thallus efoliolose, fruticulose or filamentose; apothecia lecanorine. = Series III. RAMALODEI.

Thallus foliaceous, depressed, lobed. = Series IV.

Thallus crustaceous, squamose, radiate, granulose, powdery, or evanescent. = Series V. Placodel.

Fructification in closed receptacles. = Series VI.

# SERIES I. EPICONIODEI.

Thallus horizontally expanded; apothecia stipitate, cupuliform, or sessile, = Tribe I. Caliciei.

Thallus fruticulose, ramose; apothecia nucleiform. = Tribe II. Sphærophorei.

# SERIES II. CLADODEI.

Thallus horizontal; apothecia substipitate. = Tribe III. BÆOMYCEI.

Thallus foliaceous; apothecia biatorine on scyphiform or simple podetia. = Tribe 1V. CLADONIEI.

Thallus cæspitose, podetiiform; apothecia terminal or lateral, lecideine. = Tribe V. Stereocaulei.

#### SERIES III. RAMALODEI.

Thallus branched, white; apothecia lateral. = Tribe VI. ROCCELLEI.

Thallus podetiiform; apothecia unknown. = Tribe

VII. SIPHULEI.

Thallus branched, terete, or compressed, medullary axis firm; apothecia peltate. = Tribe VIII. USNEEL.

Thallus branched, round or compressed, medullary axis woolly; apothecia lateral or terminal. = Tribe IX.

Thallus compressed, fruticulose or membranously dilated; apothecia marginal. = Tribe X. Cetrariei.

### SERIES IV. PHYLLODEI.

Apothecia peltiform, = Tribe XI. Peltigerei.

Apothecia marginal, on under side of thallus. =

Sub-tribe 1. NEPHROMEI.

Apothecia marginal, on upper side of thallus. = Sub-tribe 2. Peltidei.

Apothecia not marginal, innate. = Sub-tribe 3. Solorinei.

Apothecia lecanorine. = Tribe XII. PARMELIEI.

Thallus membranaceo-lobate, tomentose and cyphellate beneath; spores fusiform, 1-3-septate; paraphyses distinct. = Sub-tribe 1. STICTEI.

Thallus laciniato-lobate; spores ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct. = Sub-tribe 2. Imbri-

CARIEI.

Thallus; stellato-orbicular, spores bilocular; paraphyses distinct. = Sub-tribe 2. Physciei.

Apothecia lecideine, gyrose. = Tribe XIII. Gyrophorei

# SERIES V. PLACODEI.

Apothecia lecanorine. = Tribe XIV. LECANOREI.

Thallus squamulose, gonidia large, distinct. = Sub-tribe 1. PSOROMEI.

Thallus squamulose or granulose, with granula gonima (no gonidia). = Sub-tribe 2. Pannariei.

Thallus pulverulent. = Sub-tribe 3. AMPHILOMEI.

Thallus radioso-laciniate or cartilagineo-squa mose; spores ellipsoid, simple. = Sub-tribe 4. Squamariei.

Thallus radiate (not radioso-laciniate); spores ellipsoid, bilocular, cells united by a tube. = Subtribe 5. Placodel.

Thallus crustaceous, granulose; spores simple or variously septate. = Sub-tribe 6. EULECANOREI.

Apothecia endocarpoid, enclosed in verrucæ of thallus; spores very large, ellipsoid. = Sub-tribe 7. Pertusariei.

Apothecia in thalline verrucæ, but with an open epithecium; spores plurilocular or murali-divided; = Sub-tribe 8. Thelotremei.

Apothecia biatorine or lecideine or gyalectine. = Tribe XV. LECIDEINEI.

Apothecia lirelline, = Tribe XVI. GRAPHIDEI.

Hymenia covered by a black rimuloso-dehiscent peridium. = Tribe XVII. Peridiei.

# SERIES VI. PYRENODEI.

Apothecia pyrenodine. = Tribe XVIII. Pyrenocarpei.

# FAM: I. COLLEMACEI.

# TRIBE 1. LICHINEI.

Thallus cæspitose, granula gonima concatenate into a central axis; apothecia biatorine. = Gonionema.

Thallus cæspitose, granula gonima in transverse

strata; apothecia lecideine. = Spilonema.

Thallus fruticulose, granula gonima connate in transverse strata; apothecia endocarpoid in swellings of the thallus. = EPHEBE.

Thallus fruticulose, fucoid, granula gonima cærulescent; apothecia in terminal globose receptacles. = Lichina.

# TRIBE 2. COLLEMEI.

Thallus granulato-areolate, granula gonima in globular cells; apothecia urceolato-innate; spores simple. = Pyrenopsis.

Thallus granulose or fruticulose, granula gonima in globular cells; apothecia innate, lecanorine or endocarpoid; spores simple. = Synalissa.

Thallus without cortical layer, granula gonima moniliform; apothecia lecanorine; spores multilocular,

rarely simple. = COLLEMA.

Thallus with distinct cortical layer, granula gonima moniliform; apothecia lecanorine; spores multilocular,

rarely simple. = LEPTOGIUM.

Thallus minute, stellato-divided, or cæspitellose, or confluento-effuse; apothecia pyrenocarpous, verrucarioid. = Pyrenidium.

# FAM: II. MYRIANGIACEI.

# TRIBE I. MYRIANGIEI.

Thalamium cellulose, with superimposed theciferous cavities. = Myriangium.

# FAM: III. LICHENACEI.

# SERIES I. EPICONIODEI.

# TRIBE I. CALICIEI.

Thallus none; apothecia parasitic on Pertusariæ globoso-turbinate, subsessile, black; spores nigrescent, simple. = Sphinctrina.

Thallus granuloso-pulverulent; apothecia globoso-turbinate, stipitate, black; spores nigro-fuscous, simple

or 1-septate. = Calicium.

Thallus pulverulent; apothecia globoso-pulverulent

yellow; spores colourless. = CONIOCYBE.

Thallus granulose; apothecia cupuliform, sessile, black; spores nigricant, 1-septate. = Trachylia.

# TRIBE II. SPHÆROPHOREI.

Apothecia terminal, nucleiform, globose, irregularly dehiscent; spores sphærical, violet-black. = Sphæro-Phoron.

# SERIES II. CLADODEI.

#### TRIBE III. BÆOMYCEL.

Thallus gelatinoso-conglutinate; apothecia stipitate clavato-capitate; spores filiform, multiseptate. = Gom-PHILLUS.

Thallus crustaceo-granulose or subsquamulose; apothecia stipitate or sessile, biatorine. = Bæomyces.

#### TRIBE IV. CLADONIEI.

Thallus foliolose. or squamulose, or granuloso-crustaceous; podetia fistulose, laciniato-ramose or scyphose; apothecia terminal, biatorine, livido-fuscous, or scarlet. = CLADONIA.

Thallus verrucoso-granulate, bearing large fuscescent sessile cephalodia; podetia rigid, simple, minute; apothecia terminal, subglobose, black. = Pilophoron.

#### TRIBE V. STEREOCAULEI.

Podetia covered with variously-shaped fragile granules; apothecia fuscous; spores cylindraceo-fusiform, 3-9-septate; cephalodia verrucoso-glomerulose. = Stereocaulon.

# SERIES III. RAMALODEI.

# TRIBE VI. ROCCELLEI.

Thallus fruticulose, from a common base, terete or compressed; spores oblong or fusiform, 3-septate. = ROCCELLA.

# TRIBE VII. SIPHULEI.

Thallus of prostrate subulate stipites, acute at the apices, fistulose. = Thamnolia.

# TRIBE VIII. USNEEL.

Thallus filamentose, pale cinereo-virescent; apothecia concolorous. = USNEA.

Thallus evernioid, citrino-virescent; apothecia spadiceo-fuscous. = Chlorea.

#### TRIBE IX. RAMALINEI.

Thallus cylindrical, horny; spores simple = Alectoria.
Thallus applanate, flaccid; spores simple. = Evernia.
Thallus compressed, rigescent; spores 1-septate. =
Ramalina.

#### TRIBE X. CETRARIEI.

Thallus spadiceous, laciniose or fistulose. = Cetraria.
Thallus various in colour, membranaceo-dilatate and lobate. = Platysma.

#### SERIES IV. PHYLLODEI.

TRIBE XI. PELTIGEREI.

#### SUB-TRIBE I. NEPHROMEI.

Cortical layer continuous on the nerveless lower surface of the thallus; spores septate. = Nephromium.

#### SUB-TRIBE II. PELTIDEI.

Cortical layer not continuous on the nerved and rhizinose lower surface of the thallus; spores 3-5-7-eptate. = Peltigera.

# SUB-TRIBE III. SOLORINEI.

Cortical layer not continuous on the obsoletely-nerved lower surface of the thallus; spores 1-septate. = Solorina.

# TRIBE XII. PARMELIEI

# SUB-TRIBE I. STICTEL.

Gonidial stratum of the thallus consisting of glauco-virescent or glauco-cærulescent granula gonima in pluri-locular nodules. = STICTINA.

Gonidial stratum of the thallus consisting of free, true, bright or yellow-green gonidia; rhizinæ simple. = STICTA.

Under surface of thallus with fasciculate rhizinæ; spores 1-3-septate. = RICASOLIA.

SUB-TRIBE II. IMBRICARIEI.

Spores simple. = PARMELIA.

SUB-TRIBE III. PHYSCIEI.

Spores polari-bilocular or 1-septate. = Physcia.

TRIBE XIII. GYROPHOREI.

Thallus monophyllous, umbilically affixed. = Umbilically affixed.

SERIES V. PLACODEI.

TRIBE XIV. LECANOREL

SUB-TRIBE I. PSOROMEI.

Gonidial stratum of thallus consisting of large distinct gonidia. = Psoroma.

SUB-TRIBE II. PANNARIEI.

Gonidial stratum of thallus consisting of granula gonima. = Pannaria.

SUB-TRIBE III. AMPHILOMEI.

Thallus white, granuloso-pulverulent. = AMPHILOMA.

SUB-TRIBE IV. SQUAMARIEI.

Spores simple. = SQUAMARIA.

SUB-TRIBE V. PLACODEI.

Spores polari-bilocular. = Placodium.

SUB-TRIBE VI. EULECANOREI.

Apothecia internally colourless; spores 8 or numerous, simple or variously divided, colourless or fuscous. = Lecanora.

Apothecia urceolate; spores murali-locular. = Urceo-LARIA. Apothecia tuberculoso-lecanorine; hypothecium black; spores fusiform, 3-septate. = DIRINA.

#### SUB-TRIBE VII. PERTUSARIEI.

Apothecia endocarpoid, or lecanoroid or variolariod; spores 1-2-4-8, simple, very large, ellipsoid, with a thick episporium. = Pertusaria.

Apothecia erumpent, rotundato-difformed; spores 1-2,

murali-divided. = Phlyctis.

#### SUB-TRIBE VIII. THELOTREMEI.

Apothecia verrucæform, open; spores 8, murali divided. = Thelotrema.

#### TRIBE XV. LECIDEINEI.

Thallus crustaceous, squamose, scurfy, powdery, granulate, areolate, continuous, rimulose, or evanescent; spores 8 or numerous, colourless or fuscous, simple or variously septate. = Lecidea.

Thallus evanescent; apothecia gymnotremoid, naked,

black; spores 3-septate. = ODONTOTREMA.

Thallus evanescent; apothecia lecideine, elevated,

naked, black; spores numerous. = Schizoxylon.

Apothecia red, rotundate or oblong, biatorine, plane, internally colourless; spores 8, simple. = Agyrium.

# TRIBE XVI. GRAPHIDEI.

Apothecia black, tumid; hypothecium black, entire; spores 8 or numerous, simple or 1 septate. = Litho-Grapha.

Apothecia black, linear, parallel, plane, internally

cinerascent; spores 8, simple. = XYLOGRAPHA.

Apothecia black, innate or immersed; spores 8, oblong or lineari-elongate or cylindrical, pluri-locular; paraphyses distinct. = Graphis.

Apothecia black, superficial; perithecium black, entire; spores 8, obovate or fusiform, 1-multiseptate;

paraphyses indistinct. = OPEGRAPHA.

Apothecia black, impressed in thalline verrucæ and surrounded with a spurious thalline margin; hypothe-

cium black; spores fusiform, 3 septate. = Platygrapha.

Apothecia brownish, punctiform or elongate, immersed; hypothecium colourless. = Stigmatidium.

Apothecia roundish, plane or tumid, innately sessile; asci pyriform in excavations of the subgelatinous hymenium; paraphyses none. = ARTHONIA.

Apothecia intricato-flexuose, immersed in white plano-

depressed verrucæ. = Glyphis.

Apothecia substellato-radiate, immersed in white rounded verrucæ; spores fusiform, 3-septate. = Chio-DECTON.

Apothecia black, superficial, arthonoid; spores 1-septate; paraphyses distinct. = Melaspilea.

#### TRIBE XVII. PERIDIEI.

Apothecia containing many hymenia conjoined as in a common excipulum, but without perithecia. = Mycoporum.

Apothecia rotundate, depressed in the centre, dehiscing by a subradiate fissure. = RIMULARIA.

# SERIES VI. PYRENODEI.

# TRIBE XVIII. PYRENOCARPEI.

Apothecia single in citrine sphærical thalline verrucæ; spores numerous. = Thelocarpon.

Perithecia black, immersed in a squamulose thallus;

spores 8, septate. = Normandina.

Perithecia pale, immersed in a peltate or squamæform

thallus; spores 8, simple. = Endocarpon.

Perithecia black, rarely coloured, entire or dimidiate, semi-immersed or sessile; spores 8 or numerous, simple or variously septate. = Verrucaria.

Foliicolous. = STRIGULA.

Perithecia numerous, minute, black, imbedded in a round or oblong blackish plane apothecium. = Melanotheca.

Perithecia several, stellato-congregate, their ostiola converging into one common central poriform epithecium. = ASTROTHELIUM.

#### FAM: I. COLLEMACEI.

Thallus black, fuscous, dark olive, rarely cinerascent or glaucescent, variable in form; granula gonima either moniliform or variously dispersed in the gelatinous substance of the thallus. Apothecia generally lecanorine, rarely biatorine, rarely endocarpoid, generally rufescent, rarely black, internally whitish or pale.

#### TRIBE I. LICHINEI.

Thallus small or minute, filiform, cæspitoso-fruticulose, or depresso-implexed; granula gonima moniliform connate or variously concrete. Apothecia lecanorine, biatorine or lecideine or endocarpoid. Spores 8, colourless.

# I. GONIONEMA. Nyl.

Thallus filiform, granula gonima concatenated into a single central axis, Apothecia concolorous, biatorine.

Spermatia minutely oblong, simple.

I. G. velutinum, Nyl. dark-brown, slender, entangled apothecia dark-brown, terminal, centre depressed, mar gin swollen, pale within; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender.

On sub-alpine rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN :- Nyl. Prodr. 16 (1857); Syn. 88; Scand. 23; Collema, Ach. Syn. 329.

Fig :- Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. July 1865, t. 4, f. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 : Nyl. Syn, t. 1, f. 11.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Scandinavia, France. Bot. Prov:—1...7.

England ;--St. Cleere near Liskeard. Messrs. Turner & Sowerby. Wales: Barmouth. Dr. Holl. Craig Breidden,! (northern precipices) Montgomeryshire (1864); Snowdon!.

#### II. SPILONEMA. Born.

filiform, branched, fruticulose, granula gonima large, in transverse strata. Apothecia lecideine,

lenticular. Spermatia shortly cylindrical.

1. Sp. paradoxum, Born. blackish-brown, slender, cæspitose, entangled, branched; apothecia black, terminal, hemispherical, immarginate; hypothecium nigrescent; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses thick, articulate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1856.

Syn; —Bornet in Mém, Cherb Dec. 1856, p. 4; Nyl. Prodr. 17; Syn. 89; Scand, 23.

Fig: Mém. Cherb. l. c. t. 1 & 2; Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist.

July 1865, t. 4, f. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11; Nyl. Syn. t. 2, f. 3.

Exs:—Leight. 347.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Pyrenees, Finland.

Bot. Prov :- 7...16.

Scotland :- Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES: -Rocks near Harlech Turnpike, Barmouth! (1856);

Glyder Vach! Snowdonia; Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

Attention to the regular transverse arrangement, grouping and size of the granula gonima will distinguish this from Ephebe

pubescens which it generally resembles.

2. Sp. Scoticum, Nyl. black or fuscous, effuse, minutely coralloid, in small compact verrucose pulvinuli; apothecia black, minute; epithecium impressed or somewhat convex; hypothecium colorless; spores 8, colourless, oviformioblong, 1-septate; paraphyses slender, distinct; gelatina hymenea tinged blue, the asci violet, by iodine.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1869, p. 82; Crombie En. 1.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland: -Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869)

# III. EPHEBE. Fr. Born.

Thallus filiform, branched, fruticulose; granula gonima smaller, subtransversely arranged in little heaps, 2, 4, or more together. Apothecia endocarpoid, in thickened portions of the thallus. Spermatia straight, cylindrical.

1. E. pubescens, Fr. blackish-brown, slender, cæspitose, entangled, branched, slightly rugulose; spores 8, colour-less, lineari-oblong or subfusiform, 1-septate; paraphy-

ses indistinct.

On subalpine rocks, not unfrequent. 1851.

Syn:—Fries S.O.V. 256 (1825); Bornet in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xviii, 170. Nyl. Prod. 17, Syn. 90, Scand. 24.

Fig:—Ann. Sc. Nat. l. c. t, 7. Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. July, 1865, t. 4, f. 12, 13, 14. Nyl. Syn. t 2, f. 1, & 17—20.

Exs :—Nyl. 1. M. & N. 358. Hepp. 712. Fellm. 2.

Geog. Distrib :—Scandinavia, E. Lapland, France, Switzerland, Algeria, Greenland, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...11...15, 16...19...23.

ENGLAND: - Dartmoor! Mr. Ralfs. South Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. In the river Erme above Ivy Bridge, Devon. Dr. Holl. Blackstone Rock, Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt,

SCOTLAND:—Loch Awe; Achallater, Braemar; Craig Guie! Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Glengariff, Coachford! west of Cork. Mr. Carroll. Dublin Mountains. Mr. Archer. Loch Leane and Cromaglan, Killarney. Dr Carrington.

Wales:—Summit of Pen-maen-mawr!; (1851) Barmouth!;

Glyder Vach!, Snowdonia.

# IV. LICHINA. Ag.

Thallus fuscous-black, fruticulose, firm, granula gonima cærulescent. Apothecia terminal in globose thalline receptacles, lecanorine, subpyrenoid. Spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple. Spermatia oblong.

1. L. pygmæa, Ag. cæspitose, ramose, small, com-

pressed upwards.

On maritime rocks, not unfrequent. 1777.

SYN: -Agardh. Syn. 9, (1817); Nyl. Syn. 91, Scand. 24.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1332. Grev. Scott. Crypt. t. 219. Tulasne Mem. Lich. t. 9, f. 1-6. Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. July, 1865, t. 4, f. 21. Nyl. Syn. t. 2, f. 16.

Exs :- Leight. 260. Hepp 423, Larbal. 51. GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Scandinavia, Chili. Bot. Prov :—1...10, 11...14...18...23...30, 31.

ENGLAND :- Cornish Coast ; Devonshire ; Dorsetshire ; Sir J. E. Smith. Mounts Bay! Cornwall. Mr. Ralfs. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Cullercoats Pier, Northumberland. Mr. Baker. Huntclift, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Rocks near Shaldon, Babbicombe, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- Leith and Newhaven ; Hebrides, Sir J. E. Smith, Isles of Jura, Iona, Frith of Forth. Rev. J. Lightfoot. (1777).

IRELAND: - Maritime rocks. Mr. Carroll. Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Dublin. Dr. Moore,

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Coast of Jersey; Shores of Serk, Herm,

and Jethou! Mr. Larbalestier.

2. L. confinis, Ag. densely compitose, very small, round, not compressed.

On maritime rocks, not unfrequent, 1813.

SYN: -Agardh. Spec. 105. (1832); Nyl. Syn. 92. Scand. 24. Fig :-E. Bot. t. 2575. Grev. Scott, Crypt. t. 221. Tul. Mem. Lich. t. 10, f. 12, 18. Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. July, 1865, t. 4, f. 22.

Exs: Larbal, 1. Rabh. 782.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Scandinavia, France, Spain, Portugal, Faroe Islands.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...6, 7...15...19...23...30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Mounts Bay! Cornwall. Mr. Ralfs. Whitesand Bay, Cornwall. Dr Holl.

SCOTLAND ; -Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Kenmare river. Sir T. Gage. (1813). Co, Down. Dr. Maingay. near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Dublin. Dr. Moore.

Wales:—Brocastle, Glamorgan. Dr Holl. Black Stones, Conway Bay!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- South Coast of Jersey! Mr Larbalestier.

#### TRIBE 2. COLLEMEI.

Thallus very various, crustaceous, granulose or lobate, laciniate or microphylline; granula gonima glaucous-green either mouiliform or variously dispersed. Apothecia lecanorine or biatorine or endocarpoid.

# I. PYRENOPSIS. Nyl.

Thallus crustaceous, thin, granuloso-areolate, laxly cellulose, granula gonima agglomerated in the cells. Apothecia concolorous, minute, urceolato-innate in a prominent margined receptacle, margin somewhat

swollen and connivent. Spores simple.

1. P. hæmatopis, (Smrft.) dark or rubricoso-fuscous, crustose, opake, verrucoso-unequal, thickish, diffract, internally subconcolorous or more nigricant in the lower portion; spermatia very minute, ellipsoid; apothecia superficial, urceolate, margins elevated, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1865.

Syn:—Smrft. Lapp. 117. (1829). Nyl. Lapp. or. 104. Crombie En. 2.

Exs:-Fellm. 5.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1865).

2. P. granatina, (Smrft.) fusco-rufescent, tartareous, effuse, rimoso-diffract, granulose, granules rugoso-nodulose, somewhat plane, opake, often contiguous, rotundato-difformed; apothecia minute, numerous in each thalline granule, internally whitish, reddish, shining, margin thin, entire, whitish; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, sim-

ple, or spuriously 1-septate; gelatina hymenea and thecæ blue with iodine.

On mountain rocks, very rare. 1865.

Syn:—Smrft. Lapp. 90. (1826). Nyl. Lapp. or, 104. Crombie En. 2.

Exs :- Fellm, 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Russia, Lapland.

Bot. Prov :-- 7, 15.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Cruachan in Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1865). Ben Lawers, Dr. Holl.

WALES :- Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

3. P. homæopsis, Nyl. brown, thin, effuse, sub granulose; apothecia concolorous, lecanorine, small, internally pale; epithecium colourless; paraphyses slender; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On micaceous boulders, rare. 1867.

Allied to P. grumulifera, Nyl. but distinct.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora, 1868. p. 342. Crombie in Seeman Journ. Bot. 7. 48. (1869).

Вот. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND:—Loch-na-cat, Ben Lawers. (1867) Rev. J. M. Crombie.

4. P. Schærerii, (Mass.) fusco-cinerascent or cinereonigrescent, subtartareous, effuse, thinly scobiformi-granulate, subareolate, subspongiose; apothecia atrorufous or dark blue, very minute, crowded, globoso-truncate, punctiformi-impressed, then disciformi-dilated, margined; spores 8, colourless, globoso-ovoid, simple.

On calcareous rocks, rare.

SYN:-Nyl. Stizb, Flecht. 141. Crombie En. 2.

SCOTLAND — Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

5. P. lecanopsoides, Nyl. fuscous-black, opake, thin, granuloso-areolate or nearly continuous, somewhat scabrous; apothecia concolorous, urceolate, thalline margin prominent, connivent; spores 4-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender, not crowded.

On maritime calcareous rocks, rare. 1866.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora, 1866, p. 374. Collema pyrenopsoides, Nyl. Syn. 1. 103.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Pyrenees.

Вот. Prov:—19.

IRELAND :- Kenmare, Kerry. Adm. Jones, (1866).

6. P. diffundens, Nyl. black, opake, thin, areolato-squamulose, squamulæ somewhat chaffy, small, variable,

effuse; apothecia rufescent, innate, often gyalectoid, but variable, and somewhat plane, internally entirely pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct, slender; gelatina hymenea at first blue then vinous-red with iodine.

On green-sand rocks, rare. 1865.

Syn :- Nyl. in Flora, 1865, p. 602, Crombie En. 3.

Bor Prov :- 3.

ENGLAND: - Near Maidstone, Kent. Adm. Jones. (1865).

7. P. juscatula, Nyl. darkly fuscous or brown-black, minute, noduloso-granulate, effuse, granules agglomerate and confluent in depressed glomerules, more or less distinct, or irregularly scattered; "apothecia non rite evoluta visa."

On maritime rocks, rare. 1866.

Syn :- Nyl. En, Gen. p. 144. (1853),

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Prov :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont and La Moye, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. (1866.)

# II. SYNALISSA. DR. Nyl.

Thallus nigricant, minute, of various form, thinly incrusting, submembranaceous, granulose, fruticuloso-divided, granula gonima in globular cells; apothecia innate, concolorous, lecanorine or endocarpoid. Spermatia oblong.

1. S. symphorea, (DC.) black, fastigiato-divided, branches terete, obtuse, sometimes only noduliform; apothecia terminal, concolorous, punctiformi-impressed, at length dilated, thalline margin tumid; spores 8-24, colourless, ellipsoid or sphærical, simple.

On maritime calcareous rocks, rare.

Syn:—Collema, DC. Fl. Fr. 2. 388. Collema synalissum, Ach. L. U. 640. Syn. 317. Synalissa, Nyl. Syn. 1. 94.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 11, f. 89.

Exs: -Zw. 366, Hepp 89. Anzi It. S. 1, Anzi Venet. 6.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central Europe, France, Pyrenees, Germany, Italy, Algeria.

Bot. Prov :-1.. 25.

ENGLAND:—St. Vincent's Rocks, near Bristol. Dr. Thwaites. Baddicombe, Devon. Adm. Jones.

# III. COLLEMA. Ach. Nyl.

Thallus very various, granula gonima moniliform, no

distinct cortical layer. Apothecia rufescent, lecanorine. Spores 8, simple or variously divided, septate and murali-locular.

# \* Spores simple.

1. C. chalazanum, Ach. black, difformi-lobate or laciniate, margias crenulato-granulate; apothecia rufous, small, thalline margin tumid; spores 8, coloucless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine; spermatia slender, obtuse at 'each apex.'

On sub-alpine calcareous rocks, rare. 1834.

Syn:—Ach. L.U. 633. (1810); Syn. 104. Nyl. Scand. 28. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot, 4. 22.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 75, f. 661.

Exs: -Zw. 164. Anzi Venet. 7. Hepp 661. GEog. Distrib: -Germany, Italy, Switzerland.

Вот Ркоу:-1...5...19, 20.

ENGLAND; —Chedder, Mr. Borrer. St. Vincent's Rocks, Bristol. Mr. Thwaites.

SCOTLAND: - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Dunkerron, Kerry, Mr. J. Taylor. (1834).

near Fermoy. Mr. T. Chandler.

2. C. chalazanodes, Nyl. black, difformi-lobate or laciniate, crenulato-lobate; apothecia rufous, small, thalline margin tumid; spores 8, colourless, sub-globose, simple, small.

On mossy walls, rare. 1869.

Syn; -Nyl. in Flora, 1860. p. 293. Crombie En. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Norway.

England: Bradley wood, near Newton Bushell, Devon! Dr.

Holl. (1869).

3. C. furfureum, Nyl. fuscous-black or black, when moist rubricoso-nigricant or rubricoso-rufescent, granulato-areolate; apothecia nearly urceolariform; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora, 1865. p. 353. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3, 286.

BOT. PROV :- 15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers!; near Loch Tay and in

Glen Dochart. Adm. Jones. (1864.)

4. C. furfurellum, Nyl. black or fuscous-black, either entirely furfuraceo-granulose and effuse, or dispersed in

small furfuraceous verrucæ. with larger convex fertile granules intermixed; apothecia subpyrenodeo-lecanorine impressed in the fertile granules; spores 8, colourless, shortly ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine; spermatia oblongo-cylindrical.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1865.

In external aspect like a Pyrenopsis, but with

moniliform granula gonima.

SYN:—Nyl. in Sallsk. pro. F. et Fl. Fr. Notis. 4. (n. ser. 1.) p. 229. (1859); Scand. 28. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 286. Geog. Distrib :—Finland, Sweden.

Вот. Рвоу :-15.

Scotland:—Summit of Corbuie, in Breadalbane. Adm. Jones. (1865); Meal Girdy. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

5. C. confertum, Ach. nigricant, small, crowdedly and turgidly squamulose, squamules generally cyathoid or podetiiform, nearly all fertile; apothecia (one in each thalline squamula or lobe, urceolate at the summit) subconcolorous, impressed, thalline margin tumid; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or fusiformi-ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender; gelatina hymenea and especially asci blue with iodine.

On the earth, rare, 1810.

SYN: -Ach. L.U. 634. (1810); Nyl. in Flora, 1867. p. 330.

Bot. Prov :- 4.

England:—Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. (1810.)

6. C. lichinodeum, Nyl. fuscous-black, linearilaciniose, laciniæ ligulate, 2-3-divided, apices obtuse, internally almost as in Ephebe but with small, brown, moniliform gonima; apothecia unknown.

On decaying mosses on alpine rocks, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora, 1869, p. 293. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. p. 287.

Bot. 3. p. 287. Geog. Distrib :—Prussia.

Вот. Ркоу :-15.

SCOTLAND: —Summit of Ben Lawers!, plentiful but sterile. Adm. Jones. (1865.)

## \*\* Spores 3-septate.

7. C. pulposum, (Bernh.) dark green or fuscoolivaceous, orbicular, lobate, lobes subimbricate, often plicate; apothecia rufescent, moderate, plane, thalline margin entire; spores 8, ovoid, 3-septate, often with longitudinal septa.

On calcareous earth in sub-alpine places, not unfre-

quent. 1785.

SYN:—Bernh. in Schrad. Journ. Bot. 1799, vol. 1. p. 7. Ach. Syn. 311. Nyl. Scand. 30.

Fig :- Bernh. l. c. t. 1. f. 1. Schær. En. t. 10, f. 5. E. Bot.

t. 834.

Exs:—M. & N. 1057. Schær. 428-430. Zw. 160, 161, 163. 165. GEOG. DISTRIB:— Central Europe, North Africa, Asia, North America, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...12...15...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Cambridge, Rev. R. Relhan. (1785,) Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Clifftops, between Newhaven and Rottingdean; Crocker Hill, Slindon; Horsham Church; Southover, Lewes; Hurstpierpoint; Tunbridge Wells. Mr. Borrer. Budleigh Salterton. Prof. Dickie. High Rock near Bridgnorth, Shropshire!

SCOTLAND:—Northern parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—On walls, frequent. Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Dr.

Carrington.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Doyle Pillar, Guernsey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. tenax, Ach. darkly glaucescent or virescent; apothecia rufous, innate, thalline margin less prominent.

On earth, not common. 1811.

Syn:—Ach. Syn. 814. (1817). Nyl. Scand. 30. Fig:—E. Bot. 2349. Hepp Sporen t. 11, f.87. Exs:—Leight. 105, 290. Mudd 1. Hepp 87.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...5...7...10 ..16...19.

England:—Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND: - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Blackstone Bridge, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—North Wales. Rev. Hugh Davies. (1811.) Barmouth! Between Llangollen and Corwen!

8. C. melænum, Ach. nigricant or nigro-olivaceous, orbiculate, laciniate, laciniæ elongate, convex beneath, margins elevated, undulato-crispate, crenate, sometimes complicate; apothecia reddish-brown, plane or somewhat concave, thalline margin crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 2-3-septate and longitudinally divided, irregularly murali-locular; gelatina hymenea intense blue with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1741.

Syn:—Ach. Syn. 315. (1817). Nyl. Scand. 29. C. multifidum, Schær. En. 254. Lichen marginalis. Huds. Fl. Angl. 534.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1924.

Exs: -M. & N. 455. Zw. 154, 155.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central Europe, Germany, Pyrenees, Scandinavia.

Bot Prov:—1..5...7, 8...10, 11...14...17...19...26, 27...30, 31. England:—Derbyshire; near Settle and Kirkby Lonsdale, Yorkshire: Sir J. E. Smith. Lucton, co. Hereford. Mr. Littleton Brown. (1741,) Northern Counties. Mr. Hudson. Pentregear near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale. Mr. Robertson. St. Michael's, Torquay. Mr. Borrer. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. Johnston. Abdon! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Highlands. Sir J. E. Smith. Coygach, Suther-

landshire. Mr. Borrer. near Edinburgh. Mr. Stewart.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Bantry. Miss Hutchins. near Galway. Dr. Moore. Middleton, near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Bulben, Sligo. Dr. Dickie.

Wales:—Caernarvon. Mr. Hudson. near Cefn House, Denbigh-

shire. Mr. Griffith.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Quenvais, Jersey! Mr Larbalestier.

Var. complicatum, Schær. laciniæ elongate, somewhat concave, imbricato-lobulate, lobes complicate, margins entire; apothecia large.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. 255. (1850); Crombie En. 5.

Fig:—Schær. En. t. 10, f. 4.

Exs: -Schær. 418, 419.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland.

Bot. Prov:-16.

ENGLAND :- Teesdale, Mr. Baker.

Scotland:—Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

9. C. cheileum, Ach. dark-olive or fusco-nigricant, lobate or crenato-granulose; apothecia rufous, plane, moderate, thalline margin granulate; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, 3-septate, or submurali-divided.

On walls and calcareous rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 310 . Nyl. Scand. 31. Fig:—Hepp Sporen. t. 105, f. 923.

Exs:—M. and N. 1056, 456. Nyl. 4. Schær. 425. Zw. 157, 158. Mudd. 3. Hepp 923. Larbal. 52.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Central Europe, Sweden, Algeria.

Bot. Prov :-1, 2...6...10...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Pinchingthorpe, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Torquay. Mr. Parfit. Near Hastings; and near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

Scotland: - Northern parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Killarney. Mr. Hardy. WALES:—Pyle, Glamorgan. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Quenvais, Jersey. Mr Larbalestier.

10. C. biatorinum, Nyl. fuscous or fusco-virescent, granuloso-lobulate, imbricate; apothecia rufescent, biatorine, moderate, urceolate, gyalectiform; spores hyaline, ovoid, 3-4-septate, sparingly longitudinally divided; gelatina hymenea and asci blue with iodine.

On mossy walls, rare. 1866.

Approaching in structure to Leptogium.

SYN:—Nyl. Prodr. 22. (1857); Syn. 110. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 22.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov: -3.

ENGLAND: - Maidstone, Kent. Adm. Jones. (1866.)

11. C. auriculatum, Hffm. dark-green or darkly viridi-glaucescent, rigid, opake, dilated, lobate, lobes somewhat imbricate, more or less granulose, irregularly repando-crenate; apothecia rufous, innate or emergent, margin thick, more or less granulose; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 3-septate.

On mossy walls in sub-alpine localities, rare. 1869. Syn:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. 2. p. 98. (1795); Nyl. Syn. 106. Crom-

bie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 8. 96.

Fig :—Schær. Enum. t. 10, f. 3. Exs :—Zw. 162. A.B. Schær. 432.

GEOG. DISTRIB .—Switzerland, France, Germany.

SCOTLAND: -Appin, Argyleshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869.)

12. C. crispum, Ach. olivaceo-virescent or fusco-virescent, orbicular, lobato-divided or subradiate, margin granulate and crenate; apothecia darkly rufescent, thalline margin granulate; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 3-septate, irregularly muriformi-locular.

On gravelly earth, frequent. 1831.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 312. (1817); Nyl. Scand. 30.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2716. f. 1.

Exs: - Leight. 106. Mudd 2. Zw. 159. Fellm. 7.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - N. and Central Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2...10.. 11...14, 15, 16...19, 20...31.

England:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1831); Coatham Marshes near Redcar, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Dawlish. Mr Parfitt. Hudshead, Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston.

SCOTLAND :- Appin and Killin, Rev. J. M. Crombic. near

Edinburgh. Dr Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. G. Don.

IRELAND:—On limestone rocks and walls, common. Mr Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Shore of Herm. Mr Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

13 C. limosum, Ach. dark-green, thin, appressed,

lobes small, scattered, thick and pulpy when moist, slightly crenulate; apothecia rufous, plane, moderate, margin prominent, entire or slightly crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 3-septate, with occasional longitudinal septa.

On wet clayey soil, not unfrequent. 1831.

SYN :- Ach. L. U. 639. Syn. 309. Nyl. Scand. 30.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2704. f. 1. GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Sweden.

Bot. Prov: -2.

England :- Hurstpierpoint, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1831)

14. C. microphyllum, Ach. dark olive or fuscousgreen, microphylline, imbricated, lobes granulato-crenate, minute, often verrucoso-diffract, effuse; apothecia pallido-rufescent, small, crowded, urceolato-concave, thalline margin nearly concolorous, entire; spores 8, colourless, ovoideo-ellipsoid, 3-septate; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On old trees, rare. 1810.

SYN: -Ach. L.U. 630. (1810); Syn. 310. Nyl. Syn. 113.

Fig:-E. Bot. Suppl, t. 2721.

Exs:—M. & N. 948. Zw. 168. Nyl. 5. Schær. 411. Leight. 258. GEOG. DISTRIB:---Central Europe, France, Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Algeria.

Bot. Prov :- 1 .. 3, 4, 5.. 10.

England:—Near Bury St. Edmund's, Suffolk. Rev. G. R. Leathes. (1810); Dunsford, near Exeter, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Danny; Ockley Green, Surrey. Mr. Borrer. near Worcester. Dr. Holl.

15. C. plicatile, Ach. fusco-virescent, imbricato-lobate, lobes erect or ascending, acutely plicate, crisped at the margin; apothecia rufescent, scattered, entirely margined by the thallus; spores 8, colourless, broadly fusiformi-ellipsoid, generally 3-septate; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine; spermatia incrassate at either apex.

On maritime rocks, not unfrequent. 1811. Syn:—Ach. Syn. 314. pro. p. (1817); Nyl. Syn. 109.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2348.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Central Europe, Norway, Sweden, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу;—1, 2...7...16...19...31.

England:—Southover, Lewes: Old Shoreham; St. Michael's. Tor near Torquay; Steyning; Albourne. Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND :- Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :-Killarney. Mr. Hardy.

WALES: -North Wales. Mr. Griffith. (1811.) Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

16. C. conglomeratum, (Hffm.) dark-green or fuscovireseent, suborbicular, crenato-lobulate, generally in erect, sub-podicellate conglomerations, dilated upwards, (with iodine blood-red); apothecia rufescent, crowded, biatorine, somewhat convex, margin thin, undulate; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On old trees, rare. 1741.

SYN:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. p. 102. (1795); Ach. Syn. 317. Nyl. Syn. 115.

Fig:-E. Bot. t. 1162. Nyl. Syn. t. 3, f. 1.

Exs; -Zw. 167. Nyl .102.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central Europe, France, Germany.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4 ..7...11, 12, 13...15, 16.

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest, Sussex; Oxford. Dillenius. (1741); Ambleside, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Gogmagog Hills; Newmarket Heath, Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. N.E. side of Stiperstones, Shropshire, Rev. E. Williams.

Scotland:—Near Lake Katrine; Appin; Fort William. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Aberfeldy, and near Kenmore. Dr. Holl. Forfarshire. Mr. G. Don. Dumfriesshire. Dr. Burgess.

WALES:-Nant Glyn, Denbighshire. Mr Griffith.

17. C. ceranoides, Borr. olive-brown, sub-virescent, or nigricant, rotundato-pulvinular, lobate, lobes imbricated, ascending, dilated upwards, proliferous, narrowly and elongato-laciniate, laciniæ subcylindrical, graniform, fastigiate, crowded, turgid; apothecia brown, sessile, convex, margin entire or crenulate or elongato-granulate; spores 8, colourless, 3-septate.

On chalk, rare. 1831.

SYN:—Borrer in E. Bot. Suppl. 2704. (1831); Crombie En. 6. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2704. f. 2.

Bot. Prov :--2, 3...5.

ENGLAND:—Boxgrove, near Chichester. Mr. R. J. F. Thomas. (1831); Sussex Downs. Mr. Borrer. Henham, Essex. Mr. Forster. Llanforda garden wall, near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :--- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

18. C. ceraniscum, Nyl. brownish-olive, or greenish-black, cæspitose, laciniato-lobate, lobes dilated upwards, erect, crowded, fastigiate, elongato-cylindrical, obtuse; apothecia pale brown, minute, plane, thalline margin smooth, thin, granulate; spores 4, colourless, broadly oblong, 3-septate or irregularly murali-locular.

On earth in alpine localities, very rare.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora, 1865, p. 353. C. ceranoides. Mudd Man. 41, (non Borr.) Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 287.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

19. C. fluviatile, (Huds.) dark olive or olive-black, coriaceo-membranaceous, laxly imbricated, lobate, lobes oblong or obovate, convex, proliferous, canaliculate beneath; apothecia brown, small, globular, sessile, concave, thalline margin smooth, pale; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 3-septate, irregularly murali-locular.

On rocks in mountain streams, rare. 1724.

SYN:—Hudson Fl. Ang. 534, Ach. Syn. 314. Mudd. Man. 40. Fig:—E. Bot. t. 2039.

Вот. Ркоу: -7.. 10...13...15,

ENGLAND:—Malham Cove, Yorkshire. Dr. Richardson. (1724). Scotland:—River Isla in Clova. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Bonnington Fall, Lanark. Mr. Borrer.

WALES: -Snowdon. Dillenius. In River Elwy, about half-way from the ford opposite the cave to Pontnewydd, 4 miles from

Denbigh. Mr Griffith.

20. C. furvum, Ach. dark fuscous-green or nigroolivaceous, membranaceous, granulate, lobate, lobes complicate, often undulate, bloody-red with iodine; apothecia fuscous, plane, thalline margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ovoid or ellipsoid, 3-septate, irregularly muralilocular.

On sub-alpine rocks, not unfrequent. 1741.

SYN: -- Ach. Prodr. 132. (1798). Nyl. Scand. 29. C. tunæforme, Ach. Syn. 332. Lichen granulatus, Sm.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1757. Exs :—Hepp 414.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Sweden. Finland. Switzerland.

Вот. Рвоу:—1, 2, 3 ..5...7...10, 11, 12...19.. 30.

England:—Oxford, Dillenius. (1741); near Kirkby Lonsdale. Sir J. E. Smith. Shanklin. Rev. T. Salwey. Bolton Woods and Ingleborough, Yorkshire. Dr. Carrington. Frosterley; and Stanhope, Wear Valley, Durham. Mr. Mudd. S. Devon; Isle of Wight; Torquay. Dr. Holl. Pentregaer near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey.

IRELAND: -Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr.

Taylor. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

WALES : - Garregwen rocks, Mr. Griffith.

# \*\*\* Spores pluri-septate.

21. C. nigrescens, L. nigro-virescent, thin, membran-aceous, submonophyllous, orbicular, depressed, rotundato-

25

lobate, radiato-rugoso-plicatulate, naked or granulate, ascending in the centre, depresso-adnate at the circumference; apothecia dark-rufous, plane, small, crowded, thalline margin entire; spores 8, colourless, fusiformicylindrical, pluri-septate.

On old trees, not unfrequent. 1741.

Syn: -Linn. Suppl. Pl. p. 451. (1781); Ach. Syn. 321. Nyl. Syn. 184. *Lichen vespertilio*. Lightf. Scot. p. 840.

Fig:-Hffm, Pl. Lich, t. 37, f. 2. 3.

Exs :- M. & N. 164, Leight. 109. Schær. 410.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Algeria, America, Asia, Polynesia, N. Zealand.

ENGLAND:—Bagley Wood, near Oxford. Dillenius (1741). Shotover Plantations, near Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. near Bungay. Mr. Woodward. near Holsworthy, Devon. Mr. Newberry. Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern; Sussex; Isle of Wight; S. Devon; and Cornwall generally. Dr. Holl. Clapham; Kempston, Beds. Rev. C. Abbot. Pontesford Hill and Pulverbatch. Shropshire. Rev. E. Williams.

Scotland:—Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Kenmore and Killin, Perthshire. Dr. Holl. near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Reeky Linn; Den of Glammis; Glen Dole, Forfarshire. Mr. W.

Gardiner.

IRELAND:—On old trunks frequent, Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

22. C. flaccidum, Ach. dark-green or fuscous-green, membranaceous, undulato-plicate, lobate, lobes large, expanded, flexuose; apothecia rufescent, plane, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ovoid or broadly fusiformioblong, 4-6-septate.

On rocks and walls, not unfrequent. 1783.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 322. (1817). Nyl. Scand. 29.

Fig :-E. Bot. t. 1653.

Exs: -M. & N. 1059. Zw. 166. Schær, 412. Leight. 345.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7...10...12...15...19, 20...26, 27...30. England:—Pyecombe, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. (1783) Devonshire. MrDickson. Pyecombe, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Sidmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Bolton Woods. Dr. Carrington. near Exeter. Adm. Jones. Rievaulx, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Holwick, Yorkshire, Mr. Robertson. Plymouth and Budleigh Salterton. Mr. Parfitt. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Northern parts. Mr. Dickson. Kinnoull Hill, Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Kenmore, Perthshire.

Dr. Holl. Reeky Linn; Clova. Mr. G. Don.

JRELAND: Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Mallow and Castlemartyr, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Moyne Abbey, co. Mayo and Ben Bulben,

Sligo. Dr. Dickie. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Aghalee Bridge,

Lagan Canal. Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Trecastle ; Cader Idris. Mr. Ralfs. Harlech. Mr. Borrer. Corsygedol; Rhaiadr Du, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Barmouth!

Var. microlobum, Nyl.

Вот. Prov :-19.

IRELAND :- Muckruss, Killarney. Mr. Hardy.

C. aggregatum, Ach. nigro-virescent, membranaceo-lobate, rigid, plicate, not radiato-rugose, nor appressed, difformed, lobes crenate, margin granuloso-crispate; apothecia rufous, crowded, moderate, plane, thalline margin thin, entire; spores 8, colourless, fusiformicylindrical, straight or curved, pluri-septate.

On old trees and rocks, rare.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 317. (1817); Nyl. Syn. 115.

Fig :- Nyl. Syn. t. 2. f. 9.

Exs: -M. & N. 453.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Asia, America, Polynesia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2.. 19.

ENGLAND: - Henfield, Sussex. Adm. Jones.

IRELAND :- Killarney. Dr. Moore.

24. C. multipartitum, Sm. fusco-olivaceous or nigrescent, laciniate, radiate, laciniæ narrow, multifid, somewhat convex, lobato-partite at the apex, lobes divergent; apothecia atro-rufous, moderate, plane, thalline margin thickish, even; spores 8, colourless, cylindrical, curved, oleoso-locular; paraphyses thick, pauci-articulate.

On sub-alpine calcareous rocks, not unfrequent. 1782.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 2582. (1814); Nyl. Syn. 116.

Fig :— E. Bot. t. 2582. Nyl. Syn. t. 2. f. 8. Bot. Prov :—1...5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...16.. 19...26...28

England:—Kendal, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. (1782.) Devonshire. Adm. Jones. Moelydd and Pentregaer, near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Chedder; Weathercote, Yorkshire; Mr. Borrer. Middleton Beck, Durham. Mr. Robertson. Buxton. Dr. Holl. Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

Scotland: - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. IRELAND: -Killarney. Sir T. Gage. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Middleton, near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Sheepwalk, Armagh. Adm.

Jones. Castle Taylor, Galway. Dr. Moore.

WALES :—Little Orme's Head!

\*\*\*\* Spores murali-divided.

C. psorellum, Nyl. nigricant or fuscous-black, thin, rugoso-or sub-granulato-unequal, diffract, determinate, internally glomerulose; apothecia rufescent or fusco-rufous, small, sub-biatorine, margin obtuse, at length obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, sub-murali-divided; gelatina hymenea intensely blue with iodine.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1866.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora, 1865. p. 602. Carroll in Seem. Journal Bot. 4. 22.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland: ;-Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1866.)

#### IV. LEPTOGIUM. Ach.

Thallus very various, thin, granula gonima moniliform, cortical layer cellulose, distinct. Apothecia lecanorine or sub-biatorine. Spores 8, variously septate or divided.

\* Spores simple.

1. L. Mooreii, Hepp. pale slaty-grey or olive-blue, shining, byssoid, depresso-pulvinar, filaments fasciculate, dichotomously branched, terete, flexuose, apices obtuse, divaricato-bifid; apothecia flesh-coloured, very minute, hemispherical or oval, convex, immarginate, laterally adnate on the filaments; spores numerous, oval, simple, very minute.

On mossy trunks in mountainous regions, rare. 1861. Syn:—Hepp. in litt. MS. *Ephebe byssoides*, Carrington in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edinb. 7, 411. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3, 287.

Fig :- Trans. Bot. Soc. Edinb. 7. t. 10. f. 2.

Вот. Ркоу:—19, 20.

IRELAND: -Glena, Killarney. Dr. Carrington. (1861); Glengariff! Adm. Jones.

\*\* Spores 1-septate.

2 L. muscicola, (Sw.) fuscous, or olivaceo-fuscescent, small, pulvinar, fruticuloso-ramose, branches filiformiterete or sub-compressed, intricate, apices slightly attenuate; apothecia fusco-rufescent or fuscous, terminal, appressed, concave, margin thin, smooth, entire, paler; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate.

On mossy rocks and walls in sub-alpine districts,

rare. 1790.

Syn:—Swartz. Nat. Act. Ups. 4. 248 (1784); Ach. Syn. 328. Nyl. Syn. 134. Scand. 36.

Fig:—Dicks. Br. Crypt. 2. t. 6. f. 9. Schær. En. t. 10. f. 1. b. E. Bot. t. 2264. Nyl. Syn. t. 4. f. 11...15.

Exs: -Zw. 175. M. & N. 949, Schær. 403, Leight. 395, Anzi

Langob. 12. Fellm. 11.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Europe, France, Scandinavia, Sweden, Russia, Pyrenees, Germany, Italy, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15...22...31.

England:—Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Lanbraughrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Blackstone Rock, Dartmoor. Prof. Dickie. South Brent, Devon. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Scotch Alps. Mr. Dickson. (1790); Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers; Loch Dochart, Perthshire. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: Luggelaw, co. Wicklow. Adm. Jones.

Wales: -Garthmeilio. Mr. Griffith. Barmouth!; Cross Foxes! near Dolgelley.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Quenvais,

Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

\*\*\* Spores 3-septate.

3. L. turgidum, (Ach.) dark olive-green, thick, rotundato-lobate, smooth or granulated, lobes turgid, ascending and imbricated in the centre, concave, undulate and plicate at the circumference; apothecia reddish brown or nigricant, moderate, plane; margin thick, turgid, more or less granulate; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ovato-oblong, 3-septate.

On rocks and sandstone walls, not common.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 634. (1810): Syn. 313. Nyl. Scand. 36,

Exs :- Schær. 433. Hepp. 215. Leight. 257.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу: -3, 4, 5...10.

ENGLAND:—Near Scarborough, Mr. Hailstone. Malham, Yorkshire, Dr. Carrington, Leigh Woods! Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier. Gorlestone Church; Dunwich, Suffolk. Mr. D. Turner. Southover Priory. Mr. Jenner. between Horsham and Guildford, Mr. Borrer. near Malvern. Dr. Holl. Upton, near Shiffnal, Shropshire,!

4. L. tremelloides, (L.) plumbeo-glaucescent or plumbeoolivaceous, thin, membranaceous, smooth, lobate, imbricated and crispate; apothecia rufous or rufescent, elevated, urceolate or plane, margin thick, entire, elevated, leadcoloured; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 3-septate, irregularly murali-locular.

On sub-alpine and maritime rocks, frequent. 1782. Syn:—Linn. Suppl. Pl. 450. (1781); Ach. Syn. 325. Nyl. Syn.

124. Scand. 35.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1981. Nyl, Syn. t. 2. f. 7.

Exs: -M & N. 1060, Scher. 409. Anzi Langob. 10. Lindig 46. GEOG. DISTRIB :—Central Europe, France, Italy, Scandinavia, Sweden, Finland, Cuba, Amazons, N. Zealand, Ceylon, Rio Janeiro, N. Granada.

Bot. Prov:—1...5...7...10...14, 15, 16...19...26.. 29, 30, 31. England:— Devonshire. Mr. Slater. Yorkshire. Mr. Curtis. Whiteliff Rocks! Ludlow. Rev. T. Salwey, Ruan Minor, Cornwall; North Brent Tor, Dartmoor. Mr. Borrer. Hornby, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Torquay. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND:—Dumbarton Castle Rock, Sir J. E. Smith. (1782). Inverary. Mr. Borrer. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Appin. Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dargle River. Dr. Stokes. Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Askew Wood, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Blackwater Bridge, Kerry; Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Dunfanahy co. Donegal; Moyne Abbey co. Mayo! Dr. Dickie.

WALES :- Garn, Denbighshire. Mr. Griffith. Hendremynach.

Rev. T. Salwey. Cwm Bychan, near Harlech. Mr. Borrer.

CHANNEL ISDANDS: - Gargate Mill! St. Peter's Valley! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

5. L. dermatinum, Borr. olive-green or olive brown, subcoriaceous, rotundo-lobate; margins ascending, sinuate or inciso-crenate, smooth or minutely granulate; apothecia rufous, plane, margin narrow, entire or minutely crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 3-septate, murali-locular.

On calcareous rocks, not common.

SYN :- Borr. in E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2716. (1831).

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2718, f. 2.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5, 6, 7...10...12. ENGLAND:—Leigh Wood, near Bristol. Mr. Forster. Keswick: Malham Cove, Yorkshire; New Timber Hill, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Westmoreland. Mr. Robertson. Pentregaer, Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Devenshire, Sir W. J. Hooker.

SCOTLAND :- Mr. Borrer.

Wales :- Limestone Rocks ! Mr. Griffith in Herb. Borrer. Stackpole, Pembrokeshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

6. L. saturninum, (Dicks.) plumbeo-fuscescent or olivaceo-fuscous, monophyllous and lobato-incised, or polyphyllous and complicate, sinuate and plicate, nigricanti-furfuraceous above, beneath cinereous or albo-cinereous and densely incano-tomentellose; apothecia dark-rufous, scattered, plane, thalline receptacle cupular and prominent, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 3-septate.

On old trunks in sub-alpine localities, rare. 1790.

SYN: - Dicks. Br. Crypt. 2. p. 21. (1790); Ach. Syn. 320. Nyl. Syn. 127.

Fig :- Dicks. l. c. t. 6. f. 8. E. Bot. t. 1980. Nyl. Syn. t. 4. f.

16. Hepp Sporen t. 74. f. 652.

Exs:—M. & N. 454. in part. Schær. 424. 500. Anzi Langob. 9. B.

292. Hepp 652.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Pyrenees, Italy, Bavaria, Switzerland, Scandinavia, Sweden, E. Lapland, Hungary, Austria, N. America. Bot. Prov :- 11...15, 16.

ENGLAND :- Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman.

Scotland: - Western parts. Mr. Dickson. (1790); Killin. Mr. D. Turner. Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Aberdeen! Prof. Dickie. Glen Lyon and Glen Lochy, Perthshire. Dr. Holl. Forfarshire. Mr. G. Don.

\*\*\*\* Spores 3-4; 3-5, or 3-7-septate.

7. L. pusillum, Nyl, olivaceo-fuscescent or virescentifuscous, most minute, adnate, lobulato-granulose; granula gonima few, moniliform; cortical layer rather indistinct; apothecia rufescent, minute, elevated, prominent, in a thalline excipulum whose margin is concolorous with the epithecium; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, or narrower at either apex, 3-4-septate.

On old walls, very rare. 1867.

SYN: -Nyl. Syn. 121. (1861); Scand. 33. Crombie En. 7.

Exs;—(forma effusa) Arn. 356 Larbal. 54.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany.

Bot. Prov :—1...31.

ENGLAND :—(Forma effusa,) Bath. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—(forma effusa) St. Brelade's! St. Peters, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. (1867.)

L. fragrans, (Sm.) olivaceo-fuscous or virescent or nigricant, rotundato-lobate, lobes minute, ascending, crowded, smooth, margins thickened, crenate; apothecia tawny-brown, scattered, minute, sessile, convex, margin entire, thick, tumid; spores 8, colourless, ovato-subpyriform, 3-5-septate, irregularly murali-locular.

On old trees, not common.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 1912. (1808); Mudd Man. 26.

Fig:-E. Bot. t. 1912.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...5.. 10.

England:—Kent, Surrey; near Blaxton, Bilsborough Lane, Woodmancote, Henfield, and Hurstpierpoint, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1808); near Ayton, Cleveland. Mr., Mudd. Pembridge, Herefordshire. Rev. J. F. Crouch. Forthampton, Gloucestershire. Mr. Lees. Llanforda and Pentregaer, near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey.

9. L. Burgessii, (Lightf.) dark lead-coloured or plum-

beo-fuscescent, large, laciniato-lobate, complicate, lobes crenulate or variously dissected, curled and crispate beneath, cinerascent and minutely albido-tomentellose; apothecia dark-rufous, large, plane or concave, thalline margin subfoliaceous, densely sinuato-laciniate and crispate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, attenuated or apiculate at either apex, 3-5-septate and irregularly murali-locular.

On old trunks in sub-alpine regions, rare.

SYN :- Lightf. Fl. Scot. 827. (1777); Ach. Syn, 320. Nyl. Syn. 132.

Fig:-Lightf. l. c, t. 26. E. Bot. t. 300. Hepp Sporen t. 106, f. 927.

Exs: -Hepp 927. Maudon 35.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Denmark, Switzerland, Canaries, America, Amazons, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу: -6, 7...12, 13...15, 16...19...30.

ENGLAND: - Cumberland! Dr. Burgess. Gowbarrow Park! and

Keswick! Mrs. Stanger.

SCOTLAND :- On bank of rivulet Duff-Kinnel, near Barntimpen, par. Kirkpatrick; and in Mollin Linn Wood! par. Johnstone. Dumfriesshire. Rev. Dr. Burgess. (1774) Scotch Highlands. Sir W. J. Hooker. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Inverary! Mr. Bentham, Glen Falloch, Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Dr. Taylor. Deer Park, Antrim. Dr.

Moore.

WALES: - Devil's Bridge and Hafod, Cardiganshire, Sir J. E. Smith. Abertygwyn, near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl, Garth and Rhaiadr Du, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

10. L. subtile, (Schrad.) dark dull green, microphylline, laciniate, laciniae variously dissected, narrow, elongatolobate, imbricated, internally entirely cellulose; apothecia pallido-rufescent, small, concave, gyalectoid, margin thin, entire; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 3-5-septate with longitudinal septa.

On the earth, rare. 1791.

SYN: -Schrad. Spic. 95 (1794); Nyl. Syn. 121. Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1008. Mudd Man. t. 1. f. 8.

Exs:-Nyl. 2. Zw. 175.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Central Europe.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...10 ..15.. 19...31. ENGLAND: -Near Hale End, Walthamstow; Epping Forest. Mr. Edwd. Forster (1791); Coltishall, Norfolk. Mr. D. Turner. Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. near Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Hall, Henfield, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Newbury, near Worcester. Dr. Holl.

Scotland; —Reeky Linn. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. IRELAND: —"On wet clay, not uncommon" Mr. Taylor.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Bonne Nuit,

Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

11. L. chloromelum, (Sw.) lead-coloured or plumbeovirescent, membranaceous, lobate, plicate, longitudinally rugose, lobes undulate; apothecia rufous or fuscorufous, concave or plane, thalline margin thick, rugosoplicate or furfuraceo-granulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid attenuated at either apex, 3-5-septate, with longitudinal septa.

On mossy trunks in sub-alpine regions, rare.

SYN: -Swartz Fl. Ind. Occid. 3. 1892. (1806); Ach. Syn. 321. Nyl. Syn. 128. Exs:—Wright 8.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- W. Europe, France, Canaries, E. & W. Indies, N. Zealand, Jamaica, Mexico, Brazil, Cuba, Teneriffe.

Bot Prov:—2. .7...19. England:—Charlton Forest, Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND :—Southern Counties. Miss Hutchins.

Wales: - Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Garth, near Dolgelly. Dr. Holl.

12. L. cretaceum, Sm. olivaceo-fuscous or olive-brown, microphylline, rosulato-lobulate or stellato-laciniate, lobes unequally crenate, somewhat imbricate; granula gonima simple, rarely moniliform; cortical layer rather indistinct; apothecia rufous, nearly biatorine, concave or gyalectiform, small, margin paler; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, variously divided, 3-7-septate, with longitudinal septa.

On chalk and flint, rare. 1800.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 738. (1800); Ach. Syn. 318. Nyl. Syn. 120.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 738.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov :-2, 3, 4.

ENGLAND :- Eastern Counties. Dr. Nochden. (1800); Kent and Sussex. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. Unwin, \*\*\*\*\* Spores murali-locular.

L. lacerum, (Ach.) plumbeo-fuscescent, membranaceous, longitudinally rugulose or plicatulate, lacerolaciniate, margins ciliato-dentate or dentate and crisped; apothecia pallido-rufous, moderate, rare, margin thick, smooth; spores 8, colourless, ovoid or narrower at either apex, murali-locular.

On mossy rocks and walls, frequent. 1741.

SYN :- Ach. Prodr. 133. (1798); Nyl. Syn. 122. Scand. 33. Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1982. Nyl. Syn. t. 2. f. 6. Hepp Sporen. t. 106, f. 928.

Exs :- Schær, 404, Mudd 5, Zw. 172 M. & N. 1061, Anzi Lan-

gob. 11. Larbal. 4. Hepp 928.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Central Europe, Germany, Austria, Sweden, Pyrenees, France, Italy, Algeria, N. America.

Bot, Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4...7, 8... 12, 13, 14, 15,...19...27...30,

31.

England: —Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Baysdale! Mulgrave Castle! Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Charnwood Forest! and Bardon Hill! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Whitestone Cliff! near Thirsk. Mr. Baker. Cutcombe! Somerset. Rev. W. H. Coleman. near Linton! Devon. Mr. Lees. Cheddar; Eshing, near Godalming. Mr. Borrer. Budleigh Salter-

ton. Prof. Dickie. near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.
Scotland:—Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Den of Glammis; Den of Balthayock. Mr. W. Gardiner. High Ashes, Leith Hill. Mr. Borrer. Craiglockhart, Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Den of Glammis; Airlie; Glen Dole; Reeky Linn, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Grey Mare's Tail, Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Berwickshire!

Sir W. C. Trevelyan.

IRELAND:—Common. Mr. Carroll. Benbulben! co. Sligo. Dr. Moore. Collin Glen! Belfast. Dr. Dickie. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Wales: Garn Dingle, Denbighshire. Mr. Griffith. The Torrent Walk, Dolgelley! Mr. Lees. Dollymellyn; Garth Isaf, Merionethshire. Mr. Borrer.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. pulvinatum, (Hffm.) dark brown, smaller, pulvinate, lobes minute, much crowded, denticulato-laciniate.

On mossy rocks, &c., not common. Syn:—Hffm, Fl. Germ. 2, 1104, (1795).

Exs:—Schær. 406. M. & N. 637. Larbal. 55. Hepp 929. Geog. Distrib :—Scandinavia, Germany, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov: -5.. 7, 8...11...16...28.. 30, 31, England: -Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. White Ladies, Aston! and near Warndon! Worcester. Dr. Holl. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Teesdale. Mr. Robertson. Malvern Hills and near Ankerdine, Worcestershire. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :—Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Armagh. Adm. Jones. Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Deer Park, Belfast! Prof. Dickie.

Wales: - Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais, Jersey; Herm! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. lophæum, Ach. thallus still smaller, elongated, ciliato-dissected or ramoso-fimbriate, sterile.

On mossy rocks &c., rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 651. (1810); Syn. 324. Nyl. Syn. 122.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 412. a.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Italy, Russia.

Bot. Prov: -5...16.

ENGLAND :- Near Malvern. Dr. Holl.

Scotland: - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

14. L. sinuatum, (Huds.) plumbeo-fuscescent, rotundato-lobate, reticulato-rugulose, lobes crowded, rounded, imbricate, margin entire or crenate, suberect; apothecia brown, scattered, minute, sessile, concave, margin smooth, entire, elevated; spores 8, colourless, oblong, attenuated at the apices, irregularly murali-locular.

On old mossy walls, rare. 1741.

Syn :— Huds. Fl. Augl. 535. (1778); Collema scotinum Ach. Syn. 323. Nyl. Syn. 123. Scand. 34.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 772. Hepp Sporen t. 74. f. 653.

Exs:—Nyl. 101. M. & N. 1332. Mudd 6. Schær. 405. Hepp 653. Zw. 171.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Scandinavia, Sweden, Finland, Aus-

tria. Germany, Algeria, N. Zealand.

Bot. Prov:—1...4, 5...7, 8.. 11...14, 15, 16...19, 20,...28...30. England:—Near Wigmore, Herefordshire. Mr. Littleton Brown. (1741). Ashburton, Devon. Mr. Hudson. Chagford, Devon. Mr. Newberry. Burgh Castle, near Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. Stanhope, Durham. Mr. Mudd. near High Force Inn, Teesdale. Dr. Holl. Pentregaer, near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Chance's Rocks. Malvern Hills! Mr. Lees. Matlock! Derbyshire. Prof. C. Babington. near Buxton, and Hales End! Worcester. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton. Prof. Dickie. Hassock's Gate, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.

Scotland:—Appin; Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Aberdeen! Dr. Dickie. Gare Loch! Dunbar. Prof. Ch. Babington.

Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Armagh. Adm. Jones. Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Bantry. Miss Hutchins, Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Garn, Denbighshire. Mr. Griffiths. Barmouth!

15. L. palmatum, (Huds.) fuscescent, fusco-cinerascent or fusco-glaucescent, thin, membranous, laciniate, laciniæ erect, sublinear, corniculato-convolute; apothecia rufescent, small, sessile, irregularly scattered, concave, margin elevated, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, attenuated at the apices, irregularly murali-locular.

On mossy sandy ground, rare, 1696.

SYN:—Huds. Fl. Ang. 536. (1778); Ach. Syn. 319. Nyl. Syn. 126. Scand. 35.

Fig :-E. Bot. t. 1635.

Exs :- M. & N. 1058. Hepp 921.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central Europe, France, Germany, Switzerland, Sweden, Algeria, Canaries.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3, 4...10...15...22...28...31.

ENGLAND:—Yarmouth; Hemsly, Mr. D. Turner. Coatham! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Cobham, Surrey; Barrow Hill, Henfield. Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND: -Braemar! Prof. Churchill Babington. Sands of

Barrie. Adm. Jones.

IRELAND; -Luggelaw, co. Wicklow. Dr. Moore, Armagh, Adm.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey! Mrs. Collings. Herm. Mr. Lar-balestier.

16. L. tenuissimum, (Dicks.) fusco-virescent, imbricated, microphylline, digitato-multifid, laciniæ linear, unequal, subciliate; apothecia biatorine, urceolate, margin entire, thick, paler; spores 8, colourless, ovoid or oblong, irregularly murali-locular.

On mossy earth, not common. 1782.

SYN :- Dicks. Br. Crypt. 1. 12. (1785); Nyl. Scand. 33.

Fig: Dicks. l. c. t. 2. f. 8. E. Bot. t. 1427. Nyl. Syn. t. 4. f. 10.

Exs :- Schær. 408. Hepp 211. Mudd 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Sweden, Finland, Germany.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2 ..4...7...10...15...19...28.

England:—Norwich. Mr. Crowe. (1782). Ditchingham, Norfolk. Mr. Woodward. near Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. near Easby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Sidmouth, Rev. T. Salwey. Twineham, Sussex. Mr Borrer. near Hastings; and Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Inworth, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

SCOTLAND :- Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner.

IRELAND: -Midleton, near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Armagh. Adm. Tones.

WALES:—Crib-y-Ddescil, and Clogwyn-y-Garnedd, Snowdon. Mr. Griffith. Glyder Vach. Mr. Lees.

17. L. rhyparodes, Nyl. fuscous or fusco-nigrescent, furfuraceous, thin, or subgranulose, diffuse, vinous-red with iodine; apothecia concolorous or rarely rufescent, small, somewhat plane and eventually biatorine; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, one or both apices attenuate, submurali-divided; paraphyses slender; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora, 1857. p. 210. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 287.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Near summit of Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. (1864).

18. L. fragile, (Tayl.) dark-olive or fusco-olivaceous, firm, laciniato-lobate, rosulate, lobes radiate, crenate, convex, granuloso-unequal; granula gonima variously dispersed, rarely moniliform; apothecia pale brown, urceolato-innate, at length nearly plane, thalline margin thickish; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, variously divided.

On sub-alpine calcareous rocks, very rare.

SYN:—Collema, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 109; Leptogium, Nyl. Syn. 120, Exs:—Arn, 156.

Вот. Ркоу :- 19.

IRELAND :- Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

19. L. Schraderi, (Bernh.) darkish olive-green, cæspitose, small, erect, dichotomously branched, lobes sublinear, irregularly undulato-sulcato-rugose and angular, constricted at the base and apices, dilated in the middle; apothecia reddish, lateral, concave, margin entire, paler.

Among mosses in calcareous soil, rare. 1783.

SYN:—Bernh. in Schrad. Journ. 1799. fasc. 1, 22, Ach. Syn. 328. Nyl. Syn. 133

Fig:-E. Bot. t. 2284.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- France, Germany, Bavaria, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу: -1, 2.. 4, 5.. 8. .19...28.

England:—Matlock, Derbyshire. Sir J. E. Smith. (1783). Caistor Church, Norfolk; and near Bury; and Sussex. Mr. D. Turner. near Yarmouth; Bath. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Holly Bush Hill, Malvern. Dr. Holl. near Storrington Church; Crow Link, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Sassex Downs, near Brighton; near Bath; near Babbicombe, S. Devon; Shanklin. Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. L'etaeg. Jersey; Herm. Mr. Larbalestier,

IRELAND :- Killarney. Dr. Moore. near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Sheep Walk, Armagh, Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - L'etacq, Jersey; Herm. Mr. Larbalestier.

## V. PYRENIDIUM Nyl.

Thallus minute, stellato-divided or cæspitellose or confluendo-effuse, of the same structure as that of Leptogium. Apothecia pyrenocarpous verrucarioid.

1. P. actinellum, Nyl. dark olivaceous, adnate, forming small patches, stellato-divided, rays distinct, attenuated at their apices, ascending or suberect, vinous-red with iodine; apothecia pyrenodeous, in the centre of the thallus, prominent, perithecium entirely black; spores

4, fuscous or fuscescent, oblong, 3-septate; paraphyses few, slender or obsolete.

On chalk, very rare. 1865. Syn:—Nyl. in Flora, 1865, p. 210.

Bot. Prov :- 3.

ENGLAND :- Boxley Hill, Kent. Adm. Jones. (1865),

#### FAM: II. MYRIANGIACEI.

#### TRIBE I. MYRIANGIEI.

#### I. MYRIANGIUM. Mnt. & Berk.

Thallus black, noduloso-pulvinate, cellulose, unstratified. Apothecia sublecanorine, sphæroideo-cellulose. Spores 8, colourless, oblong, irregularly septate, or almost murali-divided.

1. M. Duriæi, M. & B. black, opake, small, tuberculato-glomerate or noduloso-confluent, often depresso-pulvinate; apothecia minute, black, slightly impressed; spores 8, colourless, oblong or oblongo-ovoid, variously septate; gelatina hymenea vinous with iodine.

On ash and elm, rare. 1836.

Syn:—Mnt. and Berk. in Hook. Journ. Bot. 1845. p. 73. Ny.. Syn. 139. Collema glomerulosum, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 108. excl. synl Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 4. f. 1, 5.

Exs :- Mass. 37.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, France, Algeria, Mexico, Australia. N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...19...31,

ENGLAND:—Penzance, Mr. Ralfs. Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. near Shanklin, Dr. Holl.

IRELAND; —Carrigaline! near Cork; near Crosshaven, Cork.

Mr. Carroll. Roughty, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. (1836). Channel Islands:—Sark! Rev. T. Salwey.

### FAM: III. LICHENACEI.

Thallus various in colour, white, whitish, cinerascent, flavicant, rufous, fuscous, and very rarely nigricant, and very various in form, filamentous, foliaceous, squamose, crustaceous, pulverulent or evanescent. In most species the stratum gonidiale formed of true gonidia, in a few only of granula gonima. Apothecia either stipitate or lecanorine or peltate, or patellulate, or pyrenocarpous.

#### SERIES 1. EPICONIODEI.

Apothecia with the spores naked, collected into a sporal mass on the surface. Spores 8, in asci.

#### TRIBE I. CALICIEI.

Thallus crustaceous or obsolete, yellow or flavo-virescent or cinerascent or whitish. Apothecia cupuliform, constricted below into a stipes or sessile.

## I. SPHINCTRINA. Fr. pr. p. D.N.

Thallus none. Apothecia parasitic on *Pertusariæ*, globoso-turbinate, shining, black. Spores nigrescent, simple.

1. S. turbinata, (Pers.) apothecia subsessile, small; spores small, globose or subglobose; iodine pale blue, then obscured.

On Pertusaria communis, common. 1796.

SYN:—Calicium turbinatum, Pers. Fung. 59. Ach. Syn. 56. Nyl. Syn. 142.

Fig :- E, Bot. 2520. Nyl, Syn. Lich. t. 5. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær. 6. Leight. 132. Mudd. 241. Anz. Ital. S. 46. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Scandinavia, Portugal, France, Alge-

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Scandinavia, Portugal, France, Algeria, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10.. 15. 19.

ENGLAND:—Near Guisbro! Easby! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Powick, Worcestershire. Mr. Lees. near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T., Salwey. Aymestrey! Hey Forest! Herefordshire; Shropshire! Scotland:—Northern parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Carse of Gowrie. Mr. Bousie.

IRELAND :- Blarney, Cork! Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. S. anglica, Nyl. apothecia substipitate, on grey thallus; spores globose, ellipsoid and oblong, moderate, iodine blue.

On old rails &c., rare. 1805.

SYN: -Nyl. Syn. Lich. 143. Calicium microcephalum, Sm. T. and B. Lich. 130.

FIG :- E. Bot. 1865. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 3.

Exs: -Korb. 203. Rab. 562. Arn. 245. Zw. 285, Th. M. Fr. 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. England, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -2 4, 5 .. 8 ... 20.

England:—Albourne! Sussex; Caistor, near Yarmouth. Mr. Borrer. (1805). Packington. Countess of Aylesford. Twycross! Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

IRELAND: - Curraghmore, near Waterford. Adm. Jones.

3. S. microcephala, Nyl. apothecia sessile, fuscescent; spores nigricant, fusiformi-ellipsoid, simple, large.

On Pertusariæ, rare. 1869.

Syn:—S. microcephala, Nyl. Calic. 6. Nyl. Syn. 144. Fig:—Tul. Mem. Lich. t. 15, f. 20. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 2.

Exs:-Nyl. 5. Hepp 551.

GEOG. DISTRIB: Europe, France, Pyrenees, Ceylon, Madeira.

BOT. PROV :- 2.

England:—New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869). CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

### II. CALICIUM. Ach. Nyl.

Thallus granulose, powdery, squamulose or altogether evanescent. Apothecia black, stipitate or sub-sessile, capitula globose or turbinate or cupular. Spores fuscous or nigricant. Spermatia short, oblong.

### A. Spores simple.

1. C. diploellum, Nyl. obsolete; apothecia black very shortly stipitate, capitulum turbinate, open, sporal mass scarcely prominent; spores nigrescent, oblong, simple (or 1-septate.)

On holly, very rare. 1868.

The smallest of all the species, and easily recognized. Its place is near disseminatum.

SYN: -C. diploellum, Nyl. in Flora, 1868. p. 1861.

Вот. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND: - Cromaglown, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1868).

2. C. chrysocephalum, Ach. citrine or yellow-green, granulate, verrucoso-conglomerate or evanescent; apothecia black, shortly stipitate or elongated, capitula turbinato-lentiform, citrino-suffused beneath and at margin; sporal mass umber or ferruginous; spores fuscous, globose.

On palings &c., rare. 1804.

Syn:—C. chrysocephalum, Ach. Meth. Suppl. 15. Syn. 60. Nyl. Syn. 146.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2501. Nyl. Syn. Lich. t. 5. f. 11, 12,...19.

Exs:—Schær. 12. Nyl. 10. Hepp 329. Leight 124. Mudd. 251 GEog. DISTRIR:—Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -3, 4, 5...10 ...14.

ENGLAND; —Sotterley, Suffolk. Mr. D. Turner. (1804). Norfolk; Suffolk; Essex. Sir W. J. Hooker. Rosedale, and Baysdale, Cleveland, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Downton Castle! Herefordshire. Scotland:—Near Slateford. Dr. Greville.

f. melanocephalum, Nyl. (Leight. Exs. 134.) apothecia fasciculato-ramose, stipes black, capitula black, citrinosuffused at margin only; spores globose or ellipsoid, pale-fuscous, larger.

Downton Castle! Herefordshire, on the same palings

with common form.

3. C. phæocephalum, Borr. pallido-cinerascent or darkly flavicant, minutely granuloso-squamuliform, crenate, congested; apothecia with slender black or fuscous stipites, capitula turbinato-lentiform, flavo-viridi-pruinose, sporal mass fuscous; spores fuscescent, globose.

On boards, palings, &c., rare. 1807.

SYN:—C. phæocephalum, T. & B. Lich. Brit. 145. Ach. Syn. 61. Nyl. Syn. 147.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1540. Nyl. Syn. t, 5. f. 13.

Exs:—Schær. 245. Rab. 592. Korb. 260. Zw. 242. A. B. C. Geog. Distrib:—Scandinavia, Germany, Helvetia, N. America.

Bot. Prov :-2...4, 5.

ENGLAND:—Lakenham, near Norwich. Mr. D. Turner. (1807). Hurstpierpoint, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Bruisyard, Suffolk; Albourn, Sussex. Sir W. J. Hooker. Hay Park near Ludlow. Rev. T. Salwey. Cookhill Wood, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton.

4. C. aciculare, (Sm.) cinerascent, very thin or obsolete; apothecia with obconico-turbinate capitula flavo-viridi-suffused, sporal mass brown, much protruded; spores fuscescent, globose.

On oaks, firs, hollies, &c., rare. 1812.

SYN: -Liehen acicularis, Sm. E. Bot. 2385. Nyl. Syn. 148.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2385, Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 14.

Exs :- Zw. 19. Leight. 170. Hepp 328. Nyl. 9. Mudd 252.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2, 3.. 16...24.

ENGLAND:—Near Bury. Rev. G. R. Leathes, (1812), Sussex! Mr. W. Borrer, Brantsdale! Newton Wood, and Bousdale Gill! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Esher, Surrey; Hurstpierpoint, Sussex. Sir W. J. Hooker.

IRELAND :- Tervoe, near Limerick! Mr. Carroll.

5. C. trichiale. Ach. flavido-cinerascent or cinereoglaucescent, minutely granuloso-squamulose; apothecia black, stipes slender, capitula black, globoso-lenticular, cinereo-suffused beneath, sporal mass umber, convex or hemisphærical; spores fuscescent, sphærical, minute.

On trees, timber, &c., rare.

SYN: -C. trichiale, Ach. L. U. 243. Syn. 62. Nyl. Syn. 149. Fig :- V. Ak. H. 1816. t. 8. f. 14. Nyl. Syn. t. 5, f. 16.

Exs: -Schær. 10, 11. Rab. 591.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—N. Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10...14.

ENGLAND :- Near Ludlow, Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND: -Binnie Woods, Haddingtonshire. Dr. Maingay.

Var. cinereum, (Pers.) cinerascenti-or albido-granulose, stipites and capitula cinereo-suffused.

On old pines and oaks.

SYN: - Calicium cinereum, Pers. Icon. and Descr. Fung. p. 38. Ach. Syn. 57. Nyl. Syn. 149.

Fig :—Pers. Icon. and Descr. Fung. t. 14.

Exs;—Schær. 452.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Helvetia, France, Scandinavia, Finland.

Bot. Prov :- 20 ..24.

IRELAND :- Deer Park, Castlemartyr, co, Cork ; Tervoe, near Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

Var. stemoneum, Ach. yellow or flavido-cinerascent, leproso-granulate; apothecia black or fuscous-black, capitula cinereo-pruinose or nearly naked beneath.

On trees.

Syn:—C. stemoneum, Ach. L. U. 243. Syn. 62, Nyl. Syn. 150.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2502, Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 15.

Exs:-Nyl, 12. M. & N. 956. Schær. 13. 249. Zw. 12. 17. Hepp 158. Rab. 513. Leight. 227. Mudd 248.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe. Вот. Ркоу: -2...4.. 10.

ENGLAND :- Cuckfield, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Bousdale Gill. Newton Wood, and near Ingleby, Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. near Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk. Rev. G. R. Leathes.

Var. ferrugineum, (Borr.) pale-cinerascent, conglomerato-granulose or leprose; apothecia large, subsessile; spores pale-fuscous, large.

On oaks, pales, &c. 1839.

Syn:—C. ferrugineum, T. & B. Lich. Br. 156. Nyl. Syn. 150. Fig:—E. Bot. 2473. Nyl. Syn. t. 5, f. 16.

Exs: -Mudd 249. Leight. 315.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Germany, France.

Bot. Prov:-3, 4, 5...10.

ENGLAND :- Framlingham, near Norwich. Mr. D. Turner. (1839). Moor Park and Hay Park, near Ludlow. Rev. T. Salwey. Thorndon Hall Park! Mr. Piggot. Little Malvern, co. Worcester. Mr. Lees. Hoggarts Wood; Ingleby; Greenhow, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk. Rev. G. R. Leathes. Ragley Park, Rufford, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Almond Park! near Shrewsbury; Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

Var. brunneolum, (Ach.) evanescent; stipes slender, longate, capitulum small; spores sphærical, minute.

On old trees, &c.

SYN:—C. brunneolum, Ach. in V. A. H. 1816. p. 279. Nyl. Syn.

Fig :-V. Ak. H, 1816. t. 8. fig. 12. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 16.

Exs: -M. & N. 1068. Scher. 9. Zw. 17. Leight. 252. Mudd 250. Fellm. 12.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Вот. Prov :- 10.

ENGLAND :- Busby Hall; Ingleby Park; Baysdale, Stogdale, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd.

C. melanophæum, Ach, whitish, granulose; stipes strong, black, naked, capitula black, turbinate, sporal mass umber; spores fuscescent, globose, moderate.

On firs, &c., rare.

SYN: -C. melanophæum, Ach. in Ak. H. 1816. p. 276. Nyl. Syn. 151.

Fig :—V, Ak. H. 1816, t. 8, f. 8, Nyl, Syn. t. 5, f. 17.

Exs :-- Schær. 638. Zw. 16. Nyl. 11. Anzi It, S. 38. Anzi Ven.

Geog. Distrib :--Scandinavia, Germany, Helvetia, France, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3...10, 11...15. England: -Eglestone. Durham, Rev. J. Harriman. Hoggarts Wood and Lounsdale, Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Thorndon Hall Park! Essex. Mr. H. Piggot. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland: -Near Stirling and Aberfeldy. Rev. J. M. Crombic. C. trichiale var. ferrugineum should be compared with this. Are they not both states of the same plant?

## B. Spores 1-septate.

#### \* Corticolæ.

7. C. hyperellum, Ach. flavo-virescent, granulose or subleprose; apothecia black, capitulum globoso-lentiform, stipes black, elongate. sporal mass black or umber-black; spores nigrescent, ellipsoid, 1-septate, small.

On oaks, alder, limes, &c. very common. 1783.

SYN: -C. hyperellum, Ach. Meth. p. 93. Nyl, Syn. 152.

Fig :— E. Bot. 1832. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 23.

Exs: -M. & N. 1069, Scher. 241, 242, Leight. 23, Hepp 333, Arn. 105, Mudd 245.

GEOG. DISTRIB; - Europe, Scandinavia, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -4, 5, 7, 8...10...15.. 19...30.

England:—Earsham, Norfolk, Sir J. E. Smith. near Bury, Suffolk, Mr. D. Turner. Kildale and Baysdale, and Brantsdale, Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Ashe, Norfolk; Ditcheling, and Hurstpierpoint. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ickworth, Suffolk. Sir T. Gage. Pophills; Rufford; Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Shropshire,! Herefordshire! Leicestershire.!

SCOTLAND :- rarely. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Killarney. Sir T. Gage.

WALES :- Near Bala! Mr. Brittain.

8. C. trachelinum, Ach. cinerascent, thin, granulose or obsolete; apothecia black, capitulum turbinato-globose, rufescent beneath; spores nigricant, ellipsoid, 1-septate, constricted, large.

On trees, pales, &c., not common. 1778.

SYN:—Calicium trachelinum, Ach. in V. Ak. H. 1816. p. 272. Nyl. Syn. 154.

Fig :- E. Bot. 414. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 24.

Exs:—Zw. 15. Hepp 100. Nyl. 16. M. & N. 475. d. Schær. 243. Fellm. 15. Leight. 270. Mudd 246.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America, Peru.

Вот. Ркоу: —2.. 4, 5...10, 11, 12...14.. 19...22...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Norfolk. Sir W. J. Hooker. near Bury, Suffolk. Rev. G, R. Leathes. Hexham, near Eglestone. Mr. Winch. Twineham, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. North of England. Rev. John Harriman. Sibsbell House. Dr. G. Johnstone. near Stokesley, Kildale, Baysdale, Ingleby, Oggeray Hill, Newton Wood, Cleveland, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Cumberland. Mrs. J. Stanger. Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Puphills; Rufford, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Hay Park, near Ludlow! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Rosslyn Woods. Mr. G. Don.

IRELAND:—Powerscourt. Dr. Whitley Stokes. Glenarm. Dr. Moore. Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Mr. J. Sullivan.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Noirmont Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbales. tier.

9. C. quercinum, Pers. greyish-white, granulose, or nearly smooth, or subleprose or evanescent; apothecia black, moderate, capitulum turbinato-lentiform, cinereo-pruinose beneath; disk plano-convex, white, pruinose or naked, with grey margin; spores nigricant, ellipsoid,

1-septate, slightly constricted, small.

On oaks, wood, &c. 1805.

SYN: -C. quercinum, Pers. Fung. Suppl. 59. Nyl. Syn. 155.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1465. Nyl. Syn. t. 5, f. 25.

Exs:—Nyl. 14. M. & N. 473, Schær. 247, 505, Zw. 98. Mudd 244.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...4, 5...10...14.

ENGLAND:—Lakenham, Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. (1805.) Ayton, Stokesley, Baysdale, Newton Wood, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Studley Park, Yorkshire. Mr. Brunton. near Thirsk. Mr. J. G. Baker. Pembridge, Herefordshire. Rev. J. F. Crouch, near Brockenhurst in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Hexham; Eglestone. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND :- Auchindenny. Dr. Greville.

10. C. curtum, Borr. cinerascent, thin or obsolete; apothecia strong, capitulum turbinato-cylindrical, margin albo-suffused, sporal mass black, protruded; spores nigricant, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On wood, pales, &c. common. 1813.

SYN:—C. curtum. T. & B. Lich. Br. p 148, Nyl. Syn. 156. C. sphærocephalum var. abietinum. Ach. Syn. 58.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2503.

Exs:—Zw. 186 & 20. Leight. 133. Hepp 337. Schær. 248, M. and N. 1237. and 957. Mudd 243. Fellm. 16. Anzi Langob. 345.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Scandinavia, Kamtschatka, N. America, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу:—1. 2.. 5...7...10.

ENGLAND:—Stokesley, Ayton, Newton, Stogdale, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Gopsall Park, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1813); Hallow, near Worcester. Mr. E. Lees. Batheaston! Mr. Broome. Oswestry, Salop! Rev. T. Salwey. Abdon!; High Rock, near Bridgnorth!; Haughmond Hill!; Loppington!; Hay Park, near Ludlow! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Deer Park, Castlemartyr, co. Cork! Mr. Carroll.

Wales: -Bala! Mr. Brittain.

11. C. subtile, (Pers.) greyish-white, thin, filmy; apothecia minute, stipes short, slender, black, capitula minute, subglobose, or turbinato-lentiform, disk slightly convex, brownish-black; spores fuscescent, oblong, or ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On dead trees, timber, &c., rare. 1812.

Syn: -C. subtile. Pers. Fung. Suppl. 60. Mudd Man. 259.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2462.

Exs:-Nyl. 13. Hepp 338. Leight. 314. Mudd 247,

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Germany, France, Scandinavia, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-10...14.

ENGLAND:—Blackbeck, Baysdale, Cleveland, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1812.) Cawsey Wood, Durham. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND: —Auchindenny Woods. Dr. Greville.

12. C. populneum, (De Brond.) macular, pale or whitish; apothecia entirely black, slight, somewhat shining, stipes slender, capitulum turbinate; spores nigrescent, ellipsoid, simple, obsolete, bilocular, large.

On poplars, rare. 1813,

SYN: C. populneum, De Brondeau in Dub. B. Gall. 638. Nyl. Syn. 159.

Exs: - Hepp 339. Zw. 287. Arn. 60. Anzi Langob. 424.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- W. France.

Вот. Ркот :-19.

IRELAND :- Killarney. Sir. T. Gage. (1813.)

13. C. retinens, Nyl. white, opake, thin, subfarinaceous, effuse; apothecia black, minute, sessile, lecideiform, sporal mass indistinct; spores nigrescent, oblong, or oblongo-cylindrical, conspicuously 1-septate; hypothecium rubricoso-fuscescent.

On oak. 1868.

SYN: -C. retinens, Nyl. in Flora, 1868, p. 161.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. (1868.)

#### \*\* Saxicolæ.

14. C. citrinum, (Leight.) parasitic on thallus of Lecidea lucida; stipes short and stout or elongated, rusty-brown, flavo-pulverulent, capitulum globose, sporal mass yellowish brown; spores minute, linear-oblong, simple, or uniseptate, fuscescent.

On the under surface of stones in walls. 1856.

SYN:—Coniocybe citrina, Leight, Ann. & Mag. N. H. 1857. p. 130. Nyl. Syn. 149.

Fig:—Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. t. 8. f. 9. Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 1.

Exs: -Leight. 269. Zw. 286. Rab. 787.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Saxony.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES: -Between Corwen and Bala! (1856).

C. Spores 3-septate.

15. C. septatum, (Leight.) obsolete; apothecia brownish-black, stipes short, stout and smooth, capitu-

lum clavato-pyriform, truncate, incurved at the margin; disk depressed, dark brown; spores 8, very large, elliptical, 3-septate, umber-coloured, cells granular.

Parasitic on thallus of Thelotrema lepadinum and on

holly. 1856.

SYN:—Sphinctrina septata, Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. 1857. p. 132. C. eusporum, Nyl. Syn. 160.

Fig :- Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. 1857. t. 8. f. 20. 24. Nyl. Syn.

t. 5. f. 28.

Exs: -Zw. 21. Leight. 228. Arn, 152. Mudd 242.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Bavaria, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...10...19.

England:—Ingleby Park, Brantsdale, Farndale, Bousgale Gill, Hoggarts Wood, Cleveland, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. (1859). New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Killarney and Old Deer Park, Castlemartyr,

co Cork; Glenbower, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

16, C. trajectum, Nyl. thin, pale-greenish-white, indeterminate; apothecia very small, polished, black, stipes erect, or flexuose, short, stout, capitulum extremely small, highly polished, immarginate; spores oblongo-fusiform, bilocular (or 4-locular.)

On holly. 1863.

SYN:—C. trajectum, Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 211. Edin. Bot. Soc. Trans. 7. p. 557. (1863).

BOT. PROV :- 2.

England :- New Forest, Hampshire. Rev. T. Salwey. (1863).

## III. CONIOCYBE. Ach. Nyl.

Thallus leprose or powdery, effuse or evanescent. Apothecia yellow or pale (not black,) stipitate, excipulum very open. Spores sphærical, colourless or flavescent, forming the globoso-pulverulent capitulum.

1. C. furfuracea, Ach. sulphureous or sulphureovirescent, apothecia sulphureo-suffused, or with flavovirescent, naked, elongate stipites, sporal mass yellow or pale umber; spores colourless or pale fuscescent, sphærical, minute.

On roots of trees and sandy ground, not common.

1805.

SYN:—C. furfuracea, Ach. in V. Ak. H. 1816, p. 288. Fig:—E. Bot. 1539. Ann. & Mag. N. H. 1857, t. 8, f. 14. Nyl.

Syn. t. 5, f. 37.

Exs:—Schær. 14, M. & N. 1238. Leight. 225, Anzi Ital. S. 35, Hepp 758.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Switzerland, Italy, Germany, Lap-

land, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...10, 11, 12...14, 15...30.

ENGLAND:—Near Bury, Suffolk. Rev. G. R. Leathes. (1805.) Dorking and Esher, Surrey; near Halesworth, Suffolk; Shanklin, Isle of Wight; Henfield, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Red Wood, Cotteswold, near Cheltenham. Mr. Lees. Oswestry; Ludlow, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Brantsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. near Gateshead. Durham. Mr. Robertson. Bartley Lodge, New Forest. Mr. Lyell. Cow Close, near Ravensworth, and Long Acre Wood, Durham; Felton Wood; Wansbeck; Wallington; Northumberland. Mr. Winch. near Stourbridge, Worcestershire, Mr. Scott. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; near Berrington! and Boreton! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Edinburgh. Dr. Maingay. Cramb's Wood, near Glammis, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Aberfeldy. Rev. J. M

Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton.

Var. sulphurella, Fr. cinerascent, very thin, or obsolete; apothecia very slender.

On old trees, very rare. 1869.

SYN: -Fries L. E. p. 382. (1831); Nyl. Scand. 44.

Exs:—Schær. 639. Hepp 154. Nyl. 7. Arn. 318. Korb. 292. Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Sweden, Switzerland, France, Bavaria, Germany.

Bot. Prov: -2.

ENGLAND :- New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

2. C. pallida, Fr. albicant, very thin, or obsolete; apothecia small, stipes hyaline or pale yellow, rarely fuscescent upwards, capitulum globose, sporal mass white or pallescent; spores colourless, sphærical, large,

On trees, rare. 1805.

SYN :- C. pallida, Fr. Sched. Crit. 1, p. 3.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2557. Ann. & Mag. N.H. 1857, t. 8, f. 16. Nyl. Syn. t. 5, f. 38.

Exs: Schær. 7. Zw. 101, 102. Tuck. 146. Hepp 44, 155.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Switzerland, Germany, Pyrenees, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -3...9...11.

ENGLAND:—Near Eglestone, Durham; East Common Wood, near Hexham and Felton. Mr. Winch. (1805.) Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Clougha, Lancashire. Mr. R. Jacob. Oxford. Mr. Baxter

3. C. hyalinella, Nyl. nearly obsolete; apothecia with a slender hyaline stipes, sporal mass globose, white

or pallido-rufescent; spores colourless, sphærical, very minute.

On old wood, rare. 1865.

SYN:-Nyl. Prodr. 33. (1861); Syn. 164. Crombie En. 14.

Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 40.

Exs:-M. & N. 1162.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Sweden.

Bot. Prov :- 10.

ENGLAND :- Brantsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. (1835).

## IV. TRACHYLIA. Fr. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus thin, granulose, or subleprose, or foreign. Apothecia black, sessile, cupuliform, open, sporal mass black. Spores nigricant or fuscous-black, ellipsoid or oblong, 1-septate, rarely pluriseptate. Spermatia oblong or ellipsoid.

1. T. tigillaris, Fr. flavo-virescent or citrine, granulose or granuloso-areolate; apothecia black, innate or slightly prominent; spores fusco-nigricant, oblong or ellipsoid. (K—)

On old posts, pales, &c., rare. 1805.

SYN :- T. tigillaris, Fr. Scand, p. 282.

Fig :-E. Bot. t. 1530. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 29.

Exs: -M. & N. 1067. Schær, 451. Hepp 159. Rab. 214. Zw. 284. Anz. It. S. 44. Mudd 240.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Scandinavia, Germany, Switzerland, Italy.

Bor Prov :- 3, 4.

England:—Enfield Chace. Mr. Dickson. (1805). Walthamstow, Loughton, Essex. Mr. E. Forster, Southtown, near Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. Herringfleet, Suffolk. Rev. G. R. Leathes.

2. T, tympanella, Fr. albicant or cinerascent, granulose or granuloso-concrescent; apothecia black, prominent, margin of excipulum cinereo- or albo-suffused, sporal mass black, slightly cinereo-pruinose; spores fuscous, oblong, 1-septate. (K +)

On posts, palings, &c., very common. 1800.

SYN:—*T. tympanella*, Fr. Scand. 282. Fig:—E. Bot. 810. Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 32.

Exs:—M. & N. 859. Schær. 438 Hepp 330. 331. Anzi It. S. 45. Langob. 211. Leight. 88. Mudd 240.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Scandinavia, Switzerland, Italy, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу :-2, 3, 4, 5...10.

ENGLAND: — Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. (1800). Essex. Mr. Sowerby. Ayton, Rosedale, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry,

Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Exminster Marshes, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. near Shrewsbury! Aymestrey! Herefordshire.

IRELAND : - Curraghmore, near Waterford. Adm. Jones.

T. stigonella, Fr. parasitic on Pertusariæ; apo thecia scarcely prominent, entirely black, plane; spores fusco-nigricant, ellipsoid, 1-septate, obtusely retundate at the apices.

On old oaks.

In T. stigonella the reaction K + is at first bright yellow, then changing to sanguineous.

SYN:—T. stigonella, Fr. Scand. p. 282. Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 5. f. 33.

Exs: -M. & N. 858. Hepp 332. Schær. 502. Nyl. 17. Zw. 209, Leight. 226. Arn. 905.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Germany, Switzerland, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3...5.. 7...10...11.

ENGLAND: Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Easby Wood. and near Ingleby, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Essex! Mr. H. Piggot. Llanforda and Middleton Lane, near Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Oakwood and Dilston Park, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. near Lyndhurst and Brockenhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

WALES :- Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

### TRIBE II. SPHÆROPHOREI.

Thallus fruticulose, ramose and ramulose, the apices subgloboso-incrassate enclosing the apothecia; apothecia nucleiform, enclosed, ultimately exposed by the dehiscence of the thalline covering; sporal mass black.

### I. SPHÆROPHORON. Pers.

Thallus cæspitoso-fruticulose, smooth, polished, fragile; apothecia seated on the apices of the thallus, receptacle irregularly and variously dehiscent. Spores nigricant or violaceo-nigricant, sphærical or subglobose, covered with a black powder. Spermatia oblong.

1. S. compressum, Ach. pallido-albicant, ramose, plano-compressed; apothecia obliquely innate on the apices, receptacle lacero-dehiscent or discoid and open; spores nigricant, sphærical. (K-)

On rocks, rare. 1799.

SYN: -S. compressum, Ach. Meth. p. 135.

Fig :--E. Bot. 114. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 1, f. 3. Exs :—Rab. 43. Mudd 254. Anzi Langob. 422.

Geog. Distrib :—France, Switzerland, Germany, N. & S. America, Australasia.

Bot, Prov: -2...5 ...7, 8. ...10, 11... 14, 15....19....26....31.

ENGLAND:—Tunbridge, Mr. E. Forster. Cromford Moor, near Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Falcon Clints, Teesdale. Mr. Baker. High Green Wood, Heptonstall, Yorkshire. Dr. Carrington. Farndale and Hobhole, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Kielder, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour. Craigforda and Mynydd-y-Myfyr, near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey, Eglestone; Kintsley; Muggleswick; Durham; Shaftoe Crags; Harbottle Moor; Gunnerston Crags; Cheviot; Hedgehope; Simonside; Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire; Sugar-loaf, Monmouthshire. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Dunearn, near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Clova Mountains. Mr. G. Don. Killin and Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ireland:—Connemara, Dr. Moore. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Kil-

larney. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: -Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Aberdovey. Rev. A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

2. S. coralloides, Pers. pale or whitish or reddishbrown, minutely and copiously branched, round, shining; apothecia black, terminal, globose, receptacle irregularly dehiscent above, persistent; spores violaceo-nigricant, sphærical. (K—) I medulla blue.

On rocks, common. 1794.

SYN :- S. coralloides, Pers. in Ust. N. Ann. 1, p. 23.

Fig :- E. Bot. 115. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 1. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær. 543. Hepp 217. M. & N. 262. Mudd 253. Anzi Langob. 421, Welw. 49.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Madeira, Antarctic America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: - 1, 2.. 5...7, 8 ...10, 11...14...16...18, 19.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Bilsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. (1794). Mynydd-y-Myfyr and Craigforda! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Derbyshire. Mr. Bohler. Cromford Moor, near Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. Murton Craigs. Penmanshiel, Dr. G. Johnston. near Castle Karn Bre, Cornwall. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Peart's Crags; Stockdale Gill; Giggleswick Farm; near Park, beyond Ingleton, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. Teesdale; Weardale; Durham. Cheviot; Simonside; Hedgehope; House-steads; Gunnerton Crags; near Harbottle and Heddon-onthe-wall, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire; Sugar-loaf, Monmouthshire. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Highlands and Lowlands. Sir W. J. Hooker. Long Island; Arran; Hebrides. Prof.

Balfour. Garrynahine. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Lough Bray, Adm. Jones. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

Wales: -Cwm Bychan. Rev. T. Salwey. Barmouth! Mr. Lees. Holyhead Mountain!

3. S. fragile, Pers. whitish, lurido-cinerascent or brownish, round, sparingly branched, densely cæspitose; apothecia black, terminal, globose, receptacle irregularly dehiscent above, persistent; spores violaceo-nigricant, sphærical or globoso-ellipsoid. (K + ) medulla I—.

On rocks, common.

SYN:—S. fragile, Pers. in Ust. N. Ann. 1. f. 23. Fig:—E. Bot. 2474. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 1. f. 2.

Exs:—M. & N. 263. Anzi It. S. 34. Fellm. 21. Hepp 664. Schær. 15.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Arctic Europe, Antarctic America.

Bot. Prov: -1...5.. 8...10 ...14, 15 ...18, 19...29.

England:—St. Cleere, near Liskeard. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Craigforda, near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Harrogate, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Cheviot; Hedgehope; Simonside; Harbottle; Northumberland. Weardale and Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch, Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Hebrides. Prof.

Balfour. Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Malin Head, co. Donegal. Dr. Dickie. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

### SERIES II. CLADODEI.

Thallus generally erect; apothecia terminal on podetia (rarely without), biatorine, rarely lecanorine; spores 8, colourless, generally oblong and simple, sometimes elongate and septate; paraphyses distinct.

#### TRIBE. 1II. BÆOMYCEI.

Thallus horizontally expanded, crustaceous. Apothecia pale or rufescent, sessile or podetiiformi-stipitate; spores simple or septate.

### I. GOMPHILLUS. Nyl.

Thallus very thin, consisting of sphærical gonidia and irregular filaments conglutinated. Apothecia stipitate, small, corneous. Spores 8, filiform, multiseptate. Paraphyses indistinct. Sterigmata simple. Spermatia slender, cylindrical, straight.

1. G. calycioides, Nyl. cinerascent or cinereo-virescent, thin, effuse or obsolete; apothecia small, stipitate, capitulum subturbinate, nigricant; spores very long, cylindrical, 60-100-septate.

On mosses, &c., rare.

SYN: -G. calycioides, Nyl. Prodr. p. 146.

Fig :- Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 3.

Exs: -Rab. 736. Mass. 85. Anzi Langob. 17.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- France, Italy.

Вот. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND: —Carig Mountain, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Turk Mountain, Killarney; Mr. Carroll.

The Irish plant is the var. microcephala, Nyl. Syn. 175. "minor,

apotheciis minoribus parum stipitatis."

#### II. BÆOMYCES. Pers.

Thallus crustaceous, pulvereous, granulose or squamulose. Apothecia biatorine, sessile or stipitate. Sterigmata articulate. Spermatia cylindrical, straight.

1. B. rufus, DC. albo-virescent or albido-glaucescent, thin, effuse, minutely granulose or squamulose or leprose, granules depressed; apothecia carneo-rufescent or carneo-fuscescent, somewhat convex, immarginate, stipes moderate or very short, whitish; spores 6 or 8, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple, colourless.

On earth and stones, not uncommon.

SYN :- B. rufus, DC. Fl. Fr. 2. p. 342.

Fig:—E. Bot. 373. Nyl. Syn. t. 1. f. 12. t. 6. f. 12. 13. 14. Exs:—Tuck. 41. Anzi It. S. 32. 33, Fellm. 22. Nyl. 27, M. &

N. 70. Schær. 32. Mudd 30. Larb. 6. Leight. 178. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5.. 7...10...13, 14, 15....20...31.

England:—Epping Forest and Hornsey Wood, Sir J. E. Smith. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Whitsuncliffe! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Dartmoor and Lustleigh Cleeve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Ampthill, Beds. Rev. C. Abbot. Scotswood; Heaton Denes; Caervoran; Twizell Dene, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Shotover Hill, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Tiptree Heath, Warley, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Stiperstones! Haughmond Hill! Whitecliffe Woods, near Ludlow! between Hopton and Great Ness! Long Mynd!, Shropshire.

Scotland:—Glasgow. Sir J. E. Smith. Rosslyn and Auchindenny Woods; Brand Hermitage, near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Baldovan; Sidlaw Hills. Mr. W. Gardiner. Den of Balthayock, Perth-

shire! Dr. Ogilvic. Kinfauns, Perth! Dr. Lindsay, IRELAND:—Glen Girnac. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

Wales :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel Manor, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

When hydrate of potash is applied, the thallus becomes yellow (K + ) but it has no effect on the apothecia (K—). The thallus when growing on stones is minutely depresso-granular, but when growing on the earth the granules becomes squamulose, and it then constitutes the variety carneus, Flk. D.L. 8. which occurs in the Channel Islands, and at Glengariff, Ireland. see Larb. 7.

2. B. roseus, Pers. whitish, granuloso-crustaceous, (K faint yellow); apothecia roseo-carneous or albo-carneous, subglobose, stipitate, (K orange); stipes white, roundish, short; spores 6 or 8, fusiformi-oblong or fusiform, simple or obsoletely 1-septate; iod. faint blue.

On the earth, rare.

SYN: - Pers. in Ust. N. Ann. 1. p. 19.

Fig :—E. Bot. 374. Nyl. Syn. t. 6. f. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. Exs ;—Nyl. 26. M. & N. 71. Anzi Jt. S. 31. Mudd 31. Schær.

31. Hepp 119. Mass. 82. Tuck. 40. Leight. 355. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу: —1...4, 5...7...10, 11 ...14...15 19...25.. 26.

ENGLAND:—Kielder, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour. Carlton Beck! and Lounsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Ampthill, Beds. Rev. C. Abbot. Wapley Hill! Herefordshire.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Baldovan, Sidlaw Hills and Clova. Mr. W. Gardiner. Blaeberry Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Near Clonmel ! Mr. Wright. Connemara. Dr. Moore,

Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

WALES: —Valley above Borthwnog; Hendreforion and near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Montgomeryshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Crib Goch! Snowdon.

3. B. placophyllus, Ach. whitish or glaucescent, crustaceo-imbricate, adnate, corrugate or squamoso-lobate, plicate and subcrenulate, (K yellow); apothecia carneo-rufescent or carneo-fuscescent, stipitate, (K—) stipes apically divided, and bearing several aggregate and confluent apothecia; spores oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On the earth, very rare.

SYN: -B. placophyllus, Ach. Meth. p. 322,

Fig :- Ach. Meth. t. 7. f. 4.

Exs :- Tuck. 42.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...12...15.

ENGLAND: - Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Eglestone, Durham.

Rev. J. Harriman.

SCOTLAND:—Sidlaw Hills. Mr. W. Gardiner. Foot of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Grampians; Braemar; Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crom-

Wales:—At foot of Cader Idris. Mr. Ralfs. Arran Fowddy. Mr. Borrer. rocks behind Union Workhouse, Corwen; Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

4. B. icmadophilus, (Ehrh.) glaucescent or whitish, granulato-rugose or subleprose, moderate, (K yellow); apothecia pale flesh-coloured, discoid, biatorine, plane, or sub-lecanorine, (K brown); spores 6 or 8, fusiform, 1-3-septate; iod. pale blue.

On the earth, not common.

Syn:—L. icmadophilus, Ehrh. Phytogr. No. 40.

Fig :—E. Bot. 372. Nyl. Syn. t. 6. f. 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11. Exs :—M. & N. 173, Tuck. 43. Mass 5. Anzi It. S. 224. Hepp 137. Mudd 32. Fellm, 24. Schær, 46.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, N. America, E. Indies.

Bot. Prov :--4...8.. 10.

England:—Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Guisboro' Moor! and Oggeray Gill! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bedfordshire. Rov. C. Abbot. Houghton Moor, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Moughton, near Settle. Dr. Windsor.

Scotland:—Long Island. Prof. Balfour. Den of Balthayock, Perthshire! Dr. Ogilvie. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie, Ben

Lawers; Ben More; Crainlarich. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Pass of Keim-an-Eigh-Wist, co. Cork! Mr. Carroll. Wales: - Cwn Bychan! Rev. T. Salwey. near Dolgelley!

### TRIBE IV. CLADONIEI.

Thallus partly or entirely laciniato-foliolose, or squamoso-foliolose, or fruticulose or cæspitose, with fistulose podetia, often ramose. Apothecia biatorine, or cephalodine, convex, immarginate, on the podetia, rarely on the leaflets. Spores simple.

## I. CLADONIA, Hoffm.

Thallus either tubulose or laciniiform, podetia generally dilated at the apex into scyphi; thallus generally foliolose, or squamulose at the base, sometimes only granuloso-crustaceous. Apothecia variously coloured, but never black. Spores small, oblong.

## SUB-GENUS I. PYCNOTHELIA. Ach. Duf. Nyl.

Thallus crustaceous; podetia clavate, papillæform, simple or branched, glabrous; apothecia fuscous.

\* Reaction, (K + C -).

1. P. papillaria, Duf. pale and yellowish, granuloso-crustaceous; podetia small ( $\frac{1}{2}$  inch), erect, clavato-cylindrical, simple or branched.

Heathy ground, not common.

SYN: - Duf. Rev. Clad. 5. (1818). Nyl. Syn. 185.

Fig:-E. Bot. t. 907. Dill. t. xvi. f. 28. Sturm. D. F. t. 22.

Exs:-Leight. 208.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov :—2...5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...15, 16...19 23, 24.

ENGLAND: —Westmoreland! Mrs. Stanger. Yorkshire! Messrs Dixon & Mudd. Bournmouth, Hants! Rev. A. Bloxam. Craigforda. Rev. T. Salwey. Ravensworth; Butsfield; Woodlands; Eglestone; Durham. Cheviot; Hedgehope; Wallington Moors, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Appin! Capt. Carmichael. Ben Nevis! Sir W. J.

Hooker. Loch Callater! Mr. Croall.

IRELAND:—South of Ireland. Dr. Taylor. Howth. Adm. Jones. Doneraile Mountains; Kilkee. Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Miss Hutchins. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton.

Wales :- Near Barmouth. Llandrindod Wells, Radnorshire.

Rev. T. Salwey.

## Sub-genus II, Cladonia. Hoffm. Nyl.

Thallus leafy; podetia scyphiphorous or branched, more or less pulveraceous and squamose; apothecia terminal, biatorine, pale or red.

A. Phæocarpæ, apothecia fuscous or pale.

### \* Reaction, (K f + C +)

1. C. endiviæfolia, Fr. thallus macrophylline, spreading, yellow-green above, whitish beneath, laciniæ (1—2 inch) long, multifid, rotundo-crenate at the apex; podetia rare, small, cylindrical, from upper surface of the laciniæ; apothecia pale or fuscous.

Dry heaths and rocks, rare.

Distinct from alcicornis, (K—C +) by the different reaction.

Syn:—Fr. L. E. 212. (1831). Nyl. Syn. 189. Fig:—E. Bot. t. 2361. Mich. Gen. t. 24 f. 3,

Exs:—Schær. 456. Nyl. 106. Larbal. 56.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Algeria, Canaries.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4 ..6 ..15...20...31.

ENGLAND:—Surrey. Mr. Dickson. (1795). Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. Newhaven, Sussex; Start Point, Devon; Esher, Surrey. Mr. Borrer. Rackham Common! Sussex, Mr. Jenner. Lustleigh Cleve, near Moreton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland :- Carse of Ardersier! Mr. Croall.

IRELAND :- Glengariff, Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Gilton Point, Tenby ! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

## \*\* Reaction, (K+C+)

2. C. pungens, Flk. thallus squamulose, evanescent; podetia fruticose, (1—3in.) erect, much and intricately-branched, attenuato-subulate, and divergenti-furcate at the apex, pale greyish green, glabrous, more or less sub-decorticate, or adnately verrucose, and squamose; apothecia small, subsphærical, pale.

Hilly slopes, common. 1812.

SYN: -Flk. Clad. 156. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 107.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2444. Dill. t. xvi. f. 30.

Exs: -Leight. 13. 369. 374.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Africa, India, Tropical America, S. America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3, 4...7. 15.

ENGLAND: -Esher Common! Surrey. Mr. Borrer. (1812) Thetford! Sir W. J. Hooker. Basingstoke! Kent, and Winchfield! Hants. Mr. R. S. Hill.

Scotland:—Tay Bank. West Water; White Hill; Baldoran Woods! Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Blaeberry Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

WALES :- Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

A foliaceous form, (f. foliosa, Flk. = Mudd Brit. Clad. 56!) in a dense entangled depressed mass, occurs in Durham! Kent! and Leicestershire! and Hants! and is identical with nivea, Ach. spec. in hb. Kew!

The smooth pale greyish-green cortex, is more or less parted by irregular whitish reticulations, and often becomes sub-decorticate, with adnate verrucæ, which sometimes are developed into scales or leaflets. This is also the case in *furcata*, but the different chemical reaction will always distinguish them.

3. C. turgida, Hffm. whitish or glauco-cinerascent, basal leaflets laciniiform, variously divided and crenate, more or less ascending, podetia smooth, squamoso-decorticate,

turgido-cylindrical, branched, slightly dilated, and open at the truncate, dentato-radiate apices.

1870. In rocky mountain ranges, rare.

SYN:-Hffm. Fl. Germ, 124. (1795). Nyl. Scand. 55. Crombie En. 20. Bæomyces parecha, Ach! Syn. Meth. 350. Exs:—Fellm. 37. Tuck. 24. Fries 147. (fide Nyl.)

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Northern Europe, Asia, Himalayas, N. America, Chili.

Bot. Prov:-15.

Scotland: - Braemar, Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

\*\*\* Reaction, (K + C-)

4. C. cervicornis, Schær. thallus macrophylline, cæspitose, sub-erect, narrowly laciniato-multifid, crenate, cartilaginous, glaucous-green above, white beneath, purplish-black at the base; podetia from disk of laciniæ, short, slender, smooth or subverrucose, scyphiferous; scyphi simple and leafless, or irregularly proliferous, and more or less squamose.

Hills and rocky places, common. 1782.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. 195. (1850). Nyl. Syn. 197, in part; a. and b. Mudd Brit. Clad. 4, Cl. gracilis a, Mudd Man. 54.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2574.

Exs:—M. & N. 749. Schær. 457.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—1. 3...5...7...10, 11...13, 14, 15, 16...18, 19... 31.

England :—Dartmoor! Rusthall Common! Kent. Mr. Borrer. Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Butsfield, Durham. Mr. Winch. Shropshire! SCOTLAND: - Pentland Hills, near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. (1782). Highlands! Sir W. J. Hooker. Sidlaw Hills! Mr. W. Gardiner. Ben-na-Bourd! Mr. Croall. Long Island; Hebrides; Arran. Prof. Balfour. Hartfell, Moffat, Dr. Nichol. Dunearn, Dr. Greville, Succoth Hill, Arroquhar! Mr. Mc Kinlay.

IRELAND:—Bantry. Miss Hutchins, Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

WALES :- Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey, Jersey; Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

Laciniæ frequently more or less thickened, and slightly recurved at the margins, rimoso-reticulate on upper surface, obscurely longitudinally veined beneath, and minutely verrucose at apex, but these characters do not seem constant.

The different reaction keeps this distinct from gracilis, verticillata,

and sobolifera.

C. cariosa, Flk. thallus ashy-green, scales minute, crenate, more or less investing the base of the podetia; podetia whitish, 1-1 in. high, cylindrical, dilated upwards, carioso-cancellate or eroso-lacunose granulato-verrucose, scyphi digitato-partite, fastigiate.

On the earth, rare. 1832.

The re-action separates from pyxidata, pityrea, decorticata, degen-

erans, botrytes and mitrula,

I have seen small specimens from Ireland, similar to "forma juvenilis," Hepp 541 and 542, and probably referable to symphycarpa, Ach! in hb. Kew. L. microphyllus, E. Bot. 1782, is referable to leptophylla of C. pyxidata.

SYN: -Flk, Clad. 11. a. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 194. Mudd Man. 55.

Fig :—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2761. Exs :—M. & N. 850. Schær. 510.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America. Bot. Prov:—2..4..10, 11...13...19.

England:—Teesdale! Mr. Robertson. (1832). Lound Heath, near Yarmouth. Mr. D. Turner. Horsmonden! Sussex; Ecclesbourne, near Hastings! Mr. Jenner. St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND: —Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND; —Near Bantry! Miss Hutchins.

6. C. delicata, Flk. thallus cœspitose, microphylline, white or brownish-grey, leaflets minute, eroso-laciniate, laciniæ narrow, minutely incised or crenate and granular at the margins; podetia slender, simple or divided, ¼in, thickened upwards, cartilaginous, glabrous, longitudinally ribbed or fissured, more or less with granular scales.

On old rails, not common.

The reaction (K + C—) distinguishes this from cospititia, Flk, (K—C—), from squamosa, Hffm. (K—C—), from pyxidata, varpityrea, (K—C—); and that and the characters of the podetia, would seem to ally this with cariosa.

Syn:—Flk. Clad. 7. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 1. 210. in part; Scyphophorus parasiticus, Hook Brit. 237. Cenomyce parasitica, Mack. Hib. 80.; Cladonia squamosa v. delicata, Mudd Man. 56. Brit.

Clad. 21.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 2052. Exs:—Leight. 382.

GEOG. DISTRIB - Europe, Tropical America.

Bot. Prov :- 2...4, 5.. 10, 11...16.

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Barham, Suffolk, and Holt Wood! Sir W. J. Hooker. Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Bagot's Park! Staffordshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Lanchester, Durham. Dilstone Park; Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch, Herefordshire! Shropshire!

SCOTLAND :- Appin. Capt. Carmichael.

IRELAND :- Common. Dr. Taylor.

Var. subsquamosa, Nyl. thallus squamulose; podetia whitish, (1—2 in.), partially glabrous, cartilaginous, longitudinally ribbed or fissured, clothed at intervals at the base with spreading incised and crenate scales, granulate in the upper part, branched, radiato-cristate, subcorymbose.

Woods and rocks, rare.

Different reaction keeps this distinct from pyxidata var. decor-

ticata, and from squamosa.

SYN:—Cladonia squamosa, Nyl. Syn. 1. 209, in part; Scyphophorus sparassus, Hook Brit. 2. 237, in part; Cenomyce sparassa, Mack. Hib. 80.

Exs :- Leight. 405. Bohl. 16. Schær. 74.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -N. Europe, N. America, S. America, India.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...8...10...19.

England:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Bolsley, near Thirsk! Mr. J. G. Baker. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey.

IRELAND: - Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

## \*\*\*\* Reaction. (K-C+)

7. C. alcicornis, Flk. thallus macrophylline, foliaceous, spreading, yellow-green above, white beneath, laciniæ narrow, palmato-multifid, inciso-crenulate at apex, margins with black fibres; podetia springing from upper surface of laciniæ.

Dry heaths, not common.

Smaller and narrower than, but similar in general appearance to endiviæfolia, from which the above characters, and the different reaction keep it distinct.

SYN:—Flk. Clad. 23. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 1. 190; Scyphophorus alcicornis, Hook. Brit. 238; Scot. 62. Cladenia endiviæfolia var.

alcicornis, Mudd Man. 52, Brit, Clad. 3. .

Fig :- Dill. t. xiv. f. 12. A.; Vaill. Paris. t. 21. f. 3.

Exs:-Leight. 15.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, America. Bot. Prov:—4, 5...10, 11...14, 15...19..31.

ENGLAND:—Near Hengrave, Suffolk and Aldborough! Sir T. Gage. Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Worcestershire. Rev. J. H. Thompson. Houghton Moor, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire; Morf, Salop. Mr. Pvrton. Shropshire.!

SCOTLAND :- Pentland Hills and Dunearn, Edinburgh. Dr. Gre-

ville. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey, Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

\*\*\*\*\* Reaction (K—C—)

8. C. pyxidata, Fr. thallus squamulose, ashy-green; podetia cartilagineo-corticate, verrucose, or coarsely granulato-pulveraceous, or scaly downwards; scyphi cyathiform, more or less proliferous.

Heaths, woods, hedge banks, common.

SYN:—Fr. L. E. 216. (1831); Nyl. Syn. 1. 192. Mudd Man. 53. Brit. Clad. 7. Scyphophorus pyxidatus, Hook. Brit. 238; Cenomyce pyxidata, Hook. Scot. 62; Cenomyce coccifera, Mack. Hib. 81. in part.

Fig :- Dill. t. xiv. f. 6. A, f. 6. C, f. 6. I-M, f. 9, A. E. Bot.

t. 1393.

Exs:-Leight. 407.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, India, N. & S. America, Australasia.
LOCALITIES:—Generally throughout England, Scotland, Heb-

rides, Ireland, N. & S. Wales, and Channel Islands.

It seems only to create perplexity, to attempt to describe or particularize the innumerable modifications of this polymorphous species, which in reality, have no definite limit, and arise from local circumstances of climate, humidity, &c. They may be all readily referred to the following varieties, by careful attention to the prominent character.

Var. vera pyxidata, podetia continuously corticate, granulato-verrucose.

Exs:—Leight. 407!

Var. pityrea, Ach. podetia pulverulento-granuloso-furfuraceous, ashey-white, smooth and decorticate, and often ribbed or laciniose in the upper part.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, India, N. & S. & Tropical America,

Africa, Australasia.

In the Hockerian herb. at Kew there are specimens gathered at Killarney, (hb. D. Turner) and Forfarshire, (A. Croall.) identical with acuta, Tayl. which appears to be only a subulate form of pityrea.

Var. chlorophæa, Flk. podetia pulverulent, granules

coarser at the base, sulphury-yellow.

Exs:—Larbal. 58.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Africa, N. & S. & Tropical America, Australasia.

Var. cæspititia, Flk. thallus cæspitose, compressed; leaflets laciniato-lobate, margins crenate, or eroso-laciniate; podetia arising from disk of laciniæ, very short, simple or divided, glabrous, subcostate, sometimes sub-verru-

cose or scaly; apothecia conglomerate, apparently sessile, pale flesh-brown.

On earth and rocks, not common.

Coëmans in Clad, Achar. says he has frequently observed the transition from pityrea into cæspititia. The different reaction separates it from delicata.

Syn:—Flk. Clad. 8. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 1. 210. Scyphophorus cæspititius, Hook. Brit. 236; Cladonia squamosa var. cæspititia,

Mudd Man. 57. Brit. Clad. 21.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1796. (orig. spec. in hb. Borrer!)
Exs :—Leight. 368! Mudd Clad. Brit. 44! Bohl. 72!

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe, America.

Вот. Ркоу: —2 ..5...7 ..11...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Hampshire! Mr. Lyell. Ardingley! Sussex. Mr. Jenner. Hassocks! Sussex and on Hungershall Rocks! Mr. Borrer. Craigforda. Rev. T. Salwey. Pamber Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Heaton Dene, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Shropshire!

Scotland:—Loch Katrine; Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Miss Hutchins & Sir T. Gage!! Killarney. Dr.

Carrington.

Wales:—Hill above Bodowen, Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.
CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Gorey; Rozel; Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. leptophylla, Flk. thallus squamulose, squamules small, dispersed, rounded, nearly entire; podetia short, simple or divided, glabrous or subverrucose, subcostate; apothecia solitary, capitate, brown.

Wet heathy places, rare.

Of this I have seen no British specimens, but possess an authentic one from Dr. Nylander, collected in Java, 7000 ft. alt. Coëmans (Clad. Achar.) states that the Acharian herbarium at Helsingsfors, contains a specimen of this lichen from England, and that he considers it as a variety of cariosa, which it certainly generally resembles, but the different reaction keeps them quite distinct.

Syn:—Flk. Clad. 19. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 1. 193. Scyphophorus microphyllus, Hook. Brit. 237; Cladonia squamosa var. leptophylla, Mudd Man. 57; Cladonia cariosa var. leptophylla, Mudd

Brit. Clad. 6.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1782.

Exs:—Coëm, Clad. Belg. 22! Hepp 543!

GEOG. DISTRIB :—France, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov: -2.

England:—Tilgate and St. Leonard's Forests, Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

Var. fimbriata, Hoffm. thallus white, squamulose; podetia membranaceo-corticate, deliquescing into a fine

white impalpable powder, sometimes scaly from the base upwards.

SYN:—Hoffm. Fl. Germ. 121. (1795.) Nyl. Syn, 1. 194.

Fig :—Dill. t. xiv. f. 8. f. 16. A, B. D. F. G.—Vaill. Paris. 21. f. 6.—8. E. Bot. t. 2438.

Exs:—Leight. 325! 376! 377! Mudd Brit. Clad. 13! 14! 15! GEOG: DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, India, N. & S. & Tropical

America, South Atlantic, Australasia, South Indian Ocean.

Of this common lichen, there are two conspicuous forms or states:—tubæformis in which the podetia are elongated and trumpet-shaped (Schær. L.H. 58! and Leight. 377!): and cornuto-radiata, in which the podetia are very much elongated, simple, cornute, or irregularly scyphiferous and radiato-fimbriate. (Leight. 376! and Mudd Br. Clad. 19!)

Var. decorticata, Flk. podetia elongated, cylindrical, attenuated, white, decorticate, squamose at the base, coarsely granulato-pulverulent above.

SYN: -Flk, Clad. 10. (1828.) Nyl. Syn. 193.

Exs:—Coëm. Clad, Belg. 95! 99!

Geog. Distrib:—Africa, India, N. Tropical & S. America, Australasia.

Bot. Prov: -7, 8...15, 16...20.

England :—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland: --Killin; Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Kilmore, near Fermoy! Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam.

9. C. gracilis, Hoffm. thallus pale ashey-green or livid brown, leaflets at the base often evanescent; podetia elongate, filiform, subulate, or scyphiferous and proliferous, corticate, glabrous; apothecia pedicillate or sessile, fuscous.

Mountains and heaths, common.

Of the primary robust scyphiferous and proliferous form hybrida, (Ach.) represented by Dill. t. XIV. f. 13. B. and Schær. 66; nor of the robust gigantic extended form, macroceras, (Ach.) represented by Schær. 68; nor of the slender elongated form, elongata, Ach. represented by Tuck. 28; nor of the squamulose form, aspera, Flk. represented by Schær. 67. 641; nor of the var. cornuta, (C. cornuta. Fr. 225. Nyl. Syn. l. 198.) podetia stout, elongate, chiefly subuliformi-cornute, a few with narrow irregular subradiate scyphi, glabrous at the base, and subpulverulent above, represented by Anzi Clad. Cisalp. 9. Fellm. Lapp. Or. 31; I have seen no British specimens, except a doubtful one of this latter from Ireland, Miss Hutchins in hb. Hook.

Syn:—Hoffm. Fl. Germ, 119. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 1, 196! Mudc Man. 54. in part. Brit. Clad. 16; Scyphophorus gracilis, Hook. Brit. 239; Cenomyce gracilis, Hook. Scot. 63; Mack. Hib. 82. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. & S. America, Australasia, India.

The forms or varieties which occur in Britain are these:—

Var. chordalis, (Ach.) podetia slender, subuliform, with narrow cup-shaped scyphi denticulate on the margins.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 262. (1817).

FIG :- E. Bot. t. 1284.

Exs:—Scher. 64. Leight. 296. Mudd Br. Clad. 34! 35! 37!

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Arctic and Antarctic America. Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7...10, 11, 12...14, 15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd, Aldershot! Hants. Mr. R. S. Hill. Keswick! Mrs. Stanger. Blackstone Rock, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Tiptree Heath, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Longmynd! Wrekin! Stiperstones! Shropshire,

SCOTLAND:—Glen Callater! Lion's Face! and Sidlaw Hills! and Morne! Mr. Croall. Ben Lawers! Mr. D. Turner. Pentland

Hills. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND :- Derry. Dr. Moore. Bantry! Miss Hutchins.

WALES:-Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey, Sark, &c., Mr. Larbalestier,

Var. abortiva, Schær. podetia subuliform, recurved or hooked at the apex, sterile.

Exs: -Schær. L. H. 69! Mudd Br. Clad. 26!

England :—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd.

Var. ochrochlora, Flk. Clad. 75. Nyl. Syn. 1. 198. a smaller form of about one inch high of cornuta, represented by Schær. 640! Mudd Br. Clad. 23! 24! 25! 26!

Rare, Cleveland, Yorkshire, ! Mr. Mudd.

10. C. verticillata, Flk. thallus foliaceo-squamulose, leaflets laciniæform, crenato-incised; podetia ashey-grey, corticate, glabrous or subverrucose, scyphiferous, scyphidenticulate at the margins, 2—4 times repeatedly verticillato-proliferous and scyphiferous from centre of scyphi; apothecia fuscous.

Rocks and mountainous districts, rare.

SYN:—Flk. Clad. 26. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 1. 197; Cladonia gracillis v. verticillata, Mudd Man. 54; Cladonia cervicornis v. verticillata, Mudd Br. Clad. 5.

Fig: -Dill, t. xiv. f. 6. G. H. -Vaill. Paris. 21. f. 5.

Exs :- M. & N. 644 ! Mudd Brit, Clad. 3 !

GEOG. DISTRIR: - Europe, N. America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...7...10...31.

ENGLAND; —Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Broadwater Forest, Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Jenner.

WALES :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. sobolifera, Del. thallus foliaceous, laciniæ narrow, inciso-crenate, glaucous-green above, whitish beneath, podetia  $\frac{1}{2}$ — $\frac{3}{4}$ in. high, cylindrical, glabrous, subverrucose, sometimes leafy, dilated upwards into a scyphus, whose margins are denticulato-dilated, subcymoso-proliferous with leaflets interspersed; apothecia small, simple, convex or conglomerate, fuscous.

Rocky mountains, probably not unfrequent, but confounded with *cervicornis*, from which the different reac-

tion distinguishes it.

SYN:—Del. in Dub. Bot. Gall. 631. (1830); Cladonia verticillata b. phyllophora, Flk. Clad. 28! Cladonia cervicornis v. prodiga, Ach. L. U. 532.

Fig: E. Bot. t. 1392. looks much more like this than alcicornis.

Exs :- Leight. 14. Mudd Brit. Clad. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. & Tropical America, Africa, In dia.

Вот. Ркоу: -4, 5...7...10.

England:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Lound! Mr. D. Turner. Caer Caradoc! Wrekin! Laurence Hill! Shropshire.

IRRLAND: -Ballyedmond, co. Cork. Mr. Wright.

Wales:—Barmouth! Holyhead Mountain!

11. C. degenerans, Flk. thallus squamulose; podetia whitish or brown, cartilaginous, glabrous, nigrescent and albo-guttate at the base, scyphophorous, scyphi proliferous, cristato-ramose.

Heaths and mountains, rare.

SYN: -Flk. Clad. 41. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 199.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America, Australasia, India.

Вот. Ркоу:-15...31.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Nick. Mr. W, Gardner. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

forma anomæa, (Ach.) podetia covered with leafy scales.

SYN :- Hook. Brit. 238. Scot. 63. Grev. Edin. 344.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1867.

Вот. Ркоу: -3, 4...14...23.

ENGLAND: - Woolwich Barn. Sir J. E. Smith. Lakenham. Mr. Turner.

SCOTLAND:—Pentland Hills, near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. IRELAND:—Kelly's Glen. Dr. Moore.

12. C. furcata, Hffm, thallus squamulose, evanescent; podetia elongated, pale whitish or brownish green, fruticose, glabrous, branched, branches attenuato-subulate, divergenti-furcate; apothecia small, fuscous.

Heaths and mountains, frequent.

Reaction distinguishes furcata from pungens.

SYN:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. 115. (1795); Nyl. Syn. 1. 205; Hook. Brit. 236. Scot. 64; Mack. Hib. 80; Mudd Man. 57.

Fig :—Dill. t. xvi. f. 27. A. & C.

Exs:—Leight. 401. Mudd 16. Mudd Br. Clad. 50! 51! 53! (small form).

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, N. & S. & Tropical America, India,

Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—3, 4, 5...7, 8, 9, 10...14, 15.. 16...18, 19...31.

England:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Kent! Mr. R. S. Hill.

Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Lound Heath! Mr. D. Turner. Suffolk! Sir W. J. Hooker. Whitley Read, Cheshire!

Mr. W. Wilson. Shotover Hill, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Braxted,

Essex. Mr. Varenne. Shropshire!

Scotland:—Balmerino! Falls of the Garrawalt! Cairn-a-Drochell! White Hill! Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardner. Morne! Mr. Croall. Hebrides; Arran. Prof. Balfour. Dunearn and Pentland

Hills. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND: —Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey, Sark, &c. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. racemosa, Flk. podetia like those of the type, leafy or scaly.

Fig :—Dill. t. xvi. f. 27. B.

Exs: -Mudd Br. Clad. 46! 47!

LOCALITIES:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Ben Cruachan! Mr. Borrer. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Pentland Hills, Rev. J. Lightfoot. North side of Orrock Hill. Dr. Greville. Channel Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. recurva, Hffm. podetia recurved, leafy.

SYN:-Mudd. Man. 58, Br. Clad. 22.

Fig :—Dill. t. xvi. f. 27 D.

Exs:-Mudd Br. Clad. 48! 49! 52!

LOCALITIES:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. near Beddgelart, N. Wales! Mr. D. Turner. Channel Islands. Mr. Larbalestier Shropshire!

Var. spinosa, Flk. Hook. Brit. 236. Cenomyce racemosa, Hook. Scot. 64; Mack. Hib. 80.

Fig :—Dill. xvi. f. 25.

SCOTLAND :- Pentland Hills Rev. J. Lightfoot.

13. C. crispata, (Ach.) whitish, or pallido-cinerascent

or subspadiceous, basal leaflets small, incised and crenate; podetia glabrous, branched, 3 or 4 times iterato-proliferous, apices and axils infundibuliform, open, the apertures denticulato-cristate at the margins.

In mountain ranges, very rare. 1869.

Syn :- Ach. Syn. 272. (1817). Nyl. Syn. 207. Crombie En. 20.

Exs: -Tuck. 31.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland :- Ben-a-boord. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869.)

14. C. squamosa, Hffm. thallus squamulose; podetia cæspitose, whitish green, cylindrical, 2in. high, erect, repeatedly branched, proliferously denticulate, or subulate from margins of the minute irregular scyphi, apices rigid subcorymbose radiato-cristate, glabrous, longitudinally sublacunose, cortex entire, clothed with minute leaflets or scales; apothecia clustered, fuscous.

Mossy woods, not uncommon.

Distinguished from delicata, var. subsquamosa by different reaction; from pyxidata v. decorticata by the entire cortex and the podetia throughout clothed with scales; and from furcata f. adspersa, Flk. by different habit.

SYN:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. 125. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 209. (in part); a. & b. Mndd Man. 56; a. in part Mudd Br. Clad. 19; Scyphophorus sparassus, Hook. Brit. 237. (in part); Cenomyce sparassa,

Hook. Scot. 64 (in part); Mack. Hib. 80. (in part).

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 2362.

Exs; —Mudd Br. Lich. 13! Brit. Clad. 40! 41!

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Europe, N. and S. America, Africa, India, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: —5.. 7, 8...10, 11 ...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. (= scabrosa Ach! in herb. D. Turner)...Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch.

Scotland :- Sidlaw Hills and Glen Callater! Mr. W. Gardner.

Doune! Mr. Mc Kinlay.

IRELAND: -Killarney! Mr. Drummond.

Wales:—Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Lake above Llyn Bodlyn! Mr. Borrer. Cwn Bychan. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, &c. Mr. Larba-

lestier.

# B. Erythrocarpæ, apothecia red. Reaction (K f + C +)

15. C. cornucopioides, Fr. thallus squamulose, pale

yellow-green, creuate and crenato-incised; podetia ½—1 inch, granuloso-verrucose, glabrous or minutely squamulose, simple, dilated upwards into cyathiform simple or proliferous scyphi; apothecia sessile or podicellate.

On earth &c., common.

In the typical form, the scyphi are short and broadly dilated, on short glabrous granuloso-verrucose podetia. In the extensa form, the podetia are much more elongated, and the scyphi proliferous from the margins; and in the phyllophora form, the podetia and scyphi are entirely clothed with minute scales or leaflets. In the pleurota form, (which also presents the above 3 states) the cortex of the podetia deliquesces into a fine dust, probably from growing in humid localities.

The glabrous verrucose state is analogous to C. pyxidata, and the pleurota or pulverulent state to fimbriata among the phæo-

carpæ.

SYN:—Fr. L. E. 236. (1831); Nyl. Syn. 1. 220; Scyphophorus cocciferus, Hook. Brit. 240. Cenomyce coccifera, Hook. Scot. 63; Mack. Hib. 81. in part: Cladonia coccifera var. cornucopioides, A. & B. Mudd Man. 60. Brit. Clad. 28.

Fig :- E. Bot, t. 2051. Laur. in Sturm D. Fl, t. 23. a. and 25.

(typica.)—t. 23, b. and c. (extensa)—t. 24. e. (phyllophora).

Exs:—(typica). Mudd Br. Clad. 65! Anzi Clad. Cisalp. 14.

A.—(extensa) M. & N. 752! Mudd Br. Clad, 66!—(phyllophora)

Anzi Clad. Cisalp. 14. B!—(pleurota typica). Anzi Clad. Cis. 15!
(extensa). Tuck. L. Am. Sept. 37!—(phyllophora). Leight. 375!

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, N. & S. America, India, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—3, 4, 5, 6...7, 8...10, 11...15...18, 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Shotover Wood; Bagley Wood, Berks! Mr. Baxter.

Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev.

A. Bloxam, Basingstoke! Kent. Mr. R. S. Hill. Rye-loaf Hill,
near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Ampthill, Beds. Rev. C. Abbot. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Bromsgrove Lickey; Ridgway; Malvern Hills, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Caer Caradoc!
Wrekin! Long Mynd! Stiperstones! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Ben-na-Bourd and Braemar! Sidlaw Hills and White Hills! Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardner. Cawdor Wood! Nairn. Mr. Croall. Schehallion! Sir W. J. Hooker. Doune! Mr. Mc Kinlay. Ben Ferrog! Mr. Borrer. Callernish. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Mangerton Mountain and Killarney! Sir T. Gage,

Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

WALES: - Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth.!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Portalat Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

16, C. vestita, Ach. thallus foliaceo-squamulose; podetia 1—2½ inches high, flavescent, cylindrical, simple, corticate, glabrous, cortex breaking into adnate or scabrous portions or verrucæ, which eventually become crenate

squamules; scyphi cylindrical, narrow, simple, or shortly proliferously divided; apothecia conglomerate.

Mountains, rare.

No doubt confounded with bellidiflora, which it much resembles, but distinct by different reaction.

SYN: -Ach, L. U. 541. (1810).

Fig :—Dill. xv. fig. 15. B. as to general form, but not colour of apothecia.

Exs: -Th. M. Fr. L. Sc. 12! Anzi Clad. Cis. 16. A! Mass.

173! Schær. 40!

Geog, Distrib :-- N. America.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland:—Ben Ferrog! Mr. Borrer. Aberdeen! Ben-na-Bourd, Braemar! Mr. W. Gardner.

17. C. deformis, Hffm. thallus foliaceous, leaflets pale green, inciso-crenate, whitish beneath; podetia 1—3 inches, leafless, tubular, sulphureo-pulverulent, turgid, simple, scyphiferous, scyphi regular or deformed, margins erect, crenato-dentate.

Shady woods, rare.

The podetia are cylindrical, leafless, thickened upwards, or sometimes turgid and narrowed under the scyphus, and are either entirely pulverulent, or corticate at the base, pulverulent above.

Syn:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. 120. (1795); Nyl. Syn. 1. 222; Scyphophorus deformis, Hook. Brit. 240; Cenomyce deformis, Hook. Scot. 63; Cladonia coccifera v, deformis, Mudd Man. 61. v. deformis a, Mudd Brit. Clad. 30.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 1394; Dill. t. xv. f. 18. A. Exs:—Bohl. 29. Mudd 25. Schær. 47. 48, 49.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. & S. America, India, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...5...10, 11, 12...14, 15, 16... 23.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Westmoreland! Mr. Robertson. Amberley Wild Brook, Sussex! Mr. Jenner. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Appin. Capt. Carmichaet. Ben-na-Bourd and Braemar! Mr. Croall. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Ben Ferrog! Mr. Borrer. Glen Callater and Linn of Dee! Aberdeen. Mr. W. Gardner.

IRELAND ;-Howth. Dr. Moore,

## \*\* Reaction, (K + C-)

18. C. digitata, Hffm. thallus foliaceous at base, leaves small, lobato-crenate, pale green above, white beneath; podetia ochroleuco-pulverulent, cylindrical, 1—

2 inches, simple, scyphi narrow, margin digitato-dentate incurved, or dilated and proliferous.

Mossy woods, rare.

Podetia sometimes corticate at the base, pulverulent above, sometimes entirely pulverulent, either leafless, or often with a few scattered leaflets, or sometimes leafy at the base, the leaflets diminishing in size upwards.

Reaction, colour, and incurved margins of scyphi distinguish this

from deformis.

SYN:—Hffm. Fl. Germ, 124. (1795); Nyl. Syn. 1. 222; Scyphophorus digitatus (in part). Hook. Brit. 240; Cenomyce digitata, Hook, Scot. 63; Cladonia coccifera € & digitata, Mudd Man. 61. Br. Clad. 31.

Fig:-Laur. in Sturm D. Fl. t. 15. 16.

Exs: -Schær. 44! 46!; Nyl. 25!

GEOG. DISTRIB -N. America, Australasia.

Bot. Prov :- 5...8...14, 15, 16 ...23.

England:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Wallington! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Oversley Wood. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Craig Koynoch! Mr. W. Gardner. Arran. Prof. Balfour. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND :- Kelly's Glen. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Mudd in his Manual, cites to his digitata E. Bot. t. 1836, which if it were not described as having scarlet apothecia, I should refer to some form of furcata. Certainly it does not represent the typical digitata, nor does E. Bot, t. 2439, which Hooker quotes as illustrative of digitata, but rather represents var. macilenta f. polydactyla. Mudd's specimens, 68, 69, 70, in his Br. Clad. from the incano-pulverulent colour approach macilenta.

Var.\* macilenta. Hffm. thallus foliaceous or squamulose; podetia incano-granuloso-pulverulent, cylindrical, —1in. high, slender, simple, sometimes shortly divided at the apex, ascyphous; apothecia terminal, tuberculose.

Mountainous turfy heaths, not unfrequent.

Syn:—Hffm. Fl. Germ. 126. p. p. (1795); Nyl. Syn. 1. 223. Scyphophorus filiformis, Hook. Brit. 239. Cenomyce filiformis, Hook. Scot. 63; Mack. Hib. 82; Cladonia coccifera η Mudd Man. 61. Cladonia coccifera ε macilenta, Mudd Br. Clad. 31.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 2028.

Exs:—Schær. 33! 34! M. & N. 750! Hepp. 113! Anzi Clad. Cis. 19. B. C.! Mudd L. Br. 29!

Geog. Distrib: - Europe, N. America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: 2...5...8...10, 11...14, 15 ..19.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. New Forest, Hants. Mr. Lyell. Edgefield! Sir W. J. Hooker. Cromford Moor, near Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. North-

umberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Braxted Park Wall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Wrekin! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills. Sir J. E. Smith. Campsie! Mr.

Mc Kinlay.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

f. clavata, (Ach.) podetia white, subventricoso-cornute, sterile.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 267. (1817).

Exs:—Schær. 75. Leight. 275! 297! 403!

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe. Bot. Prov :— 1, 2...5...7, 8.

ENGLAND:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Kynance Cove! Cornwall; Blackland Common, Henfield! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Nesscliffe! Long Mynd! Wrekin! and Laurence Hills! Shropshire.

WALES :- Barmouth!

f. polydactyla, Flk. podetia scyphiferous, scyphi digitato cristate.

SYN: - Mudd Man. 62. (1861).

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2437.

Exs:—Schær. 454. Leight, 174. Mudd 27, 28. Br. Clad. 77.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот, Ркоу: —2... 7, 8...10...12, 13 ...15...19... 31.

ENGLAND:—Westmoreland! Mrs. Stanger. Burton Mill Pond! Amberley Wild Nook! Sussex. Mr. Jenner. Kynance Cove, Cornwall! Mr. Borrer. Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Carr Hill! Linn of Dee! Mr. W. Gardner. Loch Minch, Aberdeen! Mr. Croall. Kirkmichael, Dumfriesshire. Mr. Mc Garroch.

IRELAND :- Bantry ! Miss Hutchins.

Wales:—Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire. Channel Islands:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

f. carcata, Ach. podetia leafy and squamulose.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 568. (1810). Syn. 266, Exs:—Mudd Br. L. 23. Br. Clad. 72, 79.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7 ..12 ...15...19...31.

ENGLAND: - Westmoreland! Mrs. Stanger. Lyth Hill! Shrop-shire.

SCOTLAND :- Craig-y-Barns, Dunkeld! Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :—Killarney Hill. Dr. Moore.

WALES :- Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire.

Channel Islands: —Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

f. ostreatiformis, thalline leaves adscending and imbri-

cate, rotundate, thickened and pulverulent at the margins, green above, white pulverulent beneath; podetia similar to those of *clavata*.

Fig:—Can. E. Bot. t. 2112. be. this? Exs:—Leight. 371. Mudd Br. Clad. 69.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 5...10.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Laurence Hill! Shropshire. Passing insensibly into digitata. Similar in general appearance to C. bacillaris, but distinct by different reaction.

## \*\*\* Reaction, (K—C—)

19. C. Florkeana, Fr. thallus squamulose, evanescent; podetia 1—1½ inch, white or brown, cylindrical, slender, cartilaginous, glabrous, continuously corticate, verruculose or squamoso-decorticate, nigrescent at the base, scales and granules innate, apex thickened, obsoletely scyphiferous and shortly divided; apothecia conglomerate.

Mountainous heaths, rare.

SYN:—Fr. L. E. 238. (1831). Nyl. Syn. 1, 225. Flk. Clad. 99; Cladonia coccifera v. Florkeana, Mudd Man. 61. (in part). Br. Clad. 33. (in part).

Fig:—Laur. in Sturm D. Fl. t. 14. f. a. d. Exs:—T. M. Fr. Lich. Scand 13. (in part). Geog. Distrib:—N. America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—10.. 15...19, 20.

ENGLAND: -Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon.

SCOTLAND :- Ben-a-Bourd! Mr. W. Gardner,

IRELAND:—Deneraile Mountains, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

Var.\* bacillaris, Ach. similar to Florkeana in general characters, but the cortex deliquesces into a granular ashey-grey or a fine white impalpable powder, or the granules are developed into minute leafy scales, which more or less entirely cover the podetia.

Mountainous heaths, not unfrequent.

Hitherto confused by external aspect and characters alone with C. macilenta, but separated by different reaction. Analogous to Florkeana, as pleurota to cornuc pioides and fimbriata to pyxidata.

SYN:—Var.\* bacillaris, Ach. and auct. pro. max. p.; Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. H. Nov. 1866.

Exs:—Schær. 36. 37. 56. Mudd Br. L. 24. Br. Clad, 70. 71.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. Tropical and S. America, India, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -3...5..7, 8...10...15...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Basingstoke! Mr. R. S. Hill. Long Mynd! Stiperstones! Wrekin! Laurence! Caradoc! Abdon Burf! Craigforda! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Aberdeen! Ben-na-Bourd! Mr. Croall. Sidlaw

Hills! and Cairn-a-Drochel! Mr. W. Gardner.

IRELAND :- Ireland ! Miss Hutchins & Sir T. Gage.

WALES :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

20. C. bellidiflora, Schær. thallus folioso-squamaceous; podetia flavescent, 1—2 inches, elongated, glabrous, cylindrical, simple, verrucoso-scabrous or foliaceo-squamulose, scyphi narrow, sometimes divided; apothecia conglomerate.

Lofty mountains, very rare.

Distinct by reaction from vestita (K f + C +) with which it has

been hitherto confounded.

Syn:—Schær. Spicil, 21. (in part) Nyl. Syn. 221. (in part): Scyphophorus bellidiflorus, Hook. Brit. 240; Cenomyce bellidiflora,
Hook. Scot. 64; Mack. Hib. 82; Cladonia coccifera B. bellidiflora, Mudd Man. 60. Br. Clad. 29. (in part).

Fig :-E. Bot. t. 1894.

Exs:—Schær. 42, Anzi Clad. Cis. 16 B.!

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...11 ..14, 15, 16...23...30.

ENGLAND: —Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Prestwick Carr; Hexham and Dilston Fells; Cheviot, Northumberland;

Teesdale and Weardale, Durham. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Nevis! Messrs Turner & Hooker. Ben Lawers! Ben Lomond! Cairn Gorum! Sir W. J. Hooker. Craig Chailleach! Mr. D. Turner. Ben Ferrog! Ben Cruachan! Mr. Borrer. Arran. Prof. Balfour. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville, Lothnagar! Aberdeen! Cawdor Wood! Nairn! and Braemar! Mr. Croall.

IRELAND :- Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Kelly's Glen, Dublin.

Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Diffwys, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

### SUB-GENUS 3. CLADINA. Nyl.

Thallus leafless; podetia without scyphi, repeatedly branched, more or less smooth; apothecia terminal, biatorine, pale or red.

A. Phæocarpæ, apothecia pale or fuscous.

## \* Reaction (K f + C +)

1. C. sylvatica, Hffm. podetia 2-6 inches high,

white or pale straw-coloured glabrous, branched, terminal branches radiato-cymose, fastigiate, apices subsecund nodding.

Hills, mountains, heaths, &c., probably not uncommon.

Separated from rangiferina by the above characters and different reaction.

Syn:—C. sylvatica, Hffm. Fl. Germ. 114. (1795). Nyl, Syn. 1. 212. C. rangiferina B. sylvatica, Mudd Man. 59. Br. Clad. 25, Exs:—Coëm. Clad. Belg. 158. 159. Leight. 57.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. & S. America, India, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:-14, 15...19.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills! Dr. Greville. Deerhill Wood! Sands of Barrie! Mr. W. Gardiner. Callander! Mr. Mc Kinlay. IRELAND:—Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

f. scabrosa, podetia scabrous, with minute whitish irregular points or verrucæ.

Exs:-Mudd Br. Clad, 57, 60.

In similar situations with type, but differences owing probably to

age or climate.

England:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Basingstoke, Kent! Mr. R. S. Hill. Yorkshire! Mr. J. G. Baker. Long Mynd! Shomere Moss! Shropshire.

f. alpestris, Linn. podetia white or pale straw-coloured, verrucose, intricately and divaricately branched, densely thyrsoid at the apex.

Similar habitats with type; rare.

Syn:—f. alpestris, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1620. Nyl. Syn. 1, 212; Cladonia rangiferina v. alpestris, Mudd Man.; Br. Clad.

Fig:- Dill. t. xvi. f. 29. E. F.

Exs:-M. & N. 1063!

GEOG. DISTRIB:—N. Tropical and S. America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 15... 23.

England:—Near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND:—Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Ballytore, Kildare! Mr. Carroll.

f. portentosa, Duf. podetia very thick and turgid, verrucoso-leprous, branches short, turgescent, apices denticulato-cristate.

Syn: - Duf. Revis. 29. (1818). Nyl. Syn 212.

Exs:—Coëm. Clad. Belg, 164. 165.

Bot. Prov:-8.

ENGLAND:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam.

f. pumila, Ach. densely cæspitoso-pulvinular.

Syn: -Ach. L. U. 566. (1810). Syn. 278.

Geog. Distrib:-N. & S. America, Africa, Polynesia, Australasia.

ENGLAND:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Nesscliffe, Shrop-shire!

2. C. amaurocræa, (Flk.) straw-coloured or whitish-straw-coloured, efoliolose; podetia glabrous or slightly squamoso-decorticate, straight, subulate and slender, much branched, some scyphiferous, scyphi cupuliform, dentato-cristate or subulato-spinose, often proliferous.

In sub-alpine regions, very rare. 1869.

SYN :- Flk. Clad. 119. (1828). Nyl. Syn. 216, Crombie En. 22.

Exs:-Fellm. 41. Fries. 347.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Northernmost parts of Europe, Asia, America, and Australasia.

Bot. Prov:-15.

Scotland:—County of Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

## \*\* Reaction, (K + C -)

3. C. rangiferina, Hffm. podetia 2—6 inches high, cinerascent, verruculoso-scabrous, subtomentose, branched, terminal branches subcorymbose, fastigiate, apices subsecund, nodding.

Hills, mountains, heaths, common.

Distinguished from sylvatica by the above characters and different reaction.

SYN:—C. rangiferina, Hoffm. Fl. Germ. 114. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 211; Hook. Brit. 235; Mudd Man. a. 58. Br. Clad. a. b. c. 25; Cenomyce rangiferina, Hook. Scot. 65. Mack. Hib. 79.

Fig:-E. Bot. t. 173. Dill. xvi. f. 29. A. B.

Exs:—Schær. 76, (f. gracilis), 77. (f. grandis,) Coëm. Clad. Belg. 140. 146.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. & S. America, Asia, Africa, India.

Bot. Prov:—1...4...10 ...13, 14, 15, 16...18...31.

England:—Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt. Peart's Crags; near Park House, Settle, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. Bedfordshire. Rev. C, Abbot. Tiptree Heath, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Shropshire!

Scotland:—Sands of Barrie! Summit of Lion's Face! Mr. W. Gardiner. Glen Callater! Braemar! Dr. Lindsay. Craig Koynoch! Mr. Croall. Hebrides; Arran; Long Island. Prof. Balfour. Hartfell, Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Pentland Hills, Dr. Greville.

IRELAND:—on heaths and mountains, common; Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey; Sark; Herm; Jethou, &c. Mr. Larbalestier.

## \*\*\* Reaction, (K-C+)

4. C. uncialis, Hffm. podetia greenish-straw-coloured,

glabrous, cylindrical, fistulose, dichotomous, branches short, apices subulate denticulate or digitate.

Heaths and moors, common.

SYN: - C. uncialis. Hffm. Fl. Germ. 117. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 1. 215. Hook, Brit. 235; Mudd Man. 59; Cenomyce uncialis, Hook, Scot. 64. Mack. Hib. 79. Cladonia stellata a. uncialis. Mudd Brit.

Fig:—E. Bot. t, 174.

Exs:—Schær. 82. Leight. 58.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1...4, 5...7, 8...10, 11...15, 16...18...20. England:—Yarmouth! Mr. D. Turner. Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt. Malham Tarn, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Ampthill, Beds. Rev. C. Abbot. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Bromsgrove Lickey, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Shropshire!

SCOTLAND:—Ben Mc Dhiu, Braemar! Dr. Lindsay. Hartfell,

Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Hebrides; Arran. Prof. Balfour. IRELAND:—Coachford! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Llyn-y-Cwm Bychan! near Barmouth, Mr. Borrer.

f. turgescens, Fr. podetia thickened and turgid upwards, apices dilated, denticulato-stellate.

Heaths and mountains, rare.

SYN:—-C. turgescens, Fries L. E. 244. (1831). Mudd Man. 59; Cladonia stellata b. turgescens, Mudd Man. Clad. 27.

Exs:—Schær. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:—2...15.

ENGLAND: Hants! Mr. R. S. Hill.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers; Ben Voirlich. Dr. Greville. Hill of Ardo, near Aberdeen! Rev. J. M. Crombic.

f. adunca, (Ach.) podetia elongated, somewhat turgid, branches hooked.

Similar situations with type, not uncommon.

SYN: --f. adunca (Ach.) Hook. Scot. 64; Cladonia stellata B. elatior, Mudd Man. 59! Cladonia stellata B. adunca. Mudd Br. Clad. 26.

Fig :—Dill. XVI. f. 21 A.B.

Exs:—Schær, 513, 514, Mudd L. Br. 21! Br. Clad. 62!

Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...10, 11...15...20.

ENGLAND:—Hants! Mr. R. S. Hill. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Cheviot; Teesdale. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND: Ben Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Summit of Bassier, Clova!; Sidlaw Hills! Forfar. Mr. W. Gardiner.

IRELAND: -- Doneraile Mountains, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Dr. Taylor in Mack. Hib. 79. mentions a var. attenuata gathered

by Mr. Templeton on the side of Devis Mountains, to which he quotes Dill. xvi. f. 22. H. and thus characterizes; thallus of minute lobed basal scales; podetia brown, subdivided at the summits, beset with minute scales. Whatever this may prove on inspection of the specimens, it certainly does not belong to this sub-genus *Cladina*.

#### II. PILOPHORON. Tuck.

Thallus subsquamaceo-granulose. Podetium rigid, cylindrical, simple, or branched upwards, granulate. Apothecia nigro-rufous, capituliform, subglobose. Spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, or oblongo-ellipsoid, simple. Sterigmata simple. Spermatia cylindrical, curved or straight.

1. P. fibula, Tuck. whitish, subsquamaceo-granulate, concrescenti-areolate, appressed; podetia solid, erect, terete, very short, simple, subsquamaceo-granulate; apothecia subglobose, depressed; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, or ellipsoideo-fusiform; cephalodia thalline, fusco-nigricant, minutely tuberculose.

On perpendicular wet rocks, rare.

Syn:—P. fibula, Tuck. Syn. Lich. N. Amer. p. 46. (1845).
 Fig:—Th. M. Fries Mon. Ster. & Pil. t. 10. f. 5. Nyl. Syn. t.
 f. 6.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-N. America.

Bot. Prov:-7.

Wales:—Llyn Cae! Llyn Aran! and the Giant's Pebbles! Cader Idris! Arran Mowddy! Pass of Llanberis! Snowdon.

#### TRIBE V. STEREOCAULEI.

Thallus generally cæspitose, formed of podetia with a solid cartilaginous medullary axis, around which the white exterior fragile granulose portions of the thallus are congregated. Apothecia terminal or lateral, lecideine, nigricant or fuscous.

#### I. STEREOCAULON. Schreb.

Podetia covered with fragile granules of various forms. Apothecia fuscous or fusco-pallescent. Spores cylindraceo-fusiform, with few or many septa, (3—9). Sterigmata simple. Spermatia aciculari-bacillar, straight, or slightly curved.

1. S. coralloides, Fr. cæspitose, ramose, glabrous, granules cinerascent, subfibrillose or digitato-divided; apothecia terminal and lateral; spores cylindraceo-fusiform, 3-septate; cephalodia cinerascent, verrucose, minutely granulate, sessile.

On rocks, common.

SYN:—S. coralloides, Fr. Sched. Crit. 4. p. 24. (1824). Nyl. Scand. 63.

Fig:-Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 16. Schær. En. t. 6, f. 5.

Exs:—Tuck. 94. Schær. 261. Hepp 114. M. & N. 73. Leight. 148. Mass. 44. Anzi It. S. 28.

GEOG. DISTRIB.—N. Europe, N. Asia, N. America. Bot. Prov:—1..7...10, 11..13, 14, 15, 16...19.

ENGLAND: - Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman, Baysdale

Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Dartmoor. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Caerlaverock Wood! Dumfries; and Isle of Skye. Dr. Lindsay. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Sidlaw Hills; Balgay; Clova; Canlochen. Mr. W. Gardiner. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Conner Cliffs, near Dingle; on Caher McGillicuddy's Reeks; Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Mr.

Carroll.

WALES: - Cader Idris. Dr. Holl. Barmouth!

2. S. paschale, (Ach.) densely stipate, ascending, nearly glabrous, granules albo-cinerascent or whitish, crenate; apothecia terminal; spores fusiformi-cylindrical, 3-(sometimes 5—9-)-septate; cephalodia verrucose, cinerascent, sessile.

On rocks, common. 1724.

SYN: -S. paschale, Ach. Meth. 315. (1803). Nyl. Scan. 64.

Fig :- E. Bot. 282. Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 18-28.

Exs: -Tuck. 112. Hepp 304.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, N. America, Ceylon.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5, 7, 8 .10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15...18, 19...

England:—Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. Teesdale. Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Kielder, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour. Sussex. Mr. Hemmings. Falcon Clints, Teesdale. Mr. Mudd. between Lestwithiel and St. Austle, Cornwall. Messrs. Turner & Sowerby. near Ambleside. Sir J. E. Smith. Dartmoor, Devon, Mr. Newberry. Northumland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Blackstone Rock. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Black Edge, near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Pophills, near Alcester. Mr. Purton. Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Hill east of Glen Callater! Braemar; Caerlaverock, Dumfries; and 'opposite Birnam, Dunkeld. Dr. Lindsay. Inchnadaff, Berwickshire. Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Strathmartin, Forfarshire, Mr. W. Gardiner. Callernish, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. IRELAND:—Connemara! co. Galway. Dr. Moore. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Conner Cliff, Dingle. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Cader. Idris and Snowdon; Dillenius. Craig Breid-

din! Montgomeryshire

3. S. tomentosum, Fr. podetia densely arachnoideotomentose, whitish, divaricato-ramose, granules albidocinerascent, crowded, rounded or crenate; apothecia terminal and lateral; spores fusiformi-bacillar, 3,- (rarely 5-7-) septate.

On rocks, rare.

SYN: -S. tomentosum, Fr. Sched. Crit. 3. p. 20. (1824). Nyl. Scand. 64.

Exs: -Tuck. 23. Schær. 262. 264, Hepp 302. Anzi Ven. 19.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, Asia, Peru, N. & S. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-10...15.

England :- Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon.

Scotland:—South Ferry Links, Fifeshire! Dr. Ogilvie. Sands of Barrie; Head of Canlochen, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Ben Lawers! Dr. Lindsay. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. alpinum, Laur. podetia less tomentose, granules whitish, turgid, verrucoso-conglomerate.

On rocks.

SYN:—S. alpinum, Laur. Fr. L. E. p. 204. (1831). Nyl. Scand. 64.

Exs:—Schær. 263. Hepp 303. Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу:-12...15...26,

England : — Cumberland ! Mrs. Stanger.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Ireland:—Connemara. Dr. Moore.

Var. botryosum, Ach. podetia glabrous, granules thyrsoideo-conglomerate on the extremities of the branches.

On rocks.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 581. (1810). Nyl. Scand. 64.

Exs :- Schær. 264.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-10.

ENGLAND :- Teesdale. Mr. Mudd.

4. S. denudatum, Flk. podetia slender, simple or branched, attenuate at the apex, glabrous, granules whitsh, or albo-cinerascent, subpeltate, medio-depressed, margin white crenulate; apothecia fuscous, small, plane or convex, terminal or lateral; spores elongato-fusiform,

3-(rarely 5—7-) septate; cephalodia olivaceo-fuscescent, verrucoso-glomerulose.

On rocks, not uncommon.

SYN: -S. denudatum, Flk. D. L. 79. (1815). Nyl. Scand. 65.

Fig:-Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 29.

Exs: -M. & N. 466. Fr. 546. Anzi Langob. 15.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15...18, 19, 20...26...30.

ENGLAND: - Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Battersby Moor! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Baker. Clee Hill; Mynydd-

y-Myfyr, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey.
Scotland:—Aumbre! Perthshire; Caerlaverock Wood! Dumfries; Ben Mac Dhiu, Braemar! (4294. ft.); Ben Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Ben Lawers! (4406, ft.) Dr. Gilchrist. Sidlaw Hills and Clova. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island. Prof. Balfour. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Connemara! and co. Antrim; Killarney. Dr. Moore.

Gongaumbarra, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris! Arran Mowddy!

Pass of Llanberis! Snowdon.

5. S. condensatum, Hffm. very small, podetia very short, strong, simple, naked, granules whitish or cinerascent, nodulose, crenulate, condensed into a lax-granulose crust; apothecia fuscous, sessile; spores fusiform or cylindraceo-fusiform, 3-7-septate.

On the earth and rocks, rare.

SYN:—S. condensatum, Hoffin. Fl. Germ. p. 130. (1795). Nyl. Scand. 65.

Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 7. f. 81.

Exs: -Schær. 509 Mudd 33, Anzi It. S. 29, Mass. 181. Th.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, N. America, Java.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 5...7.. 10, 11...15...19.

ENGLAND ; -Battersby Moor ; ! Ayton Moor ! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Sweeney! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman, Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Aumbrey! Perthshire. Dr. Lindsay. Auchterhouse and Balkernnock, Forfarshire. Mr. Gardiner. Castleton, Braemar.

Adm. Jones.

IRELAND: —Mangerton, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- La Moie, Jersey; Tortavel, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. cereolinum, Ach. thallus closely affixed to the rock; dodetia slender, glabrous, often sorediiferous at the apices; cephalodia verrucoso-glomerulose, darkly cinereo-fuscescent.

On rocks, rare.

SYN: -S. cereolinum, Ach. Syn, 285. (1817). Nyl. Scand. 66.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2667.

Exs: -M. & N. 947. Anzi It. S. 30. Korb. 271.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, N. America.

Вот, Ркоу: -7...11...15...19...30.

ENGLAND:—near Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Wall-

town; Housesteads, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Ben Nevis. Adm. Jones. Ben Lomond. Mr. Cotton. Ben Cruachan; Ben Nevis; Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. near Giant's Causeway. Dr. Moore.

Wales: Llyn Aran! near Llyn Gwernon! Cader Idris.

Var. condyloideum, (Ach.) thallus smaller, podetia slender, simple or branched, branches shortly ramuloso-divided at the apices.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. Suppl. 51. (1803). Nyl. Scand. 66. Crombie En. 17.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Finland.

Вот. Ркоу: - 11. 15.

England:—Housesteads, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. North West, Durham. Mr. Thornhill.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

6. S. nanum, Ach. very small, flocculoso-pulverulent; podetia slender, cæspitoso-congested, simple or branched upwards, branches subfastigiate, obsoletely arachnoid, granules albido-glaucescent or subæruginose, minute, nodulose or powdery; apothecia unknown.

On earth and fissures of rocks, rare.

Syn :- S. nanum, Ach. Meth. 315. (1803). Nyl. Scand. 66.

Fig :- Micheli Nov. Gen. t. 53. f. 8.

Exs:—M. & N. 647. Hepp 547. Th, Fr. 37. Mass. 142. Schær. 588.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Algeria, America.

Вот. Ркоу:--1...5...10...15...30.

England:—Lamorna! Rev. T. [Salwey. Worcestershire Beacon, Malvern Hills! Mr. Lees. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Sweeney, near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale Forest. Rev. J. Harriman. Cornwall. Adm. Jones. Devonshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Exeter, Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Den of Balthayock! Perthshire. Dr. Ogilvie. West Water! Forfarshire; North banks of the Isla, West of the Reeky

Lin, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Stenton Crag, Dunkeld. Dr. Lindsay. Grampians, Breadalbane and Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Glen Lochy, near Killin, Perthshire. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Learmont, co. Derry. Adm. Jones.

### SERIES III. RAMALODEI.

Thallus fruticulose or filamentose, erect or pendulous, terete, or variously compressed or angular, without any leaflets or granular or basal crust, internally tubulose with a hollow medulla, or solid. Apothecia generally lecanorine.

#### TRIBE VI. ROCCELLEI.

Thallus ramose, terete or compressed, whitish, subcartilaginous, internally with a copious filamentose medulla. Apothecia adnate, nigricant. Spores oblongofusiform, 3-septate.

#### I. ROCCELLA. DC.

Thallus fruticulose, terete or compressed, albicant or cinereo-lurid, opake, smooth, internally dense. Apothecia lateral, lecideine, lecanorine or irregular, hypothecium thick, black. Spores oblong or fusiform, 3-septate, straight or curved. Spermatia acicular, arcuate.

1. R. tinctoria, DC. terete or sub-compressed, whitish, vermiculari-elongate, simple or bifurcate; apothecia lecideine, black, albido-pruinose; spores oblongo-fusiform, 3-septate. (K red.)

On rocks by seaside.

Syn:—R. tinctoria, DC. Fl. Fr. 2. 334. (1805). Nyl. Syn. 258. Fig:—E. Bot. 211. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 2. Tul. Mem. Lich. t. 16. f. 6. 7.

Exs: -Schær. 602. Mass. 124. Anzi Etr. 4. Hepp. 568.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Africa, E. Indies, Central America. Bot. Prov:—1, 2... 31.

ENGLAND:—Portland Island, Viscount Lewisham. Lynmouth Tors. Miss Atwood. Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Mr. Gosselin. St. Ouen's Bay, Jersey. Mr. W. Stevens. Scilly Islands. Sir W. J. Hooker.

2. R. phycopsis, Ach. terete or slightly compressed, whitish, or much branched and densely caspitose; apo-

thecia lecideine, black, naked or pruinose; spores fusi-formi-oblong, 3-septate, (K red but soredia—).

On maritime rocks.

SYN:—R. phycopsis, Ach. L. U. 440. (1810). Nyl. Syn. 259. Fig:—Schær. Enum. t. 1. f. 3. Nyl. Syn. t, 8. f. 3. Tul. Mem.

L. t. 16. f. 1. 5. 8. Exs:—Mudd 48, Larb. 11. Mass, 208. Anzi It, S. 25. Hepp

357.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Africa.

Bot. Prov :- 1, 2.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Bembridge! Isle of Wight; Walls of Godshill Church, Isle of Wight! Mr. A. G. More. Coasts of Devon and Cornwall; Portland Island. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Scilly Islands. Sir W. J. Hooker, Bolt Head, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Brelade Bay; Noirmont; Jersey! Jervonsey, Guernsey; Sark. Mr. Larbalestier. Scilly Islands. Rev

J. M. Crombie. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

3. R. fuciformis, Ach. compressed, whitish, albidoglaucescent, or glauco-fuscescent, polished, fuciformibranched, rigid; apothecia marginal, lecanorine or dirinoid, superficial, pruinose; spores fusiform or oblongofusiform, 3-septate; (K—but soredia red.)

On maritime rocks.

Syn: -R. fuciformis, Ach. L. U. 440. (1810). Nyl. Syn. 260.

Fig :—E. Bot. 728, Nyl. Syn. t. 8, f. 5.

Exs:—Bourg. 277. Larb. 12. Mandon. 23. Hepp 567. Schær. 553. Mass. 286. Leight. 171.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, Central America.

Bot. Prov :- 1...31.

ENGLAND: —Tintagel, near Arthurs Castle. Mr. D. Turner. Coast of Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Bolt Head, S. Deyon. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Mr. Dickson. Beauport Bay; Noirmont, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. St. Brelade Bay, Jersey. Mr. W. Stevens. Scilly Islands. Sir W. J. Hooker.

### TRIBE VII. SIPHULEI.

Thallus podetiiform, whitish, opake, fistulose. Apothecia unknown.

#### I. THAMNOLIA. Ach.

Thallus consisting of stipites or podetia which are cylindrical or sub-compressed, cornute, imperforate, simple or branched, apices acute, internally fistulose. Apothecia unknown. Spermatia cylindrical.

1. T. vermicularis, (Sw.) chalky-white, 2-4 inches, prostrate, ascending or erect, subulate or turgid, simple or bifurcate, smooth or longitudinally rugulose, dispersed or stipate. (K +)

On mossy earth, rare. 1799.

Syn:—Lichen vermicularis, Sw. in Linn. fil. Meth. Musc. 119. (1781).

Fig: E. Bot. 2029. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 29. f. 1. 2. 3. Nyl.

Syn. t. 8. f. 6.

Exs:—Schær. 86. Tuck. 118. Hepp 298. Anzi Cisalp. 28, Fellm.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Europe, Asia, Central and S. America, New Holland.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...12. ..15, 16.

ENGLAND :- Skiddaw, Cumberland. Mr. Pilkington,

Scotland:—Scotch Mountains. Mr. Dickson. (1799). Ben Lawers! Ben Nevis. Mr. D. Turner. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Summit of Lochnagar! Braemar. Dr. Lindsay. Peak of Mamsoul, Inverness. Dr. B. White.

WALES :- Cader Idris. Rev. T. Salwey.

#### TRIBE VIII. USNEEL.

Thallus whitish or pallido-virescent, ramose and ramulose, tough, terete, erect or pendulous, internally with a firm filiform axis. Apothecia lecanorine, peltate, thalline margin ramuloso-ciliate. Spores colourless, small, ellipsoid. Paraphyses indistinct.

## I. USNEA, Hffm.

Thallus filamentose, erect or pendulous, fibrilloso-ramulose, medullary axis solid. Apothecia concolorous, terminal or lateral. Spores small, ellipsoid, colourless, simple. Sterigmata simple. Spermatia straight, cylindrico-acicular, apically truncate, fusiformi-turgid basally.

1. *U. barbata*, Fr. albido-glaucescent or pale cinereovirescent, terete, variously branched, erect or pendulous; apothecia concolorous, rather large; spores shortly ellipsoid.

On trees, pales &c. common. 1778.

f. 1. florida, Fr. thallus erect, nearly glabrous, more or less polished, divaricato-fibrillose.

Syn:—Fries L. E. 18. (1831). Nyl. Scand. 68. Fig :—E. Bot. 872. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 30. f. 2. Exs:—Anzi It. S. 12. Mass. 51. M. & N. 260. Wright 5. Schær. 398. Hepp 826. Spruce Am. 49. Mudd 34. Welw. Lus. 115.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5, 6...10, 11...14, 15...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Near Ludlow, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gibside Woods, Durham. Mr. Winch. Wetheley; Ragley Park, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. New Forest; near Exeter and Hastings. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland: --Swanston Wood, Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Deerhill Wood, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Kinnoul Wood. Mr. Croall. Kinnaird. Mr. J. Laing. Killin, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton.

Wales:—Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Channel Islands:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

f. 2. hirta, Fr. thallus erect, or subpendulous, minutely and abundantly fibrillose, much branched, verrucososorediate.

On trees, and pales, common. 1724.

SYN:-Fr. L. E. 18. (1831).

Fig:-E. Bot. 1354. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 30. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær. 399. Mudd 35. Anzi It. S. 16. Hepp 828. Leight. 1. Spruce Am. 50.

GEOG. DISTRIB:— Northern Europe, N. America. Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...10, 11...14, 15...20.

ENGLAND:—Stockton Park; Ingleby; Greenhow, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Aymestry! Herefordshire; Wrekin! Caradoc! Haughmond Hill! Valeswood! near Ludlow! and generally in Shropshire.

Scotland:—Berwickshire. Dr. G. Johnston. near Aviemore in Strathspey. Mr. Brodie. Muchalls and Durris, Kincardineshire;

Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Glenbower Woods! near Youghal, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

f. 3. dasypoga, Fr. like florida, but thallus elongatopendulous.

SYN: -Fr. L. E. 18. (1831). Nyl. Scand. 69.

Fig :- Dill. Musc. t. 12. f. 6.

Exs :- Anzi It. S. 13. Fellm. 49. Schær. 402. Mass. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America, Madagascar, Java, Brazils. Bot. Prov:—15...19.

SCOTLAND: - Kinnoul Hill, Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Countesswells,

near Aberdeen; Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Muckruss Demesne, Killarney and Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Mr. Carroll.

USNEA. 85

f. 4. plicata, Fr. thallus pendulous, entangled, not fibrillose-ramose.

On trees and rocks, frequent. 1696.

SYN:-Fr, L. E. p. 13. (1831).

Fig :—E. Bot. 257. Dill. Musc. t, 11. f. 1. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 9. Exs ;—Schær. 401. M. & N. 116. Mudd 36. Anzi Langob. 414. Hepp 829. Anzi It. S. 14.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4...10, 11...13, 14, 15...20...31.

England: —Woodcot Wood, Hampshire. Mr. Doody. (1696). Dorsetshire. Dr. Pulleney. Broughton Bank!; Ingleby Park!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Correysthorpe Banks, Castle Howard, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. near Bodmin. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Northwin, Herts. Mr. Miller. Waskerley Bourn, near Wolsingham, Durham. Mr. Winch. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Scotland:—Barntimpen Linn, par. Kirkpatrick, Dumfriesshire. Dr. Burgess. Balmuta; Pentland Hills; Drumshoreland Muir. Dr. Greville. Berwickshire. Dr. G. Johnston. Kinfauns, Perth. Dr.

Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Glenbower Wood, near Youghal : Ardrum, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

f. 5. articulata, Ach. thallus elongato-ramose, with or without fibrillæ, articulato-constricted, more or less inflated.

On trees, rare. 1724.

Syn :- Ach. Meth. 313. (1803). Nyl. Scand. 69.

Fig :-E. Bot. 258. Dill. Musc. t. 11, f. 4.

Exs:-Dicks. 24. Schær. 497.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Asia, America, Canaries, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...5...7...9...15...23.

England:—Exmouth Warren, Devon. Sir W. J. Hooker. Liskeard. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. near Burnley, Lancashire. Mr. Willisell. (1724). near Stockenchurch, Oxford. Mr. Bobart. Gattley Park, Herefordshire: near Bishop's Castle, Salop. Mr. L. Brown. Forest of Dean, Gloucestershire. Mr. T. Cole. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

SCOTLAND :- Deerhill, and other Woods, Forfarshire Mr. W.

Gardiner.

IRELAND:—Malahide. Mr. Mackay. Portmarnock, near Dublin. Dr. Taylor.

WALES: -Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth; Bettws-y-Coed. Rev.

T. Salwey.

f. 6. ceratina, Schær. thallus erect or pendulous, papilloso-scabrous, variously fibrilloso-ramose.

On trees, rare.

SYN: -Schær. Spicil. 505. (1840). Nyl. Scand. 69.

Fig :-Schær. Enum. t. 1. f. 1. Nyl. t. 8. f. 8.

Exs:—Scher. 400. M & N. 465. Hepp 567. Spruce Am, 54. Mass. 83.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Canaries, E. & W. Indies, Polynesia. N. Granada, Brazils.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...6...15.

SCOTLAND:—Killin; Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Kinnoull Hill, Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

WALES :- Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir. J. E. Smith.

f. 7. rubiginea, Ach. thallus rubiginose; apothecia concolorous.

On trees, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 621. (1810). Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 8. 96.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- N. America.

Bot. Prov :-2.

England:—St. Leonards Forest, Sussex; New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869). Hastings. Dr. Holl.

### TRIBE IX. RAMALINEI.

Thallus terete or compressed, erect or pendulous, internally with a woolly medulla. Apothecia concolorous or discolorous, lecanorine, thalline margin entire; paraphyses distinct or indistinct. Spores various. Spermatia various.

### I. ALECTORIA, Ach. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus terete or compressed, erect, prostrate or pendulous, filamentose, internally arachnoid or hollow, intricato-ramose, epithallus shining. Apothecia with indistinct paraphyses. Spores ellipsoid. Spermatia slender, acicular, apically fusiformi-incrassate.

1. A, bicolor, (Ehrh.) black or fusco-nigricant or castaneo-fuscescent, terete, erect, much branched, divaricato-fibrillose, densely intricate, paler at the apices; apothecia lateral, small, nigricant; spores 8, small, shortly ellipsoid. (K = C = )

On alpine rocks. 1795.

SYN :- Ehrh. Beytr. 3. p. 82, (1788) Nyl. Scand. 71.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1853.

Exs :- M. & N. 167. Schær. 495. Tuck, 2. Mudd 39. Anzi Ven. 17.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Arctic Europe, Switzerland, France, Arctic America, Himalaya.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...7...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Stansfield Moor, near Halifax, Mr. Baker, Penzance. Mr. Parfitt. Kildale Moor; High Cliff!; Cleveland and Farndale!; Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Cornwall.

Dr. Montgomery.

Scotland:—Ben-y-Gloe. Mr. Dickson, (1795), above Loch Tay. Messrs Turner & Hooker. Aberfeldy, Perthshire. Mr. Macmillan. Top of Lochnagar! Braemar. Dr. Lindsay. near Top of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. Clova Mountains. Mr. W. Gardiner. Breadalbane and Braemar; Canlochan. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Killin. Dr. Holl.

Wales:—Llyn Bodlyn! and Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. North Wales. Rev. Hugh Davies. Giant's Pebbles! Cader Idris.

2. A. nigricans, (Ach.) castaneo-nigricant, paler at base, terete, or sub-compressed, erect or ascending, opake, dichotomously branched, intricate, axils more or less lacunoso-impressed; apothecia badio-fuscous, lateral or terminal, adnate; spores 2-3, colourless, large, ellipsoid. (K yellow, C red)

On alpine rocks. rare.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 615. (1810). Nyl. Scand. 71. Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 8, f. 17, Ach. Meth. t, 6. f. 1.

Exs :- Fellm. 54, Korb. 241. Th. Fr. 28.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, America.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Nevis; Braemar; Ben-na-boord; Ben Lawers!; Ben-y-gloe! Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Nevis. Adm. Jones.

3. A. ochroleuca, (Ehrh.) ochroleucous, fruticulosoerect, rigescent, terete or compressed, smooth, lacunosoimpressed, albo-sorediate, branched, ramuli attenuate, apically denigrate; apothecia dark brown, large, receptacle appendiculate; spores 2 or 4, fuscous, large, ellipsoid. (Kf+C+)

On the earth in alpine places.

Syn: -Ehrh, Beytr. 3. p. 82. (1788). Nyl. Scan. 72.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich, t. 26. f. 2. & t. 68. f. 5. 7. Nyl, Syn. t. 8. f. 21.

Exs:—M. & N. 853. Schær. 395, Fellm. 52. Zw. 384. Hepp 832, Anzi It. S. 23. Mass. 48.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Alps & Arctic Europe & N. America, Himalaya, Mexico, Japan, New Holland.

Вот. Ркоу: --7...11...15.

ENGLAND :- Eglestone Moors, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman.

Scotland:—Highlands of Scotland. Mr. Macmillan. Cairntoul, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Cwm Bychan! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. cincinnata, Fr. prostrate, compressed, thicker, dilated below, lacunose or foveolate, with long slender attenuate entangled branches above. (K f + C +) medulla K—C reddish.

In alpine places, rare.

SYN:-Fr. L. E. 22. (1830). Nyl. Scand, 73.

Fig :—E. Bot, 2040. Exs :—Fellm. 53.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, America.

Bot. Prov :-15, 16.

Scotland:—Morrone; Ben-na-boord; Ben Lawers! Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben-Mac-Dhiu. Mr. Macmillan. Ben Luighal, Sutherland, and Cairngorm, Invernessshire. Messrs Hooker & Borrer. Summits of Morne and Morchone, Braemar. Dr. W. L. Lindsay.

Var. crinalis, Ach. pallido-cinerascent, very slender, much implexo-ramose, filiform. (K f + C +)

On moss, very rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 495. (180.) Syn. 292. Nyl. Syn. 283.

Exs :- Fellm. 51.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

SCOTLAND: - Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Alectoria sarmentosa, Ach. is a distinct species with chemical reaction (K = C ±) and is represented in Th. Fr. 27. M. & N. 755. 464. and in Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 72. I am not aware of its having been found in Great Britian.

4. A. cana, Ach. pallido-canescent or pale flavido-rufescent, pendulous, elongate, dichotomously branched, flaccid, densely entangled, sub-compressed, angular and sublacunose below, filiform and capillary above; apothecia unknown. (K + C + )

On trees &c.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 593. (1810).

Fig :- Westr. Sv. Lafv. Farg.-Hist. V. 1. n. 14. fig. B.

Exs:—Schær. 496. Anzi It. S. 18, 19, 20, Th. Fr. 52. Hepp 831.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Prov :—10.

ENGLAND: -Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon.

Scotland:—Killin, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

The different chemical reaction appears to separate this as a distinct species from all forms of A. jubata.

5. A. jubata, Ach. fuscous or nigricant, livido-fus-

cescent or pallescent, terete, filiform, elongate, slender, ramose, pendulous or prostrate, entangled; apothecia brown, plane or convex, small; spores 8, colourless, small, elliptical. (K f + C -)

On trees and rocks in mountainous places.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 592. (1810). Nyl. Scand. 72.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1880. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 18. & 19. Dill. t. 12. f. 7.

Exs:—Schær. 396, 397, 496, Mudd 37, Leight. 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America, W. Indies, N. Africa, Canaries, Himalaya, Java.

Вот. Ркоv:—1, 2...5...7, 8...10, 11...14, 15...18...22, 23.

ENGLAND: Baysdale! Ayton Moor! Kildale Moor; Cleveland: Mr. Mudd. Dartmouth. Mr. R. Brown. Longformacus, Northumland. Mr. T. Brown. Rawse Castle; Longridge Dean; Murton Craigs; Dirrington Law, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Ludlow and Oswestry!, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire; Ragley near Kingley, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Gateshead Fell, Durham. Mr. Thornhill. Dartmoor; near St. Leonard's, Sussex. Dr. Holl. Charnwood Forest; Gopsall. Rev. A. Bloxam. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Pearts Crags, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot.

SCOTLAND:—Deerhill Woods, Forfarshire! Dr. G. Lawson. Invercauld, Braemar!; Craig-y-Barns, Dunkeld!; Knack Hill, Crieff! Dr. Lindsay. Pentland Hills; Swanston Wood. Dr. Greville. Killin; Rothiemurchus. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Garrynahine, Lewis.

Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Knockcurris, Innishowen. Mr. R. Brown. Lough Bray; Killiney Hills. Dr. Taylor. Luggelaw, co. Wicklow. Adm. Jones. Wales: - Diffwys; Llyn Bodlyn! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

Var. chalybeiformis, Ach. olivaceo-black, flexuose, decumbent, subfilamentose, wiry and rigid, shortly branched, intricate. (K f + C -)

On alpine rocks and boulders.

SYN: - Linn. Syst. Nat. (1767). Nyl. Scand, 72.

Fig :—Dill. t. 13. f. 10.

Exs:-Mudd 38. Schær, 396. Anzi It. S, 21.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—10, 11...15. ENGLAND:—Battersby Bank! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Charn-

berry, near Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND:—Loch-na-gar!; Braemar; Birnam Hill,! Dunkeld. Dr. Lindsay. Highlands, Messrs Turner & Hooker. Clova Mountains. Mr. W. Gardiner.

### II. EVERNIA. Ach. Nyl.

Thallus flaccid, erect or ascending or prostrate or

pendulous, applanate or subterete, laciniose, or very much branched, destitute of rhizinæ beneath, internally stuppeous. Apothecia lateral. Spores small, ellipsoid, simple. Paraphyses indistinct. Sterigmata pauci-articulate. Spermatia slender, acicular, fusiformi-incrassate and acute at both apices.

1. E. furfuracea, Mann. cinerascent, dichotomously multi-laciniate, upper surface isidioso-furfuraceous or fibrillose, under surface canaliculate black or cæsionigricant; apothecia sub-marginal, badio-rufous, receptacle smooth; spores ellipsoid. (K + C + )

On trees, pales, &c. common.

SYN:-Mann. Lich, Boh. p. 105. (1826). Nyl. Scand. 73.

Fig: E. Bot. 984. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t, 9. f. 2.

Exs:—Tuck. 55. M. & N. 63. Schær. 387. Anzi It. S. 71. Hepp 834. Mudd 40. Leight. 37.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. Africa, Canaries, Asia, N. & Cen-

tral America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5 ..7...10, 11...15...23.

ENGLAND:—Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Farndale!; Ayton Moor,! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry!; Mynydd-y-Myf-yr,! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Chillingham Park; Rawse Castle, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnstone. Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt. Wrekin! Caer Caradoc! Hay Park! near Ludlow, and other places! in Shropshire.

Scotland:—Balthayock Woods, Perth!; Johnston Hill!; Forfar. Dr. Lindsay. Deerhill and Baldovan Woods, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Killin; Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (forma scobicina Ach. isidioso-furfuraceous or isidioso-hispid) Ben Lawers;

Crainlorich. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Lough Bray, near Dublin, Dr. Taylor, Rochestown Hill, co. Dublin. Herb. Trin. Coll. Dubl.

WALES: - Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

2. E. prunastri, (L.) whitish, or albido-pallescent or albido-flavescent, multi-laciniate, lacunoso-rugose, margins generally albo-sorediate, subcanaliculate and pale beneath; apothecia lateral or marginal, badio-rufous, receptacle rugose; spores ellipsoid. (K + C +)

On trees, common.

SYN:-Linn. Sp. Pl. 1614. (1753). Nyl. Scand. 74.

Fig:-E. Bot. 859.

Exs:—M. &. N. 355. Tuck. 54. Schæn. 391. Anzi It. S. 70. Hepp 833. Mudd 41. Leight. 36. Larbal. 59.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. Africa, Asia, N. America, Peru. Bot. Prov:—1...3...5...7...10, 11, 12...15...19, 20...30, 31,

ENGLAND:—Thirsk! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Keswick,! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Lounsdale! and Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Gibside Woods, Durham. Mr. Winch. Wallington, Northumberland. Miss Trevelyan. Essex. Mr. Varenne. Holbrig Hall, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Nesscliffe! Bomere Pool! Haughmond Hill! Shrewsbury! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Kinnoul Hill! Perth; Arniston Woods! Edinburgh; Blaeberry Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Deerhill and other woods on the Sidlaws. Mr. W. Gardiner. Falls of Moness, Aberfeldy. Dr. Holl. Killin; Braemar; Durris; Countesswells, Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park! Bandon; Blarney! Castlemary! near Cork. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. near Killarney. Mr. Gough.

WALES :- Cessel Cwm and Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth. Rev.

T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey ; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. stictocera, (Sm.) thallus with small fuscous or fuscous-black tubercles. E. Bot. 1353. (K+C+)

On the sandy banks in the warren opposite Exmouth, Devonshire. Mr. Brodie. Quenvais, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

# III. RAMALINA, Ach. Fr.

Thallus whitish or pale, compressed, somewhat shining, rigescent, erect or prostrate, laciniate, alike on both sides. Apothecia scattered or marginal, concolorous, Spores colourless, oblong, curved, 1-septate. Paraphyses distinct. Sterigmata elongato-pauci-articulate with anastomosing filaments. Spermatia cylindrical, or oblongo-cylindrical, straight.

1. R. scopulorum, Ach. pale, shining, variable in size, breadth and branching, cartilaginous, elongate, compressed, more or less longitudinally striato-nervose, lacunose and sorediato-tuberculate; apothecia lateral or subterminal, pale, subpodicellate, margin obsoletely crenulate; spores oblong, straight.

On maritime rocks, not uncommon. (1793.)

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 604. (1810). Nyl. Scand. 75.

Fig:-E. Bot. 688. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 29.

Exs:—Schær. 554. Leight. 2. Bourg. 351. Hepp 837. Anzi It. S. 69. Th. Fries. 1. Welw. 38. 36. Larb. 13.

Geog. Distrib; -- Europe, Africa, Asia, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—1...7...10, 11...14, 15, 16, 18...23...30, 31. England:—Lamorna Cove, Cornwall. Mr. Knapp. Land's End. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Marshall Meadows and Hudshead, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Newbiggen; Dunstanborough; Bamborough; the Heugh; St. Cuthberts Island; Holy Island; Staples and Fern Islands, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Hartley Bates, Northumberland. Mr. Thornhill. near Torquay; Bolt Head, S. Devon; near Hay Tor, Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Lustleigh Cleve; Blackstone Rock, Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Standing Stones of Stenhouse, Orkney. Sir W. J. Hooker. Caroline Park; coast of Fife about Pettycur and Kirkaldy; King's Park, near Edinburgh; Isle of Bute. Dr. Greville. Banks of the Tay! Lundie Craigs; Turin Hill, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Clova. Mr. Croall. Arran. Prof. Balfour. Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Callernish; Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis,

Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: -Near Howth. Dr. Taylor. Ardglass, co. Down. Dr. Maingay.

WALES :- South Stacks, Holyhead !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. St. Brelade's Bay, Jersey. Mr. Stevens. Grosnez Common, Jersey, and all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. R. polymorpha, Ach. pale, scarcely shining, small, robust, densely cæspitose, dilatato-compressed, coarsely longitudinally striato-rugose, sorediate; apothecia subterminal; spores oblongo-ellipsoid or oblong, straight or curved.

On maritime rocks, not uncommon.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 600. (1810). Nyl. Scand, 76.

Fig:—Ach. in V. Ac. H. 1790. t. 11. f. 3.

Exs:—M. & N. 636. Schær. 394. Mudd 47. Hepp 563. Anzi Langob. 420, Leight. 73.

GEOG. DISTRIB:- Europe, Africa, N. America, New Holland.

Вот. Ркоу:—10, 11.. 15.. 30, 31.

England:—Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Whitsuncliffe, near Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. High Cliff and top of Roseberry and Howden Gill, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND : - Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

- 3. R. calicaris, Fr. pale, glaucous grey, albescent or albido-flavescent, rigescent, compressed, linear, longitudinally lacunose, variously and narrowly divided, often canaliculate; apothecia subterminal, pale or pale-flesh-coloured; spores curved or straight.
  - F. 1. canaliculata, Fr. erect, dichotomously branched,

laciniæ linear, elongated, attenuated at the apices, longitudinally lacunoso-canaliculate; apothecia terminal, subtended by the deflexed and elongated extremities of the laciniæ.

Cn trees.

SYN: -Fries. L. E. 30. (1831). Nyl. Syn. 293.

Fig :- Dill. t. 23. f. 62, A.B. Moris. 3. § 15. t. 7. f. 5.

Exs:—Schær. 493. Mudd 44. Welw. Lusit. 42. Mass. 115. Anzi Ital. S. 63. M. & N. 452. Mand. 24.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, America, Asia, Polynesia.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...3 ..5...10...13 ..15... 20... 31.

ENGLAND:—Airyholme Woods! Ayton, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Exmouth Warren, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Shropshire!!!

SCOTLAND: -Ayrshire! Mrs. Stanger. Johnstone's Hill, Forfar.

Dr. Gilchrist.

IRELAND:—Near Coacl ford and Fermoy! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

F. 2. farinacea, (L.) erect, dichotomously branched, laciniæ linear, elongated, undulato-attenuated at the apices, compressed, flat and polished, sometimes sublacunose, canaliculate, with white oblong more or less confluent soredia on the edges.

On trees. 1795.

SYN: -Linn. Fl. Suec. 1019. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 294.

Fig :- E. Bot. 889.

Exs: M, & N. 356, Anzi It, S. 67. Etr. 6. Schær. 494. Mudd 45. Leight. 40,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Generally throughout the world.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...10. 11...13, 14, 15...19...30, 31.

England; —Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Kildale! Newton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Thirsk! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Oxfordshire. Dr. Sibthorp. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Durham, Mr. Winch. Woods, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Stackhouse Borrins, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pulley! Shomere Woods,! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Edinburgh; Granton; Swanston; Corstorphine; Rosslyn; and Auchindenny Woods. Dr. Greville. Deerhill Wood, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Balthayock Woods! Perth; Yester House! Haddington. Dr. Lindsay. Ayrshire;! Mrs. Stanger.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Fermoy! near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Luggelaw. Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbales-

F. 3. thrausta, (Ach.) thallus angustissimo-divided, laciniæ terete or sub-compressed, smooth.

On alpine and sub-alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 596. (1813). Nyl. Syn. 296. Crombie En. 25. Exs:—Fr. L. S, 267,

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, Africa.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...5.. 15...31.

England :—Babicombe, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Longmynd! Salop.

SCOTLAND: - Coast of Kincardineshire; Morrone; Braemar;

Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—The Warrens, Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

F. 4. fraxinea, Fr. pendulous, straggling, laciniæ compressed, broadly applanato-dilated, lacunose, elongated and attenuated at the apices; apothecia large, marginal and superficial.

On trees, very common. 1798.

SYN:-Fries. L. E. 30. (1831). Nyl. Syn. 294.

Fig;—E. Bot. 1781.

Exs:—M. & N. 158. Schær. 492. Anzi It. S. 60. 62. 59. Mass. 117. 116. 119. 118. Spruce. 55. Leight. 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, America, Asia, Australasia. Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...7 ..8...8, 11...14, 15...19...23...31.

England:—Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Thirsk! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Oxfordshire. Dr. Sibthorp. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Durham. Mr. Winch. Exminster Marshes, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pulley! Haughmond Hill! and generally in Shropshire!!

Scotland: - Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gar-

diner. Invercauld! Braemar. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Hill of Howth, Mr. Templeton. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Wales :- Llandrindod! Radnorshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

F. 5. fastigiata, Fr. small, densely cæspitose, compressed, sterile laciniæ digitato-divided at the apex, fertile ones dilated and inflated upwards; apothecia terminal, subfastigiate, subtended by the very short deformed divaricate extremities of the laciniæ.

On trees, common. 1741.

SYN:-Fries. L. E. 30. (1131), Nyl. Syn. 294.

Fig :-E. Bot. 890. lower left hand fig: Dill. t. 23. f. 62.

Exs:—Tuck. 58. M. & N. 452. Schær. 491. Welw. 41. Anzi It. S. 65. 61. 64. Etr. 5. Mass. 176. 287. Mudd 43. Leight. 39. Larbal. 60.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, Asia, America, Australasia. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...8...10, 11...14, 15...19, 20...31.

ENGLAND:—Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey, Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Gloucester. Mr. T. Cole. Slinfold, Sussex; Stiperstones, Shropshire. Dillenius. (1741). Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Durham. Mr. Winch. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pulley! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Swanston Wood; Colinton and Granton Woods; Corstorphine Hill; Braid Hermitage, near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Rumbling Bridge. Prof. Balfour. Kinnoul Hill! Perth; Yester House! Haddington, Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: - Derriquin, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Great Island!

Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey; Serk! and all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

4. R. pollinaria, Ach. densely cæspitose, pale or whitish or albido-glaucescent, membranaceo-laciniose, laciniæ short, greatly dilated, sublacunose or lacunoso-corrugate, flaccid, covered with broad white sorediate confluent patches.

On trees, palings, &c., not very common. Syn:—Ach. L. U. 608. (1810). Nyl. Syn. 296.

Fig:-Ach. in V. Ac. H. 1796. t. 11. f. 2.

Exs:—M. & N. 546. Schær. 393. Anzi It. S. 68. Rabh. 766. Mudd 46, Hepp 564. 565. 566. Leight. 41.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa, W. Indies. Bot. Prov:—3, 4, 5...8...10, 11...19...30, 31.

England:.. Norfolk and Suffolk. Sir W. J. Hooker. Dorrington; Lodge, near Ludlow, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ingleby!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Teesdale. Rev. J. Harriman. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Totham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. near Lewes; Tunbridge Wells; Maidstone. Rev. J. Crombie. Caer Caradoc! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND : - near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Killarney. Dr. Car-

rington.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## TRIBE X. CETRARIEI.

Thallus compressed, rarely terete, variously fruticulose, or narrower, or frondose, membranaceous, dilatate or lobate, epithallus somewhat shining, internally filled with a white woolly medulla. Apothecia lecanorine, marginal. Spores 8, small, colourless, simple. Paraphyses indistinct. Spermogonia marginal, in setuliform apiculi, or black papillæ.

# I. CETRARIA. Ach. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus spadiceous or spadiceo-pallescent, rigescent, erect or ascending, laciniose, rarely fistulose, somewhat shining. Apothecia dull or bright brown. Spermatia cylindrical.

1. C. islandica, (L.) pale or pale chesnut-brown or fuscescent, laciniæ broad, variously divided, frequently subcanaliculate, margins spinuloso-ciliated, with impressed white soredia on the back; apothecia brown, large, adnate to the upper surface of the apices of the laciniæ, receptacle entire or crenulate.

On the ground in sub-alpine places, rare. 1794.

F. 1. platyna, Ach. laciniæ platyphyllous, margins spinuloso-ciliated.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 229. (1817). Nyl. Scand. 79.

Fig:—E. Bot. 133. Nyl. Syn, t. 8. f. 32.

Exs:—Schær. 22. Mudd 51. Leight. 42. Anzi It. S. 48. Mass. 102. Fellm. 58. Hepp 169.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Frigid & Alpine Europe, N. America, Him-

Вот. Ркоу —7...10, 11...13, 14, 15...18, 19, 20.

ENGLAND:—Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Murton Craigs; Belford; Lamberton Moor, Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Flarendale and on Seamer Moor, near Scarborough, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Terrington; Stockton; Earsley Moors, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdole. (1794). Ingleborough; Gregareth, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. Gateshead, Whickham and Muggleswick Fells; Teesdale and Weardale, Durham. Cheviot; Hedgehope; Simonside; Wallington Moors, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills, near Edinburgh; Ben Lomond. Sir. J. E. Smith. Ben-na-boord, Aberdeenshire; King's Park; Corstorphine; Dalmahoy. Dr. Greville. Morne near Castleton, Braemar. Prof Graham. Sidlaw Hills; Clova Mountains! Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island. Prof. Balfour. Hartfell, Moffat. Dr. Nichol, Morchone, Braemar. Mr. Croall. Ben Macdhui!, Braemar. Mr. Baker. Loch-na-Garr! Rev. T. B. Bell. Muirhall, Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Summit of Mangerton. Dr. Taylor. Devil's Ladder,

Carrantuel, Mc Gillicuddy's Reeks. Mr. Hardy.

Wales :- Cader Idris. Rev. T. Salwey.

F. 2. crispa, Ach. laciniæ stenophyllous, intricate, erect or depressed, canaliculate or with margins connivent or interruptedly tubulose, margins spinuloso-ciliated. Syn:—Ach. L. U. 513. (1810).

Fig :- Dill. t. 28. f. 112.

Exs:—Schær. 23, Mudd 52. Tuck. 3, Anzi Langob. 21. It. S. 49, Fellm. 59. Hepp 170.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Northern Europe and Cape Horn.

BOT. PROV: -11...15.

ENGLAND :- Widdy Bank, Teesdale, Durham, Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers! Ben Mc Dhui; Dr. Lindsay. Top of Ben Nevis! Rev. T. B. Bell.

2. C. Delisei, (Schær.) pale or chesnut-brown, densely cæspitose, laciniæ narrow, elongate, canaliculate, palmatomultifid, recurved, apices spinulose (K = C + slightly red); apothecia brown, large, subterminal.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1869.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. 16. (1850.) Nyl. Scand. 79.

Exs :- Fellm. 60, Th. M. Fries. 54.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Bot, Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Summit of Lochnagar in Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

3. C. aculeata, Fr. spadiceous, fistulose, terete or compressed or angular, rigid, erect, ramose, cæspitoso-fruticulose, branches divaricate, more or less nigro-spinulose; apothecia spadiceous, small, terminal.

On moors, heaths, rocks, &c., not uncommon.

F. 1. typica, spadiceous, plano-compressed, sublacunose, naked, divaricato-spinulose at the apices.

SYN: -Ach, Meth. 302. (1803). Nyl. Syn. 300.

Fig:—Ach. Meth. t. 6. f. 2. Exs:—Mudd 50, Leight. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—North and Central Europe, Arctic America, Antarctic America.

Bot. Prov :--3...5...7, 8. 10, 11...14, 15...19...30, 31.

England:—Dirrington Law, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Craigforda, near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. High Green Wood, Todmorden. Mr. Baines. Shipley Common, Yorkshire. Mr. Hailstone. Lyndhurst Moor. Rev. J. M. Crombie Flazendale. Mr. Baker. Malham. Dr. Carrington. Ayton Moor; Farndale! Burton Head; and other places in Yorkshire. Mr. Mvdd. Simonside; Prestwick Carr, Northumberland; Gateshead and Ravensworth Fells, Durham. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Tiptree Heath, Esex. Mr. Varenne. Sugar Loaf, Monmouthshire. Mr.

Purton. Peart's Crags, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Spout Valley, Long-Mynd! Pontesford Hill! Haughmond Hill! Stiperstones!

Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Glen Nevis! Invernessshire; Blaeberry Hill,! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Aberdeen Links; Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton, Southern Counties.

Dr. Taylor.

WALES:—Cwm Bychan, near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Arran Mowddy.!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Quenvais, Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

F. 2. muricata, Ach. smaller, densely intricato-cæspitose, densely ramulose, subterete, or sub-compressed, naked, shortly divaricato-spinulose at the apices.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 302. (1803). Nyl. Scand. 80.

Fig :- E. Bot. 452,

Exs:-M. & N. 756. Schær. 555. Welw. 8, Mudd 49. Leight. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Alpine Europe. Bot. Prov: 5...7...10...14, 15.

ENGLAND:—Beverley. Mr. Teesdale. Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Craigforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Malvern Hills; Stiperstones, Salop; Sugar Loaf, Monmouthshire. Mr. Purton. Long Mynd! Haughmond Hill! Stiperstones! Laurence Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Ben Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Glen Muick and Glen Dee,

Braemar. Rev J. M. Crombic.

Wales :- Barmouth !

F. 3. acanthella, Ach. like typica, but entirely hispidospinuloso-denticulate.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 612. (1810). Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 5. f. 2.

Exs — Schær. 254. pr. p. M. & N. 168. Zw. 222, Welw. 10. Anzi Langob. 416. b.

Geog. Distrib :- Switzerland, Germany, Portugal, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -10...15.

England:—Hambleton! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Scotland :- Hill of Ardo, near Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

# II. PLATYSMA. Hfm. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus various in colour, nigrescent, fruticulose, generally membranaceo-dilated, lobate or laciniate, nearly subterete. Apothecia marginal or sub-marginal. Spermogonia minutely papillate or tuberculate. Spermatia incrassate at both the obtuse apices, or fusiformi-incrassate at one apex, or fusiformi-ellipsoid.

- A. Spermatia incrassate at both the obtuse apices.
- 1. P. nivale, (L.) ochroleucous or stramineous, sinuato-laciniate, laciniæ canaliculato-patulous, reticulatolacunose, dentate at the erect apices (K —C +); apothecia flesh-coloured, margin of receptacle crenato-rugose; spores 8, colourless, oblong, small, simple.

On the ground in alpine places.

SYN:—Linn. Fl. Suec. 1086. Nyl. Syn. 302. Fig:—E. Bot. 1994. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 33.

Exs: -Schær. 19. Tuck. 59. Anzi It. S. 51. Hepp 845. Mudd 53. Leight. 43.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov :- 15,

SCOTLAND:—Highlands. Dr., Rob. Townson. Cairngorm and Ben Lawers. Sir W. J. Hooker. Bassies; Ben Red; Loch Brandy; Clova! Mr. W. Gardiner. Source of the Dee; Lochnagar; Morchone; Braemar! Dr. W. L. Lindsay. Ben-na-Bourd! Clova. Rev. T. B. Bell. Ben Mc Dhui. Mr. J. G. Baker.

2. P. cucullatum, (Bell.) ochroleucous or stramineous, canaliculato-laciniate, laciniæ sinuato-divided, margins connivent, undulate, smooth, crenate at the recurved apices (K—C+); apothecia flesh-coloured, adnate, often dilated, margin of receptacle thin, at length excluded; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple, small.

On the ground in alpine localities.

SYN: -Bellard Obs. Bot. 54, (1788). Nyl. Syn 302.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 66. f. 2.

Exs:—M. & N. 544, Schær. 18, Tuck. 4. Mass. 297. Anzi It. S.50. Hepp 844. Fellm. 61.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, N. America.

Вот. Prov :-15.

Scotland:—Cairngorm Mountains. Rev. J. Dalton. Summit of Cairntoul, Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

3. P. triste, (Web.) pitch-black, browner below, sub-fastigiato-fruticulose, teretiusculo-compressed, rigid, disticho-ramose, branches black, attenuate, (medulla C—); apothecia fuscous-black, subterminal, appendiculate, margin dentate flexuose; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On alpine rocks.

SYN: -Weber Spicil. p. 209. (1778). Nyl. Syn. 307.

Fig :- E. Bot. 720, Web. Sp. t. 5.

Exs:—M. & N. 646. Welw. Lusit. 112. Hepp 846. Anzi It, S. 57. Schær. 256.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Alps of Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10, 11...14, 15...18, 19.

ENGLAND:—Summit of Hedgehope, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Eglestone and Cronkley Fell, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Cheviot; Simonside, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills, Worcestershire; Sugar Loaf, Monmouthshire. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Clova Mountains. Mr. W. Gardiner. Morchone! and Glen Dee! Braemar, and top of Lochnagar! and near Perth. Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Aberfeldy, Perthshire. Mr.

Macmillan. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Higher Mountains, Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

WALES: - Cader Idris, Snowdon!! Rev. T. Salwey. Arran Mow-ddy.!

4. P. sæpincola, (Ehrh.) castaneo-olivaceous or badio-castaneous or pallido-castaneous, laciniato-lobate, small, laciniæ plane, prostrate or ascending, smooth or slightly lacunoso-rugulose, margin undulato-sinuate or crenate, paler beneath, (K—C—); apothecia badio-fuscescent, receptacle rugulose beneath, margin entire; spores ellipsoid.

On trees and palings.

Syn: -Ehrhart Beitr. 2. p. 95. (1788). Nyl. Syn. 308.

Fig:—Hffm. Pl. L. t. 14. f. 1..

Exs:—Schær. 297. Hepp 843 Rabb. 741. Fellm. 63. Leight. 45. Geog. Distrib :—N. Europe, N. Asia, Arctic America.

Bot. Prov :- 5...7, 8...10, 11...15...18...31.

England:—Oteley Park pales, near Ellesmere, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ingleby Park; Baysdale; Kildale; and High Cliff, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd, near High Force Inn, Teesdale. Dr. Holl. Bardon Hill; Gopsall, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Bardon Hill; Gopsall, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Deerhill Wood; White Hill; Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Kinnordy. Mr. Lyell. Morchone! Braemar; Blaeberry Hill, Perth; Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Quoich, Braemar;

Killin; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Cwm Bychan; Cessel Cwm; Drws Ardudwy. Rev. T. Salwey. Giant's Pebbles, Cader Idris. Mr. Ralfs.

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. ulophylla, (Ach.) paler and larger than sæpincola; laciniate, laciniæ variously divided, sub-adpressed, margin undulato-crisped, albo-sorediate, (K—C—); apothecia small.

On trees, palings, &c.

SYN :- Ach. Meth. 297, (1803). Nyl. Syn. 309.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2386.

Exs :-- Anzi It, S. 54. Rabh. 742. Mudd 56.

Bor. Prov: -4, 5. .10...15.

ENGLAND ;-Near Yarmouth, Mr. D. Turner. Ingleby Park ; !

Kildale!, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oteley Park pales!, Ellesmere,

Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

SCOTLAND:—Kinnordy, Forfarshire. Sir W. J. Hooker. Blaeberry Hill!, Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Scotch Mountains. Mr. Dickson. Linn of Quoich, Braemar; Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

5. P. Fahlunense, (L.) fuscous or spadiceo-fuscous or fusco-nigricant, orbicular, smooth, lobato-laciniate, laciniae appressed, plano-subcanaliculate, margins elevated, apices rotundato-crenate, beneath nigricant, (K medulla yellow); apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufous, receptacle plicato-rugose, margin granulose; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple, small.

On alpine rocks.

Attention to the margins of the thallus and the spermatia will always distinguish this from P. commixtum, Nyl.

SYN:—Linn. Fl. Suec. 1078, Nyl. Syn. 309. Fig:—E. Bot. 653, Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 36, f. 2.

Exs:—Hepp 586, Schær. 373, 374, Fr. L. 8, 336, Anzi It. S. 55, 56.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Arctic Europe, N. America, Himalaya.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...7...10, 11...15.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Teesdale; Weardale; Butsfield; Horsleyhope, Durham; Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Hay Tor, Dartmoor. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Clova Mountains, Mr. W. Gardiner, Grampians, Braemar; Ben More, Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Law-

ers. Dr. Holl.

Wales: - Llyn Cae, Cader Idris. Rev. T. Salwey.

## B. Spermatia ellipsoid.

6. P. commixtum, Nyl. pallido-spadiceous or spadiceo-fuscous, effuse, smooth, irregularly lineari-laciniate or divided, laciniæ plane ascending and entangled, margins not elevated, apices obliquely truncate and furcate, concolorous or paler beneath, (K medulla—); apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufous, receptacle plicato-rugose, margin granulose; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple, small.

On alpine rocks.

Attention to the form of the apices of the imbricate laciniæ of the thallus, and the spermatia, will at once separate this from P. Fahlunense.

Syn:—Nyl. Syn. 310. (1858). Fig:—Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 43. Exs:—Dicks. 23. M. & N. 350, Anzi Langob. 417. Zw. 184. Geog. Distrib:—Central Europe and Scandinavia.

Bor. Prov:-15.

Localities:—Scotch Mountains! Mr. Dickson. Ben More; Ben-na-boord; Ben Lawers; Rev. J. M. Crombie. Loch-na-gar!, Braemar. Dr. W. L. Lindsay. Rocks north side of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll.

# C. Spermatia acicular cylindrical incrassate at one apex.

7. P. juniperinum, (L.) citrino-flavescant or pale flavo-virescent or glauco-flavescent, lobato-laciniate, laciniae eroso-crenate, crowded, crisped, smoothish, beneath yellow, rugulose, medulla citrine (K—C+); apothecia badio-rufous or badio-fuscous, margin corrugate or crenulato-denticulate; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On the earth and trees, in alpine districts.

SYN:-Linn, Fl. Suec. 1093. Nyl. Syn. 312.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 7. f. 2. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 34.

Exs:-Hepp 840. Schær. 20. Anzi It. S. 52. Langob. 371.

GEOG. DISTRIB:--N. Europe, N. America.

Вот. Prov:—15.

SCOTLAND: —Clova, Mr. R. Jacob. near Ben Lawers; Rothiemurchus. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. pinastri, (Scop.) like the type, but laciniæ lobate, appressed and broader, margins citrino-sorediate; spores subglobose.

On trees.

SYN:—Scop. Fl. Carn. 1. 387. (1760). Nyl. Syn. 312.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2111, Hffm. Pl. L. t. 7. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær, 21, Fries. 333, Hepp 841, 842, Anzi It. S. 53. Fellm. 62, M. & N. 451,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. Europe, Scandinavia, Asia, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -4...11...15.

England:—Framlingham, near Norwich, Mr. D. Turner. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman.

Scotland:—North of Scotland; Aviemore; Kinnordy. Sir W. J. Hooker.

8. P. glaucum, (L.) ivory-white or glaucescent or pallescent, membranaceous, smooth or slightly lacunoso-rugulose, laciniate or laciniato-lobate, laciniæ ascending, margins sinuate or crenate, or lacerate, or sorediate, or minutely dissecto-fimbriate, beneath rugose, fusco-nigricant or fuscous or pallescent or entirely albicant,  $(K \pm C = )$ ;

apothecia spadiceo-rufous, receptacle rugose beneath, margin thin, presently excluded.

On rocks.

SYN:-Linn. Fl. Suec. 1094. Nyl. Syn. 313.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1606.

Exs:-Nyl. 28. Bohl. 79. Mudd 54.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, America, Asia.

Bot. Prov:--1..5..7, 8...10, 11...14, 15, 16...18, 19, 20...31. England:—Lamberton Moor, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Craigforda, near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Kielder and Deadwater Fell, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour. Kildale Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Castle Howard, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. (1794). Malvern Hills, Worcestershire. Mr. Purton. Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Charnwood Forest; Gopsall. Rev. A. Bloxam. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Peart's Crags, near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Heddon-on-wall, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills. Mr. Purton. Aymestry! Herefordshire; Stiperstones! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Clova Mountains; Deerhill Wood, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island; Arran: Prof. Balfour. Ben Mac Dhui!, Braemar; Blaeberry Hill, Perth; Amulree!, Perthshire. Dr. Lindsay. Killin; Rothiemur-

chus. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Mangerton. Dr. Taylor. Carrickadrohid. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Near Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

f. sorediosa, margins sorediate, fusco-nigricant and rugose beneath.

Exs ;—Anzi It. S. 58. Schær. 252.

LOCALITIES:—High Cliff, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Blaeberry Hill, Perth!; Ben Mac Dhui, Braemar! Dr. W. L. Lindsay.

f. fallax, (Web.) margins entire or sorediate, entirely albicant beneath.

Fig :-Hffm. Pl. L. t. 47. f. 1-3.

Exs:-Schær. 253. Mudd 55.

LOCALITIES: —Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Carlisle! Mr. T, C. Heysham, Inversry. Sir W. J. Hooker. Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

f. coralloidea, Wallr. margins minutely lineari-dissectofimbriate, pallescent or albicant beneath.

Fig :-E. Bot. 2373, Hffm. Pl. L. t, 46, f. 1-3.

Exs:—Th. Fr. 30. M. & N. 156. Anzi Langob. 418. Hepp 574. Localities:—Devonshire. Mr. Slater. Carig Mountain, Ireland. Dr. Taylor. Baldovan Woods; Clova Mountains; Mr. W. Gardiner.

9. P. lacunosum, Nyl. whitish, membranaceous, reticulato-lacunose, broadly laciniate or lobato-laciniate, laciniæ crenato-undulate and incised, rotundate at the

apex, beneath fusco-nigricant or fusco-pallescent or entirely whitish, (K + C—); apothecia spadiceous, receptacle rugulous beneath, margin thin entire.

On earth and trees, rare.

SYN: -Nyl. Syn. 314. (1858). Cetraria, Ach. Meth. 295.

Fig :- Ach. Meth. t. 5. f. 3.

Exs: -Tuck. 6. 61.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. America,

Вот. Ркоу:—15, 16.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers!; Craig Cluny, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Fort William, in Lochaber. Adm. Jones.

#### SERIES IV. PHYLLODEI.

Thallus foliaceous, depressed, lobate or variously laciniate or stellate, very rarely cæspitoso-intricate, medulla stuppeous. Apothecia either peltiform or lecanorine or lecideine and gyrose. Spores various. Paraphyses distinct or indistinct. Spermatia shortlyacicular or slenderly cylindrical, straight, narrower in the middle.

#### TRIBE XI. PELTIGEREI.

Thallus frondose, dilatate, cortical layer, deficient on the under surface. Apothecia peltiform, rotundate, reniform or oblong, marginal, adnate to the upper or lower surface or scattered on the upper surface of the thallus. Spores 8, colourless and fusiform in the marginal apothecia, fuscous and ellipsoid and bilocular in the scattered apothecia. Paraphyses stout, articulate.

## SUB-TRIBE J. NEPHROMEI.

Apothecia adnate to the lower surface of the margin of the thallus. Spores 8, colourless or fuscessent, 3-septate.

## I. NEPHROMIUM. Nyl.

Thallus membranaceous, fragile, lurid, or glaucescent or fuscescent, cortical layer continuous on the lower surface, and nerveless. Granula gonima moniliform, dark cæruleo-virescent.

1. N. lavigatum, Ach. lurido-fuscescent, orbicular, rotun-

dato-lobate, margins sinuato-crenate, opake, scarcely shining above, beneath pale glabrous and slightly rugulose, (medulla white K—); apothecia fusco-rufous, margin of receptacle crenulato-unequal, back of receptacle minutely depresso-granulate; spores 8, fuscescent, fusiformioblong, 3-septate.

On trees, rocks, and stones, in shady alpine places. SYN:—Ach. Syn. 242. (1817). Nyl. Syn. 320. Leight. in Ann. & Mag, Nat. Hist. 4. ser. vol. 5. p. 37.

Fig:-Tul. Mém, Lich. t, 9. f. 18-23.

Exs:—Maudon 31. Leight. 107, Welw. Lusit. 12. Anzi Etr. 8. Langob. 252.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Throughout the world. Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4...7...12...15...31.

ENGLAND:—Keswick!, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. S. Devon and Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Bagley wood, near Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan.

SCOTLAND: - Highlands! Baron Von Wulfen. Blair Athole! Prof.

Dickie. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Killin. Dr. Holl.

WALES :- Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. parile, (Ach.) lurido-fuscescent, paler or fusconigricant and glabrous beneath, margins crisped and cœsio-sorediate. (medulla white K—).

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 164. (1798). Nyl. Syn. 320. Leight. in Ann.

and Mag. Nat. Hist. l. c.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2360. Dill. Musc. t. 28. f. 105. B. & C.

Exs:—Nyl. Paris. 109. Anzi It. S. 88, Langob. 24, 253, & 254, A. M. & N. 838.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Chili. Bot. Prov:—1...5.. 7...16...30.

ENGLAND:—Hennock, near Bovey Tracey, S. Devon.! Dr. Holl. Cound Moor, Shropshire. Rev. Edw. Williams. Heavitree, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Glenarm, co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

WALES :- Dolgelley. Mr. Ralfs, near Dolgelley! Dr Holl,

2. N. tomentosum, Hffm. livid or livido-castaneous or lurido-fuscescent, lobate or laciniato-lobate, glabrous below, tomentose upwards, under surface pale and villose, (medulla white K—); apothecia testaceo-rufous or rufo-fuscescent, margin protruded, annulari-tomentos e, crenulate; back of receptacle villose; spores 8, colourless or fuscescent, fusiformi-oblong, 3-septate.

On trees and rocks, very rare.

SYN:—Hffm. Pl. Germ. 2. p. 108. Nyl. Syn. 319, Leight. l.c.

Fig :- Dill. Musc. t. 28. f. 105. A.

Exs: -Schær. 259. Zw. 179. M. & N. in part 252. Tuck. 13.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov -15.

Scotland:—Invercauld! Mr. R. Brown. (1792). Craig Cluny, in Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. rameum, Schær. glaucescent, broadly lobate, under surface pale and villose, albido-papillate, pseudocyphellate.

On trees.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. 18. (1850). Nyl. Syn. 319. Leight. l. c.

Exs: -Schær. 508.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:-Forfarshire! Mr. Dickson.

3. N. lusitanicum, Schær. livido-castaneous or castaneo-fuscescent, rotundato-lobate, margins crenate, not unfrequently minutely crenulate, crisped and undulate, smooth and somewhat shining above, beneath pale, glabrous and somewhat rugulose, medulla flavescent, (K red); apothecia fusco-rufous, margin of receptacle crenato-laciniate incurved, back of receptacle minutely depresso-areolate'; spores 8, fuscescent, fusiformi-oblong, 3-septate.

On mossy rocks, trees, and stones, frequent.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. (1850). Leight. L c.

Exs:-Mudd 57.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switerland, Pyrenees, Portugal, Italy, Canaries, Java.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11, 12...15, 16...22.

England:—Baysdale! Oggeray Gill! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Pentregaer! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. near Launceston! Cornwall; Ashburton! near Totness, Devon. Dr. Holl. Bickley! Devon; Liskeard!, Cornwall. Mr. D. Turner. Shipley Wood, Eglestone, Durham! Mr. Robertson.

Scotland:—Carse of Ardessier, 3 m. east from Fort George!; near Cawdor!; Reeky Linn!; Craig Koynoch! Mr. W. Gardiner. Fort of Glenesk! Forfarshire; Crinan!, Argyleshire. Dr. Lindsay. Falls of Moness, Aberfeldy! Dr. Holl. Braemar! Mr. Croall. Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Shore of Lough Tay; Luggelaw! Adm. Jones.

Wales: - Dolgelley!; Barmouth!; Drwsynant!

#### SUB-TRIBE II. PELTIDEI.

Stratum gonidiale formed of granula gonima, not

gonidia. Apothecia marginal on the upper surface of thallus. Spores 8, colourless or slightly fuscescent, fusiform.

# II. PELTIGERA (Hfm.) Ach.

Thallus membranaceo-lobate, fragile, cortical layer not continuous on the under surface and there generally nerved and rhizinose.

# A. Apothecia adnate.

1. P. aphthosa, (L.) glauco-virescent or livido-glaucescent, broadly membranaceous, smooth, with pale brown patelliform or verrucose depressed cephalodia, beneath either reticulato-nigricanti-nervose, or continuously fusco-nigricant, with broad whitish margin; apothecia fusco-rufescent, rotundate, adnate to a narrow ascending thalline lobe; spores 8, colourless or fuscescent, fusiform, 3-7-septate.

On shady alpine rocks.

Syn:—Linn. Fl. Suec. 1098. Nyl. Syn. 322. Fig:—E. Bot. 1119. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 38.

Exs:—Tuck. 9. 102. M. & N. 251. Mudd 58. Mass. 12. Anzi It. S. 90. Hepp 173. Schær. 29.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—N. Europe, N. Asia, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—5...7, 8...11...14, 15...30.

England:—Craigforda; and Downton Castle, Herefordshire. Rev. T Salwey. Cheviots, above Langley Ford; Gunnerton Crags; Shewing Shields, Northumberland; Hagerag Wood in Teesdale Forest, Durham. Mr. Winch. Holwick. Rev. J. Harriman. near Buxton. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Foot of Pentland Hills. Mr. Yaldon. near the Falls of the Clyde, in fruit. Messrs Turner & Hooker. near Habbie's How, in the Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Abbey St. Bathans! Dr. G. Johnstone. Sands of Barrie and west side of the White Hill, Forfarshire, in fruit. Mr. W. Gardiner. Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Lake at Llyn Bodlyn. Rev. T. Salwey.
IRELAND:—Sallagh Braes, near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. co. of Derry. Mr. D. Moore.

1. P. canina, (L.) canescent or cinereo-pallescent, opake, more or less longitudinally lacunoso-impressed, adpresso-tomentellose, rotundato-lobate, under surface albido-appresso-tomentose, and reticulated with prominent slender pale tomentose nerves, from which issue long

tomentose rhizinæ; apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufous, adnate, margin nearly entire, back of receptacle uniformly tomentose; spores 8, colourless, elongato-fusiform, 3-5-septate.

On mossy earth, stones, &c. very common.

SYN:-Linn. Fl. Suec. 1109. Nyl. Syn. 324.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2299.

Exs:—Tuck. 103. Leight. 141. Hepp 365. Anzi It. S. 91. 92. Fellm, 68. Bohl, 30. Mudd 59, M. & N. 154.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa, N. and Central America.

Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...7...11...15, 16...(19—30). 31.

England:—Berwick-upon-Tweed! Dr. G. Johnstone. Worcester! Dr. Holl. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Devonshire. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot.

Scotland: Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner, Long Island; Ar-

ran. Prof. Balfour. Ben Lawers! Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Common. Mr. Carroll. N. Wales:—Dolgelley! Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier,

Varies with a thinner more glabrous thallus = membranacea (Ach.); and with sorediate margins = crispa (Whlnb.) Leight. Exs 262.

3. P. rufescens, (Hffm.) pale cervine or cinereo-rufescent, rotundato-lobate, smooth, glabrous, under surface with thick coarse spongioso-tomentose fuscescent nerves and interstitial longitudinal whitish lacunæ, rhizinæ few; apothecia fuscous or rufo-fuscous, margin minutely denticulate, back of receptacle subverrucoso-tomentose.

On mossy earth &c. not common.

SYN:-Hffm. Fl. Germ. 2. p. 107. Nyl. Syn. 324.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2300.

Exs: -Zw. 180. Spruce Amaz. 57.

Geog. Distrib: --Europe, Asia, N. America, N. Zealand. Bot. Prov:—1...5...11...13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18...20, 21...31.

ENGLAND:—Berwick-upon-Tweed! Dr. G. Johnston. near Worcester! Dr. Holl. Gunnerton Crags, near Barwesford; Shewing Shields, Northumberland: Teesdale and Healey Field, Durham. Mr. Winch. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Common. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Rosscarbery, Cork; Ballynagarde, Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

4. P. spuria, (Ach.) cinereo-virescent, small, digitato-

lobate, lobes ascending, smooth, glabrous in the lower part, adpresso-tomentellose upwards towards the apothecia, under surface whitish with thick coarse spongioso-tomentose nerves and interstitial longitudinal whitish lacunæ; apothecia fuscous or rufo-fuscous, roundish, margin irregularly crenulate or denticulate, back of receptacle densely irregularly spongioso-tomentose; spores 8, aciculari-fusi-form, 3-7-septate.

On the earth, rare.

SYN:-Ach. Prodr. 159. (1798.) Nyl, Syn. 325.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1542.

Exs:—Hepp 576. Spruce Amaz. 56. Fellm. 70. M. & N. 837.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7...11...15 ..31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex and Suffolk. Sir W. J. Hooker. near Berwick-upon-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. near Totness; Shanklin Downs, Isle of Wight! Dr. Holl. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Exwick, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- Trossachs; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Ynysfaig. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salvey.

5. P. polydactyla, Hffm. glauco-pallescent or pallido-fuscescent, digitato-lobate, lobes ascending, glabrous and shining, smooth or obsoletely impressed, beneath with thick coarse spongioso-tomentose fusco-nigricant anastomosing more or less flattened nerves, and interstitial longitudinal whitish lacunæ; apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, longitudinal, margin irregularly crenulate, back of receptacle sub-verrucoso-tomentose; spores 8, colourless, attenuato-fusiform, 3-7-septate.

On mossy earth &c, rare.

SYN: -Hffm. Fl. Germ. 2. 106. (1795). Nyl. Syn. 326.

Fig:-Hffm. Pl. L. t. 4. f. 1.

Exs:—Bohl. 56. & 71. Tuck. 10. Schær. 30, Mass. 260. M. & N. 633. Anzi It. S. 94. Mudd. 61. Leight. 172.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa, Polynesia, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...11.. 14, 15, 16 ...(19—30), 31.

England:—Oswestry and Ludlow, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey.
near Eglestone, and on banks of the Derwent near Gibside, Durham.
Mr. Winch. Alphington; Stoke Wood, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Wall at Craighouse near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island; Arran. Prof. Balfour. near Aberdeen; Braemar; Blair Athole; Killin; Lorne. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Not unfrequent, Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

6. P. scutata, (Dicks.) virescenti-cinereous, spreading, oblongo-lobate, upper surface glabrous below, minutely depresso-granulate upwards, margins undulato-crenate crisped and cæsio-sorediate, under side with pale brown spongioso-tomentose flattened anastomosing nerves and interstitial white lacunæ; apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, adnate, suborbicular, margin irregularly crenulate, back of receptacle spongioso-tomentose; spores 6-8, colourless, acicular or elongato-fusiform, 3-septate.

On mossy earth and trees, rare.

SYN:—Dicks. Crypt. fasc. 3. 18. (excl. syn.) (1793.) Nyl. Syn. 327.

Fig:-E. Bot. 1834.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 25. Spruce Amaz. 416. M, &. N. 541.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America. Bot. Prov :—1...5...7...11, 12...15.

ENGLAND:—Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Pentregaer near Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Kielder and Dead Water Fell, Northumberland. Prof Balfour. South Brent, Devon! Ivy Bridge, S. Devon! Dr. Holl. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Scotland. Mr. Dickson. Inverary. Messrs. D. Turner & Hooker. Clova. Mr. W. Gardiner. Ardtur. Capt. Carmichael. near the Rae Hills. Sir W. Jardine & Dr. Greville. Rumbling Bridge. Prof. Balfour. Killin, Perthshire! Dr. Holl. Trossachs. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES:—Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Corsygedol and Llyn Bodlyn. Rev. T. Salwey. Nannau, near Dolgelley! Dr. Holl.

## B. A pothecia horizontal.

7. P. horizontalis, (L.) pale or pallido-fuscescent or glauco-pallescent, rotundato-lobate, glabrous, smooth or slightly impressed, shining, margins sinuato-crenate and slightly undulate; under surface with pale brown and fuscous-black coarse flattened anatomosing or confluent nerves and interstitial white lacunæ; apothecia fuscous orfuscous-black, rotundate or elliptical, plane, horizontal; margins irregularly crenulate, often inflexed, back of receptacle verrucoso-tomentose; spores 6-8, colourless, or pale fuscescent, fusiform, 3-septate.

On mossy rocks, trees, and walls, not common.

SYN: -Linn. Mant. 132. (1771.) Nyl. Syn. 327.

Fig :- E. Bot. 888. Tul. Mém. t. 8. f. 414. Nyl, Syn. t. 8, f. 39.

Exs:—Bohl. 37. Schær. 27. Breutel 118. Nyl. 110. Tuck. 11. 12 M, & N. 345. Mudd 62. Maud. 27. Mass. 214. Leight. 108. Anz It. S. 93. Hepp 852.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—2...5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...14, 15, 16...19, 20...30, England:—Bardon Hill, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Keswick, Cumberland, Mrs. Stanger. Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon. Stogdale! and Oggeray Gill! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Craigforda, Oswestry, Shropshire; Wickcliff Rocks, Ludlow. Rev. T. Salwey. Gunnerton Crags; Cheviots above Langley Ford, Northumberland; Hagerag Wood in Teesdale Forest and Healey Field, Durham, Mr. Winch. St. Leonard's Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Lilleshall Abbey, Shropshire.!

Scotland:—Loch Tay, Perthshire! and Aberfeldy road. Dr. Lindsay. Berwickshire! Dr. G. Johnston. Forfarshire. Mr. Gardiner. Arran. Prof. Balfour. Breadalbane, Appin and Lochaber.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES:—Aber. Rev. H. Davies. valley above Halfway House, between Barmouth and Dolgelley. Rev. T. Salwey.

IRELAND: -Lota Wood, Cork. Mr. J. Carroll. near Killarney.

Dr. Taylor. Derry and Antrim. Dr. Moore.

8. P. venosa, (L.) pale or pallido-cinereous or glauco-cinerascent, small, simple, sub-ascending or sub-erect, flabelliformi-lobate, smooth and glabrous, albo-tomentose beneath, with strong black or fuscous-black nerves ramifying from the base; apothecia fuscous-black, rotundate, plane, horizontal, disk rough and granular, margin striato-crenulate; back of receptacle nigro-tomentose; spores 6-8, colourless or pale fuscescent, fusiform, 3-septate.

On the earth, rare.

SYN :- Linn. Fl. Suec. 1097. (1755.)

Fig :- E. Bot. 887. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 6. f. 2

Exs:—Hepp 172. Schær. 27. M. & N. 153. Mass. 17. Anzi It. S. 95.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -N. Europe, N. Asia, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...13, 14, 15...30.

ENGLAND :- Whitecliff Rocks, near Ludlow, Shropshire!

Scotland:—Foot of Ben Lawers! and Birks of Aberfeldy. Mr. Hugh Macmillan, near Killin, Perthshire! Dr. Gilchrist. Ben Lawers! Mr. J. Carroll. Pass of Killiecrankie, Perthshire. Rev. J. Dalton. Glen Kill Linn and Burn, Dumfriesshire. Dr. Burgess. Blair in Athole. Messrs Borrer & Hooker. Habbies How in the Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Reeky Linn; Foot of the White Hill above Auchterhouse, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. West Water, near Old Castle of Edgell. Mr. A. Croall.

IRELAND :- Knockagh Hills, co. Antrim. Mr. D. Moore,

#### SUB-TRIBE III. SOLORINEI.

Thallus membranaceous, opake, stratum gonidiale consisting of granula gonima, not gonidia. Apothecia innate, scattered on the upper surface of thallus. Spores fuscous, bilocular.

# III. SOLORINA, Ach.

Thallus fragile, cortical layer not continued over the under surface, which is obsoletely nervose. Apothecia rotundate or oblong, spadiceo-rufescent or fuscous black. Stratum gonimon bright green.

1. S. crocea, (L.) coriaceous, cinnamomeo-or rufescenticinerascent, (dark green when moist) orbicular, laciniatolobate, lobes rotundo-obovate, margin undulate, appressofurfuraceous below, smooth upwards, under surface deep
orange-coloured, appresso-tomentose, subpalmato-nervose;
apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, roundish, adnate,
plane, subtumid, immarginate; spores 8, pallido-rufescent, fusiformi-ellipsoid, 1 septate.

On the ground in alpine localities, rare. Syn:—Linn. Fl. Suec, 1101. (1755.) Nyl. Syn. 329.

Fig:—E. Bot. 498. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 41. f. 2—4. & t. 42. f. 4. 5. Nyl, Syn. t. 8. f, 40.

Exs:—Hepp 577, Th. Fr. 5, Schær: 24, Rabh. 767, Anzi It. S. 86, Fellm. 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу:—14, 15...19.

Scotland:—Forfarshire. Mr. Don. Edinburgh. Mr. Mackay. top of Ben Lawers! Dr. Burchell & Pr. Lindsay. on all the Breadalbane Mountains at 3000 ft. as Ben More! Ben Challum, Craig Challeach, back of Craig na Gour, &c. Mr. A. McKinlay. summits of the Highland Mountains, Ben Lomond, &c. Sir W. J. Hooker. summits of Bassies, White Bent, &c., Clova. Mr. W. Gardiner. Peak of Mamsoul, Invernesshire. Dr. B. White. Ben Lomond; Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- On Brandon, Kerry. Dr. Moore.

2. S. saccata, (L.) membranaceo-papyraceous, pallido-fuscescent (bright green when moist), orbicular, rotundo-lobate, margins broadly and shallowly crenate, smooth below, albo-granulato-pruinose upwards; under surface paler, appresso-spongioso-tomentose, rhizinose; apothecia fuscous or nigro-fuscous, urceolato-appressed; spores 4, rufo-fuscescent, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On the ground in moist shady alpine localities, not common.

SYN: - Linn. Fl. Suec. 1102. (1755.) Nyl. Syn. 330.

Fig :- E. Bot. 288. Schær. En. t. 2. f. 5. Journ, Lina. Soc. Bot. 9, t. 2. f. 8.

Exs:-Nyl. 29. Hepp 171. Schær. 25. Mudd 63. M. & N. 61. Mass. 126. Anzi It. S. 85. Bohl. 4. Dicks. 25.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—3, 4, 5..7, 8...10,11...15, 16...19...27...30. ENGLAND:—N. W. Yorkshire; near Matlock, Derbyshire; Sir J. E. Smith. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Falcon Clints and White Force, Teesdale, Durham!; Kildale, Cleveland;! Mr. Mudd. Studley Park, Yorkshire. Mr. W. Brunton. St. Vincent's Rocks, Bristol. Miss M. Atwood. Ingleborough. Mr. J. G. Baker. Weardale! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Cheddar and St. Vincent's Rocks. Messrs. Turner & Sowerby. Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Via Gellie, Derbyshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Headington, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. White-cliff Rocks, near Ludlow, Shropshire!

SCOTLAND: Ben Lawers. Mr. H. Macmillan. Highlands of Scotland. Sir W. J. Hooker. Inchnadamff! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Glen Dole, Canlochan; Glen Prosen; Reeky Linn, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. near Killin, Dr. Holl. Morrone; Craig Tulloch;

Finlarig, Killin; Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Anglesea. Rev. H. Davies.

IRELAND:—On Brandon Hill, Kerry; Ben Bulben, Sligo. Mr. J.

T. Mackay. Cushendall, Antrim. Dr. Moore.

3. S. limbata, (Sommf.) subcoriaceous, fuscescent, dark-green and gelatinous when moist, granulato-plicatosquamulose, albo-pruinose; apothecia fuscous or nigrofuscous, large, urceolate, bordered by a plane expanded crenate albo-furfuraceous granulate margin; spores 4, rufo-fuscescent, broadly and obtusely oblong, 1-septate.

On the earth among wet mossy rocks, rare. Syn]:—Sommf. Fl. Lapp. 105. (1826.) Nyl. Syn. 331.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1374. Sommf. Fl. Lapp. t. 3. f. 1---9. Journ. Linn. Soc. Bot. 9. t. 2. f. 9. & 10.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 46.

Geog. Distrib :--Scandinavia, Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -4...10, 11...15..30. England: -Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Ayton, Cleveland! Mr. J. G. Baker. Cambridge! Mr. G. Bentham. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington, Guisbro' Moor, Cleveland, Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers. Dr Holl.

IRELAND:—Head of Glenarriff, co. Antrim. Dr. Holl.

## TRIBE XII. PARMELIEI.

Thallus frondoso-dilatate or lobate or lobato-laciniate

or stellato-laciniate, sometimes somewhat terete, and fruticuloso-imbricate. Apothecia lecanorine or in a cupuliform receptacle. Sterigmata pluri-articulate or with arthrosterigmata.

#### SUB-TRIBE I. STICTEI.

Thallus membranaceo-lobate, the under surface rhizinose, and with pulverulent pseudo-cyphellæ or true urceolate cyphellæ. Apothecia with distinct paraphyses. Spores fusiform, 1—3 rarely pluri-septate.

# I. STICTINA. Nyl.

Thallus variously lobed or laciniato-lobate. Rhizinæ simple. Stratum gonidiale consisting of granula gonima of a dark blue-green colour.

# A. Pseudocyphellæ white.

1. S. intricata, (Del.) the typical species figured in Delise's Stictæ, t. 7, f. 33. has not been observed in Great Britain.

Var. Thouarsii, (Del.) coriaceous, pallido-fuscescent, sinuato-lobate, lobes short and broad, with casious-white soredia scattered over the surface, and especially on the margins, under surface tomentose nigro-fuscescent, paler brown towards circumference; apothecia not found.

On trees and rocks, rare.

SYN: -Del. St. p. 90. (1822). Nyl. Syn. 335. Mudd Man. 90.

Fig:—Del. St. t. 8. f. 29.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Africa, Central America, Java.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...15.. 19...21.. 30.

ENGLAND :- Near Hay Tor, Dartmoor. Dr. Holl.

Scotland; —Inverary. Adm. Jones. Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Brandon Mountains; Glenarm. Dr. Moore. Cromaglown. Mr. Carroll. Fenagh, co. Carlow. Adm. Jones.
N. Wales:—Arthog, near Dolgelley. Rev. T. Salwey.

## B. Pseudo-cyphellæ yellow.

2. S. crocata, (L.) lurido-fuscescent, shining, broadly rotundo-lobate, crenate, reticulato-lacunose, reticulations and margins bearing citrine soredia, under side fusco-

nigricant, tomentose; apothecia scattered, blackish, margins crenate, at length excluded; spores 6—8, fuscescent, oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate.

On trees, mosses, &c. very rare.

SYN :- Linn. Mant. 310. (1771).

Fig:-E. Bot. 2110.

Exs:-Tuck. 65.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Spain, W. & Central Africa, America, Java, N. Holland.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...14, 15 ...19...30.

ENGLAND: - Dartmoor. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—Highland Mountains. Mr. Dickson, Glen Morriston, Invernessshire. Messrs Turner, Hooker, & Greville. Inverary! Messrs. Borrer & Hooker. Ben Lawers! Birks of Aberfeldy, Mr. Macmillan. rocks east of Dalmahoy Hill, near Edinburgh. Dr. Maingay. Glen Falloch. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: - Fairbread co. Antrim. Mr. Templeton. Pigeon Island in the River Kenmare. Dr. Taylor. near Cushendall, co. An-

trim. Dr. Moore.

# C. Cyphellæ urceolate.

3. S. limbata, (Sm.) pale cervino-rufescent, monophyllous, rotundo-lobate, smooth and unequal, margins densely and copiously casio-sorediate, under surface pale brown, tomentose; apothecia not seen.

On mossy shady rocks and trees, rare. 1745.

SYN; -Sm. E. Bot. 1104. (1802).

Fig :- E. Bot. 1104.

Exs: -Larb. 15. Schær. 557. Welw. Lusit. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: —1, 2, 3...5, 6, 7...11...14, 15...19. 30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Bagley Wood, near Oxford. Dillenius. (1745). Quan Wood, near Ryde, Isle of Wight! Rev. A. Bloxam. Hambury Gill, Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Exeter, Devon. Mr. E. Parfitt. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Eglestone, Durham; Cheviots above Langley Ford, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Torquay, Dr. Holl. Heavitree, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND:—Braid Hermitage, near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. Glen Nevis, Invernessshire;! Lochaber. Dr. Lindsay. Birks of Aberfeldy. Mr. Macmillan. Loch Lomond and Falls of the Clyde. Messrs Turner & Hooker. near Balmuto. Dr. Greville. Clova. Mr.

G. Don. Killin. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Near Cork, and near Muckross, Killarney. Mr. J. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Glenarm. Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Hafod. Sir J. E. Smith. Snowdon. Mr. D. Turner.

Corsygedol and Abergwynant. Rev. T. Salwey. Gloddaeth near Conway! Dolgelley!, Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Rozel, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. Jerbourg,

Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

4. S. fuliginosa, (Dicks.) cervine or cinereo-fuscescent, monophyllous, scrobiculate, unequal, rotundo-lobate, cover ed with dark isidiose efflorescence, under surface pale brown tomentose; apothecia scattered, rufescent, piloso-ciliate; spores 6-8, colourless, fusiform, 1-3-septate.

On rocks and trees in alpine localities, rare. 1785.

SYN: - Dicks. Cr. Br. 1. 13. (1785). Nyl. Syn. 345.

Fig:-E. Bot. 1103.

Exs:—Welw. Lusit. 7. Schær, 386. Nyl. 30. Zw, 224. Anzi It. S. 97. M. & N. 542. Larbal. 61.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, America, N. Zealand. Bot. Prov:—1...5, 6, 7...12, 13...15, 16...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Ambleside, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Rock-wood Grove, Boconnoc, Cornwall. Mr. E. Forster. Castellet rocks, Keswick, Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Launceston; Bodmin. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. South Brent, Devon. Dr. Holl. Moreton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Whitecliff rocks, near Ludlow, Shropshire.!

Scotland:—Crinan Canal, Argyleshire! and Glenesk, Forfarshire! Dr. Lindsay. Coill-dh'ue, near entrance of Glenlyon. Mr. Macmillan. near Dumfries (in fruit). Dr. Richardson. Falls of the Clyde, and near Inverary and Ballycheulish. Messrs Turner & Hooker. Bold Craig, Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Langton Lees, Cleuch! Sir W. C. Trevelyan.

IRELAND:-Roadside between Kenmare and Killarney. Dr. Tay-

lor. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

Wales:—Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Garth Woods and Cwm Bychan. Rev. T. Salwey. Aber Valley; Aberdovey: near Bangor. Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth and near Dolgelley, N. Wales! Channel Islands:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Sark! Bonne Nuit Bay; Hávre Giffard; La Coupe, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

5. S. sylvatica, (L.) cervine or cinereo-fuscescent, scrobiculate, unequal, laciniato-lobate, furfuraceous above; apothecia scattered, margin naked.

On mossy rocks &c.

SYN:-Linn. Sp. Pl. No. 65. (1753). Nyl. Syn. 348.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2298.

Exs<sup>\*</sup>:—Schær. 258. M. & N. 155. Nyl. 111. Hepp 868. Anzi It. S. 96.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America. Bot. Prov:—1...5, 6...11...15, 16...19.

England:—Oswestry, Shropshire! Hay Coppice, Herefordshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Kielder and Deadwater Fell, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour. Cawsey, Eglestone and Blackstone Bank Woods,

Durham; Cheviots above Langley Ford and East Common Wood, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. near Bigbury, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie.

Scotland:—Killin. Dr. Holl. Falls of Moness, Perth. Lady Wilson. Birks of Aberfeldy. Mr. H. Macmillan. Drumlanrig Wood. Mr. W. Stevens. Braemar, Mr. A. Croall. Falls of the Clyde. Mr. Hopkirk. Inverary and Ballacheulish. Messrs Turner & Hooker. Appin and Lochaber; Inverary. Rev. J. Crombie. Reeky Linn, Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Newhall, North Esk, near Carlops; Glen Queich, Ochils. Dr. Nichols.

IRELAND :—Blackwater Bridge, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

N, Wales:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Aber Valley; Rhewgreidden. Rev. A. Bloxam.

6. S. Dufourei, (Del.) glaucescent or glauco-fuscescent, smooth, margins of lacinize minutely dissecto-fimbriate, under surface pallescent, slightly tomentose or nearly naked; apothecia not seen.

On mossy rocks and trees, rare.

SYN:—Del. St. p. 78. (1826). Nyl. Syn. 348. St. ciliata. Tayl. Mack. Fl. Hib. 2. 152.

Fig:-Del. St, t. 6. f. 22.

Exs:-Leight. 173. Welw, Lusit. 5.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Canaries, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...16...19.

ENGLAND:—Rock Walk, Ilsham near Torquay. Dr. Deakin. near South Brent, Devon. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND:—Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Killarney. Mr., Carroll & Dr. Carrington. Askew Wood, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

## D. Ecyphellate, bullate.

7. S. scrobiculata, (Scop.) glauco-flavescent, reticulatoscrobiculate, sorediate; under surface tomentose fuscescent albido-bullate; apothecia scattered, margin thick entire inflexed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-7-septate.

On trees, rare. 1794.

Syn:—Scop. Carneol. p. 384. (1772,) Nyl. Syn. 353.

Fig :—E. Bot. 497. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 1. f. 1.

Exs:—Leight. 201. Hepp 592. Mudd 65. M. & N. 444. Fellm. 74. Schær. 490. Welw. Lusit. 6. Larb. 14. Anzi Etr. 47.

Geog. Distrib; -- Europe, Asia, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2.. 5 .. 7, 8... 10, 11, 12... 15... 19... 31.

ENGLAND:—Coneysthorpe Banks, Castle Howard, Yorkshire, Mr. Teesdale. (1794). Keswick, Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Oggeray Gill, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire! Quarn Wood, Ryde, Isle of Wight! Rev. A. Bloxam. Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Ripon, Yorkshire. Mr. W. Brunton.

Exeter, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Penmanshiel Wood! Bodmin and Liskeard. Messrs Turner and Sowerby. Rawse Castle! near Longformacus! Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. Johnston. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Cheviot above Langley Ford, Northumberland; Shipley Wood near Eglestone; near the High Force, Teesdale; Waskerley Bourn near Wolsingham, Durham. Mr. Winch. near Ivy Bridge, South Devon. Dr. Holl. Plymouth; Torquay; Ansty Cove, &c., Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Kielder and Deadwater Fell, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour.

Scotland:—Ben Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Pentland Hills. Mr. Maughan. Clova; Reeky Linn; Lundie Craigs; sands of Barrie.

Mr. W. Gardiner.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

Wales: - Corsygedol and Abergwynant. Rev. T. Salwey. Rhai-

adr Du near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl,

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —La Coupe, Boulay Bay, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. Jerbourg, Guernsey; Rev. T. Salwey.

# II. STICTA. (Ach. pr. p.)

Thallus variously lobed or laciniato-lobate. Rhizinæ simple. Stratum gonimon consists of true gonidia of a yellow-green colour.

# A. Ecyphellate, bullato-reticulato-tomentose beneath.

1. S. pulmonacea, Ach. pallido-cervine, reticulatofoveolate, laciniato-lobate, sinuate, truncate, under surface
reticulato-tomentose, bullate; apothecia marginal, margin
rugulose, crenulate; spores colourless, oblongo-fusiform,
1-3-septate.

On trees.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. p. 449. (1810). Nyl. Syn. 351. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 1. f. 2. Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 44,

Fig :- E. Bot. 572.

Exs: —Welw. Lusit. 2. Mass. 38. Hepp 591. Schær. 384. M. & N. 62. Anzi It. S. 98.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, Asia, America, Australasia. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...15...19...31.

England:—Camelford; Launceston. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Coppice near Ludlow; Pentregaer near Oswestry; Rev. T. Salwey. Keswick, Cumberland; Mrs. Stanger. Stogdale, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Ripon, Yorkshire. Mr. W. Brunton. Boltby near Thirsk. Mr. J. G. Baker. Hilks Woods, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Harpford Wood, Devonshire. Miss M. Atwood. Longformacus! Dr. G. Johnston. Kielder and Deadwater Fell, Northumberland. Prof. Balfour.

near Northank and Rothbury, and Cheviot above Langley Ford, Northumberland; Blackstone Bank Wood near Wolsingham; near Eglestone and Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. between Heatley Field and Allansford, Durham. Mr. Thornhill. near Totness, South Devon; Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Teignmouth; Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Coleshill, Warwickshire. Rev. W. T. Bree. Bagley Wood near Oxford, Mr. Baxter. Gloucestershire. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridgeshire. Rev, R. Relhan.

Scotland:—Inverary! Mr. W. Wilson. Barncluith near Glasgow. Mr. Hopkirk, Beld Craig, Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Pentland Hills; Mr. Maughan. Humby Wood. Dr. Greville. Langton Wood! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Glen Dole; Craigs of Lundie; Hill of Turin; Reeky Linn. Mr. W. Gardiner. Rock of St. Skae near Usan. Mr. A. Croall. Arran. Prof. Balfour. Finlarig near Killin. Dr. Holl. Western Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Woods near Killarney, common. Dr. Taylor.

WALES :- Baron Hill near Beaumaris. Rev. A, Bloxam. Torrent

Walk near Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. La Coupe, Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## B. Cyphellate.

4. S. damæcornis, Ach. var. macrophylla, (Hook.) pale fusco-rufescent, smooth, laciniate, lobes broadly dilated, sinuate, retuso-truncate, under surface dark brown tomentose; apothecia marginal or scattered, margin entire or obsoletely crenulate; spores colourless, fusiform, 1-3-septate.

On shady rocks, very rare.

SYN:-Hook, Br. Fl. 2. 205. (1833), Mudd Man. 89,

Fig :—E. Bot. Suppl. 2697.

Exs :—Hepp 869.

Geog. Distrib:—America, Africa, Polynesia, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND:—Turk Cascade near Killarney! Cromagloun Mountains. Mr. Wilson.-Killarney. (in fruit)! Mr. Carroll. roadside near Kenmare and Killarney. Dr. Taylor.

## C. Pseudo-cyphellate, citrine.

3. S. aurata, Ach. red, lobate, sinuato-incised, crenato-undulate, citrino-pulverulent; under side fusconigricant, rufescent towards margins, tomentose; apothecia subpodicellate, margin inflexed; spores fuscescent, fusiform, 3-septate.

On trees and rocks, rare.

SYN:-Ach. Meth. 277. (1803). Nyl. Syn. 361.

Fig :- E. Bot, 2359.

Exs:—Welw. Lusit. 1. 125. Spruce Amaz, 91. Schær. 558. Maudon 19. Larbal. 16. Leight. 261.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—W. Europe, Africa, Tropical Asia, Polynesia,

Australasia, N. Zealand. Bot. Prov :—1, 2...31.

ENGLAND: - Devonshire. Mr. Hudson. Ryde, Isle of Wight! Rev.

A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Sark! Island of Brichou. Mr. Larbalestier. Scilly Islands. Rev. T. Salwey, Jerbourg. Mr. Lukis. on rocks north of the Eperquerie, Sark. Rev. T. Salwey. Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mrs. Collings.

# III. RICASOLIA, (D.N.)

Thallus lobate or laciniate, affixed by fasciculate rhizinæ. Cyphellæ none. Stratum gonimon consists of small yellow-green gonidia. Spermogonia in mastoid prominences.

1. R. amplissima, (Scop.) pallido-glaucescent, coriaceous, orbicular, laciniato-lobate, sinuato-lobulate, rugulose, glomuliferous, under surface pale brown and tomentose, rhizinæ fuscescent; apothecia rufous, receptacle granulato-furfuraceous, margin inflexed; spores elongato-fusiform, 1-3-septate. (medulla K—C—).

On trees, not common.

SYN:—Scop. Carn. 2. p. 386. (1772). glomulifera, Lightf. Nyl. Syn. 368,

Fig :- E. Bot. 293, Mich. Gen. t. 46. Dill. t. 26. f. 99.

Exs:—Hepp 594. Leight. 110. Schær. 559. M. & N. 346. Anzi Langob. 372. Mass. 105, Larbal. 62.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Algeria, N. America, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу: —1...5, 6, 7...11, 12...14, 15, 16...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Llanforda near Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Sedbergh, Westmoreland. Mr. Slinger. near Middleton, Teesdale. Mr. W. Brunton. near Launceston, Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Hishope and Horsleyhope Denes, Durham; East Common Wood near Hexham, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Romaldkirk. Rev. J. Harriman. between Lustleigh Cleve and Moreton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Moncrieff Hill, Perth. Dr. Lindsay. near Aberfeldy, Perthshire. Mr. H. Macmillan. near Inverary. Messrs Turner & Hooker. Pentland Hills. Mr. Maughan. Humby Woods. Dr. Greville. Lundie Craigs. Mr. W. Gardiner. Clova. Mr. G. Don. near Killin, Dr. Holl. Barcaldine, Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Co. Antrim. Dr. Moore. Dinis Island, Killarney. Mr.

Carroll.

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WALES: - Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Corsygedol

near Barmouth, Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: — Jerbourg, Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Cliffs between Rozel and Boulay Bay, Jersey; Sark! Mr. Larbalestier.

2. R. lætevirens, (Lightf.) pale brown, membranaceous, rugulose, crowdedly lobate, rotundato-crenate and undulate, under surface pale and tomentose, rhizinæ pale; apothecia rufous, receptacle granulato-rugulose, inflexed; spores colourless or pallido-fuscescent, fusiform, 1-3-septate. (medulla K—C—).

On trees and rocks, not common.

Syn:—Lightf. Scot. p. 852. herbacea, Huds. Nyl. Syn. 369. Fig:—E. Bot. 294. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 10. f. 2. Nyl. Syn. t. 1. f.

6. & t. 8. f. 46.

Exs:—Hepp 593. Leight. 75. Schær, 560. Welw. Lusit. 4. Maud. 28. Fries. 334.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7, 8...10...12...14, 15...19...22...30, 31. England:—Derbyshire and Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Baysdale, Cleveland; Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Helks Wood, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Strath Braan Woods, Dunkelk, and near Thirsk, Mr. J. G. Baker. Hackfall near Ripon. Mr. W. Brunton. Sedbergh, Westmoreland. Mr. S. Slinger. Bringewood Hill opposite Downton Castle. Rev. T. Satwey. Horsleyhope and Hishope Denes; Shipley Wood near Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch. Irehope Dene, Weardale, Durham. Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Healey Field, Durham. Mr. Waugh. Shanklin, Isle of Wight; and S. Devon and Cornwall, generally. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton. Dr. Dickie.

Scotland:—Drumlanrig Wood. Mr. W. Stevens. Auchindenny Woods. Dr. Greville. Auldbar. Mr. W. Gardiner. near Kinnaird.

Mr. A. Croall. Clova. Mr. G. Don.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Dr. Carrington. near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Glenarm, Antrim, and Powerscourt, Wicklow. Dr. Moore.

Wales:—Near Oswestry, but in Denbighshire! and Barmouth! Corsygedol. Rev T. Salwey. near Beaumaris. Rev. A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## SUB-TRIBE II. IMBRICARIEI.

Thallus laciniate or laciniato-lobate. Apothecia with ellipsoid, rarely oblong, simple, colourless spores. Paraphyses indistinct. Spermogonia innate. Spermatia acicular, fusiformi-incrassulate at either apex, or long cylindrical and arcuate. (Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 48.)

# IV. PARMELIA, Ach. Nyl.

Thallus variously lobato-divided or laciniate, expanded, somewhat shining, medulla stuppeous. Apothecia scattered. Spores 8, ellipsoid, simple, small. Sterigmata 2-5-articulated. Spermatia acicular, fusiformi-incrassulate at the acute apices. (Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 47. e.)

# A. medulla of thallus K-C-.

1. P. caperata, (L.) flavescent or substramineous, dilated, lobato-incised, rugose, under surface black, paler at the margin, nigro-rhizinose; apothecia badio-rufescent, margin crenulate pulverulent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K + C + medulla - K - C - C.

On rocks and trees common. 1696.

SYN: -Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 41. (1753). Nyl. Syn. 376.

Fig:-E. Bot 654. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 39. f. 1.

Exs:—M, & N. 255. Schær. 377. Tuck. 75. Nyl. 31. Anzi It. S. 107. Hepp 854. Mudd 73. Mass. 20. Welw. Lusit. 80, Leight. 77. Bohl. 123.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, Asia, America, Australasia.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3, 4, 5...10, 11, 12...14...19...31.

England:—Near Penzance and Camelford, Cornwall. Messrs Sowerby & Turner. Lounsdale and Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ryde, Isle of Wight! Rev. A. Bloxam. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Keswick, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. W. Unwin. near Sedbergh, Kendal. Mr. S. Slinger. Wensleydale, Mr. J. W. Watson. Heddon-on-the-wall and West Dipton near Hexham, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Romaldkirk. Rev. J. Harriman. near Totness; Bradley Wood, Newton Bushell. Dr. Holl. Ashburton, Devon. Dr. Ralfs. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Haughmond Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Pentland Hills, Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park, Bandon! Mr. E. Fisher. Dunkerron Mountains; Tralee. Dr. Taylor. near Cork. Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey, Sark, Herm, Jethou! Mr. Lar-

balestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

2. P. olivacea, (L.) olivaceo-fuscous, orbicular or sub-orbicular, minutely corrugate, laciniato-lobate, lobes appressed, plane, crenate, sub-opake, under surface concolorous; medulla white K—C—; apothecia badious

or badio-rufescent, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple.

On trees, palings, &c. 1690.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. (1753). Ach. Syn. 200. Nyl. Syn. 395.

Fig :- E. Bot, 2180.

Exs:—Bohl, 86. Schær. 370. 371. Fellm, 81. Anzi Ven. 20 Mass, 167.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, America, Asia, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...11...14, 15...(19—30)...31,

ENGLAND; —Berwick-on-Tweed! Dr. G. Johnston. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Devonshire. Mr. Parfitt. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp, Bedford. Rev. C. Abbot, near Shrewsbury! Stiperstones! Bomere! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Fort Augustus, Caledonian Canal! Dr. Lindsay. Craigcrook, Colinton and Swanston Woods. Mr. Maughan. Braid Hermitage. Dr. Greville. Reeky Linn; Airlie; Camperdown; Hare

Craigs; Clova. Mr. W. Gardiner.

IRELAND :- common. Dr. Taylor & Mr. J. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. common on all the islands. Mr., Larbalestier.

Var. exasperata, (Ach.) thallus and receptacle minutely papillato-exasperate; medulla white K—C—.

On trees.

Syn: -Ach. Syn. 320. (1817). Nyl. Syn. 396.

Fig :—Vaill. Paris, t. 20, f. 8.

Exs:—Mass. 13. Mudd 72. Anzi It. S. 115, M. & N. 161. Leight. 263.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5.. 7...10...16.. 19.

ENGLAND:—Ayton, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Pembridge, Herefordshire! Rev. J. F. Crouch. near Worcester, Dr. Holl. Bomere Pool! near Shrewsbury!

SCOTLAND :- Loch Awe. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Glencar, co. Kerry; Glena; Base of Mangerton, Killarney. Mr. J. Carroll.

Wales :- Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

Var. prolixa, Ach. dark olivaceous, sub-orbicular or effuse, laciniate, laciniae narrow, variously divided, multifid, plane, crenato-incised, under surface nigricant, fibrillose; medulla white K—C—.

On rocks.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 214. (1803). Nyl. Syn. 404. Exs:—Anzi It. S. 116. Schær. 372. Leight. 291.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Algeria, Asia, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 7...15...19...23.

ENGLAND:—Torquay, Ilsham! Dr. Deakin. Whitesand Bay, Cornwall; Wembury, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND: - Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Howth. Dr. Moore. Mizen Head. Mr. J. Wright. Kilkee. Mr. J. Carroll. south of Ireland. Miss Hutchins.

WALES :- Barmouth !.

3. P. stygia, (L.) castaneo-fuscous or pitch-black, somewhat shining, orbicular, firm, laciniæ sublinear, multifid, plane or convex, imbricate, divided, under-surface black or spadiceous towards the margins, rhizinæ few, medulla white K—C—; apothecia fuscous, margin granulato-crenate; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple.

On alpine rocks. 1793.

Syn:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 23. (1753). Ach. Syn. 204. Nyl. Syn. 397.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2048. Hffm. En. t. 14. f. 2.

Exs:—Hepp 587. Fr. 166, 337. Anzi It. S. 111. Tuck. 17. Dicks. 25. M. & N, 351. Schær. 225.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-7...11...15...26.

ENGLAND :- Butsfield Moors, Durham. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Highlands of Scotland! Mr. Dickson. (1793). Ben Nevis (4406 ft.)! Ben Mac Dhui, Braemar. (4296 ft.)! Dr. Lindsay. Caintochan, Clova; Mr. R. Jacob. Ben More, Breadalbane; Lochnagar, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—(f. minor,) Mayo. Dr. Moore. WALES:—Llandegley Rocks. Rev. T. Salwey.

4. P. lanata, (L.) nigricant or fusco-nigricant, filiform, alectorioid, terete, slender, decumbent, ramose, entangled, shining; apothecia lateral, concolorous, margin sub-entire or granulato-unequal; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple; medulla white K—C—.

On alpine rocks. 1724.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 74. (1753). Ach. Syn, 302. Nyl. Syn. 398.

Fig:-E. Bot. 846.

Exs:—Fellm. 82. Hepp 588. Anzi Langob. 53. M, & N. 557. Schær. 257.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...5.. 7...11, 12...15.. 19...23.

England:—Northern Counties. Sir J. E. Smith. Helvellyn! Mrs. Stanger. Teesdale Moors, Durham; Cheviot, Simonside and Hedgehope, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Ragley Park, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Cornwall. Mr. Stephens. (1724).

SCOTLAND:—High Mountains. Sir J. E. Smith. Ben More; Bennaboord; Massuna, Braemar! Ben Lawers! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Ben Macdhui; Lochnagar! Dr. Lindsay. Ben Nevis. Adm. Jones.

near Aberfeldy, Perthshire. Mr. H. Macmillan.

IRELAND: —Mangerton, co. Kerry. Mr. J. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. on the mountains in the South. Dr. Taylor. Mc Gillicuddy's Reeks. Dr. Moore.

Wales: - Borth and Snowdon. Dillenius. Bangor, Mr. Brewer.

A var. subciliata, Nyl. (Flora 1868. p. 346.) has been rarely found on calcareous rocks at Morrone in Braemar by Rev. J. M. Crombie, "differt a typo receptaculo papillis spinuliformibus vel corniculis thallinis ciliato."

5. P. physodes, (L.) whitish, substellate, lacinize multifid, plane, glabrous, smooth, imbricate, under surface naked, rugose, fuscous-black, apices inflated and badio-pallescent K yellow C yellow, medulla white K—C—; apothecia spadiceous or badio-rufescent, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple, small.

On trees, rocks, &c. common. 1724.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 26. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 218. Nyl. Syn. 400.

Fig:-E. Bot. 126.

Exs:—Fellm. 75. Hepp 584. Anzi Langob. (right hand spec.) 257. A. Fr. 291. Leight. (left hand spec.) 48.

GEOG. DISTRIB; -- Throughout the world.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...7, 8 ...10, 11...14, 15, 16...19, 20...

30, 31,

ENGLAND:—Cromford Moor near Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. Lamberton Moor! Blachadder plantations! Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Moor Park, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Castle Howard, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Gateshead Fell, Durham. Mr. Winch. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Colne; Braxter; Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne, Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Wrekin Hill, Shropshire!

Scotland:—Loch-na- Gat Glen, Ben Lawers (in fruit)! Mr. Mc Kinlay. Garrynahine, Lewis; Knock Hill Crieff! fr. Dr. Lindsay. near Dumfries (in fruit). Dr. Richardson. Pentland Hills. Mr. Maughan. Cathkin Hills. Mr. Hopkirk. Swanston Woods (fruit). Dr. Greville. Baldovan and Deerhill Woods; Camperdown; Auchterhouse; Auldbar. Mr. W. Gardiner. near Kinnaird. Mr. A. Bousie. Arran. Prof. Balfour. near Carnbo, at foot of the Ochils,

Kinrossshire, (fruit). Dr. Nichol.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast (fruit). Mr. Templeton. Powerscourt Water Fall. Mr. G. S. Gough. Glenbower, Killeagh. Mr. J. Carroll. WALES:—Cwmbychan (fruit). Rev. T. Salwey. near Llyn Aran, Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey and Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. vittata, Ach. laciniæ of thallus narrow and linear, denigrate at the margins.

On trees, not common.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 251, (1803). Syn. 218. Nyl. Scand. 103.

Exs: Fellm. 76. Schær. 367.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Switzerland, Italy, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-7...15.

SCOTLAND: - Highlands, frequently. Dr. Holl.

WALES: —Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

Var. recurva, Leight. like the type, but apices of laciniæ recurved and albo-sorediate.

On trees and rocks, common.

Fig :- E. Bot, 126, upper fig. 1. 3.

Exs:—Nyl. 113, Mudd 70. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5 ..7...10...12...15.

ENGLAND:—Hay Park, Herefordshire (fruit)! Rev. T. Salwey. High Cliff! and Lounsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Keswick, Cumberland (fruit)! Mrs. Stanger, Nesscliffe Hill! Wrekin Hill! Long Mynd! Stiperstones! Shropshire.

Scotland:-Loch-na-Gat stream, Ben Lawers (fruit)! Mr. A.

Mc Kinlay.

N. WALES :- Barmouth !

Var. labrosa, Ach. apices of laciniæ sub-cylindrical, turgescent, tuberculoso-albo-sorediate.

On trees &c. common.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 492. (1810.)

Fig :- Hffm. Enum. t. 15. f. 2. E. Bot. 126. fig. 5.

Exs:—Arn. 297. Mass. 278. Bohl. 13. Leight, 48. (right hand spec). Hepp 856. Rabh. 793.

GEOG. DISTRIR:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...(13—18).

England:—Malvern Hills, Worcestershire. Sir J. E. Smith. Pentre-noon, Monmouth. Dr. Holl. Wrekin Hill, Shropshire! Scotland:—frequent. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. platyphylla, Ach. orbicular, laciniæ smooth, glabrous, broader, turgid and undulate, and spermogoniferous towards the centre, appressed, rounded and crenate at the circumference.

On rocks, not common.

SYN; -Ach, Meth. 251. (1803.) Syn. 219. Nyl. Syn. 400.

Exs :- Schær. 366. M. & N. 159.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -5...10, 11. 15...20.

Bot. Prov:—Europe.

ENGLAND: - Snailesworth! Mr. J. G. Baker. Yorkshire! Mr.

6. Dixon. Waske ley Bonrn and Wolsingham Park, Durham. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND :- Blaeberry Hill, Perth! Dr Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Near Cork! Mr. J. Carroll.

N. Wales :- Pentregaer near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. encausta, (Sm.) albido-cinerascent, nearly fuscescent, narrowly laciniate, unequal, laciniæ multifid, convex or terete, imbricato-decumbent or depressed, under surface nigricant, opake; apothecia badio-rufous, margin crenulate; medulla white K—C—.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1791.

SYN:—Sm, in Trans. Linn. Soc. 1. p, 83. (1791). Ach. Syn. 206. Nyl. Syn. 401.

Fig:—Trans. Linn. Soc. 1, t. 4, f. 6. E. Bot. 2049. Hffm. Pl.

L. t. 32. f. 2.

Exs:—Schær. 368. Fr. 338. Anzi It. S. 106. Zw. 183. Hepp 52. M. & N. 353.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND; —Ben Nevis, Dr. Stuart. Cairntoul; Ben Lawers; Ben More; Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. discreta, Nyl. nigro-olivaceous, crustaceo-cartilaginous, orbicular or expanded, sub-opake, laciniæ convex, rugoso-plicate, imbricate and complicate, narrow, toruloso-intricate, apices incurved, under surface very black, sparsely fibrillose, medulla white K—C—; apothecia nigricant, concave, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or sub-globose, simple.

On alpine rocks.

Syn:—Parmelia alpicola, Th. Fr. Lich. Arctoi 57. (1860.) Parmelia encausta, var. stygioides, Linds. Tr. Roy. Soc. Edin. 22. p. 224. Mougeotii f. discreta, Nyl. Syn. 400.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Cairngorm, Braemar. Dr. Lindsay. (1856). Morrone Ben-na-boord; Ben More; Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

6. P. ambigua, (Wulf.) stramineous, stellato-orbicular, appressed, laciniæ narrow, applanate, multifid, flavo-sorediate, under snrface fuscous-black; apothecia rufo-badious or badio-fuscescent, margin sub-entire; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ovoideo-oblong, curved, simple; thallus K—C+, medulla white K—C—.

On fir trees, posts, &c. 1808.

SYN: -Wulf in Jacq. Coll. 4, 239. (1790). Ach. Syn. 208. Nyl. Lich. Scand. 105.

Fig :—E. B. Suppl. 2796. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 40. f. 2. 3. 4. t. 42.

f. 2. 3.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 52. Fellm. 85. Hepp 858. Schær. 375. M. & N. 449. Mudd 75. Leight. 373.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7, 8, 9, 10 ..15.

ENGLAND:—Gopsall Park, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Pentregaer near Oswestry! Hay Park near Ludlow. Rev. T. Salwey. Ingleby Greenhow! Hoggarts Wood, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Clougha, Lancashire. Mr. R. Jacob.

Scotland:—Larig Crue under Cairngorm; Forest of Rothiemurchus. Mr. Borrer. (1808). Marr Forest; Mr. G. Don. Northern Forest of the Highlands; Kinnordy, Forfarshire. Sir. W. J. Hooker. Cairngorm; Messrs Borrer & Hooker. Glen Derry. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES:—Cwmbychan near Barmouth, and Powis Castle Park.

Rev. T. Salwey.

7. P. cetrarioides, Del. glauco-albescent, subcoriaceous, orbicular, lobes rotundate, margin rotundo-crenate, elevated, crisped; medulla K—; apothecia badio-rufous, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees and stones, frequent. 1869.

SYN:—P. perlata var. cetrarioides, Delise in Duby Bot. Gall. 601. (1829). Nyl. in Flora 1869. p. 290. Crombie En. 34.

Exs:—Fr. 335, Hepp 578. GEOG DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot Prov: -2...7.

ENGLAND:—New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. WALES:—Dolgelley! Barmouth! Dr. Holl. (1869).

# B. medulla of thallus K yellow.

8. P. perlata, (L.) albo-glaucescent or whitish, dilated, lobate, lobes rotundate, subimbricate, often albo-sorediate on the margins, under surface fuscous-black or black, and pale towards margins; K + C +, medulla K yellow; apothecia badio-rufous, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees (rare in fruit.) 1741.

SYN:—Linn, Syst. Nat. ed. 12. p. 712. (1767). Ach. Syn. 197. Nyl. Syn. 397.

Fig :- E. Bot. 341.

Exs:—Hepp 579. 580. Zw. 185. Fr. 335. M. & N. 253. Leight. 76. Anzi Langob. 48.
Bot, Prov:—1, 2, 3...5, 6, 7...10...13...15...19, 20...26...31.

ENGLAND:—Penzance, Cornwall; Stoke Wood, Devonshire; Mr. E. Parfitt. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. W. Unwin. near Ilfracombe. Miss M. Atwood, Helks Wood, Ingleborough, Dr. Carrington, Boudsdale Gill, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. between Camelford and Bodmin; near Ilfracombe. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Kelvedon; Inworth; Easthorpe, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Oxford. Dillenius (1741). Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Kinnoul Hill, Perth; Caerlaveroch Road, Dumfries; Quiraing, Skye. Dr. Lindsay. S. W. of Scotland Rev. J. M. Crombie: IRELAND:—Fermoy! Mr. T. Chandler, near Cork! and near Knockmore, near Carregaline, Cork. Mr. J. Carroll, near Dunkerron.

Dr. Taylor. near Lough Corrib, Galway. Dr. Moore.

WALES: - Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Barmouth (in

fruit)! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larba-lestier.

Var. ciliata, DC. thallus nearly naked beneath, and nigro-ciliate at the margins, (medulla K yellow.)

On trees and rocks. 1812.

SYN: -DC. Fl. Fr. 2. p. 403, (1805.) Nyl. Syn. 380.

Fig :-E. Bot. 2423.

Exs:—Welw. Lusit. 75. 77, 81. Zw. 56. Anzi It. S. 100. 101. Arn. 136. Larb. 17.

Вот. Ркоу: -1, 2 ..7...16...19...31.

ENGLAND: -Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Bolt Head and Dartmoor, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND: - Crinan Canal, Argyleshire! Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: —Castlebernard Park, Bandon! Mr. J. Carroll. Dun-kerron. Dr. Taylor.

WALES:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—E. coast of Jersey! and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

9. P. pertusa, (Schrank) whitish, orbicular, plano-appressed, glabrous, laciniæ narrow, multifid, sinuate, convex, somewhat shining, minutely perforated, apices dilated, crenato-incised, sometimes sorediate, under surface black and rugose; apethecia rufo-fuscescent, margin entire, inflexed; spores colourless, 2—4, broadly elliptical, simple, large. (medulla white K yellow).

On rocks and trees, rare in fruit. 1800.

Syn:—Schrank. Bayer Fl. 2. No. 1513. (1789.) Ach. Syn. 219. Nyl. Syn. 402.

Fig:—E. Bot, 1248. Hepp Sporen t. 97. f. 857.

Exs:—Zw. 252. Leight. 264. Hepp 857 Anzi 105. Tuck. 16. Schær. 365. Nyl. 32. M. & N. 65. Larbal, 66.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, America, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...16.. 19...30 ..31.

ENGLAND :- Lynton, Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—Ballacheulish in Appin (fruit). Messrs Turner & Hooker.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron Mountains. Dr. Taylor. Pass of Keirnna-Eigh, co. Cork; Glenmore Lake, Kerry; Eagle's Nest, Killarney. Mr. J. Carroll. Cushendun, co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

Wales: Beddgelert. Mr. D. Turner. (1800). Cwmbychan; rocks above Hendremynach; and on alder trees at Nannau. Rev. T.

Salwey. Garth near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Barmouth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Bonne Nuit, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

10. P. aleurites, Ach. whitish or albido-cinerascent, stellato-orbicular, appressed, laciniæ narrow, applanate, multifid, albo-sorediate; apothecia spadiceo-fuscous or rufescent, margin crenulate, sorediate; spores 8, colourless, oblong or oblongo-ovoid, simple; thallus K + C—medulla K yellow.

On posts, palings, &c. not uncommon. 1793.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 117. (1798). Syn. 208. Nyl. Scand. 105.
Fig:—E. Bot, 858. Dicks. Cr. Br. t. 9. f. 6. Hffm. Pl. t. 65. f.
Hepp. Sporen t. 98. 859.

Exs: -Zw. 54. Schær. 489. 376. M. & N. 739, Mudd 71, Hepp

859. Anzi Langob, 50. Fellm. 95.

Вот. Ркоу:—3, 4, 5...8...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Croft Castle Park, Herefordshire. Mr. Dickson. (1793). Henham, Suffolk. Mr. D. Turner. near Windsor. Dr. G. H. Noehden. Oswestry! Hay Park near Ludlow; Oteley Park near Ellesmere. Rev. T. Salwey. Rosedale; Farndale; Bransdale; Baysdale! Kildale; Inglely Park, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Gopsall, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Scotch Highlands. Rev. J. Dalton. Glen Dee, Brae-

mar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## C. medulla of thallus C red.

11. P. olivetorum, (Ach.) externally similar to the sorediate states of P. perlata, but distinguished by chemical reaction of the white medulla, which is tinged red by C. (but more definitely red by applying C first then K and then C again.)

On rocks, rare.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 217, (1803.) Syn. 198. Nyl. Lapp. Or. 180.

Fig :—Dill, t. 20. f, 39. B.

Exs :- Tuck. 15. Anzi It. S. 99.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -2,

England:—Danny, Sussex, in herb. Hooker, determined by Dr. Nylander.

12. P. tiliacea, (Ach.) glaucescent, sub-orbicular, laciniato-lobate, laciniæ rotundate, smooth, margins sinuato-crenate; apothecia badio-rufescent, chiefly in the centre of the thallus, receptacle smooth, margin nearly entire; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; medulla white C red.

On trees &c. 1791.

Syn :- Ach, Meth. 215. Nyl. Syn. 382.

Fig:-E. Bot. 700. Hepp Sporen t. 97. f. 855.

Exs:—Mass. 326. 327. Mudd 68. Anzi It. S. 102. Langob. 26. Hepp 855. c. Larb. 18. Hampe 43.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, Africa, N. America, Australa-

sia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2 ..7...31.

ENGLAND:—Dunster, Somersetshire. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Lynton, N. Devon! Mr. Mudd. near Torquay! Dr. Deakin. New Forest! St. Leonard's Forest! Mr. Borrer. near Cornworthy, S. Devon! Dartmoor! Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton! Mr. Carter.

WALES: - Anglesea and Carnarvonshire. Rev. Hugh Davies. Aber-

gwynant near Dolgelley! Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -L'Etacq, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. Guern-

sey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. rugosula, Leight. orbicular, centre of thallus and base of rotundate laciniæ singularly transversely wrinkled; medulla white C red.

On trees.

Exs:—Schær. 358. Zw. 53, Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Bot Prov: -2, 3...19.

ENGLAND:—Near Esher Bridge! Mr. Borrer. Chart Park, Dorking! Mr. Jenner.

IRELAND :- Banks of Blackwater river, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Var. scortea, (Ach.) orbicular, sinuato-lobate, lobes short, rotund, undulate, margin inciso-crenate, centre of the thallus isidiiferous and pulverulent; medulla white C red.

On trees, palings, &c. 1809.

Syn: - Ach, Prodr. 119. Nyl. Syn. 383.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2065.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 103. Hepp 855. b. and 581. M, & N. 445. Mass. 328. Leight. 87. Schær. 359.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5, 7.. 11...13...19...20...31.

ENGLAND: - Henfield! Sussex; Portnalls and on Farthing Down!

Stonehenge! Livermere! Rev. G. R. Leathes. (1809). Little Stretton, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Staveley, Kendal! Mr. J. A. Martindale. Twycross, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Bolt Head, S. Devon! Dr. Holl. Foggerforth near Eglestone, Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt, Church Stretton, co. Salop

Scotland: —Caerlaverack, Dumfries! Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Ballymartle, co. Cork! Mr. J. Carroll. Askew Wood, co. Kerry! Dr. Taylor.

WALES: - Holyhead! and Barmouth Rev. T. Salwey. near Dol-

gelley. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :—L'Etacq, Jersey! Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. revoluta, (Flk.) sinuato-lobate, lobes cucullato-revolute and tuberculoso-sorediate at the apices; medulla white C red.

On trees.

Syn:—Flk. Deut. Lich. 15. (1815). Nyl. Syn. 385. (excl. syn).
Exs:—Zw. 181. Anzi Langob. 49. Arn. 221. Schær. 612. Mass.
325. Leight. 357.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2...5...7...19...31,

England:—Penzance! Rev. H. Penneck. St. Leonard's Forest! Mr. Borrer. Oswestry! and Ludlow, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. IRELAND:—Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Kerry. Dr. Moore.

N. Wales:—Tygwyn near Dolgelley! Rev. T. Salwey. Aber-

dovey! Rev. A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—La Coupe ; Gorey, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. sublævigata, Nyl. pinnatifido-divaricate, laciniæ appressed, linear; narrow, distinct, sinuato-incised, apices truncato-furcate, very atro-rhizinose beneath; medulla white, C red.

On trees &c.

SYN:-Nyl. Syn. 383. (1860).

Exs:—Lindig 110. Spruce Amaz. 156. Arn. 137. Anzi Langob. 256. Leight. 202.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Central America.

Bot. Prov :--1, 2...19.

England:—Bournemouth! Rev. A. Bloxam, near Exeter! Prof. Dickie.

IRELAND : - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor.

Var. concentrica, Leight. sphærico-conglomerate, growing in involved concentric layers; medulla white C red.

On exposed downs, rare. Syn:—Leight, Exs. 232.

Fig :- Gard. Chron. 1856. p. 84, & 172.

Exs: -Leight. 232.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

ENGLAND: - Melbury Hill near Shaftesbury, Dorsetshire! Sir W. C. Trevelyan.

Dr. Holl in litt. says, "from Bolt Head I have a variety which

approaches your concentrica but is isidiiferous."

Var. rugosa, Tayl. white, very uneven, lobes broadly linear, imbricated, margins sinuato-crenate, rugose at the base on upper surface, sometimes sorediate, margin of apothecia rugose; medulla white C red.

On rocks, rare. 1836.

Syn: - Tayl. in Mack. Fl. Hib. 2, 145. (1836,)

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15...19...31.

Scotland: -Ballacheulish! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND : - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor.

Wales; —Dolbadorn, Caernarvonshire! road-side between Tyn-y-Croes and Dol-y-mellyn Bridge, Merionethshire! Mr. Borrer. Ty Gwyn near Dolgelley! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

In external aspect much like P. lævigata.

13. P. Borreri, (Turn.) cinereo-glaucescent, becoming pale brown when dry, appressed, imbricate, rugulose, albosorediate, lobes broad and rotundate, under surface fuscous or pallescent; apothecia badio-rufous, margin elevated, inflexed; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple; medulla white C red.

On trees and rocks. 1807.

Syn: -- Turn. in Linn, Trans. 9. 148. (1808.) Ach. Syn. 197. Nyl. Syn. 389.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1780. Linn. Tr. 9. t. 13. f. 2.

Exs:—Hepp 582, 583, 866, 867, Schær, 361, Leight, 231, Larb, 20, Anzi Langob, 374, Zw. 251, M. & N. 634, Mass, 107, 166,

GEOG. DISTRIB: — Europe, Africa, Asia, America. Bot. Prov: —1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8... 19, 20... 22... 31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1807.) Norwich and Coltishall. Mr. D. Turner. Twycross, Leicestershire! and near Braunston! Rev. A. Bloxam. Penzance!; Woodhill and Porkington near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Stanstead Park, Essex. Mr. R. Jocob. near Worcester; near Brighton; Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Bomere Pool! Meole Brook! Stiperstones! Haughmond Hill! near Shrewsbury!

IRELAND: Ballymartle, co. Cork! and Glanuire, Cork. Mr. Carroll. near Wicklow. Dr. Maingay. Dunkerron; Roughty, co.

Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Pembrokeshire! Lane between Glanmawddach and Bodowen near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel, Jersey! Mr. C. Larbalestier. Guern-

sey. Rev. T. Salwey.

14. P. fuliginosa, (Dub.) badio-umbrine, orbicular, laciniato-lobate, lobes appressed, plane, crenate, fuliginoso-furfuraceous or isidiose; apothecia brown, margin thick crenulate; medulla C red.

On rocks, frequent.

SYN :- Dub. Bot. Gall. 602. (1829.) Nyl. Syn. 397.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...12...15...20.

ENGLAND:—Burnside Lane near Staveley in Kendal, Westmoreland! Mr. J. A. Martindale, Long Mynd! Stiperstones! Pontesford Hill! Haughmond Hill! Lyth Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Birnam Hill, Dunkeld! Dr. Lindsay. Park near

Aberdeen ; Kincardineshire Coast. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Cork! Mr. Carroll. Wales:—between Corwen and Bala!

## D. medulla of thallus K yellow then red.

15. P. perforata, Wulf. whitish or glaucous-white, lobate or lobato-sinuate or sinuato-divided, smooth, minutely reticulato-rimulose, margin often albo-sorediate, under surface fuscous-black or black; apothecia badio-rufescent or fusco-rufous, often medio-perforate, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple; medulla white K yellow then red.

On rocks and trees. 1836.

Syn :—Wulf. in Jacq. Coll. 1. 116. (1786). Ach. Syn. 198. Nyl. Syn. 377. P. reticulata, Tayl.! in Mack. Fl. Hib. 148.

Fig:—Jacq. Coll. 1. t. 3.

Exs:—M. & N. 253. Hepp 580. Schær. 360. (in pt.) Welw. Lusit. 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...16...19...31.

Scotland:—Appin, Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Near Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor.

Wales: - Dolgelley! Mr. J. Ralfs.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

16. P. conspersa, (Ehrh.) pale, ochroleucous or substramineous, orbicular, laciniato-divided, laciniæ appressed, contiguous or imbricate, margins sinuato-incised or crenate, undulate, under surface fuscous-black or fuscescent,

nigro-fibrillose; apothecia spadiceous or fuscous, margin thin, inflexed; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K f+C+, medulla K yellow then red.

1741. On rocks &c. not uncommon. SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 118. (1798.) Nyl. Syn. 391.

Fig: -E. Bot. 2097. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 16. f. 2.

Exs: -M. & N. 160. Schær. 379. Bohl. 110. Wright, 77. Maudon 11. Anzi It. S. 108. Leight. 78. Larbal, 65.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Throughout the World.

Bot. Prov:—1...5 ..7, 8 ..10, 11...13...15...31.

England:—Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Battersby Bank, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. near Dunsford, Devonshire. Mr. E. Parfitt. Wensleydale. Mr. J. W. Watson. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham! North Tyne near Warden Mill, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Bodbury Ring near Church Stretton! Wrekin! Corndon!

SCOTLAND: -Bield and Moffat. Sir J. E. Smith. Moffat, Dumfriesshire! Blaeberry Hill, Perth; Garrynahine, Lewis; Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—On siliceous rocks, not uncommon. Mr. Carroll. Wales: - Dolgelley; Llanberis. Dillenius. (1741.) Conway Moun-

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey and Sark! and other Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Weddell in Lich. Prom. publ. says that in P. conspersa the medulla when moistened with K becomes yellow, but almost immediately afterwards becomes red. This I am able to confirm fully so far as regards foreign specimens, but on British specimens the yellow reaction takes place, but not always the red.

f. stenophylla, (Ach.) laciniæ of thallus narrower,

much more divided and imbricate.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 206, (1803.) Nyl. Syn. 391.

Exs: M. & N. 940. Mass. 313, Anzi It. S. 109. Fellm. 79. Leight. 79.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5 ..8...(13...18).

ENGLAND: - Craigforda near Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Gopsall, Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Dunsford, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Wrekin, Shropshire!

SCOTLAND :- Common. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

f. isidiata, Anzi. centre of thallus densely isidiose.

Syn:—Anzi Cat. p. 28. (1860.)

Exs:—Mass. 314. Anzi It. S. 110. Leight. 79. p.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...12, 13.

England: - Keswick, Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Wrekin, Shrop-

SCOTLAND:—Caerlaverock Wood, Dumfries! Dr. Lindsay. WALES :- Barmouth !

f. Mougeotii, Schær. laciniæ of the thallus very narrow multifid, somewhat convex, closely adnate, sulphureo-sorediate, dark and sub-diffract in the centre, paler and yellower in the radiate circumference.

SYN: -Schær. En. 46. (1850.) Nyl. Syn. 392,

Exs:-M, & N. 1234. Schær. 548. Leight. 143. Mudd 74.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, America.

Вот. Ркоу: -7, 8...10...12...15...19, 20.

ENGLAND:—Ingleby Moor!; Battersby Moor!; and Hobhole, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Thirsk. Mr. J. G. Baker. near Staveley. Mr. Martindale. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland: - Near Aberdeen. Prof. Dickie. near Dunkeld. Dr.

Holl. Glen Dee in Braemar. Rev. J. Crombic.

IRELAND :- Kerry. Messrs Taylor & Moore. near Dunkerron.

Dr. Taylor. Curraghmore, Waterford. Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Wall between Bodowen and Glan Mawddach in lane above turppike road near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

17. P. sinuosa, (Sm.) flavescent, divaricato-lobate, laciniæ narrow, sinuato-pinnatifid, sinuses circular, apices dilated, cloven, often sorediate, under surface nigrofibrillose; apothecia fuscous, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple, double the size of those of P. lævigata; medulla white K yellow then red.

On rocks, walls, &c. 1784.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 2050. (1809.) Ach. Syn. 207. Nyl. Syn. 384.

Fig :-E. Bot. 2050.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Throughout the World.

Вот. Ркоу: -1.. 7...13...15, 16...19, 20.. 31.

ENGLAND: -Bournemouth, Devon. Rev. A. Bloxam. Rossth-

waite, Borrow Dale, Cumberland! Mr. Robertson.

Scotland:—Dumfriesshire. Mr. Burgess. (1784). Ballacheulish; Messrs Turner & Hooker. Badick Castle, Arran! Sir W. J. Hooker. Glen Nevis! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND:—Near Kildorrery co. Cork! Mr. Carroll. Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. Killarney! Sir T. Gage, Glencar. Mr. J. Taylor.
WALES:—Barmouth! Rev. T, Salwey. Ty Gwyn, uear Dolgelley.
Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - common in Jersey and Guernsey. Mr.

Larbalestier.

18. P. acetabulum, (Neck.) glauco-olivaceous or luridoolivaceous, subopake, orbicular, unequal or rugulose, lobate, lobes flexuose or imbricate, under surface castaneofuscous or nigricant; apothecia badio-rufous, receptacle corrugate, margin rugoso-crenulate and sorediate; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; medulla white K yellow then red.

On trees. 1799.

SYN :- Neck. Delic. Gallobelg. 506. (1768.) Ach. Syn. 199. Nyl. Syn. 395.

Fig :-- E. Bot. 1652.

Exs: -M. & N. 256. Schær. 547. Zw. 55. Hepp 865. Anzi It. S. 112. Leight, 362, Mass. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov :—2, 3, 4, 5...10. ENGLAND ;—Saham Wood, Norfolk. Sir. J. E. Smith. (1799). Ickworth Park near Bury. Rev. G. R. Leathes. Skutterskelf, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. near Bilston, Staffordshire; Beeding Priory, Sussex! Rev. A. Bloxam. Stanstead Park, Essex. Mr. R. Jacob. near Ripon, Yorkshire. Mr. W. Brunton. Bramber Castle, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Felix Hall Park, ! Kelvedon; Rivenhall; Lyston, Essex. Mr. Varenne. near Worcester. Dr. Holl.

P. saxatilis, (L.) cinerascent or albido-cinerascent, orbiculari-expanded, laciniose, reticulato-rugulose, isidioso-scabrous, laciniæ sinuato-multifid or sinuato-incised or lobate, apices retuse; black and fibrillose beneath; apothecia spadiceo-badious, or fuscous, margin entire, or crenulate; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple; medulla K yellow then red.

On rocks, trees, &c. common. 1724.

All forms of saxatilis are readily distinguished by the reticulatorugulose thallus.

SYN:—Linn. Fl. Suec. 1075, (1753.) Ach, Syn. 203, Nyl. Syn. 388.

Fig :—E. Bot. 603. Dill. t. 24, f, 83.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 104 a. Leight. 203. right spec. Fellm. 78. Hepp 860. pt. Schær, 362. Mudd 66.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Asia, Africa, N. America.

Bot, Prov: -1...3, 4, 5...7...10, 11...13, 14, 15, 16...18, 19. 31. ENGLAND :- Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Dunsford, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Shotover Hill, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Bedford. Rev. C. Abbot.

SCOTLAND; -Stennis, Orkney; Ayrshire! Dr. Lindsay. Braid Hermitage and Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Forfarshire. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island; Arran. Prof. Balfour.

IRELAND:—Killarney. Dr. Carrington, trees and rocks, common.

Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aber. Rev. Hugh Davies. Snowdon! Aran Mowddy! CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. sulcata, Tayl. whitish or albido-glaucescent, reticulato-sorediate, soredia whitish, margined by the ruptured thallus, sulciform, never isidiiferous; medulla K yellow then red.

On trees and walls. 1836.

Syn :—Tayl. in Mack. Fl. Hib. 145. (1836.) Nyl. Syn. 389.

Fig:—Mich. Ord. 22. t. 49. C.D.

Exs: -Anzi It. S. 104. b. Leight. 203. left hand spec.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov: -5.. 10...15 .19...31. England: Ayton Moor, Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Oswestry and Moor Park near Ludlow! Rev. T. Salwey, near Thirsk! Mr. J. G. Baker. Walls of the Cemetery! Shrewsbury; Lyth Hill, Shropshire!

Scotland:—Top of Ben Lawers, Dr. Lindsay. IRELAND: - Co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. (1836).

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey, Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. furfuracea, (Schær.) thallus densely isidiose; medulla K yellow then red.

On rocks, stones and trees.

SYN:—P. horrescens, Tayl, belongs to this form. Schær, Enum. 45. Mudd Man. 95.

Exs:—Leight. 46. Schær. 363. Hepp 862. 863. M. & N. 349. Bohl. 11. Fellm. 77. Breut. 116.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10.. 15 ..19.

England :- Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon. Wrekin Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Birnam Hill, Dunkeld! Dr. Lindsay. IRELAND :—Near Kildorrery co. Cork! Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Sychnant near Conway! Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

Var, omphalodes, (L.) fuscous or nigricant, shining, smoother, reticulato-rugulose; medulla K yellow then red.

1724. On alpine rocks.

SYN; -Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 203. Nyl. Syn. 388. Fig:—E. Bot. 604.

Exs: -Scher. 488. Zw. 182, Maudon. 29. Leight. 7. Bohl. 18. M. & N. 348. Mudd 67. Larbal. 19.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7, 8...10...12...15, 16...18...22...31.

England:—Cromford Moor near Matlock, Derbyshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger, near Torquay. Dr. Deakin. Howden Gill, Cleveland! Kildale Moor! Mr. Mudd. Craigforda near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Berwick-on-Tweed! Dr. G. Johnston, Hornby and Helmsley, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. near Penzance and Redruth. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Tors of Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern Hills.

Rev. W. S. Rufford. Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Amulree, Perthshire! Clova, Forfarshire! Garrynahine, Lewis; Dr. Lindsay. Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Sidlaw Hills and Clova Mountains. Mr. W. Gardiner. Long Island. Prof. Balfour.

IRELAND :- Lough Bray co. Wicklow. Dr. Taylor.

WALES:—Aber. Rev. Hugh Davies. near Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Conway Mountain! Barmouth! Aran Mowddy!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: Beauport Bay, Jersey! and all the other Islands. Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. panniformis, Ach. cinerascent, narrowly laciniatodissected, imbricato-crustaceous; medulla K yellow then red.

On rocks.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 204. (1803.) Syn. 203. Nyl. Syn. 388.

Fig:—Westr. Farg. t. 7. f. 6.

Exs: Schær. 364. Anzi Langob. 294. Hepp 861. 864. Korb. 243. M. & N. 738.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe. Вот. Ркоу: -5...(13---18).

ENGLAND :—Stiperstones Hill, Shropshire!

SCOTLAND: - very plentiful and fertile. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## E. medulla K—C red.

P. lævigata, (Sm.) albo-glaucescent or whitish, narrowly laciniato-lobate, laciniae divaricate sinuato-multifid or sinuato-incised, often subimbricate and tuberculato-sorediate at the apices, laxly affixed, under-surface black and atro-fibrilloso-rhizinose; apothecia badiorufous or fuscescent, margin entire or obsoletely crenate or sorediate; spores 6-8, colourless, elliptical, simple; medulla white K-C red.

On rocks and walls. 1808.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 1852. (1808.) Ach. Syn. 212. Nyl. Syn, 384.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1852.

Exs: -Schær. 561. Mudd 69. Nyl. 112. Spruce Amaz. 132. 176. Larbal, 64.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...7...17...19, 20...31.

ENGLAND: Lynton, N. Devon! Mr. Mudd. Two Bridges, Dartmoor !; above the Plym by the Dewer Stone, Dartmoor ! St. Leonard's Forest! Eridge Rocks! Mr. Borrer. Bolt Head, S. Devon! Dr. Holl. SCOTLAND:—Ballacheulish; ! Rossshire]! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND: -Southern Counties! Miss Hutchins. Dunkerron! As-

kew Wood co. Kerry! Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Anglesea and Carnarvonshire! Rev. H. Davies. (1808.)
Mountains above Barmouth! Mr. Borrer. Dolgelley! near Llanberis! Dr. Holl. near Aberdovey. Rev. A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -N.E. coast Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

21. P. incurva, (Pers.) ochroleucous or flavido-cinerascent, sub-opake, orbicular, stellato-laciniose, appressed, laciniæ narrow, multifid, somewhat convex, crowded, apices incurved and imbricate, soredia albo-flavescent, verrucoso-tuberculose, under surface concolorous, rhizinæ nigricant; apothecia spadiceo-fuscous or dark rufescent, small, margin sub-entire; thallus K f + C +, medulla K—C faint red.

On rocks, very rare. 1793.

SYN:-Pers. in Ust. Ann. 7. p. 24. (1794.) Nyl. Syn. 394.

Fig:—Dicks. Cr. Br, t. 9. f. 7.

Exs:-Tuck, 76. Fr. 259.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, N. America. Bot. Prov:—8.. 11...15...19...23...30.

Bot. Prov:—8.. 11...15...19...23...30.

England:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Beamish Moor and Eglestone Fell, Durham; Hedgehope and Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Braemar; Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Dunkerron co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Howth; Killarney; and Knocklayd co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

E. medulla of thallus yellow, K yellowish brown.

22. P. endochlora, Leight. like lævigata, whitish, very uneven, laciniæ sinuato-lobate, retuse, tuberculoso-nigricanti-sorediate, medulla yellow, K yellowish-brown; apothecia rufous-brown, receptacle verrucose reticulato-lacunose, margin verrucose incurved; spores as in lævigata.

On rocks,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-19.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron!; Askew Wood co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.
Much resembling P. tiliacea var. rugosa, Tayl. It may be P.
aurulenta, Tuck. Suppl. 1. 424 but I have seen no authentic specimen.

### SUB-TRIBE III. PHYSCIEI.

Thallus laciniate, variously divided, generally stellatoorbicular. Apothecia orange or yellow or nigricant, lecanorine. Paraphyses distinct. Spores colourless or fuscous, bilocular or 1-septate. Sterigmata pluri-articulate. Spermatia oblongo-cylindrical, incrassate at the apices.

# V. PHYSCIA, Nyl.

Characters as above.

# A. Thallus flavescent (K purple.)

1. P. flavicans, (Sw.) yellow or orange yellow, cæspitose, sub-terete, slender, entangled, much branched, branches attenuate, furcellate at the apices; apothecia orange or rufous, margin thin, sub-entire; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On trees, rocks, &c. 1724.

Syn:—Swartz Prodr. Fl. Ind. 147. (1788.) Ach. Syn. 224. Nyl. Syn. 406.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2113. Hepp Sporen t. 65. f. 570.

Exs:—Hepp 570, Schær. 551, Welw. Lusit. 11, Spruce Amaz. 171, Larb. 21, Mudd 84, Leight. 169, Mass. 17.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -W. Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australa-

Bot. Prov:—1, 2 ..7...10...18, 19, 20 ..31.

England:—Near Lewes, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Devonshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. near Settle, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. near Hastings; Isle of Wight; S. Devon and Cornwall, generally; South Brent, Devonshire. Dr. Holl. Dunsford; Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Brockenhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—Craig of Ailsa. Rev. J. Lightfoot.

IRELAND:—Ardglass. Dr. Maingay. near Waterford. Dr. Barker. Dublin Mountains and Killiney Hill. Dr. Taylor. Lambay Island near Dublin; Ardmore, Waterford, Castlemartyr, Lisquinlan, Costle bernard and Cape Clear Island co. Cork; Western Blasquet Island, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. Kinsale. Mr. J. Cooke.

WALES: -Moel-y-Golfa near Welshpool and Picton, Pembroke-shire. Rev. T. Salwey. Aberdovey. Rev. A. Bloxam. Rocks N. of

Barmouth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel; L'Etacq; St. Lawrence; La Moye, Jersey! Island of Sark! Jerbourg, Guernsey; Brechou. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. P. chrysophthalma, (L.) yellow or flavo-albicant or flavo-cinerascent, rigescent, narrowly laciniate, laciniæ ascending, divaricato-multifid, apices fibrilloso-ramulose or spinose, whitish beneath; apothecia orange, margin

fibrilloso-ciliate, sometimes naked; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On trees. 1801.

SYN:—Linn, Mant. 2, 311. (1771.) Ach. Syn. 224. Nyl. Syn. 410. Fig:—E, Bot. 1088. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 36. f. 1. and t. 31. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 65. f. 569.

Exs:—Hepp 569. M. & N. 254. Mass. 55. 56. Larb. 22. Welw.

Lusit. 64. 69. Schær. 389. Bohl. 322, Leight. 394.

Geog. Distrib; —Europe, Africa, America, Polynesia, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу:-19, 20...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Devonshire. Mr. Sowerby. (1801.) Lancing! and Brighton! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. Unwin. near Settle, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. near Torquay. Sir W. J. Hooker,

IRELAND:—Balluirea, Carrigalim; near Cork,; near Newcastle co. Down. Mr. Carroll. Cave Hill near Belfast. Prof. Dickie. Killrittain. Mr. Alexander. Vernonmount and Blarney, Cork, and Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Mr. J. Sullivan. Berborough, Cork. Mr. Cooke. Muckrone! Mr Hardy.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey; St. Brelade's Jersey! and Sark!

Mr. Larbalestier. orchard at Sark. Rev. T. Salwey.

The forma *Dickieana* (Linds. Mem. Sperm. 254.) seems only a paler coloured state with entire margin to the apothecia. It has occurred at Cave Hill, Belfast and Newcastle co. Down. *Dr. Dickie*. and Noirmont, Jersey. *Mr. Larbalestier*.

3. P. parietina, (L.) yellow, sub-orbicular, membranaceous, rotundo-lobato-incised, lobes sub-imbricate, appressed, plane or sub-concave, smooth, margins crenate, thickened and upturned, under surface paler or whitish; apothecia concolorous or waxy-orange-coloured, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, oblong, polari-bilocular.

On trees, pales, rocks, &c. common. 1690.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 25. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 290. Nyl. Syn. 410.

Fig: -E. Bot. 194. Tul. Mem. t 1, f. 1-7.

Exs:—Schær. 380. Mass. 31. 32. Welw. Lusit. 82. Bohl. 12. M. & N. 66. Maudon. 34. Anzi It. S. 130, Mudd 85. Leight. 10. Hepp 870. Larbal. 67.

Geog. Distrib: - Europe, Asia, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...8...10, 11...15, 16...18. (19—30.) 31. England:—Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Baggypoint, N. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Shropshire!

Scotland:—Long Island; Arran. Prof. Balfour. Forfarshire. Mr. Gardiner. Hebrides and Orkneys. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: -On trees, rocks, &c., common. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey! Sark. Herm. Jethou. Crévichou. Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. aureola, Ach. more intense yellow or orange, rotundo-lobate, sinuato-incised, crenate, thickened and upturned at the margins, under a lens very minutely granulate on the surface, margin of apothecia crenulate.

On rocks and stones.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 487. (1810.) Syn. 210. Nyl. Syn. 411.

Exs: -Mass. 34, Rabh. 773, Arn. 65.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот, Ркоу:—1...15.

ENGLAND :- Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. ectanea, (Ach.) yellowish-orange, multifido-laciniate, laciniæ narrow, imbricated, sub-convex, sub-lacunose, thickened at the margins, slightly granulated on the surface; margin of apothecia crenulate.

On rocks.

SYN:-Ach. L. U. 464. (1810.) rutilans, Syn. 210. Nyl. Syn. 411.

Exs:—Anzi Ven. 167. Zw. 57. Welw. Lusit. 72.

GEOG DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, N. America, Chili, Australasia.

Bot. Prov:—6, 7.

WALES :- Tenby ! Mr. Lees. Borth !

Var. laciniosa, (Duf.) orange-coloured, stenophyllous, lacero- or pinnatifido-dissected, stellato-appressed, more or less ascending.

On trees, rocks, &c.

SYN :- Fr. L. E. Ref. 73. Mudd Man. 113.

Fig :-E. Bot. 1794.

Exs:—Schær. 381. Anzi Langob. 296. 255. (left sp.) Mass. 36. Hepp 872, 633. Leight. 11.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—3.. 5...14.

ENGLAND:—Yeldham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. near Shrewsbury! Scotland:—Blackford Hill near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith.

Var. lychnea, Ach. orange-coloured, pulvinate, crowded, rotundo-squamulose, ascendenti-imbricate, margins granuloso-pulverulent or lacero-dissected; margin of apothecia, entire, pulverulent.

On trees.

SYN:-Ach. Meth. 187. (1803.) Syn. 210. Nyl. Syn. 411.

Exs:—Schær. 382, 549. Anzi Langob. 58. Hepp 871. 872, 873. Fellm. 86.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 5...15...19...29...30.

ENGLAND: -Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Hay Tor, Dartmoor; Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Braemar and Blair Athole.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—North of Ireland; and Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Adm. Jones.

Var. polycarpa, (Ehrh.) greenish-yellow, granulatoconglomerate, margins granulato-crenate; apothecia numerous, crowded, margin turgid, entire.

On trees, palings, and rocks. 1807.

SYN: -Ehrhart Crypt. 136, (1785.) Ach. Syn. 192. Nyl. 411,

Fig:-E. Bot. 1795.

Exs:—Hepp 54, 595, Mass. 35, Mudd 86, Anzi Langob, 295, Leight, 12, 265, Arn. 497,

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...10...15.

England:—Near Yarmouth Mr. Turner. (1807.) Stokesley! Redcar! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Midland Counties; Christ Church Meadow, Oxford. Mr. Purton. Bradley Green, Worcestershire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Long Mynd! near Shrewsbury! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Durris, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## B. Thallus cinerascent.

# § K-C-.

4. P. intricata, (Desf.) cinereous or cinerascent, cæspitose, narrowly tereti-compressed, laciniate, densely puberulo-villose, laciniæ divaricato-ramose, entangled, obsoletely canaliculate beneath; apothecia lateral, sessile, fuscous-black, plane, margin entire downy; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate.

On trees and rocks, rare. 1804.

Syn:—Desfontaines Fl. Atlant. 2. 419. (1800.) atlantica, Nyl. Syn. 408. Ach. Syn. 223.

Fig:-E. Bot. 1715. Nyl. Syn. t. 8, f. 50.

Exs: -Mudd 76. Bourgeau, 610. Welw. Lusit, 14.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- W. Europe, Africa.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2.

ENGLAND:—Cliffs near Hastings, Sussex! Bracklesham in Selsey Island; Mr. Borrer. (1804.) Bolt Head, Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie,

5. P. ciliaris, (L.) albido-cinerascent or cinerascenti-

fuscescent, lineari-laciniate, laciniæ sub-ascending, multifid, imbricato-intricate, tomentose, canaliculate, whitish beneath, margins fibrilloso-ciliate; apothecia pedicellate, fuscous-black, cæsio-pruinose, rarely naked, margin subentire, inflexed; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On trees and rocks. 1785.

SYN: -Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 28. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 220. Nyl. Syn. 414.

Fig:—Hffm. Pl. L. t. 3. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 19. f. 168.

Exs:—Hepp 168. Schær. 388. M. & N. 64. Larbal, 68.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Africa, N. America. Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...8...14, 15...21...31.

ENGLAND:—Leicestershire! Rev. A. Bloxam. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. common in Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties, Mr. Purton. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp.

Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Shropshire!

SCOTLAND:—Balthayock! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Baldovan; Mains; Auldbar; Foulis. Mr. Gardiner. Castle of Melgund; between Forfar and Kirricumie. Mr. Croall. Auchindenny and Rosslyn Woods; Dalkeith; about Kirkliston. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND: -Oakpark near Carlow. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey and Sark! Mr. Larbalestier.

forma actinota, Ach. margin of apothecia proliferous, laciniolæ sub-fimbriate.

On trees. 1724.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 497. (1810). Nyl. Lich. Scand. 108.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1352.

Exs:—Rabh. 309. Mudd 77. Mass. 39.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe. Вот. Ркоу:—10, 11...15.

ENGLAND: - Near Ayton, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND :- Old Castle of Melgund, Forfarshire! Dr. Lindsay.

forma verrucosa, Ach. laciniæ broader, verrucoso-papillate, spermogoniterous.

On trees.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 497. (1810). Nyl. Lich. Scand. 109.

Exs: Bohl. 38. Anzi Langob. 258. A.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—3...5...7...10...15.

ENGLAND :- Llanforda near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. near Datchet! Miss Atwood. near Thirsk! Mr. Baker. between South Littleton and Badsey, Word stershire. Mr. Purton.

SCOTLAND:—Balthayock, Perth! Dr. Lindsay.

forma saxicola, Nyl. dark cervine or fuscescent, appressed.

On maritime rocks.

Syn:-Nyl. Syn. 414.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Canaries. Bot. Prov:—1...7, 8...10...15...19...31.

England:—Near Langbraugh, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND: - Morrone in Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Sybil Head co. Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Holyhead Mountain!

Channel Islands: —Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

6. P. pulverulenta, (Schreb.) pallido-cinerascent or pale cinereo-rufescent or pale olivaceo-cervine, opake, suborbiculato-stellate, appressed, firm, laciniæ plane, multifid, minutely albo-granuloso-pruinose towards the obtuse crenato-incised apices, under surface nigricanti-fibrillose; apothecia fuscous cæsio-pruinose, margin tumid, entire, pruinose; spores S, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, common.

SYN: -Schreb. Spicil, 128. (1771.) Ach, Syn. 214. Nyl. Syn. 419.

Fig:—Hffm. Pl. L. t. 8. f. 2. Hepp Sporen t. 99. f. 874.

Exs: -M. & N. 162. (in part) Anzi It. S. 122. Schær. 356, Hepp 874. (in part).

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Africa, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...5...10, 11...14, 15...(19—30.)..31.

England:—Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton, near Shrewsbury! and Shropshire! generally.

Scotland: - Common on trees. Sir W. J. Hooker. Forfarshire: Mr. W. Gardiner. Braid Hermitage; Blackford House; Swanston Wood near Edinburgh. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND :- On trees, common. Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands: — Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

f. pityrea, (Ach.) thallus thinner, sub-cinerascent, subeffuse, lacinice shortish, sorediate at the margins, margin of apothecia crenulate or sorediato-lacerate.

On trees and walls. 1783.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr, 123. (1798.) Syn. 201. Nyl. Syn. 420.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2064.

Exs:-M. & N. 352. (in part) Schær. 487. (in part) Mudd 83. Zw. 186, Arn. 256, Hepp 876.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- Europe

Вот Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...13...15.

ENGLAND: -Strumpshaw; Norfolk and Suffolk, Sir J. E. Smith.

Bury. Rev. G. R. Leathes. Oswestry!; Castle Walks, Ludlow! Rev. T. Salwey. Cambridge. Mr. Larbalestier. Countess Weir, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. near Oxford. Mr. Baxter, Oversley, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton.

SCOTLAND: -Glasgow. Dr. Scouler. Marten's Den, Forfarshire.

Mr. Croall.

f. angustata, (Hffm.) smaller, pallido-cinereo-rufescent, laciniæ narrower linear, dichotomous.

On moss. 1861.

SYN:—Hffm. Enum. 77. (1784.) Ach, Syn. 214. Nyl. Syn. 420. Mudd Man. 110.

Fig :- Hffm. Enum. t. 11. f. 2.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 54. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Bor. Prov :- 10.

ENGLAND: - Yorkshire, Mr. Mudd.

f. muscigena, (Whlnb.) darker, cervino-fuscescent, generally albo-cæsio-pruinose, laciniæ shorter, more distinct, ascending.

On moss. 1861.

SYN: - Whlnb. Fl. Lapp. 422. (1812). Ach. Syn. 212 Nyl. Syn. 420.

Fig :- Mudd Man. 110.

Exs: -Schær, 486, Arn. 64, Anzi Langob, 54, B. Venet, 21, Hepp. 875.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...10...15.

ENGLAND :- Yorkshire Mr. Mudd. Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

f. venusta, (Ach.) cervine, epruinose, margin of apothecia crowned with laciniolæ or horizontal thalline lobulæ.

On trees. 1724.

Syn: -Ach, Meth. 211. (1803.) Syn. 212. Nyl. Syn. 420.

Fig :—Ach. Meth. t. 8. f. 5. E. Bot. 2063.

Exs:—M. & N. 162. (in part) Schær. 356. (in part) Maudon. 33. Hepp 874. (in part) Anzi It. S. 123. Bohl. 69. Mudd 82.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1 ..3, 4, 5...10...15...19.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon. near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wrenbury, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Ensdon near Shrewsbury!

SCOTLAND: - Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND : - Blarney ! and near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

All the various forms or states of *P. pulverulenta* are readily recognized by the thallus generally or the apices of the laciniæ being clothed with minute albo-granulose pruina and the chemical reaction K—C—.

7. P. obscura, (Ehrh.) olivaceo-virescentor fuscescent, suborbiculari-stellate, appressed, laciniæ narrow inciso-lobate, plane, smooth, margins often sorediate, under surface nigrofibrillose-ciliate; apothecia nigro-fuscous, naked, margin pale, entire; spores 8, fuscous, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate.

On trees &c. 1808.

SYN:—Ehrhart Crypt. 177. (1785.) Nyl. Syn. 427. P. cycloselis, Ach. Syn. 216.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1942. Hepp Sporen t. 68. f. 596.

other places near Shrewsbury; Llanymynech!

Exs:—Nyl. 33. Hepp 597. Schær. 355. Anzi It. S. 125- Mudd 80. Leight. 80.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Asia, Africa, Australasia.

Bot, Prov:—2, 3, 4, 5...8...10, 11...14...16...(19...30.)...31.

England:—Lakenham; Seething, Norfolk; Gisleham, Suffolk.

Sir J. E. Smith. (1808.) Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Yarmouth. Mr.

Turner. near Ayton! and Easby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Gopsall Park, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Upton Magna! and

Scotland:—Appin, Argyleshire. Capt. Carmichael. near Colin-

ton, Dr. Greville.

IRELAND: -Common on rocks and trees. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey, common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. chloantha, (Ach.) glaucous-green or cinereous, laciniæ broader and more approximate, apothecia very numerous.

On trees &c.

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 217. (1814.) Nyl. Lich. Scand. 112.

Exs:—Schær, 353. 354. Hepp 596. Anzi Langob. 293. Venet. 22. It. S. 124. Mudd 81.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot, Prov :- 10.

ENGLAND :- Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Var. virella, (Ach.) glauco-virescent or cinereous, stellate, laciniæ abbreviated, laciniato-lobate, obtuse, sorediate. K—C—.

On trees, &c. 1807.

SYN: -Ach. Prod. 108. (1798.) Syn. 191. Nyl. Syn. 427.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1696. (2 upper fig).

Exs: - Hepp 599. Anzi It. S. 126. Bohl. 104.

GEOG, DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...6.

ENGLAND: -Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1807.) near Oxford. Mr. Baxter. South of England. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- South Wales. Rev. J. M. Crombie,

Var. ulothrix, (Ach.) base of receptacle of apothecia nigro-fibrillose.

On trees &c. 1807.

Sxn:—Ach. Prod. 113. (1798.) Syn. 217. Nyl. Syn. 428.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1696. (lower fig).

Exs:-M, & N. 448. Fellm. 88, Anzi It. S. 127.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :-2...5...15...19...30...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey.
Scotland:—Glen Fendor, Blair Athole, Rev. J. M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. adglutinata, (Flk.) olivaceo-virescent, dark, orbicular, imbricato-stellate, laciniæ narrow, closely appressed, multifid, surrounding the leprose sorediate centre K—C—.

On trees &c. 1810.

SYN :- Flk. in Moug. St. Vog. 543. (1818),

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 7. f. 55.

Exs:—Nyl. 34. Mass, 246. Anzi Langob 373. It. S. 129. Hepp 55. Schær. 609. Wright. 90. M. & N. 543.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Cuba.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...4...(19...30)...31.

ENGLAND: -Norwich. Sir J. E. Smith. Sussex! Mr, Borrer. near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—On trees frequent. Mr. Carroll. Dunkerron. Dr.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Ouen's. Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

## §§ K + C + .

8. P. leucomela, (L.) whitish or albido-glaucescent, subcæspitose, lineari-laciniate, laciniæ lax, diffuse, subascending, margin nigro-fibrilloso-ciliate, under surface subcanaliculate or plane, albo-granulose; apothecia cæsio-pruinose, margin radiato-coronate; spores 8, fuscous, elongato-oblong, 1-septate.

Amongst grass &c. 1813.

Syn. :- Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 3. 1613. (1764.) Ach. Syn. 222. Nyl. Syn. 414.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2548. Hepp Sporen t. 66. f. 573.

Exs:—Hepp 573. M. & N. 941. Bourgeau 298. Welw. Lusit. 79. Leight. 168. Larbal. 69.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Australa-

Вот. Ркоу:-1...16...31.

ENGLAND:—Babbicombe, Devonshire. Sir W. J. Hooker. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Cornwall! Mr. Borrer. Bolt Head, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Ballycotton! near Cork and on Cape Clear Island.

Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jerbourg and S. W. point of Rocquaine Bay.

Mr. Lukis. Grosnez Castle, Quenvais, Jersey! Bruchere. Mr.

Larbalestier.

9. P. speciosa, (Wulf.) white or albo-cinerascent, stellato-laciniate, laciniæ narrow, multifid, plane, sub-imbricate, somewhat ascending at the apices, under surface plane albo-flocculose, rhizinæ and marginal ciliæ whitish; apothecia fuscous, margin sub-entire or crenulate, incurved; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On trees and rocks. 1809.

SYN: -Wulfen in Jacq. Coll. 3. 119. (1789,) Ach. Syn. 211. Nyl.Syn. 416.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1979.

Exs:—M. & N. 635. Schær. 357. Tuck. 81. Spruce Amaz. 154. Anzi Langob. 56.

Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Asia, Africa, America, Polynesia, Australasia.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...15, 16...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Poldesco! Cornwall. Mr. Borrer. Bolt Head, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Ballacheulish near Fort William. Messrs Turner & Hooker. Glen Falloch. Dr. Holl. Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Glenarm co. Autrim. Dr.

Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jerbourg, Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

10. P. stellaris, (L.) white or albo-glaucescent, orbicular, stellari-appressed, laciniæ multifid, contiguous, subcortically albo-maculate, under surface whitish with concolorous or fuscescent or nigricant fibrillæ; apothecia fuscous-black or black, naked or cæsio-pruinose, margin entire or obsoletely crenulate; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate; cells nucleolate.

All the varieties or forms of *P. stellaris* may be recognized by the sub-cortically albo-maculate thallus.

On trees. 1724.

SYN:—Linn, Sp. Pl. 1. ed. No. 27, (1753.) Ach. Syn. 215. Nyl. Syn. 424.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1697. Hffm. En. t. 13, f. 1, 2, Tul. Mem. t. 1, f. 8—16.

Exs:—M. & N, 163. Schær. 350. 351. Mudd 79. Mass. 318. Fellm, 87. Hepp 877. Bohl. 103. Anzi It. S. 117.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, Africa, N. America, Australa-

sia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5... 7...10, 11...14, 15...19... 31.

ENGLAND:—Near Ayton! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Essex! Mr. Piggott. Ravensworth and Cawsey Woods; West Dipton near Hexham and Oak Wood near Wylam, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Verenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Sutton! Berwick! Ensdon! Pulley! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Glen Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Forfarshire. Mr. Gar-

diner. Swanston Wood, near Edinburgh, Tr., Greville.

IRELAND :- Great Island, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var, leptalea, Ach. narrowly laciniate, laciniæ appressed, subcortically albo-maculate, margins albo- or fusescenti-fibrilloso-ciliate.

On trees and stones.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 198. (1803.) Syn. 221. Nyl. Syn. 425.

Fig: -Jacq. Coll. 4. t, 6. f. c.

Exs:—Schær. 562, 349, Welw. Lusit. 73. Anzi It. S. 118. M. & N. 450 b. (in part).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—3...5. 10, 11...(19—30).

ENGLAND:—Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Ulting near Maldon! Mr. Piggott. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. near Gainford, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Pontesford Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :—On trees and stones, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Var. tenella, (Scop.) narrowly laciniate, subcortically albo-maculate, effuse, crowded, ascending, tubuloso-inflated or fornicate at the apices, margins albo-fibrilloso-ciliate.

On trees and stones. 1724.

SYN:—Scop. Carn. 1406. (1760.) Ach. Syn. 221. Nyl. Syn. 426.

Fig :- E, Bot. 1351.

Exs:—Schær, 352. Mudd 78. M. & N. 450. a. Hepp 879. Anzi It. S. 119. Bohl. 20.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5, 6...8...10, 11...14...19, 20...31.

England:—Ulting near Maldon! Mr. Piggott. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. near Ayton! and Stokesley! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Holy Island, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Ide. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties, Mr. Purton, Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Cambridge. Rev. R.

Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Haughmond Hill! Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -On branches of trees. Sir W. J. Hooker. Swanston

Wood; Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND: - Great Island, Cork! Ballynagarde, Limerick; Mr. Carroll.

Wales: —Llandrindod! Rev. T. Salwey. Borth! Cardiganshire. Channel Islands: —Guernsey! Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. cæsia, (Hffm.) whitish or albo-glaucescent, or albo-cæsious, stellato-orbicular, multifido-laciniate, laciniæ narrow, convex, contiguous, subcortically albo-maculate, aspersed with cæsious or albo-cæsious pulvinate soredia.

On trees &c. 1793.

SYN:—Hffm. Enum. 65, (1784.) Ach. Syn. 216, Nyl. Syn. 426. Fig ;—E. Bot. 1052, Hffm. En. t, 12, f, 1, Pl. L. t, 8, f, 1.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 121. Schær. 348. 347. M. & N. 447. Anzi Langob. 312, Leight. 323.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...7...11...14, 15, 16. .(19...30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Burgh and Bradwell, Suffolk; and Acle, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Richmond House, Richmond Park. Mr. Sowerby. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. Gainford; Fawdon Slate, Durham; West Dipton near Hexham, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Church Stretton! Shropshire.

Scotland: -King's Park, Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. Craig Tulloch;

Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -On rocks, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey! Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey, &c. Mr. Larbalestier.

11. P. erosa, Borr. greyish or glaucous white, crowded, imbricate, rotundo-abbreviato-laciniate, minutely-albo-granulate, margins of laciniæ minutely jagged or crenulate, frequently ascending and granulate; apothecia fuscousblack, margin sub-entire; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, walls, &c. 1837. rare.

The surface of the thallus is minutely albo-granulate not subcortically albo-maculate as in P. stellaris and its varieties.

SYN :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2807. (1837.) tribacia (in part) Ach. Syn.

191. Nyl. Syn. 425.

Fig:-E. Bot. Suppl, 2807.

Exs:-Larb. 24. Arn. 272. 248. Leight. 266.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov: -2.5...7...10..15, 16...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Hurstpierpoint, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. near Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Ludlow Castle, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Scotland:—Connel Ferry, Argyleshire. Mr. Borrer. Will's Braes; Auldbar. Mr. Gardiner.

IRELAND :- Dargle. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Llanaber! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Quenvais; St. Ouen's Bay! Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

12. P. astroidea, (Clem.) greyish-white, orbiculary thin, closely appressed, almost entirely granulose or leprose, laciniato-effigurate at the circumference; apothecia fuscous-black, naked or pruinose; spores 8, fuscous, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate, cells nucleolate.

On trees, rare. 1807.

SYN:—Clem. Ens. (add.) 302. (1807.) P. Clementiana, Ach. Syn. 204. Nyl. Syn. 426.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1779. Linn. Trans. t. 13. f. 1.

Exs:—Hepp 607, Schær, 610, M. & N. 737, Welw. Lusit. 104. Anzi Langob. 9.

Geog. Distrib : —Europe, America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4...7, 8...10...19...24...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex!; Tunbridge Wells and Southampton. Mr. Borrer. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. near Settle. Dr. Windsor. near Stokesley, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Twycross, Leicestershire! West Haddon Northamptonshire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

IRELAND:—Tervoe near Limerick! and Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Dunkerron; Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Wales :- Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## C. thallus fuscescent, K-C-,

13. P. aquila, (Ach.) castaneo-fuscescent, opake, sub-orbicular, appressed, narrowly laciniate, laciniæ lineari-multipartite, plane or sub-convex, stellate, imbricato-congested, under surface pale, nigricanti-fibrillose; apothecia adnate, fuscous-black, margin sub-entire or crenulate; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate. K—C—.

On maritime rocks chiefly. 1741.

Syn :- Ach. Prod. 109. (1798.) Syn. 205. Nyl. Syn. 422.

Fig :- E. Bot. 982. Hepp Sporen t. 69, f. 602.

Exs:—Schær. 565. Hepp 602. M. & N. 1049. Larb. 23. Anzi Langob. 10. Welw. Lusit. 70. Mass. 87. Bohl. 111. Leight. 144.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Asia, N. America. Bot. Prov :—1.. 5...7...14, 15...18...30, 31.

ENGLAND :- Cornwall. Messrs. Turner & Sowerby. Mynydd-y-

Myfyr. near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Torquay. Dr. Deakin. Devon and Cornwall. Sir W. J. Hooker, Heugh, Holy Island and on Fern Islands, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Hartley Bates, Northumberland. Mr. Thornhill. Hudshead, Northumberland. Dr. G.

Johnston. Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND:—Moncrieff Hill near Perth. Dr. Lindsay. near Montrose. Dr. Maingay. Aberfeldy. Rev. H. Macmillan. King's Park, Edinburgh. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Hermitage and Pentland Hills. Mr. Maughan. Twin Hill; Lundie Craigs. Mr. Gardiner. Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay. coast of Fife between Burntisland and Kirkaldy; near Granton; Cramond Island. Dr. Greville,

IRELAND :- Near Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay. on mari-

time rocks, common. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Anglesea. Rev. H. Davies. Aberdovey and near Beau-

maris. Rev A. Bloxam. Bangor! Barmouth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Petit Port, Jersey! and all the Islands.
Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

### TRIBE XIII. GYROPHOREI.

Characters the same as those of the only genus Umbilicaria.

# I. UMBILICARIA, Hoffm.

Thallus membranaceous, monophyllous, umbilically affixed. Apothecia simply lecideine or patellaroid, complicato-compound or gyrose. Paraphyses distinct. Sterigmata articulate. Spermatia slender, shortly cylindrical, obtuse at both apices.

1. U. pustulata, Hoffm. thallus thin, torn, and lobed, papillose and naked on both sides; upper side pale olive-green, blistered and sprinkled with fibrous glomeruli; under side brownish, deeply pitted; spores one or two, very large, oblong, pale, wrinkled or reticulated on the surface; medulla K—C red.

On rocks and stones in mountainous districts, not un-

common. 1741.

SYN:—Hffm. Pl. L. 13. (1794.) Gyrophora, Ach. Syn. 66. Nyl. Lich. Scand. 113. Leight. Brit. Umbil. 22.

Fig :- Hffm, Pl. L. t. 28. f. 1. 2. E. Bot. 1283. Leight, Brit.

Umbil, fig. 1.

Exs:—Bohl, 125, Schær, 156, Hepp 118, Breutel 201, Larbal, 25, Maudon 22, Anzi Langob, 297, M. &, N. 60, Welw, Lusit, 21, 32, 107.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- Europe, Africa, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7, 8, 9, 10...12 16...19...22...31.

England:—Malvern Hills. Mr. Stokes. near Biddiston Lighthouse, Cheshire. Mr. Bradbury. near Halifax. Mr. Bolton. Dartmoor! Devonshire (fruit). Sir W. J. Hooker. Hay Tor! on rocks in river near Two Bridges public house, Devon!; Dartmoor! Mr. Borrer. Blackstone Rock, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Shaftoe Crags! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Sugar Loaf Mountain, Monmouth. Mr. Jacob. Westmoreland. Mr. Martindale. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Nesscliffe! Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Highland Mountains. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Loch Sli-

chagan! Isle of Skye. Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND: - Glengariff near Bantry, (fruit). Miss Hutchins. Ireland. Dr. Taylor. Migen Head. Mr. Wright. Lough Dan co. Wicklow.

Wales:—By the road from Pennorvay to Dolbelmen, and under Keven Lees Castle, *Dillenius*. Old Wall, about half way between Caernarvon and Beddgelert. Rev. H. Davies. Nant Hevynant Vale near Snowdon. Messrs Turner & Borrer. Moel Hebog! Mr. Borrer. Cwm Bychan near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Gorey and La Moye, Jersey! Mr. Larba-

lestier. near Petit Bo, Guernsey. Mr. Lukis.

2. U. polyphylla, (L.) dark greenish copper colour, thin, unequally lobed, naked and smooth on both surfaces, under surface black; apothecia slightly complicate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C faint red.

On mountainous rocks, not uncommon. 1741.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 55. (1753.) Nyl. Scand. 119. Leight. Br. Umbil, 6.

Fig: -E. Bot. 1282. Hffm. Pl. t. 59. f. 2. Leight. Br. Umbil. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Asia, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1 ..5 ..7, 8.. 10, 11, 12...14, 15...17...19.

Forma monophylla, T. & B. thallus of a single peltate leaf.

Syn: —T. &. B. Lich. Brit. 214. (1813.) Leight. Br. Umbil. 6,
Exs: —Hepp 717. M. & N. 342. (in part) Schær. 149, Leight.
65. Mudd 87.

England:—Cheshire and Cornwall. T. & B. Lich. Brit. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Ingleby and Howden Gill! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Todmorden and on Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. near Newcastle. Mr. Thornhill. Mynydd-y-Myfyr near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Abbey St. Bathans! Weardale! Blanchland and near Hunt Hall, Teesdale. Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Cheviot; Hedgehope; Shaftoe and Roadley Crags near Wallington, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Eglestone, Healey Field, and Conset Park, Huntersley Peak between Wasterley Park and Hishope, Durham. Mr. Thornhill. Westmoreland; Cronkley, Yorkshire. Mr. Martindale. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Blackstone Rock, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Wrekin! Arcoll! Stiperstones Hills! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Clova! Craig Raynoch! Mr. Gardiner. Ben Mac Dhui, Braemar! Birnam Hill; Craig-y-Barns; Dunkeld; Glen Dee. Dr. Lindsay. Aviemore; Ben Nevis. Adm. Jones. Inchnadarnf,! Sutherland. Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Braemar and Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Luggelaw. Adm. Jones.

WALES:—Cellfawr near Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Llyn Llydaw; Llyn Cwm y Ffynnon las; Cwm Brwynog near Llanberis. Dillenius. Glyder Vach!

Forma congregata, T. & B. thallus small, clustered, much curled, edges erect or reflexed.

SYN: -T. & B. Lich. Brit. 214. (1813.) Leight, Br. Umbil. 7.

Exs:-Anzi It. S. 79.

ENGLAND:—Mynydd-y-Myfyr near Oswestry,! Rev. T. Salwey. Battersby Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Ramshaw Rocks! near Warslow, Staffordshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Maze Beck! Westmoreland. Mr. Robertson. Wrekin! Arcoll! Hills, Shropshire.

The states monophylla and congregata grow together in some abundance on the Wrekin and adjoining hills, and may be seen passing

into each other by every degree of gradation.

Forma sulcata, T. & B. upper surface of thallus marked with superficial cracks.

SYN:—T. & B. Lich. Brit. 214. (1813.) Leight. Br. Umbil. 7. SCOTLAND:—On Ben Ferg!, by Loch Ericht, Invernesshire. Mr. Borrer. Clova! Mr. G. Lawson.

"Thallus somewhat thicker than in f. monophylla, simple or more or less compound; upper surface marked with a few superficial, undulating, indented lines, the edges of which occasionally separate so as to leave a smooth black interstice; under surface as in monophylla but more commonly blotched with the paler colour of the upper side."—Lich. Brit.

This state seems apparently a transition to hyperborea.

Forma lacera, Leight. thallus very deeply divided, divisions lacero-lobate.

Syn:-Leight. Br. Umbil. 8. Mudd Man. 116.

Exs: - Hepp 718.

Scotland:—Craig Raynoch! Mr. Gardiner. Scotland; Mr. G. Lawson. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

The mode of division of the margins of this state is different from that of the preceding ones, and assimilates to that observable in anthracina.

3. *U. flocculosa*, (Wulf.) greenish copper-colour, simple or clustered or squamigerous, thin, unequally lobed, edges sometimes ragged and erose, upper surface dotted and rough with sooty granulations, under surface black, naked

pitted; apothecia slightly complicate; spores 8, colour-less, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On mountainous rocks, not uncommon. 1785.

SYN:—Wulf. in Jacq. Coll. 3. 99. (1789.) T. & B. Lich. Brit. 217. Leight. Br. Umbil. 8. Nyl. Scand. 119.

Fig: E. Bot. 2483. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 68. f. 1-4. Leight. Br.

Umbil. fig. 4.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 60. It. S. 81, Schær. 152. Hepp 115. M. & N. 443. Leight. 219.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: —5...8...10, 11 ...14, 15, 16.

ENGLAND:—Northern Counties! Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Whitwick Rocks! Leicestershire Rev. A. Bloxam.

Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Highlands. Mr. Dickson. Corstophine and Craiglockart Hills. Dr. Greville. Ben Nevis! Ben Cruachan! Mr. Borrer. Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

4. U. hyperborea, (Ach.) dark greenish-brown, thin, jagged, and somewhat lobed, slightly perforated, naked on both sides, upper surface rugoso-pustulate, under surface blackish-brown, nearly smooth, slightly lacunose; apothecia complicate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1790.

SYN:—Ach, Kongl. Vet. Acad. N. H. 15. p. 89. (1794.) Syn. 66. Nyl. Lich. Scand. 118. Leight. Br. Umbil. 10.

Fig :—Hffm. Pl. L. t. 71. Leight, Br. Umbil. fig. 5. and 5. a. Exs:—Schær, 150. 151. Hepp 116. Fellm. 90. M. & N. 1047. Anzi It. S. 78. Fr. 126.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, America.

Вот. Ркоу: -9...15...19.

England:—Clougha, Lancashire. Mr. Jacob.

Scotland:—Scotch Mountains! Mr. Dickson in herb. Borrer. By the Truim, near Dalwhinnie, Invernessshire. Mr. Brodie. Invercauld. Adm. Jones. Ben Nevis; Lochaber; Morchone; Ben Mac Dhui, Braemar. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND :- Brandon Mountains, Kerry. Dr. Moore.

Mr. Borrer sought for the plant in vain in the particular station specified by Mr. Brodie.

In my own herbarium is a specimen received from Mr. George Dixon, of Great Ayton, Yorkshire, given to him by a friend who collected it somewhere in Scotland; but I could not ascertain the exact locality by subsequent correspondence.

5. U. arctica, (Ach.) dark greenish-brown, thickish, slightly lobed, crenate, naked, upper surface granulato-corrugate, under surface pallescent, minutely depresso-

granulate; apothecia complicate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1798.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 106. (1803.) Syn. 65. Nyl. Lich. Scand. 116. Leight. Brit. Umbil. 11.

Fig:—E. Bot, 2485. Ach. Meth. t. 2. f. 6. Leight. Br. Umb. f. 6. Exs:—Schær. 556. Th. M. Fr. 65. Fellm. 91. Breutel 112.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...11...15.

ENGLAND: —Devonshire? Hudson Herb. rocks in co. Durham! Mr. Robson in herb. Borrer.

Scotland:—Lochnagar. Dr. Lindsay. Ben More in Breadalbane; Morrone in Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

6. *U. erosa*, (Web.) greenish brown, thickish, splitting when old into 2 or 3 laminæ, jagged and somewhat lobed, perforated, upper surface naked, divided by flexuose anastomosing black indented lines, with convex areolæ, under side paler, coarsely papillose, separately perforated, laciniato-fibrillose; apothecia complicate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, frequent. 1741.

In all our British specimens the reaction is medulla K—C red; but in Fellm. 92. and specimens from Dr. Nylander and Dr. T. M. Fries the reaction is medulla K yellow C—.

SYN: -Web. Spicil. 259. (1778.) Ach. Syn. 65. Nyl. Lich. Scand.

118. Leight. Br. Umbil. 12.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2066. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 70. Leight. Br. Umbil. fig. 7. Exs:—Tuck. 48, M. & N. 250. Schær. 153. Bohl. 19.

Geog. Distrib: - Europe, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15 ..19 ..23.. 26.

ENGLAND:—St. Vincents Rocks near Bristol. Mr. Hudson. Durham; Yorkshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Birkdale, Westmoreland! Mr. Robertson. Dartmoor! Mr. Borrer. Swinhope Fell, Durham! Mr. Mudd. Stansfield Moor near Halifax. Mr. Brunton. Huntersley Peak, north west of Waskerley Park; Blackburn near Eglestone, Durham; Cronkley Fell; Cheviot and Hedgehope, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Highlands. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Vitrified forts in the Highlands. Sir. J. E. Smith. Corry Leese, Ben Nevis! Mr. Borrer. Ben Beek! Craig Koynock! Mr. Gardiner. Clova! Mr. Lawson. Aviemore. Adm. Jones. Lochnagar. Dr. Lindsay. Ben Lawers. Dr. Maingay. Inchnadamff! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Mangerton and other Mountains. Dr. Taylor. Slieve-

leor, Mayo. Dr. Moore. Luggelaw. Adm. Jones.

WALES ;-Llanberis. Rev. Hugh Davies. North Wales. Sir J. E.

Smith. Capel Curig! Mr. H. Piggot. Cellfawr near Barmouth. Rev.

T. Salwey.

7. *U. polyrrhiza*, (L.) greenish copper-colour, smooth, thin, unequally lobed and crenate, under surface black, papilloso-granulate, reticulated and densely fibrous; apothecia gyroso-complicate; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 56. (1753.) Nyl. Scand. 120. G. pellita, Ach. Syn. 67. Leight. Br. Umbil. 14.

Fig: -E. Bot. 931. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 26. f. 3. Leight. Br. Umbil.

flg. 11.

Exs:—M. & N. 343. Mudd 89. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7.. 9, 10, 11, 12....15...22.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire. Mr. Brunton. Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Cheshire. Messrs Turner & Borrer. Cronkley. Mr. Robertson. near Lake Tumanel! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Baysdale Moor; Highcliff; Ayton Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Shaftoe Crags, Hedgehope, Cheviot, and Hexham Fell, Northumberland; Mugglewick Fell, Cronkley Fell, Durham. Mr. Winch. Dartmoor. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Highlands and Lowlands. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Clarlis Park and Paradise near Moneymusk, Aberdeenshire. Withering. Loch Phadrick! Craig Koynoch! Clova. Mr. Gardiner. Ben Ferrog! Llyn Canvay! Mr. Borrer. Clova! Mr. Lawson. Callernish, Lewis; Birnham Hill, Dunkeld; Lochnagar; between Percy and Spittal of Glenshee; Amulree, Dr. Lindsay. Penmanshiel! Sir W. C. Trevelyan. Glen Callater and Glen Dee in Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—Tonlagee co, Wicklow. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Llyn Llydaw, Snowdon; Llyn Cwm y Ffynnonlas; Cwm Brwynog towards Ardhu near Llanberris. Dillenius. Carnedd Llewellin; Moel Siabod; Mr. Griffith. Cwm Bychan, Barmouth!

Rev. T. Salwey.

8. *U. grisea*, (Sw.) ashy-grey or mouse-coloured, thin, somewhat lobed, crenate, minutely areolato-papillate, under surface blackish, naked, minutely granulato-areolate or scabrid, granules pale as if rubbed; apothecia gyrose; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, very rare. 1866.

Syn:—Swartz in Westr. Forsch. &c. 52. (1723.) Leight. Br. Umbil. 16. G. murina, Ach. Syn. 69. Nyl. Scand. 116.

Fig:—E, Bot. 2486. Chev. Paris. t. 14. f. 11. c. Leight. Br. Umbil. f. 14.

Exs:—M. & N. 736. Nyl. 130. Geog. Distrib:—Europe,

BOT, PROV :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Beauport ! East coast of Jersey ! Mr. Larbalestier.

9. U. proboscidea, (Ach.) cinereo-nigrescent, thin crenate, slightly lobed, pale pruinose, grey in the centre where it is marked with elevated reticulated veins, the other portion rugose, under surface smooth, cinereo-pallescent; apothecia gyroso-plicate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks, frequent. 1741.

SYN:—Ach. Prod. 147. (1798.) Syn. 64. Nyl. Scand. 116. deusta, Leight. Br. Umbil. 17. 18. 19.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2484. Leight. Br. Umbil. fig. 15.

Exs: -Schær. 148. Anzi It. S. 77. Fr. 128. Tuck. 49.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, America. Bot. Prov:—1...5...7...11...15...19...22.

ENGLAND:—St. Vincents Rocks. Mr. Darc. North of England. Sir J. E. Smith. Summit of Hedgehope! Northumberland; Dr. G. Johnston. Cheviot; Shaftoe Crags, near Wallington, Northumberland; High Force and Cronkley Fell, Teesdale, Harewood, Widdy Bank and Cauldron Snout, Durham. Mr. Winch. Blackstone Rock, Devon. Dr. Ralfs. Swinhope Fell, Durham. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland;—Highland Rocks. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Ben Lawers! Mr. Borrer. Lochnagar! Hills east of Glen Callater! Ben Nevis! Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Brandon co. Kerry. Miss Hutchins,

WALES :- Rocks. Sir J. E. Smith.

forma fimbriata, T. & B. thallus edged with a few black branched tooth-like fibres; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks.

SYN:—Turn. and Borr. Lich. Brit. 222. (1839:) Leight. Br. Umbil. 18.

Exs :-M. & N. 249.

ENGLAND :- Swinhope Fell! Durham. Mr. Mudd.

Scotland:—Highlands! Mr. Borrer. between Glen Callater and Lochnagar! Mr. Tatham. Clova! Loch Phadrick! Mr. Gardiner. Inchnadamff! Sir W. C. Trevelyan.

IRELAND :- Glenmalure! co, Wicklow. Mr. Carroll,

Similar in substance, colour, and every other respect except in having the edges of the thallus here and there toothed and fringed with a few scattered black branching fibres. There are also occasionally a few fibres sprinkled over the underside.

Forma corrugata, (Hoffm.) thallus thin, rough with elevated reticulations; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks.

SYN:-Hoffm. Pl. Lich. 65, (1794.) T. & B. Lich. Brit. 222, Leight. Br. Umbil. 18.

Fig:—Hoffm, Pl. L. t. 43. f. 4. 7. SCOTLAND :—Highlands! Mr. Borrer.

Similar in all respects, except in its upper surface having extremely prominent reticulations, rising to nearly a line in height, and looking like a series of erect curled squamæ,

forma mesenteriformis, (Wulf.) thallus thickish, under surface rough with elevated reticulations and somewhat papillose; medulla K—C red.

On alpine rocks.

SYN: - Wulfen in Jacq. Misc. 2. 85. (1781.) T. & B. Lich. Brit. 222. Leight. Br. Umbil. 19.

Fig :- Jacq. Misc, t. 9. f. 5.

Exs:-Schær. 147.

SCOTLAND: - Highlands! Mr. Borrer.

Upper surface of the thallus singularly rugose, almost papillose. The reticulations nearly as prominent as in f. corrugata, and sometimes growing out into new leaves: substance considerably thicker than in the other states.

10. U. cylindrica, (L.) dull greenish brown, or cinerascent, thickish, unequally lobed, margins nigro-fibrilloso-ciliate, upper surface rugulose, under surface pallescent, more or less fibrillose; apothecia concentrico-gyrose, podicellate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; me dulla K-C-.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 29. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 65. Nyl. Scand. 117. proboscidea, Leight. Br. Umbil. 19.

Fig :— E. Bot. 522. (two upper fig.) Hffm. Pl L. t. 44. f. 1—6.

Leight. Br. Umbil. fig. 16. 17. 18.

Exs: -Schær. 143. 146. Mudd 88. Zw. 206. Hepp 719. in part. Anzi It. S. 74. M. & N. 59. Breutel 113.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America, N. Holland.

Bot. Proy:—1...7...10, 11, 12...15, 16...18, 19...25, 26. ENGLAND:—Dartmoor. Mr. Newberry, North of England. Sir J. E. Smith. Cheviots. Mr. Winch. Summit of Hedgehope, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Birkdale! Westmoreland. Mr. Robertson. Scawfell! Mrs. Stanger. Yorkshire! Mr, Dixon. Falcon Clints! Teesdale. Mr. Mudd. Fairfield, Westmoreland. Mr. Martindale.

SCOTLAND: —Goatfield, Isle of Arran; Braedalbane; Ben Nevis. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Loch Phadrick! Stroine-dhu! Summit of Carlowrie! Mr. Gardiner. Clova! Mr. Lawson. Morchone! Ben Mac Dhui! Dr. Lindsay, Long Island. Prof. Balfour.

IRELAND: - Connavalla. Dr. Whitley Stokes. Mangerton, Dr.

Taylor. on mountain rocks, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Llyn Llydaw! Llyn Cwm y Ffynnontas; Cwm Brwynog near Llanberis; Berwyns, Dillenius. Carned Llewellyn. Mr. Griffith. Arran Mowddy! Mr. Borrer. Cwm Bychan. Rev. T. Salwey. Snowdon, Llanberis ascent!

forma denticulata, (Ach.) margins of thallus coarsely

fringed and toothed; medulla K—C—.

Ou alpine rocks.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 107. (1803.) Leight. Br. Umbil. 21. Fig:—E. Bot. 522. (two lower fig.) Dill. t. 29. f. 116. B.

Exs: -Schær. 144.

Scotland:—Loch Phadrick! Ben-na-Bourd! Mr. Gardiner. Clova! Mr. Lawson,

IRELAND :- Galtymore ! co. Tipperary. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Arran Mowddy! Mr. Borrer.

In all respects similar, except that the marginal fibres are coarser and larger, and more evidently a prolongation of the thallus.

Forma denudata, T. & B. margins of thallus almost naked; medulla K—C—.

On alpine rocks.

SYN:—Turn. and Borr. Lich. Brit, 219. (1813,) Leight. Br. Umbil. 21.

Fig:-Hffm. Pl. L. t. 44. f. 7.

Exs:—Schær. 145.

ENGLAND :- Falcon Clints ! Westmoreland Mountains ! Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND :—Highlands. Messrs Turner & Borrer.

Wales: -Summit of Glyders! Mr. Borrer.

Forma exasperata, T. & B. thallus polyphyllous, ragged, upper surface rugose, margins undulate and crisped; medulla K—C—.

On alpine rocks.

SYN:—Turn. & Borr. Lich. Brit. 219. (1813.) Leight. Br. Umbil. 22.

ENGLAND: —Durham. Mr. Robson. SCOTLAND: —Clova! Mr. G. Lawson.

Remarkably curled and undulated, and divided iuto numerous small irregular laciniæ: upper surface remarkably rough.

## SERIES V. PLACODEI.

Thallus crustaceous, squamose, radiate, granulose, powdery or evanescent. Apothecia lecanorine or lecideine, or biatorine or lirelliform.

## TRIBE XIV. LECANOREI.

Thallus various. Apothecia lecanorine or sub-lecanorine or pseudo-biatorine.

#### SUB-TRIBE I. PSOROMEI.

Thallus variously squamulose, in texture conspicuously cellulose, gonidia distinct large. Apothecia lecanorine. Spores 8, colourless, large and simple. Paraphyses distinct. Spermogonia with arthrosterigmata.

## I. PSOROMA, Fr. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus variously squamulose, cellulose, gonidia distinct large. Apothecia lecanorine, margin crenate. Spores 8, colourless, large ellipsoid, simple. Paraphyses distinct. Sterigmata pluri-articulate.

1. P. hypnorum, (Vahl.) flavido-fuscescent or brownishyellow, squamuloso-granulate, squamulæ crenate or subgranulose; apothecia rufous or fuscescent, moderately large, margin elevated granuloso-crenate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, apices rather acute, sub-crenulate.

On mosses or earth, not common. 1793.

SYN.—Vahl. in Fl. Dan. 6. t. 956. (1787.) Ach. Syn. 193. Nyl. Scand. 121.

SYN: -E. Bot. 740. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 63. f. 4-7.

Exs:—Schær. 546, Tuck. 20. Fr. 162.339. Anzi Langob. 64, & 65. Larbal. 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...11, 12, 13, 14, 15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Ludlow, Shropshire. Dr. Babington. Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Castleton!, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Brighton, Sussex. Mr. Hemmings. Hay Crag Wood; Eglestone and Middleton; Teesdale Forest, Durham; Gunnerston Crags near Barwesford; Shewing Shields; Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Shoreham, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Malvern, Dr. Holl. Cowley Bridge road, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Rosslyn Wood. Mr. Maughan. Pentland Hills. Pr. Greville. Glen Dole, Clova, Mr. Gardiner. Beld Craig, Moffat. Dr. Nichol. Killin; Ben Lawers, Dr. Holl. Var. deaurata, Ach. (thallo magis flavescente et apotheciis majoribus)-near Corriemulzie in

Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. near Killarney. Dr. Taylor. near Carnlough co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Grosnez, Jersey; Eperquerie, Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

## SUB-TRIBE II. PANNARIEI.

Thallus laciniato-radiate or squamulose or granulose, cellulose, with granula gonima. Apothecia lecanorine

or biatorine. Spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple or 1-septate. Sterigmata pluri-articulate.

# II. PANNARIA. Del.

Characters as above.

## A. Spores simple.

1. P. rubiginosa, (Thunb.) livido-glaucescent or pale, laciniate, laciniæ appressed, nearly plane, inciso-lobulate and crenate, upper surface very minutely areolato-granulate, edges somewhat thickened, silvery whitish and upturned, under surface tomentose cæruleo-fuscescent; apothecia rufous, margin crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, apices rather acute, simple.

On mossy rocks and trees. 1801.

SYN:—Thunberg Fl. Cap. 176, (1794.) Ach, Syn 202. Nyl. Scand. 122.

Fig :- E. Bot. 983. Hepp Sporen t. 69. f. 606.

Exs:—Schær. 563. Hepp 606. Welw. Lusit. 78. 123, Maudon 15. Leight. 234,

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, America.

Bot. Prov:-1, 2 . 5...7...10, 11, 12, 13...15 . 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Keswick, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Settle, Yorkshire. Dr. Windsor. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Charnberry and Eglestone Woods, Durham. Mr. Winch. S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Appuldercombe, Isle of Wight. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Aberfeldy. Dr. Maingay. Drumlanrig Wood, Dumfries. Mr. Stevens. Glen Dole, Clova. Mr. Gardiner. Killin. Dr. Holl. S.W. Grampians, head of Loch Awe. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Killarney, Dr. Carrington. frequent in the mountainous districts, Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Barmouth! Valley above Halfway house; and above Borthwnog. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:-Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. cæruleo-badia (Schær.) centre of thallus and margins cæsio-pulverulento-sorediose.

On trees.

Syn:—Schleicher Cent. 2. 71. (1805.) P. conoplea, Ach. Syn. 43. Nyl. Scand, 122.

Fig :—Mass. Ric. fig. 219.

Exs:—Schær, 369. Hepp 607. Zw. 253. Anzi It. S. 151. M. & N.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov: -5...7. .12.. 15...(19-30)...31.

ENGLAND: -Keswick, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Oswestry, Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey.

SCOTLAND :- Trossachs. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- On rocks not unfrequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: -Valley above Halfway house; and above Borthwnog near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley.!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jerbourg, Guernsey; Rozel, Jersey. Mr.

Larbalestier.

2. P. elæina, (Whlnb.) umbrino-olivaceous, membrana ceous, stellato-orbicular, sub-crustaceo-leproso-granulate in the centre, laciniæ imbricate, closely appressed, narrow, linear, plicato-radiate, contiguous, plane, smooth, with a few scattered pale soredia towards the subtruncate apices divided and crenato-lobae; apothecia small, umbrino-olivaceous, margin entire, spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, small.

On trees and walls, rare. 1810.

SYN: -Wahlenberg in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 54. (1803.) Nyl. Syn. 200. Nyl. Scand. 123.

Fig :- Wahl. Fl. Lapp. t. 28. f. 3. E. Bot. 2158.

Exs: -Mass. 245. Anzi It. S. 129. GEOG. DISTRIB: -Italy, Finmark.

Bot. Prov :- 2...4.

ENGLAND: - Norwich. Sir J. E. Smith. Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

3. P. leucolepis, (Whlnb.) albo-or livido-cinerascent, squamulose, squamulæ imbricate verrucoso-areolate in the centre, thoseto wards the circumference appressed, radiato-lobate, dilated, sub-crenate, slightly longitudinally striated; apothecia black, plane, margin tumid, crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On micaceous rocks, rare. 1811.

Syn: - Wahl. Fl. Lapp. 420. Ach. Syn. 194. Nyl. Scand. 123,

Fig :- E. Bot. 2283.

Exs: Leight, 267. Anzi Langob. 27.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers! and Mael Greadha. Mr. Borrer. Messrs. Macmillan! Carroll! and Jones. Breadalbane Mountains. Messrs. Borrer & Hooker.

4. P. pezizoides, (Web.) brown, cervine or cinereofuscescent, granulato-squamulose, densely imbricate, squamulæ small crenate; apothecia testaceo-rufous or rufofuscescent, margin crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple. On the earth amongst moss and on rocks, frequent.

Syn:—Web. Spicil. 200. (1778.) brunnea, Ach. Syn, 193. Nyl.
Scand. 123.

Fig :- E, Bot. Suppl. 2801.

Exs:—Fellm, 96. Schær. 160. M. & N. 639. Mass. 315. Mudd 90. Anzi It. S. 152. Fries 256.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...7...10.. 12...15 ..19...31,

ENGLAND:—Holwick Scar, Yorkshire. Mr. Robertson. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. near Battersby!; Baysdale!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Heavitree, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Bonchurch; Isle of Wight. Rev. A. Bloxam.

SCOTLAND :- Kenmore ; Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Cromaglan. Dr. Carrington. WALES:—Cwm Bychan near Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Tygwyn, Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. coronata, (Ach.) cæruleo-cinerascent, minutely granuloso-sub-pulverulent; apothecia small, reddish-brown, margin granulose.

On the earth in mossy shady places, frequent. 1796.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 194. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 124.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1246.

Exs: - Larbal, 26. Leight. 235. Anzi It. S. 153.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1...5 ..7...11, 12, 13, 14, 15... 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Near High Hesket, Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Shropshire, Rev. E. Williams. South bank of the Derwent above Blanchland, Northumberland; Howns Wood near Lanchester and in Teesdale Forest, Durham. Mr. Winch. Malvern; S. Devon and Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie.

Scotland:—Dumfriesshire. Dr. Burgess. near Stirling. Dr. Buchannan. Pentland Hills. Mr. Maughan, Colinton. Dr. Greville.

Killin. Dr. Holl. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Dr. Carrington. frequent in subalpine situations. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Bangor. Mr. Turner. Barmouth. !

Channel Islands:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

5. P. microphylla, (Sw.) cervine or livido-cinerascent, squamuloso-crustaceous, areolato-diffract, squamulæ minute, crenate, closely imbricate, whitish at the edges, under surface nigricant; apothecia fuscous or rufescent, convex, pale within, margin ultimately obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees and rocks, very rare. 1799.

SYN: -Swartz in V. Ac. H. 301. (1791.) Ach. Syn. 53. Nyl. Scand. 124.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1247.

Exs: -Zw. 388. Anzi It. S. 150, Schær. 161. Hepp 608. Larbal. 71.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, Africa, N. America,

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 4...19...31.

ENGLAND :- Cornwall ; Yarmouth. Mr. Turner.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jerbourg, Guernsey; Rozel Tower, Jersey; L'Eperquerie, Sark! Mr. Larbalestier.

6. P. triptophylla, (Ach.) fusco-cinerascent, squamulose, orbicular or irregular, squamulæ membranaceous, laciniato-lobate, crenate, appressed or microlepideo-granulose or coralloideo-squamulose, compact, areolato-diffract, hypothallus cæruleo-nigricant; apothecia fuscous or rufo-fuscescent, hypothecium fusco-nigricant, margin pale, persistent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

1799. On trees, rare.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 215. (1810.) Syn. 53. Nyl. Scand, 125.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2128. Schrad. t 1. f. 4.

Exs: -Fellm. 98. 99. Schær. 159. Hepp 610. M. & N. 552.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5, 7...15, 16, 17...19...30. ENGLAND:—Bodmin. Mr. Turner. Sussex. Mr. Hemmings. Pentregaer near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. near Lidford, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :- Loch Katrine. Mr. Turner. Inverary! and Glen Ach-na-shilloch, Rossshire. Messrs Borrer & Hooker. Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—County of Antrim. Dr. Taylor. Curraghmore, Waterford and Glengariff, Cork; Cromaglown, Killarney. Adm. Jones. Turk Mountains; and Dinis Island; Glenbower Wood, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

7. P. curvescens, Mudd. dark brown or nearly black, effuse, thin, granulose or minutely squamulose; apothecia dark reddish-brown, margin inflexed, hypothecium pale; spores 6-8, colourless, fusiform, curved, simple.

On Andræa alpina, very rare. Syn: -Mudd Man. Br. Lich. 125. (1861).

Fig ;-Mudd Man. t. 2. f. 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- Europe.

BOT PROV:—15.

SCOTLAND :- Top of Ben Lawers, Adm. Jones.

P. nebulosa, (Hffm.) cinerecus or darkly casiocinerascent, granulato-crustose, granules thin, imbricatocongested, crenate, forming a thin crust; apothecia biato rine, rufous or rufo-fuscescent, small, plane or slightly convex and crowned with the thallus; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple.

On walls, very rare, 1869.

SYN:—Hffm. Fl. Germ, 166, (1795.) Nyl, Scand. 125.

Exs:-Nyl. 114.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe.

Bot. Prov:—15...31. Scotland:—Killin, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Trinity and Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## B. Spores 1-septate.

9, P. nigra, (Huds.) dark cinereo-nigricant or fuscousblack or black, minutely and densely coralloideo-granulosocrustaceous, diffracto-areolate, bounded by an expanded distinct bluish-black byssoid hypothallus; apothecia black, plane or slighly convex, margin entire, concolorous, hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On calcareous rocks. 1778.

SYN; -Hudson Fl. Angl. ed. 2. 524. (1778.) Nyl. Scand. 126. Collema, Ach. Syn. 308.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1161. Nyl, Scand. fig. 2. b.

Exs: -Schær. 226. Mass. 354. Mudd 144. Anzi It. S. 9. Hepp 9. Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Africa, N. America, New Zealand.

Bot. Prov:—1...5...7, 8...10, 11, 15...28...30...31. England:—St. Ives, Cornwall. Mr. Hudson. Kirkby Lonsdale, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Worthing, Sussex; Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Bridge near Uptonon-Severn. Mr. E. Lees. Bilsdale!; Rivaulx; near Yarm; near Stanhope, Durham. Mr. Mudd. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Hudshead; Old Castle, Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. Johnston. Cleadon and Boldon Hills; Gateshead Fell and near Eglestone, Durham. Scotswood and Heaton Denes, and Heddon-on-Walls, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern; S. Devon; Derbyshire. Dr. Holl. Exmouth, Torquay. Mr. Piggott. Edgock, Worcestershire; Oversley Bridge, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. High Rock near Bridgnorth! Shropshire; Breedon Hill, ! Leicestershire; Llanymynech Hill!

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers, Dr. Holl. Crombie En. 43, mentions

a var. triseptata, Nyl. sporis 3-septatis, as abundant in Appin.

IRELAND :—Armaga, Adm. Jones. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. common on limestone rocks. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Denbighshire. Mr. Griffiths.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

10. P. cheilea, Nyl. greyish or olive-brown, squamulose, squamulæ cartilaginous, minute, rounded and turgid, dilated, inciso-lobate, crenate, crowded, imbricate, crustaceous, diffracto-areolate, hypothallus fusco-nigricant; apothecia subinnato-sessile, fuscescent, plano-convex, margin thip, entire or crenate; spores 8, colourless, ellipticooblong or ovate, 1-septate.

On moist shady maritime rocks, rare. 1860.

SYN:—Nyl. in Mudd Man. Br. Lich. 126. (1861).

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot Prov.:—19...24...29.

IRELAND:—Stroove Head, Donegal. Prof. Dickie. Blackwater Bridge; Kilkee, Clare; Western Blasquet Island, Kerry! Mr. Carroll.

11. P. carnosa, (Dicks.) livido-fuscescent or cervino-fuscescent, squamuloso-lobate, lobes variously divided or crenato-incised, margins thickened granoso-crenate, imbricate or adscendenti-congested, whitish beneath; apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, margin paler; spores 8, colourless, obloago-fusiform or ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On mosses in sub-alpine localities. 1790.

Syn:—Dicks. Crypt. Br. 2. 21. (1790.) muscorum, Ach. Syn. 193. Nyl. Scand. 127.

Fig:—Dicks. Cr. Br. 2. t. 6. f. 7. E. Bot. 1684. Exs:—Fries. 44. Anzi Langob. 86, 87. Schær. 482.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Enrope.

Bot. Prov: -1...5, 7...11, 12.. 15, 16 ..19...23.

ENGLAND:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. S. Brent, Devon. Dr. Holl. Didworthy, Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Castleton rocks! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Hag Crag wood in Teesdale Forest, Durham. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Highlands. Mr. Dickson. abundantly in a ravine at foot of Ben More, Perthshire; Loch Awe in Argyle; Glen Ey; Ben

Lawers! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

JRELAND :- Dublin Mountains. Adm. Jones. Askew Wood; Kil-

larney. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Denbighshire. Mr. Griffiths. Cwm Bychan; Rhinog Fach near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

Var. determinata, Nyl. microphylline, sub-effuse, margin of apothecia reddish-yellow; spores pale, fuscescent, 1-septate.

On moist earth. 1860.

SYN:-Nyl. Lich. Scand. 128. (1861.)

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia. Bot. Proy:—22, 23...30. ENGLAND:—Dublin Mountains; Luggelaw co. Wicklow; Carnlough co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

12. P. plumbea, (Lightf.) livido-cinerascent, submonophyllous, orbicular, adnate, frequently granuloso-rugose
in the centre, radiato-incised, laciniæ longitudinally
radiato-plicato-rugose or striated, concentrically arcuatorugulose towards the margins which are broadly expanded and crenate, hypothallus dark plumbeo-cærulescent,
tomentoso-filamentose; apothecia reddish-brown, plane,
margin paler, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid,
simple.

On trees, rare. 1777.

Syn:—Lightfoot Fl. Scot. 2. 826. (1777.) Ach. Syn. 202. Coccocarpia, Nyl. Scand. 128.

Fig :- Lightfoot Fl. Scot. t. 26.

Exs:-M. & N. 939. Maudon. 14. Schær. 564. Larbal, 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe, N. Africa.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2...6, 7...11, 12, 13...15...19, 20...31.

ENGLAND:—Keswick,! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. near Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Sussex. Mr. J. Hemmings. near Bodmin and Liskeard. Messrs Turner & Sowerby. Healey-field and Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. S. Devon and Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Appuldercombe, Isle of Wight. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Fall of Foyers, Caledonian Canal; Glen Nevis, Lochaber; Loch-Lomond between Tarbet and Arrochar! Dr. Lindsay. Drumlanrig; Barntimperm Linn, Moffat. Dr. Burgess. Birks of Aberfeldy. Mr. Macmillan. Glen Falloch; Killin. Dr. Holl. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Killarney; Gougaunebarra; Cork; &c. Mr. Carroll.

Mucross; Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

Wales :- Near Beaumaris! Rev. A. Bloxam. Cardiganshire. Sir

J. E. Smith.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Alderney; La Coupe, Jersey; Crévichou! Mr. Larbalestier.

## SUB-TRIBE III. AMPHILOMEI.

Thallus monophyllo-lobate, submembranaceous, soft, pulverulent, containing granula gonima. Apothecia scutelliform, thallodally margined.

## III. AMPHILOMA, (Fr. pr. p.) Nyl.

Characters as above.

1. A. lanuginosum, (Ach.) whitish or albo-fuscescent, adnate, lobato-dilated, lobes subimbricate, margins rotundato-crenate, granuloso-pulverulent, hypothallus to,

mentose, cærulescenti-nigricant; apothecia rufous, margin pulverulent.

On shaded mossy rocks, frequent. 1790.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 120, (1798.) Syn. 201. Nyl. Scand. 129.

Fig :—Dicks, Cr. Br. t. 6. f. 1.

Exs:—Nyl. 37. Schær. 378. M. & N. 446. Anzi It. S. 149. Leight. 55.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov: -5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...15...(19---30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Keswick! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger. Craigforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Broughton Bank! near Frosterley; Falcon Clints, Durham; Kildale. Mr. Mudd. Bolton. Dr. Carrington. Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl. Bardon Hill; Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A Bloxam. Llanymynech Hill! Haughmond Hill! Stiperstones! Sharpstones! &c., Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Trossachs; Craig Cluny, Braemar, Lochaber. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- On moist mossy rocks not uncommon, Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## SUB-TRIBE IV. SQUAMARIEI.

Thallus radioso-laciniate or cartilagineo-squamose, often radiate. Apothecia lecanorine. Spores colourless, ellipsoid, simple. Paraphyses distinct. Spermatia aciculari-cylindrical, long, arcuate.

## IV. SQUAMARIA, DC.

Characters as above.

1. S. crassa, (Huds.) pale yellow or whitish-green, squamoso-imbricate, squamæ cartilaginous, imbricated, lobato-crenate, more or less depressed, under surface brown; apothecia testaceo-rufous, plane, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On earth in limestone regions, frequent. 1741.

Syn:—Hudson Fl. Angl. 2nd. ed. 530. (1778.) Ach. Syn. 190. Nyl. Scand. 130.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1893. Hepp Sporen t. 70. f. 616. Sturm Fl. D. t.

Exs:—Mass. 72. 73. 74. M. & N. 1051. Nyl. L. P. 116. Mudd 91. Bohl. 2. Anzi It. S. 155. Rabh. 739. Hepp 616. Schær. 343. Arn. 2. Larbal. 73.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Africa.

Вот. Ркоу: -1, 2...5...7, 8...10, 11...14...23 ...27 ...31.

ENGLAND:—St. Vincents rocks, Bristol. Sir J. E. Smith. Durdham Down; Bristol! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Wensleydale, Yorkshire. Mr. Brunton. Hurstpierpoint, Sussex. Mr. Hemmings. near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Malham, Yorkshire; Westmoreland, Mr. Hudson. Marble Stone near Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. near Torquay; near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Berry Head; Croyd Bay, N. Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- King's Park, Edinburgh. Rev. J. Lightfoot. Pentland

Hills. Dr. Greville.

IRELAND: - Mornington co. Meath; Skerries near Dublin! Dr. Moore. near Dublin. Mr. Carroll. Ben Bulben, Sligo. Prof. Dickie.

Wales:—Puffin Island near Beaumaris. Rev. A. Bloxam. Holywell! Flintshire. Prof. Churchill Babington. Llandwellyn rocks near Newborough, Anglesea; Glyders. Dillenius. (1741.)

Channel Islands: — Quenvais, Jersey; Coast of Herm! Mr.

Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

2. S. lentigera, (Web.) pale yellowish or greenish-white, orbicular, appressed, areolato-squamose in the centre, radiato-lobate at the circumference, rotundato-undulato-crenate, margin thickened, upturned, albo-pulverulent, under surface white; apothecia pallido-testaceous, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On chalky earth, rare. 1785.

SYN:—Weber Spicil. 192. (1778.) Ach. Syn. 179. Nyl. Scand. 130.

Fig :— E. Bot. 871. Web. Spicil. t. 3. Relh, Cant. t. 7, Hepp t. 20 f. 179,

Exs:—Hepp 179. M. & N. 68. Schær. 484. Anzi It. S. 154. Dicks, 23. Mass. 91. Maudon 51.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Africa.

Bot, Prov: -2...4, 5.

ENGLAND:—Gogmagog Hills; Newmarket Heath, Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. (1785). near Newhaven, Sussex. Mr. Hemmings. Hord's Park near Bridgnorth, Salop. Mr. Purton.

3. S. cartilaginea, (Westr.) cinereo-virescent or albidostramineous, opake, cartilaginous, imbricate, multifido-laciniate, laciniæ linear, sinuato-flexuose, crenate, under surface whitish; apothecia carneo-testaceous or fulvo-testaceous, plane, irregularly lobate, margin pale, persistent, inflexed, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1800.

SYN:—Westring in Nov. Act. Stockh. 307. (1791.) Ach. Syn. 191. Nyl. Scand. 132.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2802. Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 59.

Exs: -Zw. 188. Hepp 59. M. & N. 1050.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—7...10. ENGLAND:—Yorkshire. Mr. Alexander. (1800).

WALES: -On rocks on the shore near outlet of Llyn Bodlyn, above

Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

4. S. saxicola, (Poll.) ochro'eucous or pallido-sulphureo-virescent, cartilaginous, orbicular, appressed, areolato-imbricato-crustaceous at the centre, radiato-lobate towards the circumference, lobes contiguous, plane or subplicate, smooth, crenate; apothecia pallido-testaceous, or testaceo-rufescent, plane, margin entire or crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On rocks, not unfrequent. 1785.

SYN:—Pollich Pal. El. 3. 225. (1777.) Ach. Syn. 180. Nyl. Scand, 133.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1695, Hffm. Pl. L. t. 16. 1. Mass. Ric. f. 36.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 159, 160, Schær, 332, W. & N. 67, 67, Bohl. 55, Mudd 92, Fries, 163.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Throughout the world.

Bot, Prov: -3. 4, 5. 7, 8...10, 11...15...(19---30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sibthorp. Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gunnerton Crags near Barnesford; near Warden Mill; Carham and Wark by the Tweed, Northumberland; near Urpeth; Cawsey Hall; near Eglestone and Gainford, Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Twycross Church, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Malvern Hills. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Lyth Hill! Middle! Bodbury Ring! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Clova; Reeky Linn; near Brechin; Balbeuchly; Broughty Castle; Hare Craigs; Ninewells; Paddock Stane near

Invergowrie. Mr. Gardiner.

IRELAND: —On rocks, not unfrequent. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

WALES: Diganwy! near Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. diffracta, Ach. areolato-diffract, areolæ contiguous, angular, nigro-marginate.

On rocks.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 432. (1810.) Syn, 180. Nyl. Scand. 133.

Exs: - Leight. 81. Mudd 93. Mass. 360, Anzi Langob. 269.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...19...15.

ENGLAND:—Cliff-Rigg!; near Ayton! Lanbraugh rigg! Cleveland.

Mr. Mudd, Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Monument Hill, Perth!; Abernethy! Ben Lawers!

Dr. Lindsay. Craig Guie in Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. versicolor, (Pers.) albo-flavescent, more or less albosuffused, the upper surface of laciniæ towards the circumference minutely albo-depresso-granulate, margin of apothecia entire, often albo-pulverulent.

On rocks and moss. 1856.

SYN: - Pers. in Ust. N. Ann. Bot. st. 7. p. 24. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 184. Nyl. Scand. 133,

Exs:—Anzi Venet. 30. It. S. 161, Langob. 41. Hepp. 899. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-2.

ENGLAND :—On roof tiles, Basingstoke! Hants, Mr. Rob. Southey

Hill. (1856).

5. S. gelida, (L.) dirty creamy-white, smooth, crustaceous, closely adnate, orbiculari-radiose, plane, areolatodiffract in the centre, radiato-laciniate at the circumference, truncato-crenate, with central carneo-cinerascent depresso-verrucaroid radioso-rimose cephalodia; apothecia pale reddish, margin tumid entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine rocks, frequent. 1782.

SYN: -Linn, Mant. 2. 133. (1771). Ach. Syn. 186. Nyl. Scand. 134.

Fig :—E. Bot. 692. Hepp Sporen t. 89. f. 773.

Exs:—Hepp 773, Th. M. Fr. 31.

GEOG. DISTRIB; -Norway, W. Finland, W. France, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу: —5...7...11, 12...15...17, 18, 19 ...30.

ENGLAND :—High Force, Holwick, and Cronkley Fell, Teesdale. Rev. J. Harriman. Buttermere; Mrs. Stanger. Ambleside. Mr. Haitstone. Winch Bridge; Cauldron Snout; Charnberry near Eglestone, and in Teesdale Forest, Durham. Mr. Winch. Stiperstones Hill! Long Mynd! Shropshire.

Scotland: -Glen of Leney near Stirling. Dr. F. Buchannan. (1782.) Fort Augustus, Caledonian Canal!; Ben Nevis!; Quiraing, Isle of Skye! Dr. Lindsay. Ben Lawers, Dr. Maingay. Clova; Linn of Dee, Aberdeenshire. Mr. Gardiner. Kenmore. Dr. Holl.

Breadalbane & Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND :—Connor Cliffs Dingle! Blase of Cahar, Mc Gillicuddy's rocks; Pass of Keim-an-Eigh. Mr., Carroll. Dunkerron Mountain. Dr. Taylor. Glengariff; Carnlough co. Antrim. Adm. Jones, Coast of Antrim. Dr. Moore.

Wales: - Near Gwastadannas; Arthog; Llyn Bodlyn. Rev. T.

Salwey. Cader Idris!

#### SUBTRIBE V. PLACODEI.

Thallus radiate or laciniato-radiate. Apothecia leca-

norine or sub-biatorine. Spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polari-bilocular, rarely simple or 1-septate. Paraphyses distinct. Sterigmata articulate. Spermatia slender, shortly cylindrical.

## V. PLACODIUM, DC. Nyl.

Characters as above.

## A. Thallus flavescent.

1. P. murorum, (Hffm.) bright yellow, orbiculariradiate, adnate, rimoso-areolate or rimoso-squamulose
and whitish in the centre, plicato-laciniate at the circumference, laciniæ narrow, convex, incurved and subcrenate at the apices, very minutely granulato-scabrous on
the upper surface; apothecia dusky orange-coloured, disk
minutely granulate, margin entire; spores 8, colourless,
ellipsoid, polari-bilocular; K red or purple.

On walls, rocks, &c. frequent.

SYN:—Hffm. Enum. 63. (1784.) Ach. Syn. 181. Nyl. Scand. 136.

Fig:—Hffm. En. t. 9. f. 2. Pl. L. t. 17, f. 3. Hepp Sporen t. 22.

Exs:—Hepp 196. Nyl. 119. Schær. 479. Mass. 58. 96. 97. 98. 93. in part. Mudd 94. 96. Zw. 58. Leight. 113. Arn. 383, 381.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Throughout the World. Bot. Prov:—3...5. .10, 11...(19---30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Bilsdale! Black Hall rocks near Hartlepool! Mr. Mudd. near Gainford, Durham, and coast of Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon; Mistley, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton.

IRELAND: - Walls and rocks, common. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. miniatum, (Hffm.) smaller, thallus miniato-fulvescent, minutely scabrous or punctellato-impressed; apothecia still deeper coloured.

On rocks, &c. 1794.

Sy'N:—Hffm. Pl. L. 3. 16. (1801.) Ach. Syn. 182. Nyl. Scand. 136

Fig:—Hffm. Pl. L. t. 60. f. 1.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 29. 274. Hepp 195. 906. M. & N. 354. Mass. 104. Schær. 545. 338. right hand spec. Anzi It. S. 133. a. Geog. Distrib :— Throughout the World. Bot. Proy:—5...8...11...18, 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Oswestry,! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. on Gainsford Church, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Derbyshire. Sir J. E. Smith.

Scotland: Sir J. E. Smith. (1794.) Stennis, Orkney. Dr.

Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Blackwater Hill; Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. obliteratum, (Pers.) thallus sub-effuso-areolate, almost obliterated, sub-effigurate or crenato-lobulate; apothecia numerous and crowded. K red or purple.

On rocks.

SYN:—Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 11. p. 15. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 182. Nyl. Scand. 136.

Exs: -Lindig 162, Mudd 95. Hepp 71, Anzi Langob. 275, Leight.

207. Larbal. 74.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, Asia, Africa, America,

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7..10...15...19...30. 31.

ENGLAND:—Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Torquay. Dr. Holl. N. Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland: -Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Coast of Antrim. Dr. Moore. Black rock, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: -Southerndown, Glamorgan. Dr. Holl. Llyn Aran! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Coast of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Herm, Jethou! Mr. Larbalestier.

2. P. decipiens, Arn, pale dirty vitellinous-yellow, opake, thin, crustaceous, orbiculari-radiate, adnate, plicato-laciniate at the circumference, laciniæ narrow, convex, incurved and sub-crenate at the apices, verrucoso-areolate in the centre, conspicuously granuloso-scabrous, almost leprose, on the upper surface of the thallus and on the thalline margin of the apothecia; apothecia concolorous, sunk, plane, waxy; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polaribilocular.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1871.

Syn: -Arnold in Flora 1866. p. 530.

Exs:—Arn, 382. a. and b. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-5.

ENGLAND: - Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire. (1871).

3. P. callopismum, (Ach.) bright yellow, orbiculariradiate, adnate, rimoso-areolate and whitish in the centre, lobato-laciniate at the circumference, laciniæ broad, thin, membranous, contiguous, very closely appressed, plane, dilated and inciso-crenate at the apices, smooth on the upper surface; apothecia bright orange, disk smooth, waxy, margin bright yellow, thickish, flexuose or sub-crenulate; spores 8, colourless, lemon-shaped, polari-bilocular; K red or purple.

On rocks, walls, &c. frequent.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 437. (1810.) Syn. 184. Mudd Man, 133. Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. 13. p. 366.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 103. f. 907. E. Bot. 2157. upper fig.

Exs: -Nyl. 36. Hepp 907. Mass. 103. Schær, 337. Anzi It.S. 134. Geog. Distrib: -Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5, 6...10...14, 15... 30.

ENGLAND:—Craig-y-Rhiw! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Danby Castle! Bilsdale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Torquay. Devon. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Near Aberdeen and Stirling; near Edinburgh. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Co. Down. Dr. Maingay.

Wales: -Southerndown, Glamorgan. Dr. Holl.

Var. plicatum, Wedd. laciniæ of thallus narrow, convex, incurved and sub-crenate at the apices, precisely like those of P. murorum, but smooth and waxy on the upper surface; spores lemon shaped; K red or purple.

On rocks, &c. frequent.

SYN:—Weddell in Bull. Soc. Bot. 16. p. 200. (1869.) Nyl. l. c. 13. 366.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 22. f. 197.

Exs:—Hepp 197. Anzi Langob. 444. a. Mass, 94. 95. Anzi

S. 134. b. Fellm. 103. Mudd 96, GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10.

ENGLAND:—Craig-y-Rhiw! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Aymestry! Herefordshire. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

4. P. citrinum, (Ach.) yellow, crustaceous, effuse, granuloso-leprose, rimoso-areolate; apothecia yellowishorange, plane, margin sub-entire, pulverulent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polari-bilocular. K purple.

On rocks, walls, mortar, &c. frequent. 1807,

Syn:—Ach. Prodr. 73. (1798.) Nyl. Scand. 136. Fig:—E. Bot. 1793. Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 72.

Exs:—M. & N. 742. Nyl. 35. Hepp 72. Leight. 86. Anzi Langob, 32. Zw. 323. Arn. 257. Anzi Ven. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, America. Bot Prov:—3, 4, 5...10. (19—30).. 31.

ENGLAND: -Norfolk, Sir J. E. Smith. Yorkshire, Mr. Hailstone. Worcester! Dr. Holl. Heavitree, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Llanymyech Hill! Shrewsbury! and Shropshire, frequent!!

IRELAND :- On mortar, common. Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands:—Jersey; Guernsey; Sark; Mr. Larblestier.

5. P. elegans, (Link.) dark orange-red, suborbicularistellate, laciniæ distinct, linear, narrow, multifid, upper surface glabrous; apothecia dark orange-red, plane, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polari-bilocular.

On exposed rocks and stones, rare.

SYN: -Link. in Ann. Bot. 1, 37. (1794.) Nyl. Scand. 136. Mudd Man. 131.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 22. f. 195. E. Bot. 2181. (right hand fig. only).

Exs:—Schær, 481. Anzi It. S. 133. c.

Geog. Distrib :-- Europe, Arctic America, N. Zealand.

Bot. Prov:—8...11, 12...14, 15...31. Scotland:—Lochnagar. Adm. Jones. Cairngorm, Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Mac Dhui, Dr. Dickie.

6. P. fulgens, (Sw.) albido-flavescent or citrine, orbicular, sub-monophyllous, adnate, radiato-incised towards the circumference, laciniæ subplicato-contiguous, crenate, upper surface granulato-pulverulent; apothecia orangecoloured, plane, margin thick, entire, pale yellow; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple. K purple.

On the earth amongst rocks, rare. 1801.

SYN: - Swartz, in Nov. Act. Acad. Upsal. 4, 246, (1784.) Ach. Syn. 183. Nyl. Scand. 137.

Fig ;—E. Bot. 166. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 48. f. 2. Hepp Sporen t. 21.

f. 194. Anzi Langob. 99. Anzi Etr. 53.

Exs:—Hepp 194. Mass. 2, Schær. 339. M. & N. 1052. Larbal. 27.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa.

Bor. Prov: -1, 2 ..6...31.

ENGLAND :- Freshwater Bay, Isle of Wight; New Haven, Sussex. Messrs Turner & Borrer. Bray Hill St. Minver near Padstow! Rev. R. V. Tellam.

Wales:—Near Stackpole Court, Pembroke. Mr. Adams. (1801.)

Lydstop! Pembroke. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL IRELANDS: Quenvais! Jersey; Grosse Rocque, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier. North side, Guernsey, Miss Lukis.

## B. Thallus cinerascent.

7. P. candicans, (Dicks.) glaucous or albo-cinerascent, tartareous, orbiculari-squamose, adnate, radiato-plicatolobate, rotundo-dilated and crenate at the apices, smooth or pulverulent; apothecia appressed, brownish-black, more or less pruinose, thallodal margin persistent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On limestone rocks, frequent. 1793.

SYN:—Dickson Br. Crypt. 3, 15. (1793.) Nyl. Prodr. 72. Lecanora epigwa, Ach. Syn. 179.

ora epigæa, Ach. Syn. 179. Fig:—E. Bot 1778. Dicks. Crypt. 3. t. 9. f. 5. Hepp Sporen t.

104. f. 914.

Exs:—Zw. 111. Nyl. 117. Mass. 210. Arn. 223. a. b. Leight. 218. Hepp 914. Anzi Etr. 12. Rabh. 748.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...7, 8...10, 11...15.

England:—Yorkshire. Mr. Dickson. (1793.) Cheddar;! near Bristol; Beachy Head! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. St. Vincents Rocks, Bristol. Miss Atwood. near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern, Worcester. Mr. Varenne. Llanymynech Hill! Wrekin Hill! High Rock! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Near Sheean Ferry. Messrs. Turner and Hooker.

WALES :- Great Ormes Head !

8. P. chalybæum, (Duf.) plumbeo-albicant or cinereo-albescent, adnate, smooth, diffracto-areolate, obsoletely lineari-radiate at the circumference, hypothallus blackish, slightly extended beyond the thallus; apothecia innate or immersed, black, plane, more or less pruinose, thalline margin entire, depressed; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On limestone rocks, rare. 1861.

Syn:—Dufour in Fries L. Eur. 125. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 138. Mudd Man. 134.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 22, f. 204.

Exs: - Hepp 204. Scher. 566. Zw. 226. Anzi Langob. 35.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...7...10 ...15.

England:—Near Parhill, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Babbiecomb, Devonshire. Adm. Jones. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Craig Tulloch! Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :-- Eglswg Rocks! near Llangollen.

9. P. variabile, (Pers.) fusco-cinereous, adnate, diffracto-areolate, hypothallus nigricant, predominant; apothecia prominent, black, plane, more or less pruinose, thalline margin thin, white, sub-crenulate; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Pers. in Ust. Ann. Bot. 7. 26. (1794.) Ach. 165. Nyl. Scand. 138.

Exs :- Anzi It. S. 143.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Scandinavia, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 8...15.

ENGLAND:—Buxton, Derbyshire! Dr. Holl.Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Craig Culliach. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

#### SUB-TRIBE VI. EULECANOREI.

Thallus crustaceous, granulose, rarely radiate, smooth or leprose. Apothecia lecanorine, rarely biatorine. Paraphyses distinct. Spores simple, rarely septate, colourless, rarely fuscous. Spermatia various in form in different species, e.g. cylindrical or acicular, straight or arcuate, or oblongo-ellipsoid.

# VI. LECANORA. (Ach.) Nyl.

Characters as above: Thecæ either 8-spored or polysporous.

## A. Spores numerous.

1. L. crenata, Nyl. bright full yellow, sub-orbicular, effuse, crenato or granuloso-squamulose in the centre, laciniato-radiate at the circumference, laciniæ sublinear, very narrow, convex, incised, crenate and incurved at the apices (K—C—); apothecia darker yellew, plane, thalline margin elevated, crenulate; spores numerous, colourless, oblong or sub-ellipsoid, bilocular.

On maritime rocks. 1866.

Hydrate of potash just tinges the thallus a pale reddish brown. Syn:—Nyl. Lapp. Or. 130. (1866.) L. crenulata, Wahlenberg Fl. Lapp. 416. Th. M. Fries Lich. Arctoi 70. Nyl. Scand. 140. Ach. Syn. 181.

Exs:-Th. M. Fries 58.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia, Norway, Greenland.

Bot. Prov :- 7.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. These Welsh specimens were sterile and not well developed, but the appearance of the lacinize of the thallus accorded well with Fries Exs. 58! The asci especially the apices become blue with iodine.

2. L. vitellina, Ach. pale greenish-yellow, granulose, effuse, granules minute, crenate or sublobulate, or conglomerate (K—); apothecia tawny-yellow, plane, thalline

margin entire or crenulate; spores numerous, colourless, oblong, simple or sub-polari-bilocular or obsoletely 1-septate.

On rocks, walls, old pales, &c. frequent. 1777.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 403. (1810.) Syn. 174. Nyl. Scand. 141. Fig:—E. Bot. 1792. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 26. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 70.

Exs: - Schær. 450. M. & N. 741. Hepp 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America, Abyssinia. Bot. Prov:—1 ..3, 4, 5...11...15 ..18...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Exminster; Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford. Dr. Sitthorp. Haughmond Hill! Middle! Longmynd! Shropshire.

Scotland: -Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Killin. Rov. J.

M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Lurgedon Mountain co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. coruscans, Ach. darker yellow, granuloso-conglomerate, areolato-diffract (K—); apothecia imbedded, rufo-fuscous, plane, thalline margin granulato-crenulate.

On rocks and palings, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. p. 177. (1803.) Syn. 174. Nyl. Scand. 141.

Fig :- Hffm, Pl. L. t. 27. f. 2.

Exs:—Bohl. 78.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Middle! Shrop-shire.

SCOTLAND :- Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. aurella, Ach. yellow, granulato-dispersed or evanescent, (K—); apothecia minute, bright orange, plane, scattered, thalline margin entire.

On rocks, frequent.

Syn: -Ach. L. U. 404. (1810.) Syn. 175. Nyl. Scand. 141.

Fig:-Hffm, Pl. L. t. 50. f. 2. c.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5, 7...15.

ENGLAND :- Middle! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND; -Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

WALES: - Conway! and Diganwy!

Var. epixantha, (Nyl.) leprose, pulverulent, pale yellow;

apothecia appressed or sub-immersed, plane, concolorous, margin thick, entire, often pulverulent.

On turf walls. 1870. GEOG, DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

3. L. candelaria, Ach. greenish-yellow, sub-orbicularistellate, minutely laciniate, laciniæ multifid, subimbricate, crowded, margins curled, crisped, more or less minutely granulose (K—C—); apothecia fulvescent, margin entire or granulose; spores numerous, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On old trees, pales &c. not common. 1782.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 416, (1810.) Nyl. Syn. 412. Scand. 108.

Fig: -E. Bot. 1794. Nyl. Scand. t. 1. f. 2.

Exs: -Mass. 61. Auzi It. S, 131. M. & N. 743. a. (in part.)

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...10, 11 . 14, 15. .19...31.

ENGLAND:—Bolton Wood. Dr. Carrington. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. near Torquay. Dr. Holl. Kelvedon; Lyston, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Hord's Park near Bridgnorth. Mr. Purton. Bedford. Rev. C. Abbot.

Scotland:—Blackford Hill near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. (1782.) Killin; Blair Athole; Portlethen, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. granulosa, laciniæ very minute, crenate, margins ascending, minutely and abundantly granulose, often crowded into an arcolato-diffracto-granulose crust, (K—).

On old trees, frequent.

Exs :- Zw. 322. Wright, 79. Leight. 12.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-5.

ENGLAND : - Old Elms, Berwick! near Shrewsbury.

4. L. glaucocarpa, (Whlnb.) pallescenti-livid, or luridorufescent, squamulose, squamulæ dispersed or imbricate, crenate, margins upturned and white, (K—C—); apothecia large, fusco-rufescent, plano-convex, cæsio-pruinose or naked, margin elevated, entire and flexuose; spores numerous, colourless, oblong, simple.

On calcareous alpine rocks, not common.

SYN: - Whlnb. Nov. Act. Sc. Stockh. 27. 143. (1806.) Ach. Syn.

189. Nyl. Scand. 175. percæna (non Ach.) Mudd Man. 159.

Fig:—Whlnb, l. c. t. 4. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 42. f. 377.

Exs:—Schær. 613. 341. Mass. 284. 283. 285, Anzi Langob. 328. 127, 329. Hepp 377. 378. Anzi It. S. 215.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Bavaria, Austria, Italy, Pyrenees,

Switzerland, Lombardy, Hungary, Mackenzie River.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...9, 10...15.

England: —Lancashire, Mr. Jacob. Cleveland. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Craig-y-Rhiw near Oswestry!

SCOTLAND :- Breadalbane ; Braemar ; Ben Lawers ; Morcone ;

Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma pruinosa, (Sm.) crustaceous (K—C—); apothecia of moderate size, scattered, appressed, plane, reddishblack or black, white within, cæsio-pruinose or naked, margin thin, entire, more or less undulate; spores numerous, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On mortar, limestone rocks, &c. frequent. 1811.

SYN: -Smith E. Bot. 2244. (1811.) Nyl. Scand. 176.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2244. Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 143.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 395. Anzi Venet. 78. Anzi It. S. 289. Hepp 143. Schær. 202. Mass. 334. 335. Mudd. 160. Leight. 300.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Hungary, Italy, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :- 2...5...7...10, 11...15...19.

England:—Near Gainford, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. (1811). Bilsdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Llanforda! lane near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. near Malvern and Worcester; near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. near Polesworth, Warwickshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Wenlock!; High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Alberbury Castle Walls! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Highlands. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Monkstown and Dunkathal near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Meifod Church! Rev. T. Salwey. Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Diganwy! near Conway.

forma eucarpa, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia redaish when moist, blackish dry, very large, aggregate, internally rufescent; hypothecium thin, black; spores numerous, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple, most minute.

On rocks, rare. 1867.

SYN :- Nyl. Coll. Gall. Mer. Pyr. 14. (1853.) Prodr. 146.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Pyrenees.

Вот. Prov: -31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Cove, Guernsey; north coast of Jersey. Mr. Larbalcstier. (1867).

5. L. squamulosa, (Schrad.) cervine or badio-pallescent, or badio-fuscescent, squamulose, squamules adnate,

angular, and sub-lobate (K—C—); apothecia at first immersed and small, then emersed and plane, rufo-fuscescent or nigro-fuscescent, thalline margin depressed; spores numerous, minute, colourless, oblong, simple.

On rocks, frequent. 1801.

SYN:—Schrad. Crypt. 153. (1797.) Schrad. in Journ. Bot. 1801. 1. 75. L. cervina. (Pers.) Ach. Syn. 188. Nyl. Scand. 174.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2011. Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 56.

Exs:-Hepp 56. Arn. 301. Schær. 183. 341. Anzi 216.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Bavaria, Hungary, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Austria, France.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...11...15...31.

England:—Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Leather Tor! Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Muggleswick Fell and near Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch. Middle! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Highlands! Mr. Dickson. (1801.) Loch Carron.

Messrs Borrer & Hooker. Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Channel Islands :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

forma smaragdula, (Whlnb.) thatline squamulæ planoconvex, dispersed, pallescent (K—C—); apothecia minute, punctiform.

On rocks, not uncommon. 1800.

SYN:—Endocarpon, Whlnb! in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 29. (1803.) Ach. Syn. 98. Nyl. Scand. 175.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1512. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 4. f. 3.

Exs:—Fellm. 138. Leight. 271, 317. Mass. 62. 281, Hepp 175. Schær. 117. Mudd. 132.

Geog. Distrib:—Austria, Norway, Switzerland, Italy, E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 3..7...10, 11...18...31.

ENGLAND:—Near Eglestone! Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. (1800.) Mountainous parts of Northumberland and Durham! Mr. Borrer. Howden Gill! Ayton Moor; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Exeter, Mr. Parfit.

Scotland: - Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay.

Wales:—Glandwr, Barmouth! Llandrindod! Rev. T. Salwey. Channel Islands:—La Moie, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma sinopica, (Whlnb.) ferruginous-red, areolato-squamulose, appressed (K—C—); apothecia minute, punctiform, black.

On rocks in alpine places, not frequent. 1807.

Syn:—Endocarpon, Whlnb! in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 30, (1803.) Ach. Syn. 98, Nyl. Scand. 175.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1776. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 5. f. 1. Exs:—Hepp 768. Anzi It. S. 217. Schær. 116. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy, Norway.

Bot. Prov: -7.. 12...15...31.

ENGLAND: - Mungrisedale! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger.

Scotland:—Aberfeldy; Ben Lawers. Mr. H. Macmillan. Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie,

Wales; -Anglesea. Rev. H. Davies. Bodowen! Glandwr! Bar-

mouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Aber !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma privigna, (Ach.) thallus nearly evanescent, nigropiceous or dark brown (K—C—); apothecia scattered, blackish, margin black, elevated, flexuose.

On sandstone rocks, not frequent. 1810.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 49. (1803.) Syn. 151. Nyl. Scand. 175.

Fig: -E. Bot. 2152! (two right hand fig).

Exs:—Leight. 196. Mass. 64. Hepp 57. Arn. 185. Geog. Distrib: Italy, Germany, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...10, 11...31.

ENGLAND:—Eglestone! Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. (1810.) near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Rothingdean! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Lynmouth, N. Devon. Miss Atwood. Boxley Hill, Sussex; New Forest, Hants. Adm. Jones. Lyndhurst Moor and Epping Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Gainford and Gateshead Fell, Durham; Heaton Dene and near Jesmond, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- L'etacq, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma simplex, Dav. nearly ecrustaceous (K—C—) apothecia small, black, variously corrugate or plicate; margin irregularly crenate; spores most minute.

On rocks, not uncommon. 1794.

Syn:—Davies in Linn. Trans. 2. 283. (1794) Nyl. Scand. 176. Fig:—Linn. Trans. 2. t. 28. f. 2. E. Bot. 2152. two left hand fig. Exs:—Leight. 272. 273. Anzi Langob. 189. Zw. 143. Mass, 337.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Hungary, Germany.

Bot. Prov:—1...5.. 7...15...19...31.

England:—Tintagel! Mr. Borrer. Capstone Hill, Ilfracombe.

Miss Atwood. Anstey Cove, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. near Buckfastleigh, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Church Stretton! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Craig Tulloch ; Craig Guie ; Kincardine. Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Near Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

WALES:—Anglesea! Rev. Hugh Davies. Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth.!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —La Moye, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

6. L. admissa, Nyl. dark fuscous or badio-fuscous, opake, verrucoso-areolate, areolæ somewhat turgid, contiguous or distinct, subrugulose (K—C—); apothecia concolorous, minute, one in each of the thalline verrucæ, epithecium minute obtusely impressed or somewhat

convex in the centre, thalline margin obtuse; spores numerous, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On mountain rocks, rare. 1870.

Syn. - Nylander in Flora 1867. p. 370, Crombie En. 57.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Finland.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland: - Khoil and Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

7. L. fuscata, (Schrad.) reddish-brown, tartareous, areolato-squamulose, areolæ angular, smooth and unpolished or rugged (K—C red); apothecia immersed, concave, dark brown, margin entire, slightly raised; spores numerous, minute, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On rocks and walls, frequent. 1830.

SYN:—Schrader Spic. Germ. 83. (1794.) Nyl. Scand. 175. Sagedia rufescens, Ach. Syn. 135. Endocarpon rufo-virescens, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 100.

Fig :- E. Bot, Suppl. 2657. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 4. f. 4.

Exs :- Mudd 131.

GOEG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 4, 5, 7...10, 11...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Gorlestone! Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. (1830.) Guisbro' Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Lamorna! Cornwall; Craigforda! Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Great Ayton! Mr. Dixon. Northumberland! and Durham! Mr. Robertson. Sutton Bank. Thirsk! Mr. Baker. Wrekin! Laurence Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Haughmond Hill! Lyth Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND: - Cappaghmore near Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor.

Wales :- Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - L'etacq ; La Moie, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

8. L. Sambuci, (Pers.) whitish or cinerascent, very thin, effuse, granulose or sub-leprose or almost evanescent (K—); apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, minute, plane, thalline margin white, crenulate; spores 12, 16 or 32, rarely 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees, rare.

SYN: -Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. 26. (1794.) Nyl. Scand. 168. Crombie Enum. 53.

Exs:-Arn. 300.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Mid. Europe, Sweden.

Bor. Prov :- 28.

IRELAND : - Armagh, Adm. Jones.

9. L. hypophæa, Nyl. cinerascent or cinereo-virescent, thin, granulato-unequal; apothecia nigricant or sangui-

neo-black, lecideine, somewhat plane, marginate, proper margin black, sub-crenulate or unequal or undulate, then couvex and immarginate; spores numerous, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses moderate or thickish, articulate, apices thicker, electrino-fuscescent; hypothecium colourless, fuscous-black beneath, and with glomerulose gonidia; gelatina hymenea at first blue then vinose or fulvous red with iodine.

On granite rocks, very rare. 1869.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1870. p. 34. Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 8. 97.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor, Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Near Old Machar Cathedral, Aberdeen. Rev. J. M.

Crombie, (1869).

Allied to privigna Ach. but distinguished chiefly by its greyishgreen granulate thallus, and crenulate or undulate margin of the apothecia. Crombic.

## B. Spores 8 simple.

# \* Thallus K yellow C red.

10. L. sarcopis, (Whlnb.) flavido-cinerascent, granulose, thin, sub-effuse; apothecia small, numerous, carneorufous or sub-rufous, plane or sub-convex, thalline margin crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C red.

On trees and palings, not common.

SYN: -Wahlenberg Suppl. Ach. Meth. 40. (1803.) Ach. Syn. 177. Nyl. Scand. 165.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-Russia, Austria, Hungary, Germany, Lapland,

Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :- 3...10.

ENGLAND: - Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Va-renne.

11. L. tartarea, (L.) white or albo-cinerascent, tartareous, granulato-conglomerate, rimulose; apothecia large, scattered, disk plane, rugulose, pallido-testaceous, thalline margin thick, inflexed and flexuose; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple, large; thallus and apothecia K yellow C red.

On rocks, not uncommen. 1794,

Syn:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 14. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 172 Nyl. Scand. 157.

Fig :- E. Bot. 156.

Exs: -Maudon 5. 8. Zw. 324, Schær. 541, M. & N. 69, Welw. Lusit. 114, Bohl. 10.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15...18...(19—30) ..31.

ENGLAND:—Cliff-rigg! High Cliffs! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Clee Hill! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Hernby and Helmsley, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. (1794.) Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Blackstone Rock; Lustleigh Cleve, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern Hills. Mr. Purton.

Scotland:—Garrynahine, Lewis; Hills south of Ballater! Aberdeenshire; Abernethy! Perthshire; Birnam Hill! Dunkeld. Dr.

Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: Barmouth! Conway Mountain! Glyder Vach!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma grandinosa, Ach. verrucoso-granulate, verrucæ subglobose glabrous.

On trees, not common. 1810.

Syn: -Ach. L. U. 372. (1819.) Syn. 172. Nyl. Scand. 157.

Exs: - Spruce Amaz. And. 193. Anzi Langob. 431.

GEOG. DISTRIB:— Europe. Bot. Prov:—10, 11...15.

England:—Teesdale. Rev. J. Harriman. Hobhole near Castleton, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd.

Scotland:—Inverary! Mr. Piggott.

forma frigida, Ach. thallus thin, papillose, ramuloso-spinulose.

On mosses, not common.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 166. (1803.) Syn. 172. Nyl. Scand. 157.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1879.

Exs: -Fellman 114. Anzi Langob. 101. Th. M. Fries 61.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -N. Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—11...15.

ENGLAND :- Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Hills above Blair in Athol. Mr. Don. Lofty Hills.

Mr. Dickson. Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

The form gonatodes, Ach. (Fellm. 115. Anzi It. S. 166.) has the same reaction and appears to be only a more crustaceous state growing on mosses "crusta ramulosa, ramis divaricatis tortuosis gibbosis lobato-verrucosis difformibus," most probably it may be found in our alpine localities.

12. L. parella, (L.) whitish or albido-cinerascent, granulato-rugose or verrucoso-granulate or rimoso-diffract; apothecia numerous, crowded, anguloso-difformed, disk plane, dusky testaceous, coarsely albo-granulate, often verrucose; margin thick, often radiato-crenulate;

spores 6-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large; thallus K yellow C yellow, the disk of apothecia alone becoming red.

On rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Linn. Mantissa 1. p. 132. (1767.) Ach. Syn. 159. Nyl. Scand. 156.

Fig :- E. Bot. 727. Hepp Sporen. t. 71. f. 622,

Exs: -Maudon 56. Anzi It. S. 164, M. & N. 1145. Zw. 66. Larbal. 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот, Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15 ...18...(19—30.) 31.

ENGLAND:—Ayton! Mr. Mudd. Whitestone Cliff! near Thirsk. Mr. Baker. Beechy Head! Dr. Hooker. Durham; Fern Islands, Northumberland, Mr. Winch. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Studley Castle, Warwickshire; Malvern Hills. Mr. Purton. Nesscliff Hill! Bodbury Ring near Church Stretton! Haughmond Hill! Llanymynech Hill! Caer Caradoc! Shropshire,

Scotland:—Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay. Long Island. Prof. Balfour. coast of Kincardine; Morrone; Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth! Diganwy near Conway!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey! and all the other Islands. Mr.

Larbalestier.

forma pallescens, (L.) white, disk of apothecia albopruinose, margin thick, entire, smooth.

On rocks and trees, frequent.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No 15, (1753.) Ach. Syn. 169. Nyl. Scand. 1857.

Exs:—Maud. 3. Schær. 570, Nyl. 38. Anzi Etr. 16. Larbal. 76. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...4, 5...7...15...25...31.

England:—Countess Weir Bridge, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. near Kingsbridge, S. Devon; Ventnor, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot.

SCOTLAND:—Aberfeldy! Dr. Holl. Long Island. Prof. Balfour.

Coast of Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Killaloe and Muckruss. Mr. Carroll,

Wales:—Between Bala and Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Lawrence, Jersey! and all the other Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma tumidula, (Pers.) whitish, disk of apothecia carneo-testaceous, coarsely albo-granulate, margin thick, entire or crenate, smooth.

Op trees, not common. 1861.

SYN: -Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 11. p. 18. Ach. Syn. 170. Mudd Man. 155.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 21. f. 188.

Exs: - Hepp 188. 784. Mudd 126. Korb. 275. Anzi Langob. 100. Arn. 140. Maudon 9. Anzi. It. S. 165. Schær. 317. 318. Welw. Lusit. 88. Bohl, 60. M. & N. 1146.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe. Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3...10...15,

ENGLAND: - Near Easby!; near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haldon; Exmouth, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :- Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma Turneri, (Sm.) albo-sorediate; margin of apothecia thick, entire, albo-pulverulent or sorediose.

On trees, not common. 1801.

SYN: -Smith in E. Bot. 857. (1801.) Ach. Syn. 170.

Fig :—E. Bot. 857.

Exs: -- Mudd 127. Leight. 237.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...10, 11...15...19...25. ENGLAND:—Near Ayton! Newton Wood! Airyholme! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. near Shanklin; near Totness. Dr. Holl. near Exeter, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland: - Castleton of Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Muckruss demesne. Adm. Jones. Deer Park, Castlemartyr; Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

L. poriniformis, Nyl. cinereous or pallido-cinereous, firm, thin, rimoso-diffract; apothecia 1-3-4, innate in convex verrucæ, (externally like a Pertusaria) disk pale, punctiformi-contracted; spores 6-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; K yellow C the verrucæ and disk brownish red:

On micaceous-schistose mountain-rocks, rare.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 353. Crombie En. 56.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—15.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. (1865.) Portlethen! Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

14. L. rupestris, (Scop.) whitish or dark cinereous, thin and effuse, or tartareous, furfuraceous, rinulosoareolate; apothecia dull orange, immersed, plane and margined, or emersed, convex, immarginate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoideo-oblong, simple; apothecia K red.

On calcareous rocks, common.

forma incrustans, (DC.) white, thin, effuse; apothecia small, immersed, plane, margined.

SYN:—De Caudolle Fl. Fr. 2. 361. (1805.) Schær. En. 146.
 Exs:—M. & N. 944. upper spec. Schær. 220. Mass. 320.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоч. :—1.. 5 ..10.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon. Chudleigh Rocks; Ansteys Cove, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Whitecliffe Rocks! Ludlow.

forma calva, (Dicks.) white, thin, effuse; apothecia large, emersed, convex, immarginate.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1790.

SYN: - Dickson Crypt. 2. 18. (1790.) Ach. Syn. 39. Nyl. Scand. 147.

Fig :- E. Bot. 948, Dicks. Cr. t. 6, f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 16, f.

Exs: --Schær. 221. Hepp 134, Mass. 321. M. & N. 944. lower central spec.

GEOG. DISTRIB.:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—3...5...15...19.

ENGLAND:—Craig-y-Rhiw, Oswestry, ! Rev. T. Salwey. Shotover Hill, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Oversley Green Bridge; Coughton Court, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Whitecliffe Rocks, ! Ludlow; Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: Highlands. Mr. Dickson. (1790).

IRELAND : - Cork! Mr. Carroll.

forma rufescens, (Hffm.)-nigricanti-cinereous, tartareous, furfuraceous, rimuloso-areolate; apothecia large, convex, immarginate.

On calcareous rocks.

SYN: -Hoffm. Pl. Lich. 1. 80. (1790.) Schær. En. 146.

Fig:-Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t, 17. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 3. f. 7.

Exs:—Hepp 7. Mass. 322. Mudd 161. M. & N. 944. right and left spec.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bor. Prov: -5...10.

ENGLAND:—Carlton! Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wenlock!; Steeraway lime rocks! Shropshire.

forma viridi-flavescens, (Wulf,) albido-cinereous, tartareous, rimuloso-areolate; apothecia large or small, yellowish or orange, sub-innate or emersed, immarginate.

SYN: -Wulf. in Jacq. Coll. 3. 101. (1789.) Scher. En. 146.

Fig :- Jacq. Coll. 3. t. 2. f. 1.

Exs :- Leight. 119.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...10...19.

Bot. Prov: -5...10...19.
ENGLAND: Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Whitecliff rocks near Ludlow!.
IRELAND: -Whitepoint! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

## \*\* Thallus K yellow C yellow.

15. L. Upsaliensis, (L.) albo-glaucescent, thin, membranaceous, smooth; apothecia numerous, at first globosoverrucose, disk at length dilated, plane, pallido-lutescent, coarsely granulate, margin thick, tumid, elevated, incurved, smooth; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large; thallus and disk of apothecia Ky. Cy.

On mosses &c. rare. 1782.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 17. (1753.) Ach, Syn, 169. Nyl. Scand, 157.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1634. Hepp Sporen t. 71. f. 623. Exs:—M. & N. 1147. Hepp 623. Schær. 316.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...4...15.

ENGLAND: -Near Norwich. Rev. H. Bryant. (1782.) near Sprowston. Messrs Turner & Leathes,

Scotland :- Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

16. L. varia, (Ehrh.) greenish yellow or straw-coloured, granulose or granulato-unequal, sub-determinate, thin; apothecia concolorous or flavo-pallescent or livido-virescent, thalline margin entire or sub-entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On trees, palings, &c. common. 1801.

SYN:—Ehrh. Crypt. No. 68. (1785.) Ach. Syn. 161. Nyl. Scand. 163.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1666, Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 23. f. 4. Hepp Spoien t. 21. f. 190.

Exs:-M. & N. 840. Schær. 325. Hepp 190. Anzi It. S. 173. Bohl, 107, Fellm. 133.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Africa, N. America. N. Zealand.

Bot. Prov: -3, 4, 5...7...10, 11...(19-30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Burgh Castle near Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Battersby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Ragley Park pales, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. near Wetheley, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Monkmoor! Loppington! Berwick! &c., Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :-- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. aitema, (Ach.) yellow, leprose; apothecia black, lecideine, convex, small, whitish within; spores oblong, simple.

On trees, not common.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 178. (1810.) Syn. 24. Nyl. Scand. 163,

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 69. Exs:—Hepp 69, Anzi It. S. 177.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Sweden, Switzerland, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...19.

ENGLAND: - Exminster Marshes, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND: -Glanmire and Great Island, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Var. symmicta, (Ach.) flavo-albicant, thin; apothecia pale or pale testaceous or pale yellow, biatorine.

On trees and palings, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 379. (1810.) Syn. 36. Nyl. Scand. 163.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 68.

Exs:—Fellm. 132. Anzi It. S. 174. Zw. 341. Mudd 117. Hepp 68. Fries 45.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, New Zealand, Arctic America, Algeria, Sweden, Switzerland, Hungary.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3. 5...8...10... 31.

ENGLAND:—Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam, Ayton! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Loppington! Montford Bridge! Middleton! Shropshire,

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - St. John's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. sæpincola, (Ach.) yellow, granulose or granulosounequal; apothecia dark rufescent or black, more or less immersed, convex, biatorino-lecideine; spores oblong, simple or slightly 1-septate.

On old palings &c. frequent.

Syn: Ach. Syn. 35, (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 164.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 21. f. 192.

Exs:—Mudd 118. Hepp 192. Zw. 116. Schær. 619. Anzi Langob. 303.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, E. Lapland, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Lombardy.

Bot. Prov:-10.

ENGLAND:—Near Battersby, ! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Var. terrestris, Nyl. terricole.

On mosses in alpine localities.

Syn :- Crombie Enum. 52. (1870).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers and Ben-na-boord. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. conizæa, (Ach.) albido-flavescent, finely granulatopulverulent; apothecia pale or carneo-pallid, thalline margin pulverulent. On old palings and trees, not common. 1790.

SYN :- Ach. L. U. 374. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 163.

Fig :—E. Bot, 1549. Exs :—Leight. 378.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Scandinavia, France, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу: -4, 5.. 8 .. 10.. 19... 30.

England:—Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Ripon, Yorkshire. Mr. Brunton. near Twycross, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Stableford! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Derryquin, Dr. Taylor. Glenarm. Dr. Moore.

17. L. atra, (Huds.) whitish or albido-cinerascent, granulose, or granulato-unequal; apothecia black, internally nigricant, thalline margin entire, flexuose or subcrenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; section of apothecium K black, thallus K yellow C yellow.

On rocks and trees, frequent. 1762.

SYN:—Huds. Fl. Angl. ed. 1. 445. (1762,) Ach. Syn, 143. Nyl. Scand. 170.

Fig:—E. Bot. 949. Hepp Sporen t. 20. f. 182. and t. 70. f. 613. Exs:—Hepp 613. 182. Breutel 401. Fellm. 140. Zw. 63. Anzi It, S. 168. 189.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe generally, Italy, Switzerland, Hungary,

E. Lapland, Sweden, Tyrol Alps, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...10, 11...15...18...(19—30)....31.

ENGLAND:—Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. North-umberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Croyde Bay, N. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties, Mr. Purton, Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Oxford, Dr. Sibthorp. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Pontesford Hill! Abdon! Shropshire! Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND: -Kinnoul Hill! Birnam Hill, Callernish and Gary-

nahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Common, Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Between Corwen and Bala! Borth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey! and all the other Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Attention to the internal nigricant colour of the apothecium and its chemical reaction with K will prevent confusion with L. subfusca var. coilocarpa which it externally resembles, but in which the internal colour of the apothecium is pale and has chemical reaction K reddish, and also with L. argopholis in which the thallus has a yellowish tinge, and is squamuloso-granulose and the apothecia are fusco-nigrescent. How far L. argopholis is really distinct from L. subfusca may be questioned.

18. L. leucophæa, (Flk.) pallido-cinereous, tartareous, disperso-verrucoso-areolate, areolæ tumid, hypothalluss black; apothecia appressed or sub-innate, livido-fuscous,

plane, frequently congregated, margin thin, fuscescent, ultimately excluded; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K faint yellow, C faint yellow.

On sub-alvine rocks, not common. 1866.

SYN: -Korb. S. L. G. 194. (1855.) Leight. Not. Lich. No. xv. (1866.) Crombie Enum. 51.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor, Prov :- 7...15.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie,

WALES:—Llyn Aran! Mynydd-y-Gader! and generally and abundantly on north escarpment! and also in Llyn Cae! on the south side of Cader Idris! (1866).

19. L. circinata, (Pers.) cinerascent or cinerous-white, orbicular, adnate, verrucoso-areolato-diffract in the centre, radioso-laciniate at the circumference, laciniae narrow, plano-convex, contiguous, incised and crenate at the apices, upper surface minutely albo-depresso-granulate; apothecia innate, sub-urceolate or plane, fuscous-black, margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On limestone rocks, rare. 1783.

Syn:—Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. p. 25. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 184. Nyl. Scand. 152.

Fig: E. Bot. 1941. Hepp Sporen t, 89. f. 777. Relh. Fl. Cantab.

427. t. 6.

Exs:—Nyl. 118. M. & N. 457. Zw. 189. Schær. 328. Hepp 777. Anzi It. S, 163,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa. Bot. Prov:—4, 5...8...11, 12...15...31.

England:—On Clare Hall Bridge, Cambridge; Grantchester Churchyard Wall. Rev. R. Relhan. (1783.) Kirkby Lonsdale, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Bury. Rev. G. R. Leathes. Hale End! Malvern. Dr. Holl. Barnard Castle, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman, Canal Bridge near Congerstone, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Pophills; Oversley Bridge, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton.

SCOTLAND:—Cathkin. Mr. Hopkirk. Clova. Mr. Don. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

20. L. cinerea, (L.) cinereous or albido-cinerascent, areolato-diffract, hypothallus nigricant; apothecia black, immersed, plane, thalline margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or sometimes subglobose, simple; thallus K yellow, C yellow or reddish.

On rocks, frequent.

SYN: - Linn, Mant. 1. p. 132, (1767.) Ach. Syn. 140. Nyl. Scand. 153.

Fig ;—E. Bot. 1751.

Exs:—Fellm. 117. 118 121. Leight. 204. Anzi It. S. 207. 72. 24. 208. Schær. 125. 126. 127. 130. 620. Mass. 270, Korb. 246. Hepp 625. Arn. 116. Zw. 4. Fries 343.

Geog. Distrib :—E. Lapland, Russia, Italy, Hungary, Switzer-

land, Norway, Pyrenees, Sweden, Arctic America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7...10, 11...15...18, (19—30)...31. England:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Kildale! Cliffrigg! Mr. Mudd. near Eglestone; Boldon and Cleadon, Durham. Mr. Winch. Bishopston, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Oakham Dingle! near Church Stretton, Shropshire; Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

Scotland: - Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lind-

say. Ben Lawers; Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: —Pen-maen-mawr! Barmouth! Aberdovey! Aber! Cader Idris! Crib Goch! Snowdon!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Noirmont! Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

21. L. frustulosa, (Dicks.) albido-flavescent, thick, tartareous, verrucoso-areolate or disperso-glebulose, glebulæ sub-radiato-lobate, smooth; apothecia numerous, sessile, fuscous-black, plane or sub-convex, thalline margin thick, entire or sub-crenate; spores 8, colourless, oblongoellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1793.

SYN: - Dicks. Crypt. 3, 13, (1793.) Nyl. Scand. 166.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2273. Exs:—Leight. 293.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Norway, Sweden, Silesia.

Bot. Prov:—7 15. Scotland:—Breadalbane! Mr. Borrer. Yorkshire. Mr. Dickson. Ben Lawers! Rev. H. Macmillan.

Wales:—Arthur's Table, Anglesea. Rev. A. Bloxam.

L. argopholis, (Whlnb.) whitish or albido-stramineous, verrucoso-granulose, firm, granules imbricate, rotundato-lobate; apothecia fusco-nigrescent, thalline margin entire or crenate; spores 8, colourless, oblongoellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN: -Wahlenberg in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 32. (1803.) Ach. Syn. 147. Nyl. Scand. 166.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 20. f. 178,

Exs:—Fellm. 131.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- E. Lapland, Norway, E. Finland, Italy, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :- 7...14, 15.

SCOTLAND:—Near Edinburgh. Mr. Maughan. Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales: - Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomery-

hire.

L. polytropa, (Ehrh.) pallido-sulphureous, tarta-23.reous, granulato-areolate, diffract, often diffuse and subevanescent; apothecia pale yellowish flesh-coloured, plane or convex, innato-sessile, margin concolorous, thickish, flexuose, eventually obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K pale yellow C deeper yellow.

On alpine rocks &c. frequent. 1782.

SYN :- Ehrhart Crypt. No. 294. (1793.) Ach. Syn. 47. Nyl.

Scand. 164.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1264. two lower fig. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 58 f. 2. Hepp Sporen t, 8. f. 67.

Exs: M. & N. 748. Schær. 321. Hepp 67. Anzi It. S. 200.

Leight. 179.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Norway,

Bot. Prov :--1, 2...5...10, 11...13...15...18, 19...31.

ENGLAND: Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Lonsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Eridge,! Ashington Common! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Nesseliffe Hill! Shropshire.
Scotland:—Mountains of Breadalbane. Rev. M. Stuart. (1782.)

Moors of Dumfriesshire. Mr. Burgess. Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Blackwater Hill! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

forma conglobata, (Smmrf.) thallus granulato-rugulose, rimose, greenish-yellow; apothecia very numerous, crowded yet distinct, flavido-ochraceous, convex, deformed and tuberculate, margin obliterated.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Sommerfelt Fl. Lapp. 83. (1826.) Nyl. Syn. 164.

Exs:-Mudd 120.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Lapland, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov: -5...7...10. ENGLAND: -Guisbro' Moor! Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey.

Wales :- Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

forma alpigena, (Ach,) pallido-lutescent, tartareous,

rimoso-areolate, smooth; apothecia concolorous, large, appressed, plane, thalline margin paler, elevated, persistent, flexuose.

On alpine rocks, frequent. 1861.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 379. (1810.) Syn. 170 Mudd Man. 152.

Fig :--Hepp Sporen t. 103. f. 903.

Exs: Hepp 902, 903, Anzi It. S. 201, 202, Schær. 322.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 10...15.

ENGLAND :—Baysdale Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Scotland :- Ben Nevis. Adm. Jones. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

forma illusoria, Ach. thallus evanescent; apothecia dispersed, large, plano-convex, pale yellow, margin almost obliterated.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 380. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 164. Crombie En. 52.

Exs:—Schær, 323. Bot. Prov:—7...15.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Norway.

SCOTLAND: - Mountains frequent. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Wyddy-fa, Snowdon! Mr. Baker.

24. L. intricata, (Schrad.) sulphureo-virescent, squamoso-areolate, diffract, opake, areolæ minutely rugose, subcrenulate; apothecia adnate, plano-convex, nigro-fuscous, thalline margin pale, entire, generally obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K-faint yellow C bright yellow.

On alpine rocks, frequent,

SYN:—Schrader Journ, Bot. 1801, st. 1, p. 72. Ach. Syn. 154. Nyl. Scand. 164.

Exs: -Leight. 153. Arn. 56. Mudd 119.

Geog. Distrib :—Hercynia, Silesia, Lapland, Westphalia, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5 ..7...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Ayton Moor! Kildale Moor! Battersby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Babbicombe, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton.

IRELAND:—Kilceanagh co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. WALES:—Sychnant! near Conway. Barmouth!

25. L. sulphurea, (Hoffm.) sulphureo-virescent, thickish, tartareous, rimoso-areolate, smooth; apothecia livido-nigricant, biatorine, convex, deformed, subpruinose, margin obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C orange yellow.

On sub-alpine rocks, walls, tiling, &c. frequent.

SYN:—Hoffm. En. 32. (1784.) Ach. Syn. 37. Nyl. Scand. 165.
FIG:—E. Bot. 1186. Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 11. f. 3, Hepp Sporen t.
21. f. 189.

Exs: -Zw. 3. Schær. 324. Hepp 189. Arn. 188. Mudd 121.

Bohl. 117.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Scandinavia. Bot. Prov:—2...5..7...10...15..18, 19...23, 24...30, 31.

Evgland:—Cliffrigg! Lounsdale! Roseberry! Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Malvern Hills; Black Mountain, Monmouthshire. Dr. Holl. Coughton Church, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Stannor Hill! Herefordshire; Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton, Caer Caradoc! Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Garrynahine,

Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Pigeon Island near Kinmare. Dr. Taylor. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Glenarm. Dr. Moore. Killiney near Dublin. Adm. Jones. Glengariff, Cork, Kilkee and Ross, Clare, Mangerton, Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Diganwy! near Conway.

Channel Islands:—Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

26. L. orosthea, (Ach.) flavicanti-sulphureous, thin, areolato-rimulose, unequal, sub-pulverulent; apothecia sub-concolorous, flavido-carneous, convex, or tuberculoso-deformed, subpruinose; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple; thallus K yellow C orange yellow.

On sub-alpine rocks.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 38. (1798.) Syn. 37. Nyl. Scand. 165.

Exs :- Anzi It. S. 204. 205.

Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Germany, Sweden, Scandinavia, Italy.

Bot. Prov :-1...5...7.

ENGLAND:—Bolt Head, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Long Mynd! near Church Stretton, Shropshire.

WALES: - Cwm Bychan! Rev. T. Salwey. Aberdovey! Rev. A.

Bloxam.

27. L. expallens, Ach. pallido-sulphureous, tartareous, granulate, diffract, often pulverulent or furfuraceous; apothecia pallido-carneous, innate, plano-convex, deformed, thalline margin concolorous, thin, sub-entire, eventually obliterated; apothecia 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C reddish orange.

On old trees and palings, not common.

SYN: -a. Ach. L. U. 374. (1810.) Syn. 171,

GEOG. DISTRIB :-France.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...5...7.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Wood opposite the Lodge near Ludlow, Herefordshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Sharpstones Hill! Shropshire.

Wales :- Trees base of Craig Breidden! Montgomeryshire.

## \*\*\* Thallus K yellow C-.

28. L. oculata, (Dicks.) white or albo-cinerascent, dactylino-papillate, glabrous; apothecia at first innate in the apices of the papillæ, ultimately expanded, subconcave, black, thalline margin thick, inflexed, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C—.

On mosses in alpine localities, rare. 1790.

SYN:—Dicks. Crypt. 2. 17. (1790.) Ach. Syn. 148. Nyl. Scand. 156. L. dactyliferus, Whlnbg! Lapp. 414.

Fig :—Dicks. Crypt. t. 6. f. 3. E. Bot. 1833. Exs :—Th. M. Fr. 34. Rabh. 776. Fellm. 116.

Geog. Distrib :- Norway, E. Lapland.

Bot. Prov :- 3.. 15.

England:—Cawley rock, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Scotch Alps. Mr. Dickson. (1790.) Ben Lawers. Messers Turner & Hooker. Cairngorm; Braeriach and Bennaboord. Adm. Jones & Rev. J. M. Crombie.

29. L. subfusca, (L.) whitish or cinerascent, more or less determinate, thin, smooth, rimulose, granulate, verrucose, rugose or diffract, hypothallus white; apothecia fuscous or fusco-pallescent or nearly black, often pruinose, plano-convex, margin persistent, entire or crenulate; spores &, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow C—.

Forma allophana, Ach. whitish or albido-cinerascent, determinate or sub-determinate, thin, unequal, rugose or granulato-corrugate; apothecia plane or convex, rufo-fuscous, sub-rubricoso-fuscous, fuscous-black or black, thalline margin, at first entire, then crenate and flexuose; paraphyses slender, not distinct.

On trees.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 395. (1810.) Syn. 158. Nyl. Scand. 160. Stizenberg in Bot. Zeit.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2109. Hepp Sporen t. 20. f. 183, Exs :—Leight. 115. Anzi It. S. 184. Schær. 308. Spruce Amaz.

190. Bohl. 35. Maudon 53. Hepp 183. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Throughout the World.

Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...10, 11...15...17...(19—30) 31.

ENGLAND:—Airyholme Wood! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Oswestry!
Rev. T. Salwey. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Devon.
Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties.
Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot. Wrekin! Haughmond
Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Balthayock Woods! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Long

Island. Prof. Balfour.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbales-

tier.

Forma Parisiensis, Nyl. cinereous, rugose or rugosogranulate or sub-verrucose, determinate, hypothallus not visible; apothecia black or fuscous-black or rarely fuscous, naked, sometimes slightly cæsio-pruinose, moderate, nearly plane, thalline margin rugose or subcrenate; spores 8, ellipsoid; paraphyses distinctly articulate, slightly incrassate and broadly fuscescent at the apices; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On trees, rare.

SYM:—Nyl, Luxemb. Lich. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Franc. 13. p. 368. (1866)

Exs :- Rabh. 802.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND:—Near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

Forma rugosa, (Pers.) whitish or darker, determinate, often limited, granulato-rugose; apothecia elevated, thick, rugose, or rugoso-crenate; paraphyses crowded.

On trees.

Syn:—horiza, Ach. L. U. 394. p. p. (1810.) Syn. 157. Nyl. Scand. 160. Stiznb. l. c.

Exs:—Anzi Ven. 38. Anzi It. S. 188. 189. Mudd 112.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—5...10...15...(19—30.)

ENGLAND:—Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Aymestrey! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND :- Balthayock Woods! Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

Forma argentata, Ach. whitish, thin, sublævigate or slightly rugoso-unequal (on rocks granuloso-or areolato-verrucose); apothecia plane or convex, fuscous or fusco-pallescent, margin entire, paraphyses free.

On trees and rocks. 1793.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 393. (1810.) Syn. 157. glabrata, Ach. l. c. on rocks campestris, Schær. En. 75. Nyl. Scan. 160. Stiznb. l. c. Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 63. E. Bot. 450.

Exs: -Maudon 3. 54. Anzi It. S. 185. Fellman 125. 126. M. & N. 740. Anzi Ven. 40. Schær. 609. Lindig 154. Anzi It. S. 191. 192. Anzi Ven. 36. Hepp 63.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...5...10...15...19...30.

England:—Yorkshire, common. Mr. Mudd. Ludlow, Shropshire. Dr. Babington. Chudleigh Woods; Dartmouth; Stoke Wood, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon and Totham, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Scotland:—On rocks. Mr. Pickson. (1793.)

IRELAND :—Ardglass co. Devon. Dr. Maingay. near Cork Harbour. Mr. Carroll.

Forma intumescens, (Rebent.) whitish, sublimitate, very thin, smooth, at length rimoso-areolate; apothecia convex, fuscous or nigro-fuscous, sometimes livido-pruinose, margin thick, snow-white, inflexed, sometimes crenulate; paraphyses crowded, thick.

On trees.

SYN:—Rebent. Fl. Neomarch 301. (1804.) Stiznb. l. c.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 70. f. 614.

Exs :—Anzi Langob. 102. Arn. 273. Hepp 614.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :-5.

ENGLAND: -Stannor Hill! Herefordshire. (1864.)

Forma coilocarpa, Ach. whitish, sublimitate or limitate, thin, unequal or granulato-rugose, (on rocks thicker verrucoso-diffract); apothecia small when young, concave, fuscous-black or nearly black, margin entire or subentire; paraphyses free, slender.

On trees and rocks.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 393. (1810.) Syn. 157. Nyl. Scand. 161. Stiznb. I. c. pinastri, Schær. En. 74.

Exs:—Schær. 310. Hepp 184. Anzi It. S. 186. Wright 117.

Anzi Langob. 105. Lindig 160. Leight. 52. Larbal. 77.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—3 ..5...7...10...15...23.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire, common. Mr. Mudd. Topsham, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Nesscliffe Hill! Loppington! Haughmond Hill! Sharpstones Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Blaeberry Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. IRELAND:—Lambay Island. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Aber! Cader Idris! between Corwen and Bala!

CHANNEL ISLAND: Boulay Bay, Rozel, La Coupe, Jersey; Eperquerie, Sark; Herm and Jethou! Mr. Larbalestier.

Forma gangalea, Ach. albo-cinerascent, determinate, radiate, thick, glabrous, rimose or rimoso-areolate; apothecia frequent, sessile, at first concave then convex, black, margin entire or sub-crenulate; paraphyses subconglutinate.

On rocks.

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 152. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 161. Stiznb. I. c.

Exs: -Maudon 55.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Europe. Bot. Prov: —5.. 7...10.. 31.

ENGLAND: -Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Airyholme, Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Abdon! Shropshire; Aymestrey! Herefordshire.;

Wales:—Festiniog Road near Dolgelley! Pen-Maen-Mawr! Channel Islands:—Bordeaux Harbour, Guernsey. Mrs. Col-

lings.

Forma atrynea, Ach. granulate or verrucoso-areolate, sometimes nigricanti-limitate; apothecia moderate, plane, rarely convex, fuscous or fusco-pallescent or corneo-fuscescent, margin subcrenate, rarely entire; paraphyses thick, subconglutinate,

On rocks and posts.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 395. (1810.) Syn. 158. Nyl. Scand. 161. Stiznb. l. c.

Exs :- Fellm. 126. Rabh. 831.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...3.. 19...31.

ENGLAND: Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :—Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Beauport, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Forma epibrya, Ach. whitish, granuloso-or verruculoso-cinerascent; apothecia fuscous or fusco-rufescent, plane, margin entire, often flexuose; paraphyses subconglutinate.

On mosses &c.

Syn:—Ach. Prod. 79. (1798.) Syn. 155. Nyl. Scand. 161. Stiznb. I. c.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. f. 185.

Exs:—Hepp 185, Schær. 311, Fellm. 124, Anzi It. S. 193, Arn. 107, Th. M. Fries. 8.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—10...30...31,

ENGLAND :- Guisbro' Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND :- Belfast. Prof. Dickie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Forma chlarona, Ach. whitish or cinerascent, determinate, thin, sublevigate or subrugose; apothecia plane,

or somewhat convex, margin sub-entire or crenulate; paraphyses slender, sub-conglutinate.

On trees and rocks.

Syn: -distans, Ach. Meth. 168. (1803.) chlarona, L. U. 397. Syn. 158. Stiznb. l. c.

Exs :- Anzi It. S. 187. 190 Hepp 778. Rabh. 803. 727. Anzi

Ven. 37 Leight. 116. Mudd. 113. Maudon 2. Mass. 42.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3 ..5...10...23.

ENGLAND:—Near Stokesley! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Tilgate! Mr. Larbalestier. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Ley Grange near Shrewsbury! Haughmond Hill! Shelton rough! Shropshire.

IRELAND :—Barclay's Rock. Adm. Jones.

Forma albella, (Pers.) white, silvery, determinate, thin, membranaceous, smooth; apothecia scattered, concave or plane, pale or flesh-coloured, cæsio-pruinose or naked, margin entire; paraphyses thick, free; thallus K yellow.

On trees, not common.

Syn:—Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot, st. 11. p. 13. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 168. Nyl. Scand. 162. Stiznb. l. c.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2154. Hepp Sporen t. 21. f. 187.

Exs:—Hepp 187. M, & N. 1054. Schær. 315. Fellm. 127. Anzi It. S. 178. Bohl. 77.

Geog. Distrib:—Sweden, Germany, France, Helvetia, America, California, Isle Bourbon, Vosges, Hungary, Arctic America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3.. 5...10...15...31.

ENGLAND:—Stanstead Park, Essex. Mr. Jacob. Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Hay Park, Herefordshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ide near Exeter; Exmouth! Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Loppington! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: -- Aviemore. Adm. Jones.

Channel Islands: —St. Ouen's Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Forma angulosa, (Ach.) cinerascent, membranaceous, smooth, at length unequal or rugoso-sub-rimose; apothecia crowded in the centre, subangulose, plane or slightly convex, pale rufous or pale, slightly casio-pruinose, margin sub-entire or sub-crenulate; paraphyses slender, sub-distinct.

On trees.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 54, (1793.) Syn. 166, Nyl. Scand. 161. Stiznb. l. c.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 89. f. 780.

Exs: -Schær. 540. Hepp 780. Coëmans 322.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bor. Prov:—3.. 10...24.

England: - Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Totham, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND: - Castleconnel, Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

30. L. leucophyma, Leight. greyish-pink, verrucoso-squamose, squamules scattered and distinct, plano-convex, or hemispherico-tuberculose, minutely innato-granulate, (K y C—); apothecia sessile, nigro-fuscous, convex, thalline margin entire, tumid; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple; paraphyses filiform, branched above and jointed; hymenea gelatina cærulescent with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose alpine rocks, very rare. 1864. Geog. Distrib :—Europe.

Вот. Prov :-15.

Scotland: -Over Loch-na-Cat, Ben Lawers! Messrs. Jones &

Carroll. (1864.).

Of this fine lichen only one fertile specimen has been found. The curious isidioideo-tuberculose thallus has often a pinkish tinge.

### \*\*\*\* Thallus K-C-.

31. L. epanora, Ach. greenish-yellow, squamuloso-glebulose, glebulæ small, contiguous and conglomerate or dispersed, sub-radiato-lobate, smooth or citrino-sore-diate; apothecia luteo-fulvous, plane, thalline margin thick, flexuose or sub-crenate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On rocks, rare. 1836.

Syn:—Ach. Prodr. 39. (1798.) Syn. 161. Nyl. Seand, 167. L. albo-flavida, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 260.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t, 89. f. 775.

Exs:—Leight, 397. Hepp 775. Th. M. Fries 35. Anzi Langob.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Sweden, Norway, Scandinavia, Walamo, (Africa).

Bot. Prov :- 7 .. 19.

IRELAND: —Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. (1836).

Wales:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

32. L. medians, Nyl. vitellinous yellow or citrine, opake, plicato-radiate at the circumference, laciniae narrow, convex, incurved and subcrenate at the apices, mi-

nutely granuloso-scabrous on the upper surface, in the centre broadly albido-cinerascent, or with scattered citrine granules, and minutely granulose or leproso-granulose, (K—); apothecia dirty flavescent or flavo-fuscescent, plane, thalline margin citrine, entire or crenulate; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1871.

Syn:—Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 9. p. 262. (1862.) and 13. p. 367. (1866).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov:-5.

ENGLAND: - Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire. (1871).

33. L. epixantha, Ach. greenish-yellow or greenish-grey, effuse, thin, granulose (K—C—); apothecia crowded, pale tawny-orange, plane or sub-convex; thalline margin sub-crenulate; spores 8, colourless, oblong, polari-bilocular.

On rocks, pales, posts, and trees, not common. 1861. Syn:—Ach. L. U. 208. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 141. Lapp Or. 127.

vitellinella, Mudd Man. 135.

Exs: -Arnold 298.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Bavaria.

Bot. Prov: -5...19.

ENGLAND: - Near Worcester. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Rocks and Walls near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

34. L. galactina, (Ach.) whitish, rugulose, appressed, sub-pulverulent, lobato-crenate in the circumference; apothecia crowded towards the centre, livido-carneo-fuscescent, more or less albo-pruinose, margin elevated, persistent, eventually crenulate and flexuose; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On plastered walls, rocks, &c. frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 190. (1803.) Syn. 187. Nyl. Scand. 134. Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 13. p. 367.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 20, f. 180.

Exs:-Nyl. 123. Hepp. 180. Mudd 116.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Helvetia, France.

Bot, Prov: -3...5...8...10 ...15. (19-30).

ENGLAND:—Near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Walls of Tong Priory! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Near Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

forma dispersa, (Pers.) subecrustaceous; apothecia

dispersed, livido-pallescent or subcarneous or nigrescent, pruinose, margin white crenulate; thallus K—C—.

On lime-rocks, frequent.

Syn:—Persoon in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. p. 27. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 187. Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. France, 13. p. 378.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 61. Exs :—Hepp 61. Zw. 261.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Northern Europe, France, Germany, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...5...10...31.

ENGLAND:—Battersby Bank and Carlton Bank, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Chance's Pitch, Malvern. Dr. Holl. Starcross. Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma livida, (Ach.) whitish, rimoso-areolate, glabrous, areolæ crenulate at the margins; apothecia minute, crowded, immersed, disk plane, livido-carneous, thalline margin entire.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach, L. U. 375. (1810.) Syn. 170. Crombie Enum, 50. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-16.

SCOTLAND: - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

35. L. umbrina, (Ehrh.) thallus nearly obliterated, hypothallus olivaceo-fuscescent, diffuse; apothecia fuscous or fusco-nigricant, small, cæsio-suffused, thalline margin white sub-crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses articulate; thallus K—C—.

On rocks, old wood, &c.

Syn:—Ehrhart Crypt. No. 245. (1793.) Ach L. U. 368. Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 13. p. 369.

Exs :- Rabh. 747. 799. Anzi Langob. 318. 392. Arn. 21. Anzi

It. S. 182.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany, France, Italy, Lombardy, Hungary, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—5.. 7...15, 16...24...30.

ENGLAND :—Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Cumbrae! Buteshire. Mr. W. Galt.

IRELAND: -Co. Down. Adm. Jones. Cliffs of Moher, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Between Llangollen and Corwen!

forma crenulata, (Dicks.) cinereous, very thin, nearly evanescent; apothecia minute, dispersed, plane, fuscous-

grey, margin white, persistent, crenulate; spores 8; colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On limestone rocks &c not uncommon. 1793.

Syn:—Dicks. Crypt. 3. 14. (1793.) Ach. Syn. 168. Nyl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 13. p. 369.

Exs:-E. Bot. 930. Dicks, 1 c. t. 9. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 65.

Fig:—Hepp 65, Nyl. 125.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Finland, Switzerland, France.

Вот. Ркоу:—5 ...10, 11...(19—30).

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire. Mr. Diekson. (1793.) Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Castle Eden; Fulwell; Boldon; and Cleadon; Middleton Beck; and Barnard Castle, Durham; Carham and Wark, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. High Rock! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Not uncommon, Mr. Carroll.

forma prosechoides, Nyl. dirty yellowish-white, tartareous, thin, sub-determinate, rimoso-areolate, areolæ flat or slightly tumid and smooth; apothecia scattered, sessile, plane, bluish-black, thalline margin entire; thallus K—C—.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1856.

SYN: - Nyl. in Crombie En. 51. (1870).

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—6, 7.. 15.

Scotland: -Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales;—Sutherndown! Glamorganshire, Dr. Holl, Barmouth! (1856).

36. L. Hageni, (Ach.) albo-cinerascent, thin, indeterminate, nearly evanescent; apothecia small, crowded, plane, at length tumid, paler or darker brown, more or less pruinose; margin white, persistent, crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On trees and old wood.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 57. (1798.) Syn. 167. Crombie En. 51.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 181. Zw. 65. Hepp 64. M. & N. 1053, Geog. Distrib:—Italy, Westphalia, Germany, Helvetia, Italy,

Hungary, Prussia

Вот. Ркоу: -3...10, 11...15...24.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire, Mr. Mudd. Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :- Near Limerick, Mr. Carroll.

Mr. Crombie finds a state designated by Dr. Nylander in litt. subdistans on maritime granitic rocks at Nigg, Portlethen, Kincardine shire; and also var. conferta, Dub. (Bot. Gall. 654) woodside near Aberdeen. "thallus thin, greenish or evanescent, paraphyses scarcely discrete." 37. L. calcarea, (Linn.) white or cretaceous, rimoso-areolate, effigurate at the circumference; apothecia immersed, plane, cæsio-pruinose; spores 4-6-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

SYN: —Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. No. 6. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 143. Nyl. Scand. 154.

Fig: E. Bot. 1940. Hepp Sporen t. 71. f. 627.

Exs: -Mudd 133. Leight. 13. Anzi It. S. 209. Hepp 627. 628.

Nyl. 126. (farinose) Schær, 476. Mass. 267. Anzi Etr. 21.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Switzerland, Hungary, France, Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7...10, 11...19.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire, Sussex, and Suffolk. Sir J. E. Smith. Bilsdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Bolton, Whitburn and Castle Eden, Teesdale, and Weardale, Durham. Mr. Winch. Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Chudleigh Rocks; Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Aymestrey! Herefordshire; Llanymynech Hill,! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Blarney! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Great Ormes Head! Eglswg Rocks! Llangollen.

forma Hoffmanni, Ach. glaucescent or white, areolate, areolæ contiguous or dispersed; apothecia impressed in the centre of the turgescent areolæ, pruinose, thallus K—C—.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

Syn :- Ach. Meth. 145. (1803.) Syn, 143. Nyl. Scand. 154.

Fig :- Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 22. f. 1. 4. Mass. Ric. f. 75.

Exs: - Anzi It. S. 210. Mudd 134, Hepp 629. Schær. 131.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, France, Switzerland, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10...15...19...23...28...30.

England:—Roseberry! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Malvern Hills! Mr. Lees. Kenilworth Castle. Mr. Larbalestier. Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire; Aymestrey! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND :- Craig Guie; Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Portmarnock and Feltrim Hill, and near Dublin. Dr. Taylor. Antrim and Brandon Mountain. Dr. Moore. Armagh. Adm. Jones. near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: -Bryn-Maelgwyn! Great Ormes Head!

38. L. gibbosa, (Ach.) cinereous, angulari-areolatoverrucose, areolæ prominent, fertile ones elevated in the centre; apothecia areolate, thalline margin slightly crenulate; spores 6-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, larger; thallus K-C-.

On rocks, frequent. 1807.

SYN: -Ach. Prod. 30. (1798.) Syn. 139. Nyl. Scand. I54.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1732. Hepp Sporen t. 71. f. 624.

Exs:—Arn. 115. Zw. 60. Hepp 624. Leight. 175. Mudd 135. GEog. Distrib:—Hungary, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Sweden.

Вот, Ркоу: 2...5...7.. 11...15...31.

England:—South Downs, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1807.) Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. near Eglestone and Weardale Moors, Durham; Shaftoe Crags near Wallington and Roadley, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Malvern Hills! St. Leonards, Sussex. Dr. Holl. Haughmond Hill! Caer Caradoc! Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

Scotland: -Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Between Llangollen and Corwen! Craig Breidden! Channel Islands:—Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma depressa, Ach. cæsio-cinerascent, areolate, areolæsmall, depressed, plane; apothecia immersed, areolato-impressed, sub-lecideine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1870.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 144. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 153. Crombie En. 55. Geog. Distrib:—Sweden, Lapland, Norway.

Bot. Prov:—15, 19.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND :- Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

forma lacustris, (With.) pale or testaceous, or ochraceous, thin, sub-determinate, plane, slightly rimoso-areolate; apothecia minute, pallido-rufescent, urceolato-innate; thallus K—C—.

On moist rocks over which water has flowed, not common. 1796.

SYN:—With. Arr. 4. p. 21. (1796.) Nyl. Scand. 155. L. Acharii,
Westr in Ach. Prodr. p. 33. Ach. Syn. 137.

Fig: -With. l. c. t. 31. fig. 4. Ach. Prod. f. in tit. Hepp Sporen

t. 71. f. 626. and f. 630,

Exs:—Zw. 114. Hepp 626. 630. Anzi Langob. 69. Schær. 128, Mudd 136. Leight. 292.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Sweden, Switzerland, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...15...(19-30).

ENGLAND: - Cockshaw Bank! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Wenlock! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :—Loch na Cat! Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :—Not rare. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Llyn Aled. Mr. Griffith. (1796),

forma punctata, (Dicks.) greyish-white, thin, rimu-

lose, nigro-limitate; apothecia minute, numerous, subsessile, black, plane, cæsio-pruinose, thalline margin white, entire.

On rocks and walls, rare. 1793.

SYN:—Dicks. Crypt. 3. 15. (1793.) Crombie En. 55. L. cyrtaspis, Ach. L. U. 597. Syn. 137.

FIG :- E. Bot. 450.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот, Ркоу: -2...5...15...29, 30.

ENGLAND: —Ludlow, Shropshire. Dr. Joseph Babington. Coast of Sussex. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

SCOTLAND:—On rocks. Mr. Dickson. (1793). IRELAND:—Northern Counties. Adm. Jones,

39. L. Dicksonii, (Ach.) ochraceo-ferruginous, thin, smooth, opake, rimose or areolato-rimose, nigro-determinate; apothecia small, innate, concave, with thick black proper margin, nigricant within; hypothecium fuscousblack; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On rocks, frequent. 1781.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 76. (1798.) Nyl. Scand. 155. L. Oederi Sm. L. melanophæa, Fr.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1117. Mass. Ric. fig. 67.

Exs:—Fellm, 120. Anzi It. S. 213. Zw. 25. Schær, 123. Arn. 142, Leight. 127.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, E. Lapland, Germany, Norway, Ty-

rol Alps, Italy, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—5...7...10, 11.. 14, 15...19.

ENGLAND: — Middleton! Teesdale. Mr. Robertson. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Lounsdale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wrekin! Brown Clee Hill! Long Mynd! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. (1781.) Alpine rocks! Mr. Dickson. Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Morrone.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Crogham, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Anglesea. Rev. Hugh Davies. Barmouth! Moel Siabod! Snowdon!

40. L. cinereo-rufescens, (Ach.) darkly cinereous, whiter towards the circumference, areolato-verrucose, rimose, hypothallus nigricant; apothecia immersed, at first concave, eventually discoid, dark rufous, thalline margin entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On sub-alpine rocks and walls, rare.

SYN: - Ach. L. U. 677. (1810.) Syn. 141. Nyl. Scand. 154.

FIG:--Mass. Ric. fig. 62. GEOG. DISTRIB:--Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15.

SCOTLAND :- Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

forma diamarta, Ach. ochrey-red, rimoso-areolate, subdeter-minate; apothecia immersed, plane or slightly concave, black, thalline margin flexuose, elevated.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1870.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 151. (1803.) Syn. 137. Nyl. Scand. 153. Crombie En. 55.

Exs :- Anzi Langob. 74.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Norway, Russia, E. Pyrenees, Lombardy.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND; -Breadalbane Rev. J. M. Crombie.

41. L. epulotica, (Ach.) pale or pallido-ochraceous or whitish, thin, rimulose or sub-continuous; apothecia urceolate or innate, moderate, carneous or carneo-rufescent, margin thickish, concolorous, circumcised from the thallus; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple; thallus K—C—.

On calcareous rocks, not common.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 151. (1810.) Syn. 9. Lecidea, Nyl. Scand. 189.

Exs: -Arn. 41. Zw. 281. Anzi Langob. 77.

Geog. Distrib: - Switzerland, Hungary, Lombardy, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...7...11.. 15.

ENGLAND:—Middleton-in-Teesdale, Rev. J. Harriman. Boltshope Bourn, Durham. Mr. Winch. Torquay and near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Ashburton, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Trossachs; Killin; Ben

Lawers; Craig Tulloch; The Khoil. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Llyn Gwernan, Dolgelly. Dr. Holl. Nant Gwynant! Snowdon.

Var. Prevostii, Fr. ecrustaceous; apothecia immersed in the rock, deformed, margined.

On calcareous rocks, not common.

SYN: -Fries L. E. 197. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 189.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t, 15, f. 1.

Exs:—M. & N. 848. Mass. 330. Geog. Distrib:—Sweden, Germany, Italy, Switzerland, France. Bot. Prov:—8..15.

ENGLAND :- Cheddar! Mr. Borrer.

Scotland: - Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

42. L. badia,, Ach. olivaceo-fuscous or badio-fusces-

cent or fusco-cinerascent. shining, granulato-areolate; apothecia appressed, numerous, often crowded, badio-fuscous or fuscous-black, shining, thalline margin entire or crenulate; spores 8, colourless, fusiformi-ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On mountain rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 154. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 170.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 20. f. 181.

Exs: -Nyl. 42, Hepp 181, Fellm. 136, Anzi It. S. 167.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe, generally.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...8...10, 11...15...18...30, 31.

ENGLAND :- - Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Battersby Moor, Ayton Moor!; Kildale Moor! Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest! Bardon Hill! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. near Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman, Torquay, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Stannor Hill! Herefordshire; Devil's Mouth! Long Mynd; Caer Caradoc!; Bodbury Ring;! near Church Stretton; Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Ben Lawers; Coast of Kincardine; Cavin Tuik, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton, Lurgedon Mountain, co. Antrim. Dr. Moore. Mount Leinster, Carlow, and near Carnlough co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Snowdon, Llanberis ascent ! Barmouth ! Cader

Idris!

Channel Islands:—Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalcstier.

forma cinerascens, Nyl. paler, cinerascent.

On mountain rocks, frequent.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. 170. (1861).

Exs:—Anzi It. Etr. 18.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Norway.

Bot. Prov:—7. .15. Scotland:—Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

WALES : - Cader Idris!

Var. atriseda, Fr. brunneo-fuscous, granulato-areolate, granules more or less dispersed, tumid and convex; hypothallus thin, black; apothecia pallilo-fuscescent, innatosessile in the granules, thalline margin thickish; spores ellipsoid, simple; thallus K—C—.

On mountain rocks, not common, 1869.

SYN:—Fr. L. E. 149. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 170.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Finland.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES :- Dolgelley ! Dr. Holl,

forma picea, Dicks. pitch-black; apothecia black.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1801.

SYN:—Dicks. Crypt. 4. 12. (1801).

Fig :- Dicks. l. c. t. 12. f. 5.

Exs:-Mudd 110.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5.10...15.

ENGLAND: —Top of Roseberry! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

Scotland: - Grampians; Morrone! Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben

Lawers. Dr. Holl.

43. L. rhypariza, Nyl. pale or lurido-cinerascent, granulose or granuloso-squamulose, squamulæ sublobulato-concrescent or sub-dispersed; apothecia fuscous, plane; spores 8, colourless, oblong or cylindraceo-oblong, simple.

Forma curvescens, Mudd. fuscous-black, minutely granuloso-squamulose; apothecia elevato-sessile, margin paler, smooth, inflexed; spores 6-8, obtusely fusiform, curved, simple; thallus K—C—.

On alpine mosses and rocks, rare: 1864.

SYN:—Nyl. in Ofvers V. Ak. Forh. 1860. p. 296. Scand. 169. Mudd Man. 125. Crombie En. 53.

Fig:—Mudd Man. t. 2. f. 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-Norway.

BOT. PROV :- 15.

Scotland: -Summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll, (1864).

44. L. poliophæa, (Whlnb.) cinerascent or cinereo-fuscescent, granulato-papillate, diffract, or papillato-ve\_s-rucose, fibrillose-byssine and albido-radiate at the circumference; apothecia dark reddish-brown, plane, thalline margin crenulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, K reddish-brown.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1821.

SYN: -Wahlenberg Fl. Lapp. 410. (1812.) Ach. Syn. 169. Nyl. Scand. 158.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2662. f. 3. Wahl. l. c. t. 27. f. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Norway, Finmark, Ireland.

Вот. Ркоу:-1.. 11 . 15...30.

ENGLAND:—Bamburgh and Staples Islands, Northumberland. Mr. Robertson. (1821.) Tol Peden Penwith, Cornwall! Mr. Borrer. Scotland:—Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Barclay's rock co. Down. Adm. Jones.

45. L. verrucosa, Ach. white, glaucescent, verrucose,

smooth or slightly pulverulent; apothecia at first immersed in the thallodal verrucæ, (externally like a Pertusaria,) ultimately urceolate, rather large, black, slightly pruinose, thalline margin thick, entire, inflexed; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large; thallus K—C—.

On mosses in alpine localities, rare. 1861.

SYN :—Ach. L. U. 339. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 156. Mudd Man. 164.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 71. f. 193.

Exs:—Hepp 193. Tuck. 22. Anzi It. S. 211. Th. M, Fr. 36. Schær. 133.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—E. Finmark, Bavaria, Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Sweden, Norway, Mackenzie River and White Mountains, N. America.

Вот. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Craig Calliach and Ben Lawers. Dr. Maingay. (1861.)Ben Lawers! Sir W. J. Hooker. Craig Tulloch; above Lochna-Cat. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

# \*\*\*\*\* Disk of apothecium C yellow.

46. L. glaucoma, (Hffm.) whitish or glaucous-white rimoso-areolate; apothecia livid or livido-nigricant, innate or sub-sessile, plane or convex, cæsio-pruinose, thalline margin thin or tumid, entire, flexuose, or obliterated; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; disk of apothecium C yellow, thallus K yellow.

On rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Hoffm. Fl. G. 172. (1795.) Ach. Syn. 165. Nyl. Scand. 159.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2156.

Exs;—Schær. 304. Mudd 122. Dicks. 22. Zw. 72. Korb. 217. Anzi It. S. 196. A. C. M. & N. 547. Leight. 53.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Pyrenees! Switzerland! Italy! S. W. Ger-

many! Silesia! Vosges! Tyrol Alps!

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5, 6, 7 ...10, 11 ...15 ...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Cliffrigg; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bolt Head! S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Dunsford; Goodrington; Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Haughmond Hill! Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton.

SCOTLAND :- Portlethen, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Not rare. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Anglesea! Rev. Hugh Davies. Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire; Borth! Cardiganshire. Channel Islands:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalesiier.

Forma carulata, (Flot.) apothecia caruleo-nigricant,

cæsio-pruinose, plano-convex, thalline margin obliterated, proper margin thin, black, flexuose.

On rocks.

SYN:—Flot. L. Siles. p. 123. (1850.) Ach. Syn. 166. lecideina, Nyl. Prod. 88.

Fig :- Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 53. f. 5.

Exs :- Zw. 73. 74. Ann. 212 Anzi Langob. 67.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Tyrol Alps! Switzerland! Madeira! Norway! Lombardy! Arctic America!

BOT. PROV :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Highlands! Mr. Borrer.

Forma cinereo-pruinosa, apothecia hemispherical, disk convex, carneous, granulate, cinereo-pruinose, margins obliterated.

On rocks.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 8. f. 60. and t. 103. f. 904.

Exs:-Hepp 60. 904.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden! Italy! Germany!

Вот. Ркоу:-10...23.

England: —Lambraughrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND :-- near Kinsale. Mr. Carroll.

Forma Swartzii, (Ach.) diffuse, verrucoso-granulatoareolate, "ambitu radioso-fimbriato"; apothecia aggregato-conglomerate, deformed, cinereo-glaucous, pruinose, margin thick, subtumid, undulate.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1801.

Syn:—Ach. Prod. 55. (1798.) Syn. 166. Nyl. Scand. 159. Dicks. Br. Crypt. 4. 23.

Fig :- Ach. N. Act. Sc. Stochh. 15. t. 6. f. 3.

Exs:-Arn. 249.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Hungary! Bavaria!

Вот. Ркоу: -15.

Scotland: — Highlands! Mr. Dickson. near Invercauld co. Aberdeen. Mr. Brown, (1810.) Morrone in Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## \*\*\*\*\*\* Disk of apothecium C-.

47. L. sub-carnea, (Ach.) yellowish-white, tartareous, granulato-areolato-rimose, sub-radiate at the circumference; apethecia carneous, plane or convex, smooth, pruinose, frequently conglomerato-deformed, margin thick, subtumid, undulate, in age thinner and subobliterate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; disk of apothecium C—, thallus K yellow then orange red.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN :- Ach. Meth. 59. (1803) Syn. 45. Nyl. Scand. 159.

Fig:—Ach. N. Act. Stockh. 15. t. 6. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 103. f. 905.

Exs:-Nyl. 41. Zw. 75. Hepp 905. Lindig 164, Anzi Etr. 19.

Mass. 309.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Fontainebleau! Ardennes! Lozère! France! Germany! Heidelberg! Algeria! Lapland! Bogota! N. Granada, Italy!

Вот. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone! Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

### C. Spores polari-bilocular.

48. L. aurantiaca, (Lightf.) flavescent or pale lemon-colour, granulate, rugose or unequal, rimose; apothecia orange-coloured, biatorine, thalline margin obtuse, pale-yellow, undulate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polaribilocular; thallus and apothecia K crimson.

var. salicina, (Schrad.)

On trees. 1782.

SYN: -Lightfoot Fl. Scot. 2, 810, (1777.) Ach. Syn. 50, 175, Nyl. Scand. 142, Schrad. Spicil. 82,

Fig :—E. Bot. 1305. Hffm. Pl. L, t. 61. f. 3—9.

Exs:—M. & N. 1151, Schær. 537, Fellm. 107, Welw. Lusit. 67, Mudd 99, Anzi Venet. 27, Bohl. 118, Fries 41, Leight. 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, America, Australasia. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4...8.. 11...14...(19—30)...31.

England:—Kennington. Mr. Sowerby. Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Haddiscoe, Suffolk. Mr. Turner. Cocken; Castle Eden and Dalton Denes; Gibside; Hamsterley; Teesdale, Durham; near Hexham and Chollerford, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. near Berwick. Dr. G. Johnston. Exminster Marshes, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Gopsall Park, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Goldhanger, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

SCOTLAND: -Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. (1782).

IRELAND :- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. erythrella, Ach. yellowish, thin, areolato-diffract, or rugose and rimose; apothecia dark orange, margin thin, obliterated; thallus and apothecia K crimson.

On rocks and earth, frequent.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 174. (1803.) Syn. 175. Nyl. Scand, 142.

Fig :- Hffm. Pl. L. t. 20. f 1. E. Bot. 1993.

Exs:—Hepp 198. Anzi It.S. 136. Mudd 100. Schær. 223. Mass. 238. 239. Zw. 94.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe, America. Вот. Prov :—1...5...10.. 15...18, 19.

ENGLAND:—Bath! Mr. Broome. Craig-y-Rhiw near Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Kildale! Roseberry! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Devonshire. Mr. Parfitt. Llanymynech Hill! Red Hill! Shropshire. SCOTLAND: -Glen Oreby about Loch Tay and elsewhere in the Highlands. Messrs. Hooker & Borrer. Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Blackrock! near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Var. inalpina, Ach. pale-yellowish or greenish, very thin, minutely areolato-rimose, unequal, furfuraceous; apothecia orange, margin paler, flavescent; K crimson.

On rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 388. (1810.) Syn. 179. Nyl. Scand. 142. Mudd Man. 137.

Exs:-Mudd 101.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -3...5 ..8...10...15, 16...19.

England:—Lanbraugh Rigg! Darlington; Yarm; Easby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon; Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Bredon Hill! Leicestershire; Middle! Llanymyneeh Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Western parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND :—Whitepoint! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Var. rubescens, (Schær,) yellow or greyish-brown, leproso-tartareous, thin, rimoso-diffract, often evanescent; apothecia small, dark orange-red, margin concolorous; K crimson.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Schær. Spic. 185, Ach. Syn. 176, Nyl. Scand. 142, Mudd Man. 138.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 72. f. 636.

Exs: - Hepp 636, 637, Mass. 249, Anzi It. S. 135, Scher. 224.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe. Вот. Ркоу: -7...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. IRELAND:—Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor,

Wales :- Near Llangollen!

L. ochracea, (Schær.) pale ochrey-yellow, thin, continuous or obsoletely rimoso-areolate; apothecia croceo-fulvous or orange, plane, margin entire, paler; spores 8, colourless, polari-bilocular; thallus and apothecia K crimson.

On limestone rocks, not common.

SYN:—Lecidea, Schær. in Nat. Anz. 1810. p. 11. L. aurantiaca var. Nyl. Prodr. 76. L. icterica, Tayl!

Exs:—Schær. 222. Zw. 268, Arn. 224, Anzi It. S. 138, Mass.

114.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe.

Вот, Ркоу:—1...3...8...10...19 ...24...28.

ENGLAND: -Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Malham Tarn, York-

shire. Mr. Hailstone. Buxton, Derbyshire; Rev. J. M. Crombie. Hope near Kingsbridge, S. Devon. Tr. Holl. Heavitree, Exeter. Mr. Farfitt.

IRELAND: —Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor, Carrigoginmel, Limerick; Kenmare. Mr. Carroll. Sheep Walk, Armagh. Adm. Jones.

50. L. ferruginea, (Huds.) albo-cinerascent or plumbeo-cinerascent or cæsious, thin, smoothish, contiguous or furfuraceous, or crustaceous, granuloso-or verruculoso-are-olate, or evanescent; apothecia ferruginous-red, biatorine, plane, proper margin flexuose or undulate, paler; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polari-bilocular.

On trees and rocks, not uncommon. 1778.

forma corticola, albo-cinerascent, smoothish, contiguous or furfuraceous.

SYN: -Huds. Fl. Angl. ed. 2. p. 526. (1778.) Nyl. Scand. 143.

Fig:-E. Bot. 1650. (in part) Hffm. Pl. L. t, 12, f. 1,

Exs:—Zw. 95. A. Schær. 583. Mass. 221. Anzi It. S. 145. Bohl. 108. M. & N. 1055.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Asia, Africa, America.

Bot. Prov :--1, 2, 3...5...10...13...13...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Halfpenny Hill! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Salcombe Hill, Sidmouth; Berry Head, Torbay; Lustleigh Cleve; Whitstone Hill. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Kelvedon; Feering; Rivenhall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Malvern Hills. Mr. Purton. Salford Bridge, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Ayrshire. Mrs. Dobie.

IRELAND :- Glenarm Park!; Blarney! Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey; Guernsey; Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma saxicola, plumbeo-cinerascent or cæsious, thick ish, crustaceous, granuloso-or verrucoso-areolate.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. 143.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1650. (in part).

Exs:—Zw. 95. B. Mass. 225. 224. 223, Schær. 448. Mudd 102. Anzi It. S, 144. Langob. 28. Maudon 60, Fellm. 109. Leight. 85.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: —2.. 5.. 7...10...13.. 18...(19—30).

ENGLAND:—Cliffrigg! Roseberry! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton; Haughmond Hill! Shropshire, Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND,: -Glasgow! Mr. Galt. Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay,

IRELAND: - Common on rocks! Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. between Bala and Dolgelley!

forma festiva, (Ach.) thallus evanescent, apothecia numerous.

On rocks.

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 44. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 143.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 22. f. 201.

Exs: -Körb. 276. Hepp 201. Schær. 449. Anzi Langob. 272.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5 ...15...19...30, 31.

England:—Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Starcross, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND :- Larne co. Antrim Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey; Guernsey; Sark, Mr. Larbalestier.
Mr. Crombie finds on maritime rocks in Kincardineshire a var.
concilians, Nyl. Scan. 143 "thallo cinerascente, granuloso-areolato,
apotheciis ferrugineo-fuscis vel fusco-nigris, lecanorinis vel demum
biatorinis." And also at Cove, Kincardineshire, another var. fuscoatra, (Zw. 96.) in which the apothecia have a distinct thalline margin.
Mr. Carroll has also observed another state or variety polypana,
Ach. (Nyl. Scand. 143) "apotheciis fuscescentibus" at the upper
Lake, Killarney,

51. L. cerina, (Ehrh.) cinereous, thin, unequal or granulate, hypothallus nigricanti-cærulescent; apothecia pale waxy-yellow, lecanorine, plane, thalline margin distinct, entire, thin; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, polari-bilocular, with longitudinal channel; K crimson.

On trees &c. frequent. 1793.

SYN:—Ehrhart Crypt. No. 216. (1785.) Ach. Syn. 173. Nyl. Scand. 144.

Fig:—E. Bot. 627. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 33. f. 1, b, Hepp Sporen t. 22. f. 203.

Exs:—M. &N. 460. Schær. 219. Hepp 203. Mudd 97. Leight. 83. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov: -1...3, 4, 5...10, 11..(19-30) 31.

ENGLAND:—Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton,! Bilsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Coltishall, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Lambeth. Mr. Sowerby. Woods on the Derwent; near Healeyfield and about Gainford, Durham. Mr. Winch. Countess Weir, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Colchester; Easthorpe; Kelvedon; Osey Island, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Sutton! near Shrewsbury.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the larger Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. cyanolepra, (DC.) cinereo-cærulescent, hypothallus prædominating over the thin thallus.

On smooth-barked trees.

SYN :- De Candolle Fl. Franc. 2. 560. (1805.) Nyl. Scand. 144.

Fig :- Hffm. Pl. L. t. 33. f. 1. a.

Exs: -Fellm. 105, Mass. 226. Anzi Langob. 300.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, France, Italy, Switzerland, Lombardy, Scandinavia.

Bot. Prov :- 5.

ENGLAND: - New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Near Shrewsbury!

Var. chlorina, Fw. verdigris-green, granulato-areolate, compact, thallus and hypothallus intermingled.

On rocks, rare. 1861.

SYN: -Flotow Fl. Siles. 126. (1849.) Mudd Man. 136.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 33. Körb. 128. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Silesia.

Вот. Prov :—10.

ENGLAND: -On rocks near Newton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1861.)

Var. stillicidiorum, (Hornem.) albo-cinerascent, effuse, thin, granulate or leprose; apothecia paler or darker, waxy-yellow, margin pallido-cinerascent.

On mosses, not common. 1799.

SYN:—Hornemann in Fl. Dan. t, 1063. f. 2. (1792.) Ach. Syn. 173. Nyl. Scand. 144.

Fig :-E. Bot. 1373.

Exs:—Bohl. 94. Anzi Langob. 92. Mass. 229.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Europe.

Bot. Prov :—1...3...7, 8...11.. 15. England :—Eglestone, Durham, Rev. J. Harriman. (1799.) Teesdale. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Buxton, Derbyshire. Dr. Holl. Moreton Hampstead, Dartmoor, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Goldhanger, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

SCOTLAND: - Castleton, Braemar. Adm. Jones. Morrone; Craig

Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

Wales: - Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

52. L. pyracea, (Ach.) whitish or obsolete and evanescent; apothecia red-orange, small, biatorine, pale, margined, at length convex, (K crimson); spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1-septate or polari-bilocular with longitudinal tube.

On trees and walls.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 176. (1803.) Syn. 49. Nyl. Scand. 145.

Fig:-E. Bot. 2245.

Exs :- Fellm. 106. Nyl. 120. M. & N. 1150. (upper specimen) Mudd 98, 146, Hepp 500, Zw. 328, Bohl. 76, Arn. 281, Leight. 213. Geog. Distrib :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—1...5..7, 8...10, 11...13, 14. England:—Near Masham! Ingleby! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Twycross,! Leicestershire.

Rev. A. Bloxam. Beamish, Durham. Mr. Winch. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin.

SCOTLAND :- Southern parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Llyn Aran, Cader Idris!

Var. ulmicola, (DC.) apothecia orange-yellow, margin paler yellow.

On trees, not common. 1805.

Syn:—De Candolle Fl. Franc. 3, 358. (1805.) Hook. Br. Fl. 2. 186. L. luteo-alba, Ach. Syn. 49. Nyl. Scand. 145.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1426.

Exs:—Mass. 234. 232. Schær. 475. Anzi It. S. 139, 140. Hepp 202.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...10...24.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Easby Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Stoke House, Chichester! Mr. Cooke. Whitstone. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Coggeshall; Braxted; Witham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Ireland:—Castleconnel! near Limerick. Mr. Carroll. Curragh-

more. Adm. Jones.

Var. holocarpa, (Ehrh.) greyish-black, thin, entire or scattered and furfuraceous, granulate; apothecia crowded, angular, waxy yellow-orange, sub-concave or plane, margin entire, paler.

On flints and palings, not frequent.

SYN:—Ehrhart Crypt. No. 284. (1793.) Ach. Syn. 49. Nyl. Scand, 145. Mudd Man. 137.

Fig :-E. Bot. 2009. Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 73.

Exs: - Hepp 73. Mass. 233. 235. Anzi Langob. 96.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...4, 5...10.

England:—Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Bury. Rev. G. R. Leathes. Ingleby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bath. Mr. Broome. Penzance. Rev. T. Salwey. Anstey's Cove, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Grafton, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford.

Var. pyrithroma, (Ach.) brownish-grey, continuous, rugulose; apothecia minute, sub-immersed, concave, pale greenish-dun colour with a bright-yellow pruina, margin very tumid, inflexed, bright yellow.

On siliceous slate.

Syn:—Ach, L. U. 206. (1810.) Syn. 39. Crombie Enum. 47. picta, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 130.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Sweden.

Bot. Prov :-11...19.

ENGLAND :- Durham. Rev. J. Harriman.

IRELAND :- Dunkerron and elsewhere in co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

53. L. arenaria, (Pers.) albo-cinerascent, thin, granulato-pulverulent at the centre, rotundato-lobate, and crenate at the circumference; apothecia sessile, plane, dark tawny-red, margin pale orange-red, thalline margin white, crenate, undulate; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On rocks and walls, not frequent. 1783.

Syn:—Pers. in Ust. Ann. 7. p. 27. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 162. Placodium teicholytum, Nyl. Prodr. 73. Callopisma arenarium, Mudd Man. 138.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1040. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 58. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 22. fig. 199.

Exs: -Zw. 97. Fries 348. Hepp 199. Schær. 632.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe. Bot. Prov :—2, 3, 4, 5...7.

ENGLAND:—Strumpshaw, Norfolk. Sir J. E. Smith. (1783.) Wisbeach, Norfolk. Mr. Skrimshire. Maidstone, Kent. Adm. Jones. near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Mr. Hyndman. Fairlight near Hastings. Dr. Holl. Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford.

WALES :- Conway !

54. L. Lallavei, (Clem.) white, tartareous, smooth, rimoso-areolate, sub-lobate at the circumference; apothecia sub-immersed, plane, intensely red, scarcely margined; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polaribilocular.

On calcareous rocks, rare.

SYN: -Clem. Ess. 295. (1807.) Ach. Syn. 45.

Exs :- Anzi Etr. 15. Schær. 584. Mass. 45.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- Lower Glanmire road, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

55. L. phlogina, (Ach.) citrine, effuse, granulose, granules dispersed, globular, leprose, (K—); apothecia yellow-orange, waxy, somewhat convex, biatorine; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, polari-bilocular.

On trees, rare. 1870.

Syn: -Ach. Meth. 180. (1803.) Nyl. Scand, 141.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 44. f. 395.

Exs :- Nyl. 121. Hepp 395.

Bot. Prov: -2.

England:—Near Hastings, Sussex. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

## D. Spores 1-septate.

56. L. isidioides, (Borr.) greenish-grey or whitish, squamaceous, stellate, squamulæ cylindrical, slightly compressed, isidioid, decumbent or ascending, simple or divided, here and there constricted; apothecia dull purplish-or brownish-black, margin tumid, crenulate, often laciniolate; spores 8, fuscescent, oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, very rare. 1835.

SYN :- Borrer in E. Bot. Suppl. 2808. (1837.) Mudd Man. 106.

FIG:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2808. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov: -7.

Wales:—Cwm Bychan 2 m. above Llanbedr near Barmouth; Crafnant;! Rhaidyr Mowddach. Rev. T. Salwey.

57. L. sophodes, (Ach.) grey or cinereo-fuscescent, granulate or granulato-areolate, thin, sub-determinate, (K yellow, C yellow), hypothallus nigricant; apothecia fuscous-black, plane, small, often crowded and angulose, thalline margin entire; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On trees and rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN :- Ach. Prodr. 67. (1798.) Syn. 153. Nyl. Scand. 148.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1791. Hepp Sporen t. 9, f. 77.

Exs:—Schær. 314. Hepp 77. 78. 883. 884. Arn. 3. 109. Mudd 109. Körb. 245. Anzi Langob. 304.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe,

Вот. Ркоу: -2...4, 5...11 ..15...(19-30).

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Newton-Cap Wood near Bishop Auckland, Durham; Felton Woods, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. New Forest, Hampshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland :- (saxicole) Coast of Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

IRELAND:—On rocks and trees, common. Mr. Carroll.

forma exigua, (Ach.) whitish or pallido-cinerascent, thin, unequal or sub-granulose, sub-effuse; apothecia crowded, black, small, thalline margin crenulate.

On trees and railings.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 69. (1798.) Syn. 151. Nyl. Scand. 150.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1849.

Exs:—Schær. 569. Hepp 207. 882.Zw. 257. Mass. 216. Welw. Lusit. 103.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3, 4...11...15...20.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Gainford, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

SCOTLAND :- Coast of Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Blarney near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands: —Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma lecideoides, Nyl. ecrustaceous, albido-cinerascent, macular; apothecia lecideine, black, margin brown or obliterated.

On trees and palings.

SYN :- Nyl. Scand. 149,

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 10, f. 79. and 80.

Exs:—Hepp 79. 80. Mass, 237. Anzi Langob. 378. Rabh. 737. M. & N. 1331.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, Italy, Germany, Hungary, Lombardy, Vosges.

Bot. Prov :- 5...10.

ENGLAND: —Near Stokesley! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Middleton! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

forma metabolica, Ach. whitish or albido-cinerascent, disperso-areolate, sometimes granulate; apothecia black, plane or convex, thalline margin sub-entire.

On trees and stone walls.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 351, (1810.) Syn. 153. Nyl. Prod. 93.

Exs:—Nyl. 128. Zw. 62. A. B. Fries 341. Anzi Langob. 377. 107. Mudd 107.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Lombardy, Hungary, Germany, Sweden.

Вот, Ркоу: -2...7...10.

ENGLAND: -Newton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

WALES :- Festiniog Road near Dolgelley!

forma roboris, (Duf.) whitish, continuous, effuse, more or less granulose; apothecia large, black, plane, sessile or sub-immersed, thalline margin lobulato-crenate.

On trees.

SYN:-Nyl. Prodr. 93. (1857.) Scand. 149.

Exs:-Maudon 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2...5...31.

England: -- Danny! Sussex. Herb. Hook. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Leigh Woods, Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier. Llanyblodwell, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. John's, Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

58. L. atrocinerea, (Dicks.) atro-cinerascent, granulato-or verrucoso-areolate, smooth, hypothallus black; apothecia at first innate, then sessile, plane, black, thalline margin sub-entire, eventually obliterated; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, cells nucleolate; thallus K yellow C red.

On rocks. 1793.

SYN: - Dicks. Br. Crypt. 3. 14. (1793.) Nyl. Prodr. 93. Mudd Man. 144.

Fig:—Dicks. l. c, t. 9. f. 2. E, Bot. 2096, Hepp Sporen t. 73. f. 646.

Exs:—Nyl. 43. Zw. 68. A. B. 190. A. B. Hepp 646. 208. Leight. 146. Anzi Langob. 321. 45. Arn. 161. Mudd 108. Larbal. 28.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor. Prov: -1...5, 6, 7...10...15...19, 20...30, 31.

England:—On rocks. Mr. Dickson. (1793.) near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Crown Hill, Plympton, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Sharpstones;! Lyth Hill! Shropshire; Pembridge Church Yard! Herefordshire.

Scotland: - Near Aberdeen. Prof. Dickie.

IRELAND:—Lough-na-Cat. Adm. Jones. Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Pass of Kein-an-Eigh co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

WALES :- Stormy Down, Glamorgan. Dr. Holl. Diganwy! near

Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Ninmont Hill!; Beaufort Bay; La Coupe! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

59. L. nivalis, (Körb.) whitish or albido-cinerascent, very thin, or slightly granulate; apothecia crowded, ochraceous or aurantiaco-ochraceous, biatorine, plane, small, proper margin somewhat darker, thalline margin obsolete; spores 8, cylindraceo-oblong or cylindrical, simple or faintly 1-septate; apothecia K dark crimson.

On decaying moss among alpine rocks, rare. 1864.

Externally like L. fulvolutea, Nyl.

Syn:—Callopisma, Körb. S. L. G. 127. (1855.) Lecanora fuscoluteolina, Mudd Man. 153. Lecanora nivalis, Nyl. Scand. Suppl. 129.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Eastern Lapland, Greenland.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers! and Maelgrae! Adm. Jones. Ben Cruachan. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

60. L. Hutchinsiæ, Nyl. pallido-cinerascent or flavido-cinerascent, thin, rimose or rimuloso-diffract; apothecia rufo-testaceous, convex, biatorine; spores 8, colourless,

fusiform, 1-septate; paraphyses thick, somewhat articulate, hypothecium colourless; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with sol. iod.

On maritime schistose rocks, rare.

SYN:-Nylander in Flora 1867. p. 326.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- South of Ireland. Miss Hutchins.

61. L. holophæa, (Mnt.) cervino-castaneous or fuscous, cartilagineo-membranaceous, squamulose, squamulæ concave, plicato-undulate, rotundato-incised, ascending, flexuose, pale beneath; apothecia erumpent, appressed, fuscous-black, plane, thalline margin naked, very entire; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate.

In the fissures of maritime rocks, rare.

SYN:—Montagne Lich. Canar. 113. (1840.) Sylloge 332. Crombie Enum. 48. Lecidea sublurida, Nyl. En. Sup. 337.

Exs:-Leight. 380.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Canaries.

Bot. Prov: -1.5...19, 20...24.30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Bradstone Church Yard Wall, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

on red sandstone, St. James near Bridgnorth, Shropshire!

IRELAND:—Ardglass co. Down Dr. Maingay. South of Ireland. Miss Hutchins. Island Magee and near Belfast; Brandon Mountain! Dr. Moore. Glengariff. Adm. Jones. Ballycotton,! Cork; Sybil Head. Kerry! Kilkee and Ross, Clare. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Martin's Point, Guernsey. Mr. Lar-

balestier.

Var. glaucopsora, Nyl. squamuloso-crenate, or granulato-squamulose, or sub-leprose; apothecia livido-fuscous, thalline margin sub-entire; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 1-septate; thallus K very faint yellow.

Damp sides of old turf pits, rare. 1867.

SYN :- Nylander in Flora 1868. p. 164.

Exs:-Larbal. 79.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Sark; Grosnez Common! Saint's Bay; Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

62. L. leucospeirea, Nyl. white, opake, squamulose, squamulæ sub-crenate, thin, adnate, dispersed, often granuliform; apothecia fuscous, sub-opake, plane, thalline margin white, entire; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ovoideo-oblong, 1-septate.

On sandy earth, rare. 1868.

Allied to L. holophæa and its var. glaucopsora.

SYN:—Nylander in Flora 1868. p. 473, Crombie Enum. 48.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Prov:—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - La Moye; Boulay Bay; Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

63. L. erysibe, (Ach.) olivaceo-cinereous or virescentiolivaceous, or darkly cinereous, leproso-granulose, thin, diffract; apothecia fusco-rufous or livido-testaceous, innate, plane or convex, thalline margin rather indistinct; spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong, 1-septate.

On rocks, walls, &c. not common. 1861.

SYN: -Ach. Prod. 50, (1798.) Syn. 41, Nyl. Scand. 167. Mudd Man. 141.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 75.

Exs:—Mudd 104, 105, 106, Mass, 148, 145, 144, 146, Zw. 269, Hepp 75,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Italy, Germany, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3.. 5...10...15...19, 20...23...31.

ENGLAND:—Coatham! near Ayton! Redcar, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bath! Mr. Broome. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Abdon, ! Shropshire; Aymestrey! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND :- Coast of Kincardine; Craig Guie. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Dublin. Dr. Taylor. Co. Down. Adm. Jones. near Cork and near Castlemary; Turk Cascade, Killarney; Kilkee. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jerbourg, Guernsey; Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

64. L. aipopsila, (Whlnb.) fuscous or fusco-cinereous, subramoso-papillato-granulate or tuberculose, continuous or radiato-sulcate or crenulate towards the circumference; apothecia on the papillæ, fuscous or fuscous-black or nigricant, plane or sub-convex, thalline margin entire, eventually excluded; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1septate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1808.

SYN: - Wahlenberg in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 36. (1803.) Ach. Syn. 155. Nyl. Scand. 157.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2662, f. 2. Wahl. Fl. Lapp. t. 27, f. 2.

Exs:-Th M. Fries 60,

Geog. Distrib:—Finmark, E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:--11. .15... 18...20.

ENGLAND :- Bamburgh and Staples Island co. Northumber-

land. (1831.) Mr. Robertson. Holy Island, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Orkney Islands. (1808.) Mr. Borrer. Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Kinsale. Mr. Carroll.

forma maritima, (Smmrf.) grey or griseo-nigricant, thin, granulato-rugose, shortly radiose or sub-crenate at the circumference.

On maritime rocks, rare.

Syn :- Sommerfelt in Act. Ac, Holm. 1832. p. 116.

Exs :- Fellm. 122.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- E. Lapland, Norway.

Bot. Prov :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

65. L. helicopis, (Whlnb.) albido-cinereous, thin, unequal, rimuloso-areolate, albo-limitate; apothecia livido-fuscescent or fuscous, plane, sub-convex, thalline margin entire, ultimately excluded; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple or obsoletely 1-septate; thallus K faint yellow, but not disk of apothecium.

On maritimé rocks, rare.

The chemical reaction shows affinity with subfusca and not with glaucoma.

Syn:—Wahlenberg Fl. Lapp. 414. (1812.) Ach. Syn. 149. Nyl. Scand. 159!

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Lapland, Finmark, Aland.

Вот. Ркоу:—30.

IRELAND: -On chalk, Glenarm co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

66. L. albariella, Nyl. dirty creamy-whitish, tartareous, thin, areolato-diffract, areolæ plane, smoothish; apothecia fuscous or fuscous-black, small; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 1-septate; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then violaceo-rubescent with iodine solution.

On maritime chalky rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nylander Lich. Ægypt. p. 5. in Act. Soc. Linn. Bordeaux vol. 25. (1864).

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Ægypt. Bot. Prov:—2.. 30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Beachy Head, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. (1864).
IRELAND:—On chalk at Glenarm and at Garron Point co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Island of Bréchou near Sark. Mr. Larba-

lestier.

### E. Spores 3-septate.

67. L. pyreniospora, Nyl. grey or cinereo-fuscescent, granulose, thin, sub-effuse; apothecia fuscous-black or black, opake, thalline margin rugulose or obsoletely crenulate; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 4-celled, cells nucleolate, (spuriously 1-3-septate.)

On old wood and turfy earth, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. in Ofvers. V. Ak. Förh. 1860. p. 257. note; Scand. 151.

Fig :- Nyl. Scand. t. 1. f. 6.

Exs:-Larbal. 78.

GEOG. DISRIB :- Sweden, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу: -31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —La Moye, Grosnez, Jersey; Coast of Jethou! Mr. Larbalestier.

68. L. diplinthia, Nyl. pallido-cinerascent or pale whitish, thin, unequal or sub-granulose, indeterminate; apothecia fuscous, small, plane, thalline margin entire, internally pallescent; spores fuscous, ellipsoid, large, 4-locular, the two apical cells simple, the central cells either simple or with 2 or 3 transverse cellules; paraphyses scarcely distinct.

On the earth, very rare. 1868.

Syn:-Nyl. Nov. Gran. p. 30. (1863).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Nova Granada.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Slopes of L'Eperquérie, coast of Sark! Mrs. Collings.

69. L. rubra, (Hoffm.) white or glaucous-white, thin, effuse; apothecia rosy or fleshy-red, sub-pruinose, concave, numerous, moderate, thalline margin rugoso-crenulate; spores 8, colourless, oblong or oblongo-ellipsoid, 3-septate.

On trees and mossy walls. rare.

SYN:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. 1. 81. (1793.) Ach. Syn. 177, Nyl. Scand. 171.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2218. Hoffm. l. c. t. 17. f. 2. Leight, Ang. Lich. t, 14. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 23. f. 205.

Exs :- Hepp 205. Nyl. 44. M. & N. 459. Mudd 138. Zw. 67.

bis. Leight. 236. Schær. 319. Mass. 26.

Geog. Distrib: - Switzerland, France, Vosges, Sweden, Bavaria, Prussia, Hungary, Germany, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -1.. 5...10...15...20.

ENGLAND: -Bilsdale! near Rievaulx! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd.

Craig-y-Rhiw! near Oswestry; Wigmore Castle! Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Greta Bridge! Yorkshire. Mr. Borrer. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone ; Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Fermoy! Mr. Carroll.

70. L. elatina, Ach. whitish or lutescent, leprose, granulato-pulverulent, thin, effuse; apothecia testaceo-fuscescent, sessile, plane or convex, cæsio-pruinose or naked, thalline margin thin, entire, eventually obliterated; spores 8, colourless, acicular or fusiform, 3-septate, curved or flexuose; thallus K yellow C—.

On pine trees and holly, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 387. (1810.) Syn, 168. Nyl, Scand. 172. Fig:—Sturm Deutsch. Fl. t. 20. Hepp Sporen t. 104. f. 911. Exs:—Th. M. Fries 33. Arn. 66. Hepp. 911. Anzi Ven. 42. Geog. Distrib:—Austria, Norway, Switzerland, Silesia, Germany.

Вот. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND: On aged Holly in Wood near Decrycuintry, Killarney. (Sept. 1869.) Mr. Carroll.

71. L. athroocarpa, Dub. albido-cinereous, rimoso-diffract, unequal, granulose; apothecia densely aggregate, deformed, fuscous-black, cæsio-pruinose, thalline margin entire; spores 8-16, colourless, elliptico-oblong, obtuse at the apices, 3-septate; thallus K—C—

On trees.

SYN:—Duby Bot. Gall. 2, 669. (1829.) Nyl. Scand. 168. Crombie En. 53.

Exs:-Nyl. 39,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3.

ENGLAND:—New Forest near Lyndhurst. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

forma cærulescens, Mudd. leaden-grey, granuloso-verrucose, rugulose, rimoso-areolate; apothecia pale-brown, plane, densely cæruleo-pruinose, thalline margin thick, undulate, angulose; spores 8.

On walls, &c. rare. 1861.

SYN: -Mudd Man. 140. (1861.) Crombie En. 53.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 72. f. 638.

Exs:—Mudd 103. Korb. 220. Hepp 638. Mass, 276. Arn. 173. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Hungary, Italy, Switzerland, Bavaria.

Вот. Prov:—10.

ENGLAND: - Marsk! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1861.)

Var. fuscella, (Schær.) albido-cinereous, very thin, effuse, nearly evanescent; apothecia minute, crowded, fuscescent, tumid or biatorine, slightly pruinose, thalline margin entire, eventually nearly obliterated; spores 8-12.

On trees, frequent.

SYN: -Schærer Spicil. 397. (1823.) Crombie En. 53.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 9. f. 76.

Exs:—Nyl. 40, Zw. 87. Hepp 76. Anzi. It. S. 223. 315. Fellm.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy, Switzerland, Hungary, E. Lapland.

Bot. Prov :- 2, 3.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Essex! Mr. Piggott. New Forest near Lyndhurst. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. metabolica, (Ach.) albido-cinerascent, thin, unequal, diffracto-sub-rimose; apothecia minute, black, plane, thalline margin thin, white, eventually fuscescent and concolorous with the disk.

On trees.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 351. (1810.) Syn. 153. Nyl. Scand. 168. Crombie En. 53.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -France, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

ENGLAND :—"In Anglia forte vulgaris." Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Trinity! and Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. La-balestier.

#### F. Spores multiseptate.

70. L. hæmatomma, (Ehrh.) sulphureous or albido-flavescent, pulverulent, tartareo-farinose, effuse; apothecia scarlet, innate or sub-sessile, moderate, thalline margin thick, flexuose, pulverulent; spores 8, colourless, acicular or fusiform, 3-7-septate, curved or flexuose; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On rocks, not frequent. 1785.

Syn:—Ehrhart Hanov. Mag. 285. (1783.) Ach. Syn. 178. Nyl. Scand. 172.

Fig :- E. Bot. 223. 486. Hepp Sporen t. 73. f. 641.

Exs:—Zw. 70. Nyl. 45. Schær. 543. M. & N. 638. Mudd 130. Hepp 641. Anzi It. S. 226. Leight. 214.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Norway, Germany, Apennines, Italy, Scandinavia, Sweden.

Bot. Prov:—2, 3, 4, 5...7...10, 11...14, 15...19...30, 31. England:—Stonehenge. Mr. Dickson. (1785.) Tunbridge. Mr. Forster. Gorlestone near Yarmouth. Messrs. Stone & Turner. Ayton Moor! Battersby Bank! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Hord's Park near Bridgnorth, Salop. Mr. Purton. Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Baker. Gunnerton Crags near Bawesford; Heddon-on-Wall; Harlow Hill, Northumberland; Muggleswick Park; High Force; and Winch Bridge in Teesdale and near Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch. Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Vareane. Pontesford Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Salisbury Craigs near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. Blaeberry Hill! Perth; Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay. Morrone; Braemar; Killin; Portlethen, Kincardine-

shire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Glenarm. Dr. Moore. Fairhead, Antrim; Castlebernard Park and Glengariff. Adm. Jones. Western Blasquet Island, Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

Channel Islands:—L'etacq, Jersey; Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

73. L ventosa, (L.) sulphureo-virescent or flavescent or sometimes whitish or fusco-virescent, tartareous, verrucoso or plicato-rugose, sub-areolato-diffract, determinate, firm; apothecia red, plano-convex, large, thalline margia, thin, entire, often obliterated; spores 8, colourless, acicular or fusiform, 5-7-septate, curved or flexuose; thallus K yellow C yellow.

On lofty granitic and schistose mountain-rocks, not

common. 1741.

SYN:—Linn. Sp. Pl. No. 9. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 159. Nyl. Scand. 173.
Fig:—E. Bot. 906. Hepp Sporen t. 73. f. 643. t. 73. f. 644.
Exs:—Anzi It. S. 225. M. & N. 258. Schær. 320. Hepp 643.
Tuck. 21. Bohl. 36. Zw. 69. Mudd 129. Leight. 9.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Hungary, Italy, Austria, Norway, Tyrol Alps,

Pyrenees, Sweden, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :-5...7...10, 11, 12...15...18...23...29...31.

ENGLAND:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Casterton Fell near Kirkby Lonsdale, Westmoreland. Sir J. E. Smith. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Clee Hills! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton Moor! Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Weardale, Durham. Shewing-Shields; Cheviot and Hedgehope, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Corndon Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Morchone! Amulree!; Callernish, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Morrone, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Long Island.

Prof. Balfour.

IRELAND: - Near Dublin. Dr. Stokes. Slieve Croob. Mr. Temple-

ton. Croghan co. Donegal; Luggelaw. Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Pentri 3 m. from Glyder. Mr. Brewer. (1741). Barmouth! Pen-maen-mawr! Moel-y-Golfa! Cader Idris!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## VII. URCEOLARIA, Ach. pr. p. Nyl.

Thallus crustaceous. Apothecia urceolate. Spores 8, fuscous, septato-murali-divided. Spermatia cylindrical.

1. U. scruposa, (L.) albido-cinerascent, tartareous, verrucoso-rugose or granulose, areolato-diffract, areolæ verrucoso-rugose; apothecia immersed, urceolate, black, more or less cinereo-pruinose, proper margin nigricant, thalline margin thick, rugose or crenulate on the inner side; spores 8, virescenti-fuscescent, ellipsoid, 5-septate, murali-divided; thallus C red.

On rocks, walls, &c. frequent. 1741.

SYN: -Linn. Mant. 2. 131. (1771.) Ach. Syn. 142. Nyl. Scand. 176.

Fig :- E. Bot. 266. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 11. f. 3.

Exs;—M. & N. 169. Scher. 132. 289. Anzi It. S. 227. 229. Leight. 54, 379. Hepp 915. Fellm. 141. Nyl. 46. Mudd. 137. Mass. 359.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Germany, Italy, Pryrenees,

France, E. Lapland, New Zealand, Ceylon.

Bot. Prov:—3, 4, 5...7, 8...10, 11...19...22, 23, 24...26...31. England:—Norfolk, Suffolk, and Cambridgeshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Darkingham, Surrey. Dillenius. (1741.) Gogmagog Hills; Newmarket Heath. Rev. R. Relhan. Lounsdale! Lanbraughrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Eglestone; Harewood Forest, between Widdy Bank and Cauldron Snout, Durham. Mr. Winch. Duryard, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Kelvedon, Exeter. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Bedfordshire, Rev. C. Abbot. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Haughmond Hill! Bayston Hill! Lyth Hill! near Shrewsbury! Cold Hatton Heath! Loppington! Shropshire. Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

JRELAND:—Dunkerron, Kerry; Portmarnock, Dublin. Dr. Taylor. Glendalough, Wicklow. Adm. Jones. Loughcooter, Galway. Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Mr. Hardy.

WALES ;-Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jersey: Guernsey; Sark. Mr. Larbales tier.

forma gypsacea, (Ach.) creamy-white, thick, soft, rugosounequal, sub-pulverulent, sub-areolate; apothecia urceolate, black, cæsio-pruinose; thalline margin tumid, inflexed; thallus C red.

On calcareous rocks. rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 338. (1810.) Syn. 142.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen. t. 104. f. 916.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 327. 333. Zw. 76. Mass. 139. Arn. 95. Hepp 916.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Portugal, Switzerland, Spain, Finland, Tyrol,

Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -5 ..7...10...12.

ENGLAND:—Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

WALES ;-Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

forma bryophila, Ach. greyish-white or white, granulato-rugose, effuse; apothecia urceolate, immersed, nigrocæsious, margin tumid, inflexed and crenulate; C red-

On mosses and Cladoniæ. rare.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 148, (1804.) Syn. 10. Nyl. Scand. 177. Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 21. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 11. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 23. f. 210.

Exs: -Mass. 150. Anzi It. S. 228. 230. Hepp 210. Schær.

290. M. & N. 170. Nyl. 129. Leight. 359. 360.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Switzerland, Germany, Sweden, France, Italy, Hungary, Russia.

Вот, Ркоу:—3 ..5...15 ..19...28...31.

ENGLAND:—Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Church Stretton! Shropshire; Bredon Hills! Leicestershire.

SCOTLAND:—Glen Lochy, Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Armagh, Adm. Jones. Kilcully
near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

#### VIII. DIRINA, Fr. Nyl.

Apothecia tuberculoso-lecanorine, hypothecium thick and black beneath. Spores fusiform, 3-septate. Spermatia slender, arcuate.

1. D. repanda, (Fr.) white, tartareo-farinose, thick, continuous or rimulose, tuberculoso-unequal, sub-lobate in the circumference (C red); apothecia at first closed, eventually expanded and dilated, tuberculoso-elevated, plano-depressed, black, casio- or albo-pruinose, rarely naked, margin thick, obtuse, cartilaginous, more or less inflexed and flexuose; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1867.

SYN:—Fries S. O. V. 285. (1825.) Nyl. Alger. 313, Prod. 97. Exs:—Schær. 574. Anzi Venet. 41. Rabh. 788. GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Pyrenees, Austria, Sardinia, Algeria, Corsica.

Вот. Ркоу: -31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- La Coupe! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

#### SUB-TRIBE VII. PERTUSARIEI.

Characters as in Pertusaria below.

#### 1X. PERTUSARIA, DC.

Thallus crustaceous, continuous, verrucoso-unequal or smooth. Apothecia enclosed in thalline verrucæ, endocarpoid or lecanoroid or variolarioid. Spores 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6-8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large, the external paries thick. Spermatia acicular.

## A. Thallus K yellow, then orange-red.

1. P. multipunctata, (Turn.) cinereous, tartareous, verrucoso-rugose, thin, with a fibrous border; apothecia 1-2 in hemispherical verrucæ, ostiola albo-sorediate; spores 1 (rarely 2), colourless, linear-oblong or elliptico-oblong, simple.

On trees. 1808.

SYN:—Turn. Linn. Trans. 9. 137. (1808.) Ach. Syn. 129. Nyl. Scand. 179. Variolaria, Turn. and Borr! L. B. 73.

Fig :- Linn. Trans. 9, t. 10. f. 1. E. Bot. 2061. Hepp Sporen

t. 76. f. 672. 673.

Exs: -Mudd 262. Hepp 672. 673. Zw. 281.

Geog. Distrib:—Sweden, Italy, France, Bavaria, Germany, Philippine Islands, S. Africa.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3 ..6...8 ... 10, 11... 19.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Turner. (1808.) Brantsdale, Yorkshire. Dr. Carrington. New Forest. Mr. Lyell & Adm. Jones. Malham, Yorkshire. Dr. Carrington. Durham. Messrs. Rotson and Thornhill. St. Leonards Forest. Messrs. Turner & Borrer. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND: —Killarney. Sir T. Gage. WALES: —Cardiganshire! Mr. Knight.

2. P. Westringii, (Ach.) greyish or creamy-white, tartareous, thickish, rimoso-areolate, areolæ plane; verrucæ scattered, flat, contorted and difformed; ostiola brownish-black, flat, irregular, thalline margin abraded; spores 2, colourless, elliptical, simple; thallus K yellow, then orange-red.

On rocks, old walls, &c. 1861.

SYN:—Ach. Act. Stockh. 15. 179. (1794.) Syn. 282. P. lactescens, Mudd Man. 272. (1861.) Crombie Enum. 59. Isidium, Turn. and Borr. Lich. Brit. 93.

Exs: -Mudd 260. M. & N. 1066. Mass. 86,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Vosges, Sweden, France, Switzerland, E. Falkland,

Вот. Ркоу: -2...7.. 10, 11...23.

ENGLAND;—Ayton Moor! Airyholme Bridge, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Arkendale! Thornthwaite; near Keswick; Teesdale Forest. Rev. J. Harriman. Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Jenner.

IRELAND :- Lough Bray near Dublin. Mr. Turner.

WALES:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Anglesea. Rev. Hugh Davies.

The chemical reaction and general aspect show that *Isidium Westringii*, Ach. is identical and therefore the original name is restored.

3. P. glomerata, (Schleich.) yellowish-cream-colour, effuse, verrucoso-conglomerate, verrucæ globulose, smooth; apothecia 1, ostiola dark-brown, punctiform, depressed or sub-papillate; spores 4, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow, then orange-red.

On mosses in alpine localities, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Schleicher Čent. 3. 77. (1805—1807.) Ach, Syn. 111. Nyl. Scand. 182.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 77. f. 681.

Exs:—Hepp 681. Schær. 120. Arn. 132.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Norway, Germany, Switzerland, Chili, N. Zealand, Melville Island.

Вот. Ркоу:—15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. (1864.) Craig-na-Calliach, Perthshire. Dr. Maingay. Moel Gurdy, Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

4. P. ceuthocarpa, (Sm.) brownish-cream-colour, tartareous, areolato-diffract, areolæ convex, undulato-rugose; verrucæ sub-globose, conglomerate, ostiola minute, punctiform, depressed, sub-papillate, brownish-black; spores 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thall us K deep yellow, then orange-red.

On rocks, not common. 1804.

Syn:—Smith in E. Bot. t. 2372. (1812.) Turn. and Borr, Lich. Brit. 200. Isidium microsticticum! T. & B. l. c. 94.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2372. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 9. f. 4. & t. 10. f. 1, E. Bot. 2243.

Exs:—Leight. 284. 341. 342.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5, 6, 7...11...19...23...26 ..31,

ENGLAND:—Pentregaer! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Gun-

nerton! Northumberland. Mr. F. Scott.

IRELAND:—Connemara. Mr. Mackay. near Bantry! Miss Hutchins. South coasts. Sir T. Gage. Lough Bray near Dublin. Messrs Turner & Borrer. Carig Mountain! Dr. Taylor.

WALES: -Barmouth! Countess of Aylesford. (1804.) Abertygwyn! Rev. T. Salwey. Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith.

Anglesea! Rev. Hugh Davies. Holyhead Mountain!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - St. Brelade's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

5. P. dealbata, (Ach.) whitish or albido-cinerascent, tartareous, granulose or papillato-unequal, rimoso-diffract; apothecia in globose pulverulent scattered or aggregated verrucæ, ostiola sub-disciform, pale brown, thalline margin irregularly lacerate; spores 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thallus K yellow, then orange-red.

On rocks and trees, frequent.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 29. (1798.) Nyl. Scand. 180. Isidium paradoxum! and corallinum! and coccodes! a & Borr! Lich. Brit. 97. 100. 89. Variolaria chlorothecia, Tayl! Fl. Hib. P. syncarpa, Mudd! Man. 273.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1541, 1511.

Exs:—Arn. 204. Zw. 289. M. & N. 467. 74. Schær. 236. 237. Hepp 673, 678, Mudd 261, Leight, 320,

Geog. Distrib :- France, Switzerland, Germany, Italy. Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...9, 10, 11, 12...14, 15... 19.

ENGLAND :—Kildale Moor! Ayton Moor! Bandale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Norwich. Sir W. J. Hooker. Maresfield and Uckfield, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Forncet Church Yard and Burgh Church, Suffolk. Messrs Turner & Borrer. Selby, Yorkshire. Mr. Teesdale. Teesdale Forest. and Cronkley Fell, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Cheshire, Mr. Bradbury. Flixton Park, Suffolk. Mr. Turner. Epping Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Blackford near Edinburgh. Sir J. E. Smith. Glen

Callater! Mr. Gardiner.

IRELAND: - Carig Mountain; Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. Killarney. Sir T. Gage. Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Lough Finnely! Dr. Taylor.

#### B. Thallus K yellow C yellow.

P. communis, DC. albido-cinerascent, membranaceo-cartilaginous, smoothish or rugose, verrucoso-areolate, verrucæ sub-globoso-deformed; apothecia 1 or more, ostiola minute, punctiform, depressed, nigricant; spores 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees, common.

SYN: -D.C. Flor. Fr. 2. 320. (1805.) Nyl. Scan. 178. Porina pertusa, Ach Syn. 109.

Fig :- E. Bot. 677. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 9. f. 3.

Exs :- M. & N. 171. (in part) Schær. 118 (in part) Zw. 290. Mass. 16. Mudd. 264. Hepp 222. 676. Bohl. 54.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe generally, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу :—1, 2, 3...5...10, 11...15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND: -Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest! Messrs Turner & Lyell. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Oversley and Pophills, Warwickshire; Shotover Hill, Oxford, Hord's Park, Salop. Mr. Purton. Haughmond Hill! Bomere Pool! Shrewsbury; Aymestry! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND: - Hunter's Hill, Glammis! Mr. Gardiner. Aberfeldy.

Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Blarney! near Cork. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Askew Wood co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Channel Islands:—Jersey, Guernsey, Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma rupestris, DC. verrucæ aggregato-deformed, verrucoso-areolate.

On rocks, common.

SYN: -D.C. l. c. Ach. Syn. 109. Nyl. Scand. 178.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 76. f. 670.

Exs: -Nyl. 48. Mudd 259. Anzi Ven. 164. Hepp 670. Anzi It. S. 348. Zw. 244 Schær. 648.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy, Germany, France, Madeira. Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...15...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Ingleby Greenbow; Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bristol. Miss Attwood.

SCOTLAND :- Birnam! Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Glenarm. Dr. Moore.

WALES :- Barmouth !

Channel Islands:—St. Brelade's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

P. dactylina, (Ach.) white, thin, unequal, papillateo-dactyloid, stipitate; apothecia in the apices of the papillæ; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On moss in alpine districts, rare. 1870.

Nyl. Lapp. Or. 141, says this species has no reaction with K. but Fellm. 144! and also a specimen from Norway give decided reaction K yellow C yellow.

SYN:—Ach. Prdor. 89. (1798.) Nyl. Lapp. or. 140. Crombie

En. 60. Isidium, Ach. Syn. 282.

Fig :—Ach. Meth. t. 3, f. 6

Exs:-Fellm. 144.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, Norway.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland: - Morrone; Cairn Turc, in Glen Dee and Glen Candlie, Braemar. Messrs Brown & Crombie.

## C. Thallus K yellow C reddish-orange.

8. P. bryontha, (Ach.) white or whitish, thin, effuse, sub-granulato-unequal; apothecia dark-livid, liver colour or fuscescent, opake, lecanoroid, thalline margin ultimately depressed and excluded; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On moss in alpine places, rare.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 167. (1803.) Syn. 156. Nyl. Scand. 178. Crombie En. 58.

Exs: -Th. M. Fr. 9, Fellm. 142. Arn. 108.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Norway, E, Lapland, Germany.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Cairngorm and Bennaboord, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

9. P. melaleuca, (Sm.) yellowish-cream-colour, thin, membranaceous, sub-determinate, smoothish; verrucæ scattered, hemisphærico-depressed, irregular, ostiola brownish-black, pseudo-disciform, depressed, thalline margin lacerate; spores 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees, not common. 1812.

Syn:—Smith in E. Bot. 2461. (1812.) T. & B. Lich, Brit, 183.

Fig: -E. Bot. 2461. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 10. f. 3.

Exs:—Hepp 935. Anzi It. S. 351, 350, 352, Langob. 223, Zw. 359 Arn. 149. Welw. Lusit. 99. Körb. 268.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy, Portugal.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3.. 7, 8.. 24...26.

England:—St. Leonards Forest! Henfield! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1812.) Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Mile-end near Colchester, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :—Curraghmore. Adm. Jones.

WALES :- Dolgelley !

10. P. fallax, (Pers.) albido-flavescent or cinereo-flavescent, sub-effuse, cartilagineo-membranaceous, smooth, plicato-rugose; verrucæ aggregato-deformed, ostiola brownish-black or nigricant, dilated, deformed, sub-lecanoroid, thalline margin thick, undulato-sub-crenate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees and rocks, not common. 1801.

SYN:—Persoon fide Ach. Syn. 110. (1817.) Thelotrema hymeneum, Turn. and Borr. L. Br. 185. Isidium lutescens, Turn. and Borr. 1. c. 87.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1731. & 1529. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 10. f. 2.

Exs:—Hepp 679. Anzi Etr. 40. Nyl. 49. Mudd 266. Zw. 292. Leight, 71. Variolose and Isidioid forms:—Anzi Etr. 41. 43. Schær. 238. Hepp 680. Zw. 297. Rock forms:—Anzi It. S. 350. Ven. 165. Schær. 594. 595. Anzi Etr. 42.

GEOG. DISTRIB: Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Pyrenees, France,

Madeira,

Вот. Ркоу: —1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7...10, 11, 12...19.. 30.

ENGLAND:—Ingleby Park! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. St. Leonards Forest! Danny! Sussex Mr. Borrer. New Forest. Mr. Lyell. Hevingham Parsonage, Norfolk. Rev. J. Alderson. Epping Forest. Mr. Foster. Ockham, Surrey; Hurstpierpoint and Henfield! Sussex; Ickworth Park and near Bramfield, Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. Acle Wood, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Westmoreland! Mr. Winch. near Eglestone; near Gibside; Horsleyhope Bourn, Durham; East Common Wood and Felton Wood on the Coquet, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Frankling, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Braxted; Messing; Yeldham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Pophills and Oversley Hill, Warwickshire. Mr. Purton. Caer Caradoc! Haughmond Hill! Sharpstones Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Blarney! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Glenarm. Dr. Moore. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Askew Wood co Kerry;

Dunkerron Mountain. Dr. Taylor.

WALES :- Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

## D. Thallus K yellow, C crimson.

11. P. gyrocheila, Nyl. cinerascent, sub-granuloso-unequal, rimoso-diffract; apothecia in thelotremoid tubercules, simple or ultimately sub-gyrose, thalline margin thick sub-gyrose, epithecium glypholecine, hymenium pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, gelatina hymenea and thecæ blue with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1864. Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 354.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll.

## E. Thallus K—, C crimson.

12. P. velata, (Turn.) milk-white or whitish, smoothish or rugoso-unequal, rimulose, determinate, radiatorugose or plicate towards the circumference, verrucæ small, depressed, concolorous; apothecia pale, plane, lecanoroid; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, very large.

On trees and rocks, rare. 1808.

SYN:—Turner in Linn. Trans. 9. 143. (1808.) Variolaria lactea, Turn. & Borr! L. Br. 69. Variolaria aspergilla, T. & B! l. c. 67. Variolaria conspurcata, T. & B! l. c. 55. Isidium coccodes, B. T. & B! l. c. 89.

Fig:—Linn. Trans. 9. t. 12. f. 1. E. Bot. 2062. V. aspergilla, E. Bot. 2401. V. lactea, E. Bot. 2410. Ach. Meth. t. 1. f. 6. V. conspurcata! E. Bot. 964, Mudd Man. t. 5. f. 114.

Exs: Maudon 7. Welw. Lusit. 98. Zw. 296. Hepp 677. Bohl.

26. Schær. 596.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Madeira, Ceylon, Italy, Norway, Martinique, St. Vincent, Ohio.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...7, 8...11, 12...15...19.. 30.

England:—St. Leonard's Forest; Henfield; Itchenor, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Adm. Jones. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Northern Counties. Rev. J. Harriman. Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Henham; Wrentham; Ickworth; Herringfleet, Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. Horsley-hope Bourn. Messrs. Thornhill & Robertson. Burgh Castle, Suffolk; Scole Inn, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Cawston Church. Sir J. E. Smith. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Haughmond Hill! Shomere Moss! Shropshire.

Scotland :- Invercauld ; Sidlaw Hills! Mr. Gardiner.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Ballygally Head, Antrim. Dr. Moore. Kenmare River. Dr. Taylor. Glengariff. Adm. Jones. Dromore co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

WALES :- Anglesea. Rev. Hugh Davies. Holyhead!

#### F. Thallus K-, C rose-colour.

13. P. faginea, (L.) glaucous-white, thickish, tartareous, effuse or sub-determinate, brown and zonate at the circumference, smooth, rugose; verrucæ convex, confluent, sorediate, margin narrow, obscure, eventually excluded; spores not seen.

On trees and rocks, common.

SYN: -Linn. Sp. Pl. No. 10. (1753.) Turn. & Borr.! Lich. Brit. 64. V. ilicea! Lyell! MS. in herb. Borrer.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1713.

Exs:—M. & N. 264. Mudd 263. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Arctic America. Bot. Prov:—2..5...10...15...30.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest! Mr. Lyell. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Hunter's Hill, Glammis! Mr. Gardiner.

IRELAND: — Near Belfast and Devis Mountain. Mr. Templeton.
Although I have been unable to detect spores, yet the different chemical reaction indicates this to be distinct.

#### G. Thallus K—C—.

14. P. ophthalmiza, Nyl. greyish, thin, smoothish or

slightly rugoso-unequal, verrucæ crowded, small, albo-sorediate; apothecia 1 rarely 2 or 3 in each verruca, lecanoroid, nigricant, thalline margin rugose, or sub-leprose; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid.

On aged pine trees, rare. 1864.

SYN: -Nyl. Scand. 180. (1861.) Flora 1865. p. 354.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- Europe.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Glenfalloch! Messrs Jones & Carroll. (1864).

P. globulifera, (Turn.) greyish, cartilagineomembranaceous, verrucoso-rugose, albo-sorediate, smooth zonate and brown at the circumference; verrucæ large, globular, closed, slightly depressed, lycoperdoid, eventually lacerato-dehiscent, and pseudo-scutelliform, albo-sorediate; spores 1 or 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large.

On trees, rare. 1802.

SYN: - Variolaria, Turner in Linn. Trans. 9. 139. (1808.) Nyl. Scand. 180. Turn & Borr. L. Br. 59, Ach. Syn. 130. V. discoidea, T. & B. ! l. c. 61.

Fig:—Linn. Tr. 9, t. 10. f. 2, E. Bot. 2008. and 1714.

Exs: -Schær. 597. Bohl. 96. Anzi It. S. 346, 347.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Ohio, Tasmania.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...10...19.

ENGLAND: -Yarmouth; and St. Leonards and Danny! Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1802.) Craig-y-Rhiw! and Llanforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. New Forest! Adm. Jones. Malham, Yorkshire. Dr. Carrington. Brantsdale; Kildale, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :- Castlemartyr Deer Park co. Cork. Mr. Car-

roll.

16. P. Hutchinsiæ, (Turn. & Borr.) white or creamcolour, thin, effuse, minutely rugoso-unequal; verrucæ small, crowded, deformed, pseudo-disciform; ostiola large, brownish-black, cæsio-pruinose, depressed, margin lacerate; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large.

On moss in alpine districts, rare. 1812.

SYN: — Thelotrema, Turn. & Borr. L. Br. 178. (1813).

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2652. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 11. f. 1.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

BOT. PROV :- 19.

IRELAND: -Near Bantry! Miss Hutchins. (1812).

17. P. glomulifera, (Borr.) whitish, thin, effuse, verrucæ globoso-obovate, smooth; apothecia 1, ostiola small, punctiform or papillate, depressed, nigricant; spores 4, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On moss in alpine places, rare. Syn:—Leight. Ang. Lich. 30. (1851).

Fig :- Leight. l. c. t. 11. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Highlands!! Mr. Borrer & Dr. Maingay.

18. P. pustulata, (Ach.) grey or greyish olive, smooth, thin, effuse, contiguous or rimose; verrucæ scattered, hemispherical, convex, small; apothecia many, ostiola dark brown, punctiform, slightly depressed; spores 2, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 309. (1810.) Syn. 110. Nyl. Prodr. 195. Leight. Ang. Lich. 30.

Fig:—Leight. l. c. t. 10. f. 4. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3...7...(19-30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Shanklin! Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Braxted; Messing; Yeldham, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Near Dolgelley !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey! Rev. T. Salwey. Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

19. P. leioplaca, (Ach.) glaucous white or pale yellow-ish-brown, membranaceous, smooth, verrucæ scattered, depresso-hemisphærical, large; apothecia 1, ostiola brownish-black, punctiform, slightly depressed; spores 4, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On trees, not uncommon.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 309. excl. var. (1810.) Syn. 110. Nyl, Scand. 181.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 77. f. 675.

Exs:—Hepp 675. Mudd 267. M. & N. 847. Schær, 119. Zw. 291. A.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Scandinavia.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3...5...7.. 10...15...19...24...26...31.

ENGLAND:—Sowerdale;! Hoggatts Wood; Airyholme; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Yoxall Lodge! Staffordshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Shanklin! Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Nesscliffe Hill! Weir Coppice! near Shrewsbury.

SCOTLAND: - Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Castleton. Adm.

Jones.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. Castle Taylor, Galway. Dr. Moore.

WALES :- Craig Breidden!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

20. P. nolens, Nyl. cinereous, smooth, areolato-rimose, determinate; apothecia innate, without thalline prominence, ostiola black, plane, rotundate, oblong or deformed, 2 or more approximate, colourless within; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thecæ cylindrical, intensely blue with iodine.

Externally much like Lecanora cinerea.

On maritime basaltic rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 489.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -30.

IRELAND :- Glenarm co. Antrim! Adm. Jones.

## H. Thallus K brownish, C-.

21. P. fastigiata, (Turn. & Borr.) albido-cinereous, tartareous, thick, consisting of erect closely juxta-posed simple columns, their apices fastigiate, forming an areolate surface, areolæ convex, rough, papillato-sorediate or pulverulent; apothecia 2, 3, 4 or 5; spores not seen.

On siliceous rocks, rare. 1813.

Dr. Taylor Fl. Hib. 2. 114. well describes this lichen his Variolaria polythecia as forming large patches on the rocks, "conspicuous by the crowded and stalked apothecia, placed in contact, like certain basaltic columns." His specimens in the Hook. Herb. at Kew are perfectly identical with the authentic specimens of Isidium oculatum, B fastigiatum of T. & B. Lich, Brit. 103. in the Borrer Herb. A vertical section shewedsufficient to enable us to regard this a Pertusaria, although the microscope failed to discover the spores.

SYN:—Isidium oculatum \( \beta \) fastigiatum, Turn. & Borr.! Lich. Brit. 103. (1813.) Variolaria polythecia, Tayl! Fl. Hib. 2. 114.

Bot. Prov:-19 .. 26.

IRELAND:—Connamara Mr. Mackay. near Bantry! Miss Hutchins. Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor, Boars Head Rocks! Mr. Borrer.

22. P. sublactea, Leight. creamy-yellow, tartareous, thin, undulato-rugose, very slightly rimose; apothecia scattered, distinct, elevated, depresso-convex, albo-sore-diate; spores unknown.

On siliceous rocks, rare. 1813.

This occurs as a single specimen in Borrer Herb. at Kew, under the name of Variolaria lactea. V. lactea and its var. arenaria T. & B! Lich. Brit. 69. have reaction K—C crimson and are referable as states of *P. velata*, Turn. The present lichen has a totally different reaction K pale brownish yellow C— and is no doubt the plant spoken of in the Lich. Brit. p. 72.

SYN :- Turn. & Borr. Lich. Brit. 72. (1813).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND : !- Miss Hutchins & Sir Thos. Gage.

## X. PHLYCTIS, Wallr.

Thallus slightly crustaceous, continuous or pulverulent. Apothecia erumpent, rotundato-difformed, thalline margin indistinct. Spores 1-2, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, murali-divided, large. Spermatia short, slender, straight.

1. P. agelæa, (Ach.) whitish or albo-canescent, thin, subdeterminate or effuse, rugose or sub-leprose or sub-lævigate, rimoso-diffract; apothecia irregular, depressed, scattered or crowded, nigricant, albido-or cæsio-suffused, thalline margin leprose, inflexed, irregularly crenate; spores 2, luteo-fuscescent, ellipsoid, murali-divided, apically mucronate; thallus K yellow, then orange.

On trees, frequent. 1807.

SYN:—Ach. Prod. 30. (1798.) Syn. 117. Nyl. Scand. 184. Variolaria, Turn. & Borr! Lich. Brit. 78.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1730. Hepp Sporen t. 80. f. 703.

Exs:—Nyl. 54. Hepp 703. Mudd 269. Anzi It. S. 345. Rabh. 807. Mass, 206. Zw. 298, Leight. 282.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Italy, Germany, Bavaria, France, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3, 4, 5...10...19...24...26...31.

England:—Yarmouth! Mr. Turner. (1807.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hoggarts Woods! Ingleby; Airyholme Wood! Kildale; Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Hatfield Broad Oak; Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Epping Forest; New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: —Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Adm. Jones. Castle Taylor, Galway. Dr. Moore. Kitsboro'; and Riverstone, Cork. Mr.

Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. P. argena, (Ach.) silvery-grey or cream-colour, thin, effuse, rugose or sublævigate, pulverulent; apothecia orbicular, scattered or crowded, depressed, pulverulent, brown, cæsio-pruinose, thalline margin rugose, inflexed; spores 1, luteo-fuscescent, narrow-oblong or

cylindraceo-oblong, 5-septate, murali-divided, very large; thallus K yellow, then red.

On trees, frequent. 1808.

Syn:—Ach. Prodr. 8, (1798.) Meth, 74. Syn. 47. Nyl. Scand. 184. Variolaria, Turn. & Borr.! L. Br. 75.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 80. f. 75.

Exs:—Hepp 705. Zw. 299. Rabh. 806. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Germany.

Bor. Prov :- 2 . 8.. 10.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Kildale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rcv. A. Bloxam. New Forest and near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

#### SUB-TRIBE VIII. THELOTREMEI.

Apothecia verrucæform, open. Spores 8, muralidivided.

#### XI. THELOTREMA. Ach.

Thallus slightly crustaceous, continuous. Apothecia verrucæform, at first closed, then open, ostiolum rotundo-poriform, margin double, external or thalline one thin, even, internal or proper one membranaceous, lacero-dehiscent, disk urceolate, depressed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, murali-divided.

1. T. lepadinum, Ach. whitish or yellow cream-colour, sub-effuse, smooth or slightly ruguloso-unequal; apothecia hemisphærical, scattered, ostiolum round, open, margin even; disk urceolato-scutelliform, dark-brown, cæsio-pruinose or naked, proper margin lacerate, inflexed; spores 8 colourless, oblongo-fusiform, murali-divided.

On trees, rarely on rocks, frequent. 1800.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 30. (1798.) Syn. 115. Nyl. Scand. 185. Turn. & Borr.! Lich, Brit. 180.

Fig :—E. Bot. 678. Leight, Ang. Lich. t. 12. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær. 121. Bohl. 29. Mudd 268. M. & N. 257. Zw. 352. Nyl. 50, Hepp 948. Leight. 121.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, France, Ger-

many, Spain, Guyana, N. Zealand.

Bot. Prov :-2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.. 10, 11...15...(19-30).

ENGLAND:—Eglestone and Teesdale Forest, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. (1800.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. King's Wood, Roche Abbey! Yorkshire. Mr. Bohler. near Old Ryland! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Baysdale! Airyholme! Hob Hole! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Beverley. Mr. Teesdale. Studley Woods, Yorkshire. Mr. Brun-

ton, New Forest. Mr. Lyell. Costesey near Norwich. Sir W. J. Hooker. St. Leonard's Forest and near Tunbridge Wells. Messrs. Turner & Borrer. Gibside; Ravensworth and Cawsey Woods, Durham; Bearl Wood; East Common Wood and Felton Woods, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: - Common on trees, rare on rocks. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. Cors-y-gedol! Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley!

SCOTLAND: - Loch Katrine, Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma rupestre, T. & B. deep yellow or ochrey, tartareous, dispersed; apothecia deformed, crowded, ostiolum dilated, thalline margin tumid, disk darker brown; spores 1-2.

On rocks, not common. 1813.

Syn:—Turn. & Borr. Lich. Brit 180. (1813.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 32, var. scutelliforme, Ach. L. U. 313. Syn. 115.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 12. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Bor. Prov:—2...7...11.

ENGLAND:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND: —Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. WALES: —Llyn Bodlyn! Rev. T. Salwey.

2. T. subtile, Tuck. whitish or milky-white, macular, somewhat shining; apothecia erumpent, small, white, thalline margin slightly prominent, proper margin albo-pulverulent; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 10-13-celled.

On young oaks and birch, very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Tuck. Suppl. 1. 426. (1858.) Nyl. in Flora 1854. p. 491. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—19. 29.

IRELAND:—Lough Inchiquin co. Kerry; Croghane, Turk Mountain, and Cromaglown, Killarney; near Derrycundry and at the Eagles Nest. Mr. Carroll. (1864.) Glengariff. Adm. Jones. Glenveigh co. Donegal. Dr. Moore.

# TRIBE XV. LECIDEINEI. I. LECIDEA. Ach. Nyl.

Thallus crustaceous, various, squamose, granulose, areolate, powdery or evanescent. Apothecia patellulate, discolored (not black) and biatorine, or black and lecideine, with proper margin, often obliterated, or urceolate and gyalectine. Spermatia acicular, straight or crenate, or shortly cylindrical.

#### A. Spores simple.

\* Thallus squamulose or verrucoso-squamulose.

+ Hypothecium pale or colourless.

1. L. decipiens, Ehrh. reddish-flesh-coloured, squamose, squamules appressed, rotundo-lobate or crenate, flattish, smooth, scattered, margins sub-flexuose, upturned, white as well as the under surface, (K—C—); apothecia marginal, adnate, plano-convex, black, margin thin, entire, soon obliterated; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On the earth among calcareous rocks, not common.

SYN:—Ehrhart in Hedw. Stirp. Crypt. 2. 7. (1789.) Ach. Syn. 52. Nyl, Scand. 214.

Fig :- E. Bot. 870. Hepp Sporen t. 14. f. 120.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 240. Anzi Ven. 56. Welw. Lusit. 95. Mass. 70. M. & N. 58. Schær. 164.

Geog. Distrib:—Italy, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Sweden, Bavaria, Portugal, Algeria, Texas.

Вот. Ркоу:—4.7...11...15.

England:—Gogmagog Hills, Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman.

Scotland:—Highlands. Messrs. Stuart & Don. Ben Lawers.

Dr. Maingay. Killin and Clova. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES: -Gogarth! Great Orme's Head.

2. L. Salweii, Borr. whitish or creamy white, tartareous, effuse or continuous, squamulose, squamules depressed, tumid or granulose, bluntly lobed, appressed, unpolished, minutely innato-granulate, (K yellow C red); apothecia sessile, solitary or clustered, plane, lurid umber-brown, pruinose, margin paler, thin, elevated, flexuose, hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large.

On earth among rocks, frequent. 1825.

Syn:—Borrer! in E. Bot. Suppl. 2861. (1841).

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2861.

Exs: - Zw. 78. Anzi Langob, 171. Larbal. 32.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Switzerland, Lombardy, Arctic America.

Вот, Ркоу:—1, 2.. 7...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Near Sennen, Cornwall. Mr. Ralfs. Valley of Rocks at Linton, N. Devon! Mr. Borrer. near Penzance. Mr. Curnow. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND:—Priest Leap Mountain near Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Wales:—Craig Breiddin, Montgomeryshire. (1825); near Drws y

Nant Isaf; Road from Bala to Dolgelley; Gelli-rhûdd near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Twll-dû. Mr. Borrer.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Guernsey! Rev. T. Salwey. Beauport Bay,

Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

3. L. atro-rufa, (Dicks.) lurido-cinerascent or brownish, adnato-squamulose squamules depressed, or sub-verrucose or sub-imbricate, (K-C-); apothecia fuscous or nigricant, adnate, plano-convex, margin thin, soon obliterated, hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On earth among sub-alpine rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN:—Dicks. Br. Crypt. 4. 22. (1810.) Ach. Syn. 51. Nyl. Scand. 198.

Fig :- E, Bot. 1102. Hepp Sporen t. 15. f. 122.

Exs:—Hepp 122. Th. M. Fries 41. Schær. 171. Fellm. 151. Anzi It. S. 238.

Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Sweden, Switzerland, Austria, E. Lapland, Hungary, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10, 11, 12...19...22...31.

England:—Penrith Fell, Cumberland. Mr. Dickson. (1801.) Eglestone! Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Farndale Moor, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers; Lochnagar; Ben Macdhui; Bennaboord. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers; Crainlarich. Dr.

Holl.

IRELAND :- Mount Douce, Wicklow. Adm. Jones.

WALES :- Cwm Glas ! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

4. L. globifera, (Ach.) fusco-rufous or castaneo-rufescent, squamose, squamules reniform, imbricated, rigid, somewhat shining, rimoso-inculpted, lobate, flexuose, subhorizontal, thickened at the margins, concolorous beneath; apothecia fuscous or black, convex, immarginate, pale within, solitary or aggregate; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On earth in sub-alpine localities, rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 213. (1810.) Syn. 51. Nyl. Scand. 193.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 57. f. 489. Sturm D. Fl. t. 26.

Exs: -Zw. 8. Hepp 489. Schær. 158. Th. M. Fries 40. Anzi Langob. 263.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Scandinavia, Norway, Bavaria, Switzerland,

Lombardy.
Bor. Prov:—14.

Scotland:—Arthur's Seat, Edinburgh; Pentland Hills. Dr. Maingay.

forma rubiformis, (Whlnb.) squamules pale brown, margins and under surface whitish.

On the earth in alpine places, rare. 1864.

Syn: - Whlnb. Fl. Lapp. 479. (1812.) Ach. Syn. 42. Nyl. Scand. 193.

Exs: -Th. M. Fries 39. Anzi Langob. 137.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Norway, Lombardy.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll.

L. rhizobola, Nyl. castaneo-fuscous or lurido-fuscescent, squamose, squamules rigid, rotundate or rotundato-deformed, crenate at the margin, under surface pale or whitish, unequal, with long central radicles; apothecia nigricant, moderate, pale within; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea vinous red with iodine.

On the earth among rocks in alpine districts, rare.

1865.

Allied to L. globifera.

Syn: - Nyl. in Flora. 1865. p. 4. Crombie En. 64.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe.

Bot. Prov:—7 ..15. Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. WALES: -Glyder Vach, Snowdonia.

L. glaucolepidea, Nyl. glauco-virescent, membranaceous, squamulose, squamules scattered, ascending, rounded, margins inciso-lobate and crenate, soredifferous; apothecia large, adnate, solitary, reddish-black, convex, or cephaloid, depressed in the centre, margin obliterated; hypothecium thick, pale brown; spores 8, colourless, ovate or elliptical, simple.

On mountain turfy ground, rare. 1812.

Thallus like a Cladonia.

SYN:-Nyl. Enum. Gen. Suppl. 337. (1857.) Carroll in Nat. Hist. Rev. 1859. p. 326. Mudd Man. 171.

Fig :—Nat. Hist. Rev. 1859. t. 32. f. 2. 3. a. b. c.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe. Bot. Prov:-19...30.

IRELAND: -Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. (1812.) South side of Crochan Mountain! 4 m. from Ballintoy co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

L. armeniaca, (DC.) pale ochraceo-lutescent, areolato-diffract, areolæ sub-squamoso-verrucose, plane or subconvex, smooth, hypothallus black; apothecia innate, nearly plane, immarginate, moderate; hypothecium dusky or colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple; thallus K orange yellow, C red.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—L. armeniaca var. aglæoides, Nyl. Delp. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. vol. 10. p. 265. (1863) Crombie Enum. 83.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Prov:—15.

Scotland:—Craig Calliach, East Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

8. L. nigro-glomerata, Leight. albido-glaucescent, sub-areolate, squamulose, squamules very small, confluent around the glomerations of apothecia, otherwise dispersed, adnato-appressed, plano-convex or depressed, smooth and shining, crenulate, (K yellow C yellow); hypothallus black, appearing only on the margins of the squamules; apothecia black, large, numerously conglomerate, deformed by close proximity, shining, convex, internally colourless, margin thickish, slightly paler, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium colourless, with only a small dusky-blackish lateral excipulum, which is often continuous under the colourless hypothecium as a thin dusky line; paraphyses crowded, distinct; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, moderate.

On alpine quartzose rocks, very rare. 1870.

Approaching L. rusticula, Nyl. in general habit and appearance, but that is a much more minute lichen, with a granular thallus and fuscous hypothecium. Externally with a general resemblance to L. diducens, Nyl., but distinct by the character of the squamulose thallus, the colourless hypothecium, the larger spores, and the apothecia being internally colourless.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben-y-Gloe. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1870).

## ++ Hypothecium dark.

9. L. lurida, (Swartz.) lurido-fuscescent, imbricato-squamose, squamules rigescent, sub-horizontal, sub-orbicular, smooth, sinuato-lobate, under surface white; apothecia nigro-fuscous, adnate, plane or convex, margin thin, flexuose, soon obliterated; hypothecium thick, darkbrown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On earth among calcareous rocks. 1793.

SYN: -Swartz Nov. Act. Upsal. 4. 247. (1784.) Ach. Syn. 51. Nyl. Scand. 192.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1329. Sturm D. Fl. t. 27. Hepp Sporen t. 14, f.

121.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 239. Dicks. 25. Mass. 67, 68. Nyl. 131. M. & N. 643. Hepp 121. Schær. 157. Larbal. 31.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Italy, Pyrenees, Hungary, France,

Switzerland, Bavaria, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу: -1.. 12...15...23 ..26...31.

ENGLAND:—Cumberland. Mr. Dickson. (1793.) Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Middleton! Teesdale. Mr. Robertson. Babbicombe! Mr. Borrer. Buxton; Malham. Dr. Carrington. Bathford Hill, Bath. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Craig Guie. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

IRELAND :- Glasnevin!; near Galway. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—On Janvrin's Tomb; Portelet Bay, Rozel, Jersey!; near Gouliot Caves, Sark; Rocquarie Hill, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

10. L. Friesii, Ach. brownish-olive, cartilaginous, diffuse, glebuloso-squamose, squamules scattered or crowded, convexo-gibbous, smooth and polished; apothecia black, prominently sessile on the squamules, margin thickish, flexuose and incurved; hypothecium dark-brown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, minute; thallus K—C orange.

On trees and palings, rare. 1854.

SYN:—Ach. in Liljebl. Sv. Fl. p. 610. (1816.) Nyl. Scand. 213. L. myrmecina, Fr. L. Ref. 344. L. Caradocensis, Mudd (non Leight.) Man. 169.

Fig :- Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. ser. 3. 14, t. 9, f. 8, 9, 11.

Exs:—Mudd 142. Fries 28. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden,

Вот. Ркоу:-10.

ENGLAND:—Farndale! Stogdale! Kildale! Baysdale! Cleveland; Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd.

11. L. ostreata, (Hffm.) pale olive, squamulose, squamules imbricate, ascending or sub-erect, reniform, smooth, crenate, margins and under surface albo-granulato-pulverulent; apothecia black, opake, plane, adnate, slightly glauco-pruinose, margin flexuose; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, minute; thallus K—C crimson.

On trees and palings, frequent. 1805.

SYN:—Hoffm. D. Fl. 2. 163. (1795.) Nyl. Scand. 242. L. scalaris, Ach. Syn. 52.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1501,

Exs ;—Zw. 77. Mudd 141. Anzi It. S. 236. M. & N. 1326. Schær. 467. Leight. 56.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Sweden, Bavaria, E. Lapland,

Italy, Austria, Switzerland, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-3, 4, 5...10.

ENGLAND:—Near Halesworth, Suffolk. Mr. Turner. Eton. Mr. Gotobed. Henham, Suffolk. Mr. Turner. Oggeray Gill!; Westerdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Thorndon Hall Park! Essex. Mr. Piggott. Hay Park! Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ursenby! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. near Worcester, Dr. Holl. Hendon; Finchley; Hampstead; Epping; Totteridge; near Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Caer Caradoc! Eastern base of Wrekin! Shropshire.

12. L. mamillaris, (Gouan) white, thick, tartareous, verrucoso-or areolato-squamulose, areolæ sub-lobato-plicate, turgid and convex, cancellato-insculpted or rimose; apothecia on the margins of the areolæ, sessile, black, plane, naked, margin thin, eventually obliterated; hypothecium nearly black, thick; spores 8, colourless, elongato-ellipsoid, simple or obscurely bilocular; thallus K—C—.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1791.

SYN :- Gouan Montp. 88. (1796.) Nyl. Prodr. 120.

Fig :- Linn. Trans. 1. t. 4. f. 3.

Exs: -Scher. 575. Mass. 29. Anzi It. S. 245.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Algeria.

Bot. Prov:—1.

ENGLAND :- Babbicombe, Devon. Adm. Jones. Upton! near Tor-

quay, Devon. Dr. Deakin.

13. L. intumescens, (Flot.) fusco-cinereous or cervino-fuscescent, determinate, sub-squamoso-plicato-verruculose, areolato-diffract; apothecia black, numerous, crowded, minute, innato-appressed, plane, margin thin, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

In insulated patches between the thallus of Lecanora

glaucoma on rocks, frequent. 1854.

SYN:—L. badia v. intumescen s, Flot. Lich. Siles. No. 175. (1829.) Nyl. Scand. 231. L. insularis, Nyl. Bot. Not. 1852. p. 177.

Fig:—Mudd Man. t. 3. f. 76.

Exs:—Nyl. 58. Leight. 161. Mudd 174. Rabh. 749. Anzi Langob. 330.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Sweden, Austria, Westphalia. Bor. Prov:—5...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Cliffrigg! Lounsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oakham Dingle! near Church Stretton; Pontesford Hill! Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Portlethen, Coast of Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

14. L. lugubris, Smmrf. fusco-cinereous, cartilaginous, thickish, squamuloso-areolate, granuloso-concrete, glebuloso-diffract; apothecia black, opake, superficial, plane, margin thick, entire, hymenium cinerascent; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, sphærical, simple, minutely multi-nucleolate.

On sub-alpine rocks, rare. 1856.

SYN:—Sommerfelt Suppl. Fl. Lapp, 143. pr. p. (1826.) Nyl! Obs. Holm. 176. Scand. 232. 293. Lindsay in Micr. Journ. 5. 177.

Fig:-Micr. Journ. 5. t. 11.

Exs: -Fries L. S. 351. Mudd 183. Th. M. Fries 19.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Sweden, Norway, Finland, Bavaria, Prussia.

Bor. Prov :- 10...15.

ENGLAND:—Old wall east of Cook's Monument! Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Cronkley Scar, Yorkshire. Mr. Martindale.

SCOTLAND:—West of village of Braemar co. Aberdeen. Dr. Lindsay. (1856.) Ben Lawers! Mr. Hugh Macmillan. Castleton! Braemar. Adm. Jones. Foot of Ben-y-gloe; Glen Fender; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

15. L. fuliginosa, Tayl. dark-brown or fusco-rufescent, glebuloso-squamulose, pulvinulo-conglomerate, hypothallus nigro-fuscous, sub-byssoid; apothecia black, small, solitary or aggregate, plano-convex, margin thin, soon obliterated, internally blackish; hypothecium brownish-black, thick; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, minute.

On rocks, frequent. 1836.

SYN: - Tayl. ! Fl. Hib. 2. 131. (1836.) L. confusa, Nyl. Scand. 216.

Exs:-Leight. 305.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Bot. Prov:—5...7.. 15...19.

ENGLAND:—Caer Caradoc! High Rock! near Bridgnorth, Shrop-shire.

SCOTLAND :- Crianlarich. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron; Carig! Mountains! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. (1836.) Glengariff; Dunmanway! Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Between 4 & 5 milestone between Barmouth and Dolgelley! Rev. T. Salwey. Barmouth! Cader Idris!

\*\* Thallus scurfy.

16. L. advertens, Nyl. olivaceo-nigricant, indetermi-

nate, thin, furfuraceous, byssoid; apothecia black, minute, at length sub-convex and immarginate, concolorous within; hypothecium black or fuscous-black; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, small; paraphyses indistinct, gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On calcareous alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1866, p. 419.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

Wales: - Llyn Aran! Cader Idris. (1866).

17. L. dispansa, Nyl. black, thin, furfuraceous, rimulose; apothecia numerous, minute, scattered, sessile, black, plane, margin thin, smooth; hypothecium thin, nigrofuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On water-washed sandstone boulders, in sub-alpine

localities, rare. 1854.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 86. L. expansa, Nyl. in Leight. Exs. 186. Mudd Man. 208.

Exs :- Leight. 186. Mudd 176.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10.. 19...31.

England:—Near Battersby! and near Roseberry! Cleveland, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. near Bewdley, Worcestershire. Dr. Holl. IRELAND:—Near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Rozel, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

18. L. sylvicola, (Flot.) cinereous or pale yellowish-tawny, thin, furfuraceous, rimulose, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia black, small, convex, immarginate, solitary or 2-3-connate, colourless within; hypothecium nigricant; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colorless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous red with iodine.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN:—Flot. Lich. Siles, No. 171. (1829.) Nyl. Lapp. or. 185. Crombie Enum. 69.

Exs :- Larbal. 84. Arn. 409. a.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...7... 31.

ENGLAND :- Buckfastleigh, Devon. Mr. Holmes.

Wales :- Nant Gwynant ! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Peter's Valley, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. infidula, Nyl. whitish; apothecia livido-nigricant, cinerascent within; hypothecium paler.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 475. Crombie Enum, 69.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...7...31.

ENGLAND: Buckfastleigh, Devon. Dr. Holl.

WALES ; — Dolgelley! Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Rozel Manor, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

19. L. sympathetica, Tayl. pale brown, sub-determinate, tartareous, thickish, plane, rimuloso-areolate, furfuraceous, (K yellow C yellow); apothecia black, numerous, distinct, small, sub-innate, rugose, margin indistinct, rugose; hypothecium thick, black or brownish-black; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On sandstone blocks in maritime localities, rare

1831.

SYN:—Tayl. MS. in herb. Borrer! L. prominula β. Borr! E. B. Suppl. 2687. Hook. Br. Fl. 2. 176.

Fig :—E. Bot. Suppl. 2687. fig. 1. (2 left hand figs).

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2...5...7...19.

ENGLAND:—Rye! Mr. Borrer. Wenlock! Shropshire. IRELAND:—Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor in herb. Borrer.

WALES :- Llandudno!

20. L. crustulata, (Ach.) pale brownish or greyish, very thin, tartareous, effuse, slightly rimuloso-areolate, furfuraceous, (K—C—); apothecia very numerous, scattered, sessile, plane, black, margin thin, entire; hypothecium thick, brownish-black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On sandstone rocks, rare.

Syn:—Lecidea parasema var. crustulata, Ach. Syn. 18. (1817.) L. crustulata, Mudd Man. 209. (1861).

Exs:—Mudd 177. Leight. 333. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :-1...3...10...19,

ENGLAND:—Larch Bank! near Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND:—Killcully! Cork. Mr. Carroll. O'Donoghue's Prison!

Killarney. Dr. Taylor.

21. L. trochodes, Tayl. rust-brown, thin, leprosotartareous, slightly rimose, indeterminate; apothecia black, small, roundish, uneven, margin tumid, uneven; hypothecium thick, black; spores 8, fuscous, elliptico-oblong, simple, large.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare. 1836.

SYN:—Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 259. (1836.) Leight. Brit. Graph, p. 13. (1854).

Fig :- Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 8.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—19.

IRELAND: - Carig Mountain! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor in herb. Borrer.

22. L. limosa, Ach. cinerascent, subleprose, thin, effuse; apothecia black, opake, naked, convex, internally cinerascent; hypotheciam slightly fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, or fusiformi-ellipsoid, simple.

On the earth in mountain ranges, rare. 1870.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 26. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 221. Crombie En. 75.

Exs:-Fellm. 166.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, Lapland.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland :- Ben Lawers; Ben Macdhui. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

#### \*\*\* Thallus powdery.

23. L. lucida, Ach. citrine yellow or virescent, thin, effuse, leproso-pulverulent; apothecia minute, pale waxy yellow, plane or convex, immarginate; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ovoid or narrowly obovate, simple, minute; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then vinous-red with iodine.

On shady rocks, stone walls, earth and mosses, common. 1803.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 39. (1798.) Syn. 48. Nyl. Scand. 195.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1550, Hepp Sporen t. 56. f. 484.

Exs:—Hepp 484. Zw. 92. Schær. 225. Larbal. 36. Anzi Langob. 123.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, Silesia, Switzerland, Germany, Lombardy, Russia.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3 ..5.. 7...9...15...19...31.

England:—Woolton, Allerton, &c. near Liverpool. Sir. J. E. Smith. (1803.) Cuckfield, Sussex; Tunbridge Wells. Mr. Borrer. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Cavley Bridge road, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Knightsford Bridge, Worcestershire; Croesfaen near Monmouth. Dr. Holl. Haughmond Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Blair Athole; Falls of Tummel, Rev. J. M. Crom-

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bic.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Garth near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl, between Bala and Dolgelley! Talyllyn Pass! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel Manor! Jersey; Guernsey; Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

> \*\*\*\* Thallus granulate. + Hypothecium colourless.

24. L. prominula, Borr. pale tawny brown, determinate, somewhat tartareous, thin, minutely granulate, (K vellow C vellow); apothecia black, numerous, crowded but distinct, small, sessile, plane, opake, margin obtuse, entire, slightly flexuose and polished, internally grey or pale brownish; excipulum nigro-fuscous, lateral only; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipticooblong, simple.

On flints, not common.

Syn:—a, Borrer! in E. Bot. Suppl. 2687. (1831.) Hook. Br. Fl. 2. 175. Mudd Man. 203.

Fig: E. Bot. Suppl. 2687. fig. 1. (2 right hand figs).

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe. Bor. Prov: -1, 2.

ENGLAND: -Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Exmouth; Haldon,

Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

25. L. parissima, Nyl. cinereo-virescent, thin, granulose, effuse; apothecia black, innato-sessile, numerous, minute, scattered, simple or congregate, plano-convex, internally pale, margin obliterated; hypothecium pale or merely a thin brown line; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, oblong or fusiform-oblong, simple, minute; gelatina hymenea vinous-yellow with iodine.

On old palings, rare. 1870.

SYN:-Nyl. in litt. 1870. Cromb, in Linn. Journ. 11. 484.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -3.

ENGLAND :- Golder's Green, Hendon! Middlesex. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (May, 1870.)

26. L. tenera, Nyl. cinereo-virescent, thin, unequal or sub-granulato-unequal, indeterminate, rimulose; apothecia pale, minute, plane, margin paler, nearly white; spores 8, colour!ess, oblong or sub-bacillar, simple (or obsoletely and spuriously, 1-septate); paraphyses few, rather thick, apex incrassate or clavate; epithecium and hypothecium colourless; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On wet maritime granitic rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN:—Nyl, in Flora 1869. p. 83. Crombie En. 70. Linn. Journ. 11. p. 483.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—S. of the Bay of Nigg, Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868).

Spermatia oblong. Allied to, though distinct from, L. globulosa.

Flk.

27. L flexuosa, (Fries.) albido-cinereous or cinereous, granulose or evanescent, effuse, thin; apothecia black, plane, scattered, sessile, margin thin, flexuose, whitish within; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, minute; gelatina hymenea dilutely cærulescent then slightly fulvo-rubescent.

On old pines and wood, frequent.

SYN: - Fries L. E. 268. Nyl. Scand. 197. Mudd Man. 197.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 56. f. 486.

Exs:-Nyl. 53. Hepp 486. Anzi Langob. 63.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Switzerland, Bavaria, Lombardy, Sweden, Scandinavia, Central Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:-10...15.

ENGLAND:—Lounsdale; Kildale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Hendon, Middlesex, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

SCOTLAND :- Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma æruginosa, (Borr.) granules of thallus dissolved into dark verdigris-green powder, and forming a rimoso-diffract crust.

On decaying rails, common. 1831.

SYN:—Borrer in E. Bot. Suppl. 2682. (1831.) Mudd Man. 197.

Fig :—E. Bot. Suppl. 2682. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2...5...10 ..20.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1831.) Ayton Moor! Stogdale! Baysdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Treflach Hall! Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Dunsford, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Bromsgrove Lickey! Warwickshire; near Shrewsbury!

IRELAND :- Glanmire! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

28. L. conglomerata, Fr. pale-green or greyish-green, granulose, thin, effuse; apothecia minute, very numerous, solitary or conglomerate, convex, pale brown or reddish-brown, immarginate; spores 8, colourless, narrow, cylindrical or oblongo-cylindrical, simple.

On trees, not common.

SYN: -Fries S. V. S. p. 112. (1846.) Mudd Man. 194.

Exs :- Leight. 151.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2 .. 8.

ENGLAND: -Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Shanklin! Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey.

29. L. ochrococca, Nyl. lutescenti-ochraceous, granulose, effuse, granules small, contiguous or sub-dispersed, firm; apothecia rufous or rufescent, plane, margin obtuse or indistinct, whitish within; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform, simple, small; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On pine trees, rare. 1861.

SYN:—Nyl. in Ofvers. V. Ak. Förk. 1860. p. 297; Scand. 206. Mudd Man. 194.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Norway.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND; —Glenfalloch! Mr. Carroll. Inverouran. Adm. Jones. (1861).

30. L. spododes, Nyl. greenish-yellow, thin, granulate, somewhat evanescent (K—C—); apothecia cinereous or sordid pale, small, convex, immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea blue then vinous red with iodine.

On old pales, rare. 1869.

Closely allied to L. denigrata, Fr. and probably a sub-species, though externally distinct.

SYN: - Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 7. p. 233. (1869.) Enum.

70. Linn. Journ. 11. p. 484. Geog. Distrib :—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-2.

ENGLAND:—Near Lyndhurst! in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

31. L. decolorans, Flk. whitish or glauco-cinerascent, thin, incrusting, effuse, minutely granulose and leprose or pulverulent, or more largely granuloso-verrucose and smooth; apothecia very variable in colour, form and size, brick-reddish, cinereo-carneous, livido-fuscous, pallido-fuscescent, nigricant or fuscous-black, scattered or conglomerate, appressed, plane and with a flexuose entire margin, or convex and immarginate, whitish within; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct.

On the earth in hilly and sub-alpine localities, common. 1793.

The state in which the thallus has larger smooth granules or verrucæ is L. decolorans var. granulosa, Whlnb. Lapp. 477. and Ach. Syn. 38. and is found in the same places with the minutely granuloso-leprose state and both appear to pass insensibly into each other. The chemical reaction (K yellow C yellow) might lead us to connect this with L. coarctata, glebulosa, &c., and perhaps they are all forms or states of one and the same lichen.

SYN:—Flk. in Berl. Mag. 1809. p. 193. Ach. Syn. 37. Nyl. Scand. 197 L. quadricolor, Dicks. Br. Cr. 3. p 15.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1185.

Exs: -- Schær. 213. 214. Anzi It. S. 247. M. & N. 551. Mudd

165. Leight. 59. Tuck. 45. Rabh. 730. Anzi Langob. 170.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Bavaria, Hungary, Lombardy, Italy, Switzerland, Brazils, Sweden, Russia, Scandinavia, White Mountains, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...10, 11...15...19, 20...22, 23...30. England:—Lound near Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Eggleston, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Cliffrigg! Baysdale! Stogdale! Guisbro' Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Craigforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest; near Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Dartmoor. Mr. Holmes. Stiperstones Hill! Laurence Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland: - Scottish Mountains, Mr. Dickson. (1793.) Brae-

mar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast, Mr. Templeton. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. near Bantry, Miss Hutchins. co. Wicklow. Dr. Moore. Doneraile Mountains co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Dublin Mountains. Adm. Jones.

32. L. vernalis, Ach. whitish or albido-cinerascent, very thin, unequal or sub-granuloso-unequal or evanescent; apothecia rufous or pallido-rufous, moderate, scattered or crowded, convex, immarginate, palish within; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoideo-oblong, simple; paraphyses indistinct.

On mosses &c. frequent.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 68. (1803.) Syn. 36. Nyl, Scand. 200.

Exs: -Fellm, 153. Tuck, 44, M. & N. 845.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, Sweden, E. Lapland, Hungary, North America, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...15...31.

ENGLAND :- Common in Shropshire!

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers; Bennaboord. Rev. J. M. Crombie. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma subduplex, Nyl. similar to the type, but with a

few uniseptate spores mixed with the more numerous simple ones.

On mosses, &c. 1870.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. 201. (1861.) Crombie En. 68.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Central Counties. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

33. L. dubia, Borr. pallido-virescent, thin, effuse, minutely granuloso-pulverulent, rimulose, (K yellow C orange red); apothecia black, moderate, scattered or confluent, sub-immersed or sub-sessile, plano-convex, margin soon obliterated, cærulescent within; hypothecium nearly colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea intense blue with iodine.

On old palings, not common. 1813.

SYN :- Borrer in E. Bot. 2547. (1813).

Fig :- E. Bot. 2547.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-3, 4, 5.

ENGLAND:—Norfolk and around London. Mr. Borrer. (1813.)
Overton! near Ludlow, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Essex! Mr.
Piggott. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Pembridge!
Herefordshire.

34. L. turgidula, Fr. whitish, very thin, effuse, minutely granuloso- or leproso-pulverulent, often evanescent; apothecia fusco-nigricant or fusco-rufescent, slightly cæsio-pruinose, small, plane or convex, immarginate, solitary or congregate, sub-innato-sessile; hypothecium yellowish pale brown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or ellipsoideo-oblong, simple, small; gelatina hymenea intense blue then violet with iodine.

On pine trees and old wood, not common.

Syn:—Fr. Sched. Crit. 1. p. 10. (1824.) Nyl. Scand. 201. Mudd Man. 201.

Exs:—Fries 25. Nyl. 142. Mudd 171. Anzi Venet. 74. It. S. 273. Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, France, Italy, Arctic America, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...5. .10...15.

England:—Baysdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Shropshire!

SCOTLAND :- Killin and Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

35. L. prasina, (Fries) dull green or yellowish-green, minutely granuloso-pulverulent, effuse; apothecia minute,

hemispherical, livid-brown or nigricant, immarginate; hypothecium pale yellowish brown; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On trees towards the bases, not uncommon.

SYN; -Micarea prasina, Fr. S. O. V. 257. (1825., Mudd Man. 196

Exs: - Mudd 164. Zw. 9.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Germany, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:-5.. 10.

England:—Hoggarts Wood! Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wapley Hill,! Herefordshire.

36. L. quernea, (Dicks.) yellowish or pale fusco-flavescent, minutely granuloso-pulverulent, effuse, thin, (K yellow C orange-red); apothecia fuscous or fusco-rubescent, moderate, scattered, sub-immersed, plano-convex, immarginate, concolorous within; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On aged oaks, not unfrequent. 1785.

SYN: - Dicks. Br. Crypt. 19. (1785.) Ach. Syn. 36. Nyl. Scand. 196.

Fig :- E. Bot. 485. Dicks. Br. Cr. t. 2. f. 3. Mudd Man. t. 3. fig. 75.

Exs:—Hepp 494. Schær. 582. Nyl. 134. Welw. Lusit. 53. Anzi Etr. 40. Leight. 61. Larbal, 37, Mass. 311. Bohl. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Portugal, Italy, Sweden.

Bot. Prov: -1...3, 4, 5...10, 11...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Norfolk. Mr. Dickson. (1785.) Easby Wood! Guisbro' Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. between Thirsk and Woodend! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Middleton! near Oswestry, Shropshire; Wood opposite the Lodge, Herefordshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Newcastle, Northumberland. Newton Cap Wood near Bishop Auckland, Durham. Mr. Winch. Haldon and Stoke Wood, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. near Worcester; near Malvern; Fairlight near Hastings; Kings Kerswell, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Kelvedon; Easthorpe, Essex. Mr. Varenne, Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Rosall near Exhall. Mr. Purton, Bedfordshire. Rev. C. Abbot, Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. New Forest, very abundant. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Nesscliffe Hill! Haughmond Hill! Bayston Hill! Sutton! near Shrewsbury.

IRELAND :- Butler's town river! Castlebernard, Bandon, and in

Lord Kinmare's Deer Park, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel; St. John's; Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey.

37. L. viridescens, (Schrad.) pallido-virescent, thin, effuse, minutely granuloso-pulverulent (K yellow C crimson red); apothecia fuscous, black, moderate, scattered or confluent, sessile or sub-immersed, more or less convex, mar-

gined when young, subsequently sub-immarginate, obscure or palish-brown within; hypothecium pale-brown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On old stumps and pales, not common.

SYN: -Schrad. Spicil. 88. (1794.) Ach, Syn. 36. Nyl, Scand. 206.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 84. f. 731. Exs:—Hepp 731. Anzi Langob. 176.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Hungary, Lombardy, Sweden.

Bot. Prov:-1, 2...5.

ENGLAND:—New Forest; and near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton.

L. sanguinaria, (L.) whitish or cinerascent, moderate or thickish, sub-tartareous, granuloso-unequal or granuloso-concrescent (K yellow); apothecia black, convex, immarginate, greyish within, medulla of thallus underneath vermillion-red; hypothecium thin, pale-yellowish; spores 1, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, very large, minutely granulose, epispore broad; paraphyses indistinct; asci and epispore blue with iodine.

On trees and rocks, frequent.

SYN :-- Linn. Sp. Plant No. 4. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 19. Nyl. Scand.

Fig:—E. Bot. 155. Hffm. Pl. L. t. 41. f. 1. Hepp Sporen t. 56.

Exs:—Fellm. 204. Hepp 483. M. & N. 842. Schær. 231. Mud 184. Anzi It. S. 263, Leight. 307.

Geog. Distrib:—Scandinavia, E. Lapland, Sweden, Switzerland,

Pyrenees, Italy.

Bot. Prov:—2...5.. 7, 8...10, 11, 12...14, 15...19...23. ENGLAND:—Cromford Moor near Matlock. Sir. J. E. Smith. Carlton Bank; Baysdale; Kildale, Ingleby Park! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Hay Park! Herefordshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Brimham Rocks near Ripon. Mr. Brunton. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Hedgehope and Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Murton Crags, Northumberland. Dr. G. Johnston. Black Edge near Buxton. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Vinean! Craig-y-Barns! Dunkeld! Dr. Lindsay. Balmuto, Pentland Hills. Dr. Greville. Killin; Crian-

larich. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: - Lough Bay near Dublin, Mr. Templeton. Turk Mountain, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Cader Idris. Dr. Holl. Barmouth!

L. enteroleuca, Ach. albido-virescent, crustaceous, granulose, areolato-rimulose, sub-furfuraceous, or evanescent (K yellow C-); apothecia black, numerous, crowded, small, sessile, plane or plano-convex, margin thin, smooth, paler, eventually obliterated; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, broadly oblong, simple, with 2 nuclei.

On rocks and stone walls, frequent.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 177. (1810.) Syn. 19. Nyl. Scand, 217.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 3. f. 6.

Exs':—Leight. 330. Zw. 13, 14. Scher. 531. Mudd 172. Hepp 6. 129. Anzi Venet. 76. Nyl. 57.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Switzerland, Germany, Italy, France, Pyrenees, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...3.5...7.. 10...26...31.

ENGLAND:—Near Battersby! Mr. Mudd. Llanforda! near Oswestry; Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. Devon, Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Copford, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Tong Priory Walls! Leebotwood! Haughmond Hill! Brown Clee Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Loughcooter, Galway. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth! Holyhead! Conway!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbales-

40. L. minuta. (Schær.) greenish-whitish or cream-coloured, very thin, granulate, indeterminate or obsolete; apothecia minute, numerous, scattered, adnate, plane, pallido-testaceous, reddish or nearly black when old, and then convex and immarginate; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, elliptical or oblong, simple, minute.

On trees, not common.

SYN: -Schær, Spicil. 170. (1833.) Enum. 139. Mudd Man. 195. Nyl. Lapp. Or. 145. Biatora sylvana, Körb. S. L. G. 200.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 4. f. 17. and t. 56. f. 487.

Exs: - Hepp 17. 487. Arn. 47. Mudd 163. Leight. 298. 326.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3, 5.10..15.

ENGLAND : - Airyholme Wood!; Hoggarts Wood, Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1854.) New Forest; Isle of Wight. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Malvern. Dr. Holl. Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Scotland: - (f. saxicola) Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. sarcopsioides, (Mass.) dirty-white or sub-virescent, granulose, effuse; apothecia dark-violet, globulose, cæsio-pruinose.

On old posts, &c. rare.

SYN: -Mass. Ric. 128. (1852.) Arn. in Flora 1863. p. 330. Crombie En. 69.

Fig:—Mass. Ric. fig. 252. Exs:—Anzi Venet. 61. 62. Geog. Distrib:—Italy. Bot. Prov:—2...10.

ENGLAND: -Shanklin; Lyndhurst; Rev. J. M. Crombie. Cleveland, Mr. Mudd.

41. L. aphana, Nyl. grey, thin, sub-verrucoso- or sub-granuloso-unequal, indeterminate; apothecia black, rather small, slightly convex, immarginate, albicant within; hypothecium colourless or sometimes slightly violaceo-fuscescent in the lower portion; epithecium violaceo-fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple, minute; thalamium vaguely violaceo-fuscescent; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1865.

Externally comparable with L. sylvicola, but quite distinct.

SYN:-Nyl, in Flora 1867. p. 327. Crombie En. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -24.

IRELAND: -Near Kilkee! co. Clare. Mr. Carroll. (1865).

42. L. aphanoides, Nyl. darkly olivaceo-cinerascent, thin, sub-verrucoso- or sub-granuloso-unequal, indeterminate or sub-evanescent; apothecia black, smallish, slightly convex, immarginate, naked, whitish within; hypothecium colourless or slightly rubricoso-rufescent in lower portion; epithecium cærulescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thalamium cærulescent; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then violaceo-rubescent with iodine.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare. 1868.

Approaching L. aphana, Nyl. but with a differently colored thalamium and smaller spores, &c.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora (1868.) p. 476. Crombie En. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Craig Guie, ! Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1868).

43. L. melanochroza, Leight. luteo-virescent, thin, effuse, minutely unequally granulose, almost furfuraceous; apothecia very minute, fuscous or nigro-fuscous, scattered, sub-innato-sessile, convex, immarginate, internally pale-violet-black as if stained with pale ink; hypothecium col-

ourless; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colourless, very minute, ellipsoid, simple.

On decaying larch pales, rare. 1870. Syn:—Crombie in Seem. Journ. 11, 178. (1871.)

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland:—Near Loch Tummel! Perthshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (Aug. 1870).

## ++ Hypothecium dark.

44. L. sanguineo-atra, (Ach. pr. p.) cinerascent or virescenti-cinerascent, granulose, thin or sub-continuous or obsolete; apothecia sanguineous-black or fuscous-black or fusco-rufescent, moderate, convex, immarginate, fusco-nigricant within, hymenium paler or pallescent; hypothecium thick, fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple.

On mosses, trees and earth, in sub-alpine localities,

not frequent.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 50. (1803.) Nyl. Prodr. 106. Scand. 199.

Exs:-Nyl. 52. Arn. 229. Anzi Langob. 181.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, Sweden, France, Pyrenees, Switzerland, Bavaria, Lombardy, Algeria, Arctic America, Great Bear Lake.

Вот, Ркоу: -7...10...15...19.. 30.

ENGLAND:—Broughton Bank and Hoggarts Wood, Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers! Rev. Churchill Babington. Glen Fal-

loch. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: —Deer Park, Belfast. Dr. Dickie. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins.

Wales:—Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

45. L. fusca, (Schær.) viridulo-cinerascent, dispersogranulate, thin, evanescent; apothecia fuscescent or nigricant, opake, adnate, at first plane with a thin elevated margin, then convex and immarginate; hypothecium luteo-fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, oblong or fusiformioblong, simple; paraphyses distinct, filiform.

On dead mosses, in mountainous regions, rare.

SYN:—Schær. Enum. 140. (1850.) Fr. Arct. 195. Nyl. Lapp. Or. 143.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Switzerland, E. Lapland.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

46. L. mæstula, Nyl. darkly cinerascent, thin, de-

presso-subgranulate or evanescent; apothecia black, minute, crowded, plane or convex, immarginate, colourless within; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; epithecium colourless; hypothecium entirely fusco-obscurate; gelatina hymenea slightly blue then vinous-red with iodine.

1868. On palings &c. rare.

Approaching L. myriocarpoides, Nyl.; L. dispansa, Nyl.; and L. turgidula, Fr.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1868, p. 344. Crombie En. 69.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND: - Near Lyndhurst in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868).

47. L. parasema, (Ach.) whitish or cinereous or greenish-yellow, sub-determinate, often nigro-limitate, thin, smooth or granulose (K yellow C orange-reddish); apothecia black, small, plane or sub-convex, margin thin, smooth, at length obliterated; hypothecium fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, with one or two nuclei.

On trees, old palings, occasionally on rocks, and walls, frequent.

SYN: -Ach, L. U. 175. in part (1810.) Nyl. Scand, 216.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1450, in part.

Exs :- Leight. 327. 328. 329. Schær. 530. Mudd 169. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Sweden, France, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov:—1...3...5...7...10.. (19—30)...31. ENGLAND:—Airyholme Wood! Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Stannor Hill! Herefordshire; Shropshire!

SCOTLAND:—Common. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND: —Common. Mr. Carroll. Wales :- Barmouth ! Dolgelley !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: — Common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. latypea, Ach. whitish or sub-cinereous or almost evanescent, effuse, unequal, granulato-arcolate (K yellow C orange-red); apothecia black, sessile.

On rocks, not common.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. Suppl. 10. (1803.) Syn. 14. Nyl. Scand. 217.

Exs:—Leight. 331.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Norway, Sweden. Bot. Prov:—5...15...19...30, 31. England :- Lyth Hill; Shropshire. Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Coast of Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Brandon Mountain. Mr. Carroll. co. Down. Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- La Coupe! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. elæochroma, Ach. greenish-yellow or yellow or greyish-green, effuse or nigro-limitate, granulose or granuloso-furfuraceous and cracked, (K yellow C orange-reddish); apothecia black, small, numerous, plane or convex, margin thin, afterwards obliterated.

On trees, frequent.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 275. (1810.) Syn. 18. Nyl. Scand. 217.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1450. in part.

Exs:—Leight. 126. Mudd 170. Nyl. 140. Zw. 128. Bohl. 45. Maudon 4. M. & N. 746.

Geog. Distrib:—France, Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...8...10 ...15, 16. ..19, 20...31.

England:—Ayton! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Ulting and Hatfield! Mr. Piggott. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Lyston; Witham! Feering; Baddow, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Red Hill! Alberbury! Shelton! Sharpstones Hill! Sutton Spa! Shropshire.

Scotland: -Glen Nevis! Dr. Lindsay. Long Island. Prof.

Balfour.

IRELAND: -Fermoy! Mr. Chandler, Castlebernard! Bandon; Blarney!; Glanmire! Cork! Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Woods ! common,

CHANNELISLANDS: -Common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. flavens, Nyl. similar to the type, but with a yellowish thallus and apothecia internally whitish, and hypothecium nearly colourless, (K yellow C orange-red).

On trees, rare. 1869.

"Latet sub elæochroma, Ach. (ex. hb. Ach.) a quâ etiam parum diversa."

SYN :- Nyl. Scand. 217. (1861.) Crombie En. 77.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—On spruce fir near Abergeldie Castle! Braemar and in Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. monticela, (Ach.) similar to the type, but with evanescent thallus, apothecia and spores smaller.

On stones, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 670. (1810.) L. parasema var. nitidula, Nyl. Scand. 217.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Scandinavia.

Bor. Prov:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Messrs Carroll (1864.) and Holl.

48. L. protrusa, Fries. pale sulphur-colour, effuse, thickish, tartareous, granulate, rugulose, areolato-rimose, (K yellow C orange-red); apothecia yellow, nnmerous, moderate, congregated, confluent, innato-sessile, black, plane, at length convex, margin thin, smooth, entire, eventually obliterated; hypothecium rufo-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Fries L. Ref. 324. (1831.) Mudd Man. 207. L. scabra, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 121. L. enterochlora, Tayl.!

Exs: -Schær, 578. Zw. 12. Leight. 299.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Germany, Italy, Tyrol Alps.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 5...7...10, 11...18, 19.

ENGLAND:—Durham! Mr. Robertson, Stoney Valley near Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Lanorma Cave! Cornwall; Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND :- Isle of Skye! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND: —Derriquin! Dr. Taylor. Glengariff! Cork! Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. South Stacks! Holyhead Mountain.

49. L. sublatypea, Leight. whitish or albido-cinerascent, tartareous, sub-areolato-granulose, or unequally granulose, more or less dispersed, (K—C—); apothecia nigro-fuscous, numerous, scattered, sessile, concave, margin thickish, prominent, elevated, somewhat polished; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; epithecium dark-bluish-black; paraphyses crowded, rather indistinct; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1870.

Externally somewhat resembling some state of L. parasema var. latypea, (K yellow C orange-reddish) but differing in chemical reaction and other characters.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

BOT. PROV :- 15.

Scotland: - Craig Tulloch! and Glen Fender, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

50. L. rusticula, Nyl. albido-glaucescent, granulate, granules sub-conglomerate, depresso-convex, sub-crenate, smooth, (K yellow, C yellow); apothecia minute, somewhat concave, black, margin obtuse, entire, eventually obliterated; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hyme-

nea deep blue, afterwards dirty-lutescent with iodine.

On quartzose rocks, rare. 1866.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 371. Leight. Not. Lich. No. xv. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot, Prov:-7.

Wales :- Giant's Pebbles! Cader Idris.

51. L. furvella, Nyl. nigro-fuscous, effuse, obliterato-squamulose, granuloso-furfuraceous, diffracto-areolate; apothecia small, scattered, appressed, plane, black, rugulose, margin thin, smooth, flexuose; epithecium nigricant; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ovate, simple.

On micaceous-schistose alpine rocks, rare. 1861.

Syn :- Mudd Man. 207. (1861.) Crombie Enum. 84.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. near base of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. Glen Callater; foot of Ben-y-gloe; Glen Fender; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

52. L. furvula, Nyl. nigro-fuscous, effuse, obliterato-squamulose, granuloso-furfuraceous, continuous; apothecia scattered, sessile, plane, black, margin thin, sub-flexuose; epithecium cærulescent; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On schistose alpine rocks, very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nylander in Flora (1866.) p. 418. Crombie Enum. 84. GEOG, DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland: -Ben Lawers! Messrs. Carroll (1864.) and Holl.

53. L. alpestris, (Smmrf.) cinerascent, thin, granulate or granulato-sub-areolate or sub-evanescent, hypothallus whitish; apothecia black, convex, moderate, immarginate, concolorous within; epithecium sordidly cærulescent; hypothecium fuscescent or fuscous; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid or oblong, simple; paraphyses scarcely distinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then vinous-red with iodine.

On the earth in alpine places, rare. 1864.

Syn:—Sommerfelt Lapp. 156. (1826.) Nyl. Lapp. Or, 158. Crombie Enum. 79.

Exs:-Fellm. 164.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, Scandinavia.

Вот. Рвоу:-15.

Scotland:—Summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. (1864.) Ben Macdhui; Braedalbane and Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

54. L. cuprea, Smmrf. whitish, granuloso-concrete or granuloso-diffract or continuous; apothecia fusco-rufous or fuscous-black, plane or convex, immarginate, fuscous within, with paler hymenium; hypothecium fuscous or fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea slightly cærulescent, then vinousred with iodine.

On the earth in alpine regions, rare.

SYN:—Smmrf. Lapp. 165. (1826.) Nyl, Scand. 199. Crombie En, 68.

Exs: -Fries 349. Anzi Langob. 179. Fellm. 152.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, E. Lapland, Spitzbergen, Greenland, Lombardy.

Bor. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND:—Summit of Ben Lawers and above Loch-na-Cat. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. cupreiformis, E. Nyl. thin, egranulose; apothecia rufo-fuscous.

On the earth in alpine regions, rare. 1868.

Syn:—L. vernalis var. cupreiformis, E. Nyl, Al. Lafv. p. 90. Nyl. Lapp. Or. 144. Crombie En. 68.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland: -Loch-na-Cat. Adm. Jones. (1868).

Var. Berengeriana, (Mass.) granuloso-concrete, contiguous; apothecia fusco-nigricant; spores oblong or ellipsoideo-oblong; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On the earth in alpine regions, rare.

SYN:—*Biatora*, Mass, Ric. 128. (1852.) Nyl. Lapp. Or. 144. Crombie Enum. 68.

Fig:-Mass. Ric. fig. 254.

Exs:—Fellm. 162.

GEOG: DISTRIB :- E. Lapland, Bavaria, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :—Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll,

55. L. arctica, Smrf. albido-cinerascent, effuse, granulose or granuloso-verrucose, granules small, papilloso-sub-globose; apothecia small, black, slightly casio-pruinose, convex, immarginate, within obscurely cinerascent; hypothecium fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina

hymenea slightly cærulescent with iodine.

On alpine mosses, rare, 1860.

Syn: -Smmrf. Lapp. 156. (1826.) Nyl. Scand. 220. Mudd 200.

Exs: -Zw. 11. Th. M. Fries 20. Fellm. 163. Rabh. 734.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Greenland, Finmark, E. Lapland, Finland, Russia, Italy.

Вот. Prov:—15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers! Messrs Jones & Carroll. (1860). Braedalbane and Braemar; summits of Lochnagar and Ben Macdhui. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

56. L. uliginosa, (Schrad.) fuscous or fusco-nigricant, minutely granulose, sub-leprose, effuse; apothecia fuscous-black or black, plane or sub-convex, scattered or confluent, darkish within, margin entire evanescent; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea reddish-brown with iodine.

On moist or turfy earth, common. 1799.

SYN :-Schrad. Spicil. 88. (1794.) Ach, Syn. 25, Nyl Scand, 198.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1466. Hepp Sporen. t. 16. f. 132.

Exs:—Hepp 132. Mudd 167. M. & N. 747. Schær 162, 163. Fellm, 150. Anzi It. S. 249. Leight, 120.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, E. Lapland, Germany, Switzerland,

Hungary, Italy.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...10, 11...15, 16...(19—30)..31. England:—Near Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. (1799.) Surrey. Mr. Borrer. Kildale Moor! Baysdale Moor! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Prestwick Carr; Cheviot, Northumberland; Redheugh and Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch. near Exeter. Mr Parfitt. Warley Common; Mile-end near Colchester, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest; Epping Forest; Hampstead Heath; Rev. J. M. Crombie. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! Caer Caradoc! Pontesford Hill! Wrekin Hill! Laurence Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers! Sir. W. J. Hooker. Hill of Ardo;

Trosachs; Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND : -- Not uncommon. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey ; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma fuliginea, (Ach. Syn. 35.) only differs in the habitat on old stumps and wood and is rarer.

Exs: -M. & N. 1149. Anzi Langob. 175.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2, 3. .8 ..10.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Adm Jones. Bilsdale; Kildale and near Ayton, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Kelvedon; Bocking, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Wrekin! Shropshire.

Var. humosa, (Ehrh.) cervino-lutescent, sub-squamulosogranulate, granules convex, coarse, more or less dispersed.

On earth and peat walls, rare. 1869.

SYN: -Ehrh. Crypt. 135. (1785.) Crombie En. 67.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe. Bot. Prov :—2 ..5...7...15.

ENGLAND:—New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine! Hill of Ardo near Aberdeen. Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

Wales: - Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. (1869).

57. L. Mooreana, Carr. greyish-white or cream-coloured, thin, tartareous, granuloso-verruculose, rugulose, effuse (K yellow then reddish); apothecia black, large, solitary or congregated, sessile, plane, somewhat scabrous, margin thin, entire, flexuose; hypothecium thin, dark-brown; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong or ovate, simple.

On sub-alpine trap rocks, rare. 1859.

SYN :- Carroll Lich. Hib. 7. (1859.) Mudd Man. 207.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -30.

IRELAND :- Crowglen! near Belfast. Dr. Moore.

\*\*\*\* Thallus areolate, areolæ convex or granular.

† Hypothecium pale or colourless.

58. L. aglæa, Smmrf. flavescent or ochroleucous and virescenti-cinereous, crustaceous, thickish, areolato-diffract, rimose, areolæ tumid, convex, generally minutely diffracto-insculpt or unequally rugose or smoothish (K yellow C yellow); hypothallus black; apothecia black, adnate to the areolæ, moderately large, plano-convex, somewhat shining, immarginate, darkly cinerascent within; hypothecium pale, slightly rufescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; thalamium cæruleo-cinerascent, epithecium cæruleo-nigricant; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1808.

Syn:—Smmrf. Suppl. Fl. Lapp. 144. (1826.) Nyl. Scand. 228.
 L. Crombiei, Jones! Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 345. Crombie Enum. 82!
 L. viridiatra, Borr! Br. Fl. 2. 177.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1831.

Exs: -Zw. 23. Anzi Langob, 150.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Norway, Switzerland, Hungary, Italy.

Bot. Prov:—7...11.. 15...19.
ENGLAND:—Near Winch Bridge; near Whey-Syke, Teesdale Forest, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. (1808).

SCOTLAND; -Ben Lawers! Dr. Holl. Glen Callater; Ben Crua-

chan! Khoil, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Mangerton. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Mynyddy-y-Gader!! near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Cader Idris north escarpment!

L. areolata, Schær. pallido-flavescent, crustaceous, 59. thickish, areolate or areolato-diffract, rimose, areolæ planoconvex, smooth (K yellow C yellow); hypothallus black; apothecia black, adnate to the areolæ, naked, opake, moderate, plano-convex, immarginate, cinerascent within; hypothecium colourless, very slightly rufescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses crowded but distinct.

On schistose rocks in mountain ranges, rare. 1864. SYN: -Schær. Spicil. 127. (1828.) Enum. 114. Crombie En. 82. GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones & Carroll.

The above description was drawn up from examination of the original specimen in Mr. Carroll's Herbarium, which was externally similar to L, aglea and L. Crombieii and internally differed in no respect. I cannot but regard it as a state or variety of L. aglæa. Can our Scotch lichen be identical with Schærer's, which is described as having the areolæ of the thallus "candidæ" and the apothecia "intus alba"?

60. L. tessellata, (Flk.) creamy or whitish, tartareous, sub-determinate, areolato-rimoso-diffract, areolæ angular, plano-convex, smooth, opake (K yellow then red); apothecia scattered or confluent, sessile, adnate, black, slightly pruinose, plane or sub-convex, internally white, margin thin, acute, elevated, flexuose; hypothecium colourless, the margin only with a thin black line; epithecium nigricant; thalamium pale yellowish; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, moderate, granular.

On alpine rocks, not common. 1870.

SYN:—Flk. D. Lich. 64. (1821.) Smmrf. Lapp. 144. Nyl. Scand. 227. Crombie Enum. 82, L. spilota, Fr. L. E. E. 297. pr. p.

Geog. Distrib :- Scandinavia, Lapland, Sweden, France, Ger-

nany, Hungary, Italy, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—5...15...23.

ENGLAND :- Caer Caradoc ! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :—Ben Lawers. Messrs Jones & Carroll.

IRELAND: —Lough Bray near Dublin. Messrs Jones & Carroll.

61. L. spilota, Fr. similar externally and internally to L. tessellata, Flk. but with a different chemical reaction K-C-.

On alpine rocks, not common.

I have never seen British specimens of the typical form, but the ferruginous state, forma ochracea, (Ach. L. U. 166) frequently occurs.

SYN: -Fries L. Eur. p. 297. (1831.) in part (specimen from Dr.

Th. M. Fries.)

Exs:—Arn. 260. Hepp 723, Anzi Langob. 124, 125, 126.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Sweden.

forma ochracea, (Ach.) thallus ferruginous; apothecia white within.

On alpine rocks, not common. 1856.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 166. (1810). Crombie Enum. 82.

Exs :- Spruce Lich. Pyren.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 5...7...15.

ENGLAND: -Batheaston! Mr. Broome. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! near Oswestry, Shropshire.

Wales:—Between Bala and Dolgelley! (1856,) Pen-y-gwryd!

Snowdon.

62. L. mollis, (Whlnb.) cinereous or pallido-fuscocinerascent, rimuloso-areolato-diffract, areolæ minutely alboverrucose, convex, nigro-limitate; apothecia fuscous-black or black, superficial, plane, margined, whitish within; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct.

On mountain rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN: - Whlub. Lapp, 172. (1812.) Nyl. Scand. 223.

Exs:—Fellm. 180. Mudd 168. Arn. 262. Leight. 302. Geog. Distrib:—E. Lapland, Norway, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...15.

England: -Kildale Moor! Battersby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Braemar ; Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Barmouth !

63. L. mesotropa, Nyl. cinerascent, verrucoso-areolatodiffract, areolæ plano-convex, sub-squamose around the apothecia, indeterminate (K-C reddish); apothecia fuscous-black or nigricant, opake, somewhat plane, adnate to the areolæ, margin obtuse or evanescent, whitish within; hypothecium colourless; epithecium fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, el!ipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender, indistinct.

On mountain schistose rocks, rare. 1867.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 328. Crombie En. 81.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland: -Ben Lomond! Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1867).

64. L. inserena, Nyl. darkly cinereous, rimoso-areolate or areolato-granulose, areolæ often scattered, hypothallus black, very conspicuous; apothecia black, plane; hypothecium with an opake white stratum in the lower portion; epithecium cærulescenti-fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoideo-oblong, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then violet especially the thecæ, with iodine.

On quartzose mountain rocks, rare. 1869.

Resembling L. tenebrosa \* tumidior, Nyl.

SYN; -Nyl. in Flora 1869, p. 84. Crombie En. 85.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :-15.

Scotland; —Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1869).

65. L. coarctata, (Sm.) whitish or cinerascent, thin, rimulose or areolato-granular or sub-continuous or leprose, (K faint yellow or—C red); apothecia fuscous, fusco-rufescent or blackish, small, scattered, innate or sessile, often with a white pulverulent, coarctate, spurious thalline margin; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large.

A very variable lichen, the principal forms of which are detailed below, to which may also possibly be added *L. Salweii*, E. Bot. Suppl. 2861. and *L. Taylori*, Salw. (*L. lævigata* Nyl.) as the chemical reaction is the same in all. Acharius's description of his var. listrota accords generally with *L. Taylori*, Salw.

forma elacista, (Ach.) greyish-white, very thin, effuse, leprose; apothecia innate or sessile, concave or plane, with a conspicuous white coarctate margin.

On walls and stones, frequent. 1798.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 159. (1803.) Syn. 149. Nyl. Prodr. 112. Fig:—E. Bot. t, 534. (1798.) Ach. Meth. t. 4. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 21. f. 186. Exs:—Nyl. L. P. 54. Schær. 312, Hepp 186. Mass. 323. Mudd 124. Anzi It. S. 206. Leight. 177.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Switzerland, Hungary, Italy, Swe-

den.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7...10, 11...15...30, 31.

England:—Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. (1798.) Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Newton Wood! near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gateshead Fell; Eglestone and Gainford, Durham; Heaton Dene and near Gosforth, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Valley of Rocks, Linton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Wickcliff rocks! Ludlow; Hopton! near Nesscliffe; Nordy Bank! Abdon! Long Mynd! near Church Stretton, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Killin! Mr. Piggot. Birnam Hill! Dunkeld. Dr.

Lindsay. Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton.

Wales:—Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire. Pentregaer! near Oswestry; Cader Idris!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey ; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma involuta, (Tayl.) greyish-white, tartareous, verrucose or areolato-granulose, verrucæ often scattered, convex or flattish; apothecia fusco-rufescent, concave or more or less convex, sessile, white, margin obliterated.

On siliceous rocks, not unfrequent. 1836.

Syn:—Lecanora, Tayl.! in Mack. Fl. Hib. 2. 134. (1836.) Nyl. Scand. 196.

Fig:—Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 13. f. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Hanover, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...19.

England:—Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Caer Caradoc! Sharpstones! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Carig! and Dunkerron Mountains. Dr. Taylor. (1836.) WALES:—Cwm Glas! Snowdon.

forma glebulosa, (Sm.) whitish, tartareous, verrucosoglebulose or sub-squamulose, verrucæ tumid, scattered or crowded; apothecia minute, rufo-fuscescent, plane, margin thin, evanescent.

On shady rocks, not unfrequent. 1808.

SYN: -Sm. E. Bot. 1955. (1808).

Fig :—E. Bot. 1955. Exs :—Leight. 149.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...5.. 8...10.

ENGLAND:—Great Ayton! Carlton Bank, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Penzance. Mr. Curnow, Church Stretton! Stableford! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

forma ornata, (Smmrf.) greyish-white, verruculose or areolato-squamulose, squamules flat or more or less irregularly convex, margins more or less crenate.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN: -Smmrf. Lapp. 92. (1826).

Exs :—Mudd 123.

Geog. Distrib :- Norway, Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov:—3...5...7...10...15. England:—Guisbro' Moor! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl. Bergholt; Copford, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

SCOTLAND: -Kinnoull Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Glen Nevis; Loch Callater. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Cader Idris!

## ++ Hypothecium dark.

L. panæola, Ach. albido-cinereous or creamy or pale tawny, areolato-granulose, areola large, tumid, rimoso-diffract, flattish or sub-convex, smooth, more or less polished, (K faint yellow C red) with tuberculose reddish cephalodia intermixed, hypothallus dark brown; apothecia black or nigro-fuscous, appressed or immersed, plane or sub-concave, more or less pruinose, margin thin, prominent, smooth; hypothecium thick, dark brown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, very large; paraphyses slender; gelatina hymenea intense blue with iodine.

On granitic rocks in alpine localities, not uncommon. 1807.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 201. (1810.) Syn. 33. Nyl. Scand. 225. Aspicilia athroocarpa, Mudd Man. 164. L. cechumena, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 117.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1829.

Exs: -- Schær. 469. Fellm. 182.

Geog. Distrib:—E. Lapland, Sweden, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...11...15.. 19...25... 30.

England:—Croukley and Eggleston, Durham, Rev. J. Harriman. (1807.) Teesdale! Mr. Robertson. Abdon Burf! Shropshire. Scotland: -Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. Ben Cruachan; Craig

Guie; Khoil. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Carig Mountain! Dr. Taylor, Tollymore Park. Dr. Maingay. Connor Cliff; summit of Brandon co. Kerry; Galtimore, Tipperary. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Dr. Moore. co. Antrim. Adm. Jones.

Wales ;- Rocks above Corwen! Rev. T. Salwey. Cwm Glas!

Snowdon; Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris!

67. L. tenebrosa, (Flot.) cinereo-nigricant or darkly cinereous, tartareous, rimoso-areolato-granulose, often smooth, opake, areolæ more or less tumid, (K yellow C vellow); hypothallus black; apothecia small, sub-innate in the areolæ, black, plane, internally nigricant, margin thickish, eventually obliterated; hypothecium nigrofuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On alpine rocks, not common.

SYN:—Flotow in Herb. Nyl. Prodr. 127. Scand, 231, L. fuscocinerea, Nyl.! in Bot. Notis. 1852. p. 177.

Fig:—Nyl. Obs. Lich. Holm. fig. 9.

Exs: -Zw. 134, Arn. 114, 227, Anzi Langob, 154, Rabh, 746, Anzi It. S. 212. Fries 406. C.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Pyrenees, Bavaria, Germany, Lombardy, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7 ...15 ...22...23...31. England:—Malvern Hills, Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND:—Braemar; near Portlethen; Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

JRELAND: -Killarney and Lough Bray, Dublin; Luggelaw, Wicklow. Adm. Jones.

Wales; -Barmouth; Dolgelley.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

68. L. Bruyeriana, (Schær.) pale yellow, verrucosoglebulose, verrucæ tumid, scattered or concrete, often evanescent (K yellow, C apothecia red but thallus yellow); apothecia large, sessile, concave, fuscous or black, margin thick, incurved, entire or flexuose; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, large, simple, granular; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea yellow with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

Syn :- Schær. Enum. 77. (1850).

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. f. 615. Exs :- Schær. 539. Hepp 615.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland. Bot. Prov:—7...11.

ENGLAND: - Force Garth, Teesdale. Dr. Holl.

Wales: - Craig-y-llam near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Cader Idris! (1866).

69. L. Kochiana, Hepp. mouse-colour or pale cinerco fuscescent, rimoso-areolato-diffract, areolæ plano-convex nigro-limitate; apothecia black, innate, immarginate

flexuoso- or anguloso-deformed, disk plane, somewhat shining and smooth, internally dusky; hypothecium a thin nigro-fuscous line resting on the hypothallus; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses distinct.

On alpine rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN: - Hepp Wurtz. 61. (1824.) Nyl. Scand. 322.

Exs;—Schær, 181, M, & N. 549. Hepp 729. Zw. 6, Anzi It. S. 251.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Pyrenees, Spain, Germany, Norway.

Вот. Ркоу:—7...15...31.

Scotland:- Kincardine! Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Barmouth ! Snowdon! Cader Idris!

Channel Islands :- Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. lygæa, Ach. umber-coloured, effuse, continuous, smooth, slightly rimulose; apothecia minute, adpressosessile, plano-convex, smooth, immarginate, nigro-fuscous, internally dusky.

On rocks, rare. 1865.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 34. excl. var. (1817.) Nyl. Scand, 223,

Exs :- Rabh. 768. Anzi Langob. 121. Schær. 626.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Pyrenees, Lombardy, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-7.. 31.

WALES: - Cwm Glas! Snowdon. (1865.) Nant Gwynant! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Boulay Bay! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

70. L. segregans, Nyl. whitish or albido-cinerascent, verrucoso-granulose, granules various, somewhat convex, more or less segregate or verrucoso-confluent, laxly adnate; hypothallus nigricant, scarcely visible; apothecia black, somewhat plane, immarginate, at length convex, and often aggregato-confluent, small, concolorous within; hypothecium fuscous; epithecium scarcely obscurate; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; hymenium dusky; paraphyses moderate, scarcely distinct; gelatina hymenea dilutely cærulescent then vinoso-fulvescent with iodine.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1866.

Systematically probably near L. melancheima, Tuck.

SYN:-Nyl, in Flora 1866, p. 372. Crombie En. 92.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

71. L. commaculans, Nyl. fuscous-black or nigricant,

thin, opake, sub-areolate, areolæ depressed, generally dispersed, indeterminate; apothecia black, somewhat convex, with scarcely any margin, concolorous within; hypothecium thickish, rubricoso-fuscous, this colour passing upwards into the thalamium; epithecium nigricant; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare. 1868.

"Approaching L. Kajanita, in which the spores are different and the thalamium not tinged with red, but more allied to L. dispansa, Nyl. Spermatia cylindrical straight."

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 476, Crombie En. 93.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone, ! Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

72. L. amphotera, Leight. white, tartareous, areolatodiffract, areolæ of compound clustered convex granules
(K yellow C yellow); apothecia fuscous, clustered or conglomerate, innate, prominent, large, immarginate; hypothecium fuscous, thickish; paraphyses crowded, but distinct; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1870.

The thallus of this has the general appearance of that of *Pilophoron fibula* with its fuscous cephalodia, and the spores resemble those of *Lecidea lapicida*, from which the nature of the thallus and the different hypothecium distinguish it.

SCOTLAND : -Hill of Ardo near Aberdeen, Rev. J. M. Crombic.

(1870.)

# \*\*\*\*\* Thallus areolate, areolæ flat or plane.

#### + Hypothecium pale.

73. L. polycarpa, Flk. cinerascent, very thin, tartareous, minutely rimuloso-areolate, areolæ plane or planoconvex, smooth, somewhat evanescent (K yellow then red); hypothallus black; apothecia numerous. scattered or aggregate, adnate, plane, opake, black, soft, velvety, margin very thick, subtumid, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium pale or more or less rufescent, with short lateral black excipulum; epithecium nigricant; thalamium pale; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple, binucleolate.

On alpine rocks, frequent,

Syn:—Flk. in Smmrf. Suppl. Lapp. 149. (1826.) Nyl. Scand. 226. Exs:—Fellm, 189.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - E. Lapland, Scandinavia, Hungary, Sweden, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15.. 19.

Scotland:—Morrone; Ben-na-boord; Ben Cruachan; Ben Lawers; Ben Nevis; Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Mangerton. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Cader Idris, north escarpment! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Craig Breidden!

Var. declinans, Nyl. hypothecium fuscous or fusco-rufescent (K yellow then red).

Syn:-Nyl. Scand. 226. (1861.) Crombie Enum. 81. Leight. in

Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. June, 1867.

Exs:-Fellm. 187, 188.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15...23.

SCOTLAND: - Castleton, Braemar. Adm. Jones.

IRELAND :- Killiney Hill. Dr. Moore.

Wales: - Cader Idris, north escarpment! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

74. L. marginata, Schær. pale apricot-colour, tartareous, macular, diffuse, rimuloso-areolato-diffract, areolæ plane, unequal (K yellow); apothecia black, sessile, plane or tumid, margin thick, prominent, sometimes flexuose, at length obliterated; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN: -Schær. Enum. 115. (1850.) Crombie Enum. 83.

Exs:-Schær. 189.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland.

Вот. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1868).

75. L. lapicida, Fr. cinerascent, tartareous, thin, areolato-rimoso-diffract, areolæ flat or plane (K—C—); hypothallus black; apothecia numerous, small, scattered or aggregate, plane, opake, raven-black, soft, velvety, margin thin, obtuse, slightly prominent, flexuose; hypothecium pale, with a thin blackish wavy line subtending the sides and base; epithecium nigricant; thalamium pale and yellowish; spores 8, colourless, narrowly oblong, simple, often with 2 nuclei; paraphyses distinct.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Fries L. E. 306. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 225. Nyl.!! Obs. Holm. 2, (1853).

Exs :- Zw. 130.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, Germany. Bot. Prov: -5...7...15...28, 29...30.

ENGLAND:—Mynyd-y-Myfyr near Oswestry!; Bodbury Ring near Church Stretton!; Abdon Burf!; all in Shropshire.

Scotland:—Breadalbane; Blair Athole; Braemar. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

IRELAND :- North. Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Nant Gwynant ! Crib Goch ! Snowdon.

Var. silacea, Ach. ferruginous-red.

On alpine rocks, not common.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 48. (1803.) Syn. 22. Nyl. Scand. 236.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-7 ..15.

SCOTLAND: -Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Clogan Mountains co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Crib Goch! Nant Gwynant! Snowdon.

Var. lithophiloides, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia white within; spores oblong; epithecium nigricant.

On alpine rocks, rare.

Scotland:—Coast of Kincardine and Ben-na-boord. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

76. L. lithophila, Ach. cinerascent, tartareous, thin, rimuloso-areolate, areolæ plane (K—C—); hypothallus black; apothecia numerous, small, scattered or aggregate, plane, opake, black or nigro-rufescent, soft, velvety, margin thin, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium pale, slightly obscurate; epithecium rufescent; thalamium pale; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct.

On alpine rocks, frequent.

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 14. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 226.

Exs:-Fellm. 190.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- E. Lapland, Scandinavia, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...7...12...15.

England; —Stavely near Kendal. Mr. Martindale. Cornwall. Dr. Holl,

Scotland:—Ben Lawers; Morrone; Glen Fender; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Cader Idris, north escarpment! Nant Gwynant! Snow-don.

77. L. rivulosa, Ach. mouse-coloured or pallido-fusco-cinerascent, rimuloso-areolato-diffract, areolæ plane, nigricanti-limitate; apothecia fuscous-black, moderate, sessile, margin thin, paler, flexuose, disk plane, opake, minutely granuloso-papillate, internally entirely whitish;

hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, oblong, slightly curved, simple; paraphyses distinct.

On mountain rocks, common. 1807.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 38. (1803.) Syn. 28. Nyl. Scand. 222.

Fig: - E. Bot. 1737. Hepp Sporen t. 57. f. 491.

Exs:—Zw. 7. 93. Rabh. 775. Anzi It. S. 250. Hepp 491. Nyl. 59. Fries 404.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, France, Germany, Italy, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7. 10, 11...18, 19... 31.

ENGLAND:—Craigforda! Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Kildale! Ayton Moor! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Horsleyhope Bourn, Durham. Wooler Water foot of Cheviot, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Sheepstor, Devon. Mr. Holmes. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! Oswestry, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Braemar. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Glengariff! Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Holyhead! Barmouth! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris, Conway Mountain! Glyder Vach! Snowdonia; Summit of Cader Idris! Crib Goch! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Le Fret! Jersey; Jerbourg! Guernsey.

Mr. Larbalestier.

78. L. atrofuscescens, Nyl. cinereo-nigricant or fusco-nigrescent, deplanate, areolato-diffract, sub-opake, areolæ plane or flat; hypothallus black, here and there visible; apothecia black, adnate, plane, at length somewhat convex, margined, moderate, often sub-angulose, nearly colourless within; hypothecium colourless; epithecium fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender, sub-irregular; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then partly vinoso-rubescent with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1864.

Intermediate between L. fuscoatra and tenebrosa, but distinguished by the larger spores and other characters.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1866, p. 371. Crombie En. 83.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND :- Lower slopes of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll. (1864).

79. L. lithophiliza, Nyl. cinerascent, firm, unequally deplanate, areolato-diffract or areolato-rimose, thin, (K yellow); apothecia brown-black, innate, plane or convex, immarginate, white internally, bounded beneath with a thin black line; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses moderate, lurido-fuscescent; hypothecium

with the middle stratum chalky-white, opake (not hyaline), the lower conceptacular stratum thin black; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose maritime rocks, rare. 1868.

Distinct from L. lithophila and systematically near L. phæops.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 473. Crombie En. 66.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor. Prov :- 7 .. 15.

SCOTLAND:—Portlethen, Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Wales:—Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

80. L. interludens, Nyl. whitish or cinereous-white, thin, rimuloso-areolate, areolæ plane, minutely wrinkled, nigro-limitate (K pale tawny C—); apothecia black, superficial, sessile, rather large, somewhat plano-convex, immarginate or with a very thin white thalline margin, internally colourless; paraphyses slender, distinct, clavate and fuscous at the apices; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea blue, afterwards the thecæ vinous or violet red.

On calcareous alpine rocks, rare. 1869.

Externally similar to L. mollis, which however has the areolæ minutely albo-verrucose; and differs from L. Kochiana, which has a mouse-colored thallus and innate apothecia.

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1870. p. 33. Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot.

8. 98,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Morrone! Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

## †† Hypothecium dark.

81. L. fusco-atra, Ach. fuscous or chestnut-coloured or fusco-nigricant or lurido-cinerascent, areolate, areolate gibboso-convex or plane, (K yellow C red) smooth and shining; apothecia appressed, plane or convex, scattered or confluent, black, naked or sometimes prainose, margin thin; hypothecium thick, black; thalamium thin; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, small.

forma gibba, Wahl. chestnut-coloured. areolæ gibboso-

convex, smooth and shining.

On alpine and mountain rocks, not common. Syn:—Whlnb. Fl. Lapp. 473, (1812.) Ach. Syn. 12. Fig:—Hffm. Pl. Lich. t. 54. f. 1. a.

Exs:—Leight 215. 239. Geog. Distrib:—Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:--5...15...19...30.

ENGLAND:—Haughmond Hill! Long Mynd! Abdon Burf! Shrop-shire.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers; Morrone; Craig Tulloch; Hill of Ardo. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. South of Ireland. Miss Hutchins.

forma fumosa, Ach. pallido-fuscescent, areolato-diffract, areolæ flat or slightly concave, angular, the edges raised up into a very thin sharp margin, smooth and shining (K yellow C red); apothecia appresso-innate, plane, scattered or confluent, margined.

On mountain rocks and stones, common.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 12. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 230,

Exs:—Leight. 216. 304. Zw. 136. Schær. 470. M. & N. 461. Arn. 191. Anzi Venet. 173.

Geog. Distrib:—Hungary, Switzerland, Bavaria, Italy, Norway.

Вот. Ркоу: -5 ..7. 10, 11.. 15...31.

ENGLAND:—Near Newcastle! Teesdale! Mr. Robertson. Craigforda! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Cliffrig! Ayton Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Long Mynd! Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton; Uffington! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Portlethen, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Wales:—Corsygedol! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Capel Curig! Mr. Borrer. Anglesea! Rev. Hugh Davies. Pen-maen-mawr! Cader Idris! Barmouth! Crib Goch! Snowdon.

Channel Islands:—Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma Mosigii, Ach. apothecia innate, plane, cæsiopruinose.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN: —L. fumosa var, Mosigii, Ach. Syn. 12. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 234.

Exs: -Zw, 137.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-7.

WALES :- Barmouth !

forma grisella, Flk. lurido-cinerascent or lurido-whitish (K yellow C red); apothecia appresso-innate, margined, often pruinose.

On mountain rocks, rare.

SYN:—Schær. Enum. 110. (1850.) Nyl, Scand. 230. L. diacapsis! Sm. E. Bot.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 287. Anzi Langob. 110. Schær. 625. Körb. 282.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Italy, Switzerland, Lombardy, Bavaria, Pyrenees, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу: -5.. 9.. 11 ..15 ..31.

ENGLAND:—Yew How Coniston Water, Lancashire, Mr. Hailstone, Durham, Rev. J. Harriman, Lyth Hill! Middle! Shropshire, Scotland:—Grampians, Kincardine, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma deusta, Stenh. fusco-nigricant, areolato-diffract, (K yellow C red.)

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN: -Fr. Sched. Crit. 14. 9. (1833.) Nyl. Scand. 229.

Exs: -Fries Exs. 405. Leight. 240.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу: -5. 7 ..15.

ENGLAND:—Haughmond Hill! Wrekin Hill! Long Mynd! Shrop-shire.

SCOTLAND: Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Wales: Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire.

82. L. lactea, (Flk.) whitish or cinerascent, thin, smooth, rimoso-areolato-diffract, (K yellow then deep orange-red), areolæ plane; apothecia black, numerous, scattered or aggregate, plane, innate, naked or pruinose, internally cinerascent; hypothecium dark nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct.

On mountain granitic rocks, rare.

Syn:—Flk. in Schær. Spicil. 127. (1812.) Nyl. Scand. 230. L. ambigua, Fr. L. S. Exs. 407.

Exs:—Schær. 176. Zw. 20. Anzi Langob. 157. Leight. 301. Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Pyrenees, Sweden, Tyrol.

Вот. Ркоу :—7.. 10.. 15...24.

ENGLAND :- Thirsk, Yorkshire, Mr. Baker.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Morrone and Glen Dee, Braemar; Falls of Tummell, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Limerick, Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Capel Curig! Mr. Borrer. Barmouth! Glyder Vach! Llanberis ascent of Snowdon! Conway! Pen-maen-mawr! Crib Goch! Snowdon.

83. L. sarcogyniza, Nyl. dusky cinereo-virescent or sub-olivaceous, opake, thin, indeterminate, areolate, areolæ plane or evanescent; apothecia black, plane, margin often flexuose, dusky within; hypothecium sub-hymeniale distinctly fuscescent, its middle stratum nearly colourless; epithecium black; spores 8, colour-

less, oblong, simple; thalamium colourless; paraphyses moderate, nigricanti-clavate at the apex; gelatina hymenea intensely blue.

On mountain and maritime granitic rocks, rare.

1868.

Approaching L. sarcogynoides, Krbr. but differs in the colorless thalamium and other characters.

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 475. Crombie En. 82.

Exs: -Zw. 22. Schær. 187. GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland.

Bot. Prov:-15.

Scotland; —Morrone; near Nigg, Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868).

84. L. nitida, (Schær.) olivaceo-fuscous, crustaceous, nigro-limitate, areolato-diffract, areolæ shining, flat and dispersed in some states, concave, margins upturned, whitish and sub-pulverulent (K—C—); hypothallus black, often predominating; apothecia black, at first innate in the areolæ, eventually superficial and sessile, plane, solitary or confluent, margin thin, prominent, entire or flexuose; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine and maritime rocks, not unfrequent. 1856. Approaching L. fusco-atra var. deusta in external appearance but

with different reaction.

SYN: -L. fumosa var. nitida, Schær. Enum, 110. (1850).

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. L. t. 49. fig. 2. a. b. Hepp Sporen t. 15. f. 131. Exs:—Hepp 131. Anzi Langob. 84. A. 85. Leight. 278, (status hypothallo prædominante).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

Wales:—Barmouth! (1856.) Glyder Vach! Pass of Llanberis! Snowdon.

85. L. sub-Kochiana, Nyl. cinereous, crustaceous, thin, nigro-limitate, areolato-diffract, areolæ plane, (K—C—); apothecia black, numerous, scattered, innate or innato-sessile, plane, margin thickish, sometimes slightly paler; hypothecium thick, nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple (size of those of L. fusco-atra.)

On sub-alpine rocks, not common. 1864.

Like L. fusco-atra var. grisella, but distinguished by different reaction, which also separates it from L. tessellata, in which also the alcolæ are convex.

SYN:—L. tessellata f. sub-Kochiana, Nyl. in Flora 1869. p. 85. Scand. p. 227.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Germany, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 7...15.

SCOTLAND: -Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES: -Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire. (1864.) Pen-maen-Mawr! Caernaryonshire.

\*\*\*\*\* Thallus continuous, rimulose, plane.

# + Hypothecium pale.

86. L. Taylori, (Salw.) creamy or brownish-white, tartareous, thickish, effuse, smooth, rimuloso-diffract (K deep yellow C—); apothecia fusco-rufescent, immersed or superficial, numerous, scattered, plane or plano-convex, margin thin, entire or immarginate; hypothecium pale yellowish-brown, prolonged downwards into the thallus; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, large, simple, granulate; paraphyses distinct.

On mountain rocks, not common. 1814.

SYN:—Biatora Taylori, Salw. in Trans. Penzance Nat. Hist. Soc. 1853. p. 144. Lecidea, Mudd Man. 199. Bæomyces anomalus, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 79. Lecidea lævigata, Nyl. Enum. 143. Crombie Enum. 65.

Fig:—E. Bot, 2580. Exs:—Leight, 283.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...5...7...19.

ENGLAND:—Ilfracombe. Miss Atwood. Gulval Cairn, ! Penzance. Rev. T. Salwey. Bolt Head, Devon. Dr. Holl. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Spout Valley, ! Long Mynd near Church Stretton, Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Blackwater co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Glena and Glen Flesk near Killarney. Sir T. Gage. (1814).

WALES:—Barmouth! Rer. T. Salwey. Cwm Bychan. Mr. Borrer.

Cader Idris!

87. L. leiotea, Nyl. fuscous or griseo-nigricant, thin, varnished, smooth, determinate, continuous, obsoletely rimulose; apothecia black, plane, obtusely margined or margin indistinct, adnate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoideo-oblong, simple; paraphyses moderate, thicker at the fuscescent apices and there generally septato-articulate; gelatina hymenea slightly cærulescent.

On sub-alpine basaltic rocks, rare. 1867.

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 328. Crombie En. 85.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND: - Crogham! Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

## ++ Hypothecium dark

88. L. contigua, Fr. greyish-white or even creamy, tartareous or thin, contiguous or arcouate, areolæ plane, smooth or rugose, hypothallus black; apothecia arising from the thallus, sessile, plane or convex, roughish, margin thick, prominent and obtuse; hypothecium thick, blackish-brown; thalamium white; spores 8, colourless, oblong, large, simple.

forma limitata, Leight. bluish-grey, thin, contiguous, smooth, limited by black hypothallus; apothecia moderate, sessile, plane or plano-convex, with pale or blackish-brown pruina.

On rocks, common.

SYN: -L. contigua, a, a. Fries L. Eur. 298. in part (1831.) excl. syn.

Exs:-Leight, 155.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоv:—1, 2, 3. .5...7...10.. 18, 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Lanbrough-rigg! Cockshaw near Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Tors of Dartmoor; Exeter; Dartmouth, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Tiptree Heath, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Haughmond Hill! Soudley Quarries! near Hope Bowdler! Shropshire; Wapley Hill! Herefordshire.

Scotland:—Garrynahine, Lewis; Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND: -Near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Pen-maen-mawr! Carnarvonshire; between Corwen and Bala! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larba-

lestier.

forma platycarpa, Fr. greyish-white, diffuse, thin, rimulose, rugulose or evanescent; apothecia very large, flat and expanded; margin paler.

On rocks, common.

Syn :- Fries L. Eur. 300. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 224.

Fig: -Massal. Ric. fig. 125.

Exs:—Zw. 18. 24. Nyl. 141. Mudd 179. Fellm. 186. Anzi It. S, 288.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Germany, Pyrenees, Switzerland, E. Lapland, Italy, Hungary, France, N. Zealand,

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...15.. (19-30).

ENGLAND: -Ayton Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Amulree! Perthshire. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- On Mountains. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: —Pen-y-gwyrdd! Snowdon; Eglswg rocks! near Llangollen; Crib Goch! Nant-Gwynant! Snowdon.

forma hydrophila, Fr. milky or cinerascent, very thin, smooth, continuous or rimose or dispersed, hypothallus conspicuous, black; apothecia plane or tumid and convex, naked,

On water-washed rocks, frequent.

Syn: -Fries L. Eur. 301. (1831).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden.

Bot. Prov :- 7..19.

IRELAND :- Near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

Wales: —Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! and Geu Craig! Cader Idris; Moel-y-Golfa! Aberdovey! Crib Goch! Snowdon.

forma leprosa, Leight. dirty pale-brown, scurfy or leprose, in round patches, thin, minutely verrucose; apothecia small, sub-corcentric, sub-immersed, plane or convex, margin paler.

On crumbly soft rocks and stones, common.

Exs:-Leight. 156.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу;—1, 2, 3...5...8...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Penzance! Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey. Lanbraughrigg! Guisbro' Moor! Mr. Mudd. Chelmsford! Essex! Mr. Piggot. Congerstone! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Haughmond Hill! Steeraway Lime Rocks! Lyth Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Ballinhassig! Mc Gillicuddy's Rocks! Kerry! Mus-

heragh Mount co. Cork! Mr. Carroll.

forma calcarea, Fr. creamy-white, tartareous, contiguous, smooth or rimulose or areolate, areolæ slightly convex; apothecia rather small, appressed, plane or plano-convex.

On rocks not unfrequent.

Syn :- Fries L. Eur. 302. (1831.) excl. syn.

Exs:—Anzi Venet. 170. Schær. 471. Anzi It. S. 285. Anzi Langob. 158. Fellm. 183. Maudon 58.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Pyrenees, Italy, E. Lapland,

Lombardy, Madeira. Bot. Prov :—7...19.

IRELAND: —Ballyoran Wood, Fermoy!; near Cork! Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Aber!; Cwm Glas! Snowdon; Moel Siabod!

forma nobilis, Fr. ? pale ashy-bluish-grey, very thick and tartareous, areolate, areolæ turgid and convex; apo-

thecia large, more or less convex and hemispherical, slightly pruinose, margin frequently paler.

On mountain rocks, frequent. SYN :- Fries L. Eur. 301. (1831).

Exs:—Mudd 180. Arn. 192. Fellm. 185.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Pyrenees, Italy, E. Lapland. Bot. Prov:—5.. 7.. 10...14.

ENGLAND: - Cliffrigg, ! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Caer Caradoc! Laurence Hill! Wrekin! Pontesford Hill! Long Mynd and Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Pentland Hills! Dr. Greville.

Wales:—Aber! Diganwy! Caernarvonshire; Craig Breiddin! Montgomeryshire; between Llangollen and Corwen!; Moel Siabod! Snowdon! Barmouth!

forma Hoffmanni, Leight. dirty-cream-colour, thick, tartareous, rimuloso-areolato-diffract, areolæ flattish; apothecia large, sub-innate or sessile, flat or convex.

On rocks, rare.

SYN: — Verrucaria contigua, Hoffin. Fl. Germ. 2. 184. (1798).

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 62.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :-2...19.

England :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer,

IRELAND :- Musheragh Mount! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

forma flavicunda, Ach. rusty-red, thick, tartareous, areolate, areolæ flat; apothecia large, appressed, black, flat or plano-convex, more or less albo-pruinose.

On rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Ach, L. U. 166. (1810.) Syn. 22. Nyl. Scand. 224.

Fig:—Mass. Ric. fig. 143.

Exs :-- Zw. 16. 17. Schær, 186. Anzi Venet. 174.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Italy, Pyrenees, Tyrol, Switzerland, Sweden, Finland.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...15.

ENGLAND: - Titterstone Clee Hill! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Brown-Clee Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Loch-na-gar, ! Braemar; Amulree! Perthshire.

Dr. Lindsay.

WALES :- Moel Eilio! Moel Hebog! Mr. Borrer. Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Barmouth! very summit of Snowdon! Moel Siabod! Penygwrydd! Crib Goch! Nant Gwynant! Snowdon.

forma aggerata, Mudd. greyish-brown or grey, effuse, thin, sub-tartareous, granuloso-rimoso-areolate; apothecia minute, numerous, aggregated, convex, immarginate; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On rocks and walls, rare.

SYN:-Mudd Man. 208. (1861).

Exs :—Mudd 175.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Вот. Ркоу:—3.. 7...10.

ENGLAND:—Lanbraugh-rigg and near Battersby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1861.) Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. WALES:—Cwm Glas! Snowdon.

Mr. Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 8. 98. mentions having found a var. notabilis, Nyl. Scand. 225. on Morrone, Braemar, thus characterised by Nyl. l. c. "thallo albo vel albido, inæqualiter minute granuloso vel fere leproso, passim disperso, passim acervulato (tunc faciei prope ut in Stereocaulo condensato); apotheciis prominulis planis (trachylioideis) opacis, margine parum vel haud distincto."

89. L. albo-cærulescens, (Wulf.) creamy-white, opake, continuous, smooth; apothecia appressed, plane, cæsiopruinose, margin thinnish, more or less flexuose; hypothecium thickish, dark brown-black; spores 8, colourless, narrowly oblongo-elliptical, simple, large.

On rocks in mountainous districts, not common,

SYN: -Wulf. ap. Jacq. Coll. 2. 184. (1788.) Ach. Syn. 29. excl. var. L. contigua var. albo-cærulescens, Nyl, Scan. 224.

Fig :—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 14. f. 2.

Exs: -Zw. 129. A. & B. Mudd 181. Anzi It. S. 282. Schær.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Germany, Italy, Pyrenees, Hungary, Austria, Switzerland.

Вот, Prov:—1...10.

ENGLAND :—Langbraugh-rigg, ! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gard-

rington, Torbay. Mr. Parfitt.

Not to be confounded with L. cyanea (Flk.) which is similar in external appearance, but has the apothecia white within and the epithecium when wetted becomes pallido-rufescent. The hypothecium is sometimes interrupted, sometimes continuous and variable in thickness. The size of the spores incline one to consider that it may be a variety of L. contigua.

90. L. confluens, (Webr.) dull smoky-grey, tartareous, continuous, areolato-rimulose, smooth or slightly rugulose, effuse or sub-determinate; hypothallus black; apothecia numerous, crowded or scattered, large, confluent, appressed, margin thin, slightly prominent, flexuose; disk plane, in age convex, of full opake black, very smooth, soft and velvety; hypothecium dense, nigro-fuscous; thalamium pale; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, small, half the size of those of L. contigua.

On mountain rocks, not frequent.

SYN: - Web. Spicil. 180. (1778.) Ach. Syn. 16. pro. p. Nyl. Scand. 225.

Fig :- Web. Spicil. t. 2. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 19, f. 1, Hepp

Sporen t. 15. f. 125.

Exs: -M. & N. 463. Schær. 228. 446. Anzi It. S. 286. Hepp 125. GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Hungary, Italy, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...7...15... 31.

ENGLAND :- Chudleigh Rocks, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

SCOTLAND :- Grampians, common. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Diganwy! near Conway. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

L. consentiens, Nyl. whitish, continuous, moderate, smoothish, rimoso-diffract, (K-C-); cephalodia pale; apothecia black, innato-impressed, plane, obtusely margined; hypothecium thin, blackish; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple, large; paraphyses slender; epithecium fuscescent; gelatina hymenea cærulescent then fulvescent with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

Not unlike some state of Lecanora cinerea (L).

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1866, p. 371. Leighton in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. Sep. 1869. Crombie En. 80.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe. Bot. Prov :- 7...15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

92. L. phæops, Nyl. whitish cream-coloured or dirty whitish-brown, tartareous, thin, determinate, continuous, smooth, rimulose (K yellow C yellow); apothecia fuscous, small, scattered, innate, plane, immarginate, internally fuscescent; hypothecium darkly rufescent; spores 8, colourless, narrowly ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct.

On wet alpine rocks, not common. 1844.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. (1861.) p. 296. Salwey in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edin. 7. 554.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Вот Ркоу:—7...15...19...26.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Cruachan; Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombic. IRELAND :- Brandon Mount and Connor Cliffs ; Mangerton, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. near Dunkerron! Cappamore Hill! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Connemara. Dr. Moore.

Wales:—Plinlimmon. Rev. T. Salweg. (1844.) Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Crib Goch! Snowdon; Capel Curig! Cwm Idwall! Cwm Bochlwyd! Cwm Tryfan! Cwm Cywion! Glyder Vach;

Llyn Cwlyd!

Mr. Crombie in litt. mentions a form major in which the thallus

is thicker and the apothecia larger (twice as large).

93. L. umbonella, Nyl. whitish or pale-yellow, thin, determinate, in orbicular irregular patches, rimoso-diffract, smooth (K yellow then red); apothecia black, small, innate, marginate, generally subgyrose or umbonate in the centre; hypothecium fuscous or fuscescent, (the umbo and perithecium fusco-nigricant, as seen in a thin section); epithecium nearly colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses moderate; gelatina hymenea bright blue with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

Systematically near L. gyrizans, Nyl. spermatia cylindrical straight.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 372. Crombie En. 85.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone, Braemar! Adm. Jones. Cairn Turc, Brae-

mar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

94. L. melaphana, Nyl. nigricant, thin, opake, diffracto-unequal; apothecia black, smallish, convex, immarginate, dusky within: hypothecium slightly infuscate in lower portion; epithecium cærulescent; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; thalamium cærulescent upwards; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then partly violet with iodine.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare. 1869.

Naturally near L. aphānoides, but distinct by the black thallus, the infuscate hypothecium, &c. approaching L. paraphana, Nyl.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1869, p. 83. Crombie En. 84,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :-15.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

95. L. interjecta, Nyl. whitish or cinerascent, unequal, thin, rimoso-diffract, indeterminate (U red); apothecia black, moderate, plane, margined, dusky within; hypothecium fuscous; epithecium nearly colourless or slightly lutescenti-fuscescent or dusky; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then vinous-red with iodine.

On sandstone rocks in sub-alpine places, rare. 1866.
SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 418; Lapp. Or. 177. Crombie
En. 81.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

BOT. PROV :- 5.

ENGLAND: -Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. 1866.

96. L. pelobotrya, (Whlnb.) whitish or livid-grey, very thick, tartareous, continuous, rimose, smooth, unequally raised up into large plano-convex masses or pulvinuli, (K yellow C—), on which are the apothecia which are at first minute and immersed, then superficial, sub-urceolate, sub-immerso-sessile, solitary or congregate, blackish-brown, margin very thick, somewhat polished, flexuose; hypothecium dark-brown; paraphyses crowded, distinct, slender; spores 4-8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, very rare. 1869. Syn:—Urceolaria, Whlnb. in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 31. (1803.) Ach. L. U. 333. Syn. 138. Lichen, Whlnb. Fl. Lapp. 413. Lecanora, Smrf. Lapp. 69. Nyl. Scand. 155.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Finmark, Norway.

Вот. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers! Messrs Jones & Crombie.

\*\*\*\*\*\* Thallus evanescent.

#### + Hypothecium pale.

97. L. mutabilis, Fee. evanescent; apothecia rufo-fuscescent, small, scattered, sessile, plane, margin thin, entire; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, rotundo-oblong, simple, large.

On trees, rare. 1851.

SYN:-Fée Suppl. 105. (1837.) Crombie Enum. 120.

Fig :- Fée Suppl. t. 42. f. 16.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central America, Mexico, Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19. .24...26...31.

IRELAND:—Glencar, Kerry! Mount Shannon, Limerick; Lough Cooter, Galway; Killaloe, Clare, Blackwater Bridge, and Old Dromore, Kerry; Castlebernard Park, Bandon; Mangerton. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier. (1851).

#### †† Hypothecium dark.

98. L. diducens, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia aggregate, black, moderate, plane, margin elevated, flexuose, lobate, dark within; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, small, simple; paraphyses thick, distinct, with black clavate apices; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On felspathic rocks, rare.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1865, p. 148. Crombie Enum. 85.

Exs :- Larbal. 39.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Noirmont! Le Fret Common! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

99. L. obsoleta, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia black, minute, opake, margin obtuse or indistinct, concolorous within; hypothecium darkly fuscescent; epithecium diluto-nigrescent; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple or with an obsolete septum; paraphyses moderate, distinct, apices sub-clavato-incrassate, nearly colourless; gelatina hymenea scarcely tinged with iodine.

On chalky earth, rare. 1865.

Systematically near L. neglecta, Nyl.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1865, p. 604, Crombie En. 92.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND:—Near Lewes on the Sussex Downs. Adm. Jones. (1865).

100. L. jurana, Schær. white, tartareo-farinose, unequally disperso-granulose or evanescent; apothecia superficial, sessile, scattered or aggregate, black, margin thick, prominent, flexuose, internally black; hypothecium and epithecium black; thalamium hyaline; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct; gelatina hymenea blue with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, not common. 1869.

Possibly only a variety of L. contigua.

Syn :- Schær. Enum. 123. (1850.) Nyl. Prodr. 125.

Exs: - Anzi Langob. 356.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Lombardy, Hungary.

· Вот. Prov :—7...15.

SCOTLAND: - Castleton of Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

Wales:—Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris. (1869). Crib Goch! Snowdon.

101. L. gelatinosa, (Flk.) æruginose, leproso-gelatinous, evanescent; apothecia black, appressed, plane, immarginate, scattered, moderate, pale-brown within; hypothecium pale-brown; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea not coloured by iodine.

On earth in sub-alpine places, not common.

SYN: -Florke in Berl. Mag. 1809. p. 201. Schær. Enum. 137. Ach. Syn. 26. Nyl. Prod. 110.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen. t. 57. f. 493.

Exs:—Schær. 205. Hepp 493. Zw. 82. M. & N. 843. Leight. 353.

Geog. Distrib.—Switzerland, Germany, France.

Bot. Prov:—5 10.. 19.. 23...30. England:—Cliffrigg! Guisbro' Moor! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Kelley's Glen and near Dublin; Slemish Mountain

co. Antrim. Dr. Moore. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins.

L. fusco-rubens, Nyl. cinerascent, very thin, effuse, granuloso-unequal or evanescent; hypothallus fuscous; apothecia not very numerous, scattered, sessile, fuscousblack, plano-convex, immarginate, internally fuscous; hypothecium thick, fuscous; epithecium pallido-rufescent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or globoso-ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1863.

Near L. sanguineo-atra, Ach.

SYN:—Nyl. Animad, Scand, in Bot. Notis. 183. (1853.) Prodr. 106. Scand. 199. Salwey in Edin, Bot. Soc. Trans. 7. 551.

Geog. Distrib :- Sweden, Norway, Europe, Canaries.

Вот. Ркоу: —2...7...15.. 19. .30.

England :- Fulking Downs, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers; Craig Guie; Craig Tulloch; Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Glenarm; Adm. Jones. near Cork. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Aber Ty Gwyn near Dolgelley. Rev. T. Salwey. (1863).

103. L. calcivora, (Fhrh.) greyish-white or white, thin, effuse, evanescent; apothecia small, scattered, calcivorous, foveolato-immersed in the rock, black, caesio-pruinose or naked, internally cinerascent in the middle; margin thin, evanescent; hypothecium fuscescent below; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple, granulate; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea blue then vinousred with jodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1794.

Externally and generally similar to, but not to be confounded with Verrucaria immersa, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 25. f. 2.

Syn :- Ehrh. Cr. Exs. 244. (1793.) Nyl. Prodr, 135, L. immersa, (Schrad.) Ach. Meth. 34. Biatora Metzleri, Körb. Par. 162.

Fig :—E. Bot. 193. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 24, f. 5.

Exs:—Nyl. 138. Schær. 201. Anzi It. S. 266, 267. Leight. 94, Anzi 951.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Switzerland, Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -7, 8...10, 11...(19-30).

England:—Derbyshire. Sir J. E. Smith. (1794.) Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. near Thirsk. Mr. Baker. near Masham, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Durham and Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

IRELAND: -Not uncommon. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Eglswg rocks! near Llangollen; Great Orme's Head!

104. L. endopella, Leight, evanescent; apothecia black, numerous, crowded, plano-depressed, margin obliterated, internally pallido-fuscous; hypothecium pallido-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, very minute, ellipsoid, simple, with 2 rather large nuclei.

On old fir palings, rare. 1870.

SCOTLAND :- Blair Athole! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

This comes very near to Schær. 529, but in that the spores are larger, and linear-oblong,; without nuclei nevertheless both may be only states of the same lichen.

105. L. symphorella, Nyl. evanescent or nearly so; apothecia black, minute, somewhat convex, immarginate, aggregato-acervulate, acervuli composed of many connate apothecia, internally concolorous; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; paraphyses moderate, indistinct; epithecium darkly cærulescent or fuscescent; hypothecium and perithecium brunneo-infuscate; gelatina hymenea and asci at first blue, then red or vinous-violet with iodine.

On weathered quartzose stones, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1870, p. 35. Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 8. 99.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland:—Summit of Morrone; Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie, (1869.)

106. L. enclitica, Nyl. thallus nearly evanescend, apothecia black, minute, convex, immarginate, disperset; internally obscure; epithecium nigrescent; paraphyses indistinct; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea cærulescent then dusky-vinous with iodine.

On old fir pales in sub-alpine localities, rare. 1870. Syn:—Nyl. Lapp. Or. 148. (1866.) Crombie in Seem. Journ. 9.

178.

Exs:-Arn. 408.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland:—Pass of Killiecrankie in Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

# B. Spores 1-septate, brown. \* Hypothecium dark.

107. L. canescens, (Dicks.) white or albo-glaucescent, sub-tartareous, orbicular, adnate, radiato-plicate, sorediate, circumference truncato-or repando-lobate, surface generally smooth, minutely albo-granuloso-pruinose; hypothecium black; apothecia rare, small, black, plane, depressed, central, crowded, cæsio-pruinose, margin paler, entire, flexuose; spores 8, fuscous or fusco-nigricant, elliptico-oblong, 1- septate or bilocular and nucleolate.

On old trees, walls and rocks, frequent but rare in

fruit. 1785.

SYN: —Dicks. Crypt. 1. 10. (1715.) Ach. Syn. 54. Nyl. Prodr. 119.

Fig :—Dicks. Crypt. 1. t. 2. f. 5. E. Bot. 582. Hepp Sporen t. 61. f. 527. 528.

Exs: - Hepp 527. 528. Schær, 576. Welw, Lusit. 54. Nyl. 137.

Larbal. 33. Bohl. 68. M. & N. 1152. Anzi It. Sup. 290.

Geog. Distrib: - Normandy, Germany, Switzerland, Portugal, France, Italy, Africa, E. Indies.

Bot. Prov :--1, 2, 4...5...10, 11.. 15...19...24, 25...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Middleton! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. near St. German's, Cornwall; Isle of Wight; Battenhall! Worcester. Dr. Holl. Essex! Mr. Piggott, near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gainford and Houghton-le-Spring, Durham; near Hexham. and Brinkburn Priory, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Chudleigh; Exeter, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Cheam; Hendon; Tunbridge Wells. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Sutton! near Shrewsbury; Tong Church! Salop.

SCOTLAND :- Appin ; Castleton. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Rathrouan, Clonmel. Mr. Gough. co. Wicklow. Mr. Moore. Robert's Cave, Cork; Carrigogummel, Limerick, and Dromoland, Clare. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Fliquet Bay! Jersey; Guernsey; Sark.

Mr. Larbalestier.

108. L. saxorum, (Mass.) dirty yellowish-white, thin, minutely areolato-rimulose, plane, nigro-limitate; (K yellow C orange-red); apothecia numerous, scattered, sessile, plane, black, margin thick, entire, rather paler; hypothecium black, or nigro-fuscous; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, somewhat curved, nucleolate.

On rocks, not common. 1870.

Not to be confounded with L. disciformis, which has a different chemical reaction, larger spores, and other characteristics.

Syn:—Buellia saxorum, Mass! Ric. 82. (1852.) Buellia leptocline, Mass. Geneac. 20. Lecidea disciformis, Fr. Nyl! Scand. 236. (in part).

Fig :—Mass. Ric. fig. 169. Hepp Sporen t. 86. f. 752. Exs :—Nyl. L. P, 60. Larbal. 35. Mass. 347. Hepp 752.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Italy, France, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:-10...31.

ENGLAND: - Farndale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

109. L. saxatilis, (Schær.) white or whitish, moderately thick, tartareous, rugoso-unequal, (K faint yellow C orange); apothecia minute, scattered, at first innate, then sessile, black, plane, margin thin, entire; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, small.

On sub-alpine rocks, not common.

SYN:—Calicium saxatile, Schær. in Natur. Anz. Winterm. 35. (1821.) Enum. 166. Nyl. Scand. 237.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 145.

Exs:—Hepp 145. Zw. 140. Arn. 166. a. b. Rabh. 800. Anzi Langob. 198. Schær. 240.

GEOG. DISTBIB: -Bavaria, Switzerland, Lombardy, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15...30.

SCOTLAND: - Near Nigg, Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Divis Mountain co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

WALES: Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Craig Breidden! Montgomeryshire.

110. L. verruculosa, (Borr.) greenish-yellow, thin, sub-determinate or effuse, minutely areolato-rimulose, smooth, plane or convexo-unequal (K yellow C red); hypothallus brownish-black; apothecia minute, innate and solitary in the areolæ, black, plane or depressed, margin thin, soon obliterated; hypothecium dark-brown; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On maritime and mountain rocks, not unfrequent. 1811.

Syn: -E. Bot. 2317. (1811.) Hook, Br. Fl. 2. 174. Mudd Man. 215. Fig: -E. Bot. 2317.

Exs:—Leight. 189. Zw. 26. 135. 425. Anzi Langob. 196. Mudd 186.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Lombardy. Bot. Prov:—1...7...10, 11...15...19.

ENGLAND: - Muggleswick Fell, West Durham. Mr. Winch. (1811.) Lynmouth. Miss Atwood. Lanbraugh Rigg! Carlton Bank! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND: - Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND: - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. Hill near Cork! Blackwater Bridge and Lough Caragh co. Kerry. Mr. Carroll. WALES :- Barmouth !

Var. præponens, Nyl. yellow, areolato-verruculose, or slightly granulato-verruculose (K yellow C red); apothecia sub-innate, not margined by thallus, rugulose, immarginate; spores as above.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1868.

Merely a state of L. verruculosa not worth distinguishing.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 347. Crombie Enum. 94.

Geog. Distrib: - Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Portlethen! Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

111. L. stellulata, Tayl. white or albo-cinereous, thin, sub-orbiculari-determinate, minutely areolato-rimulose, plane, smooth, (K yellow C—); hypothallus thin, black; apothecia minute, numerous, crowded and confluent, sub-innate, black, plane, margin thin, entire; hypothecium brownish-black; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, small.

On maritime rocks and stones, frequent.

Syn: - Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 118. (1836.) Mudd Man. 216.

Exs: -Leight. 276. Zw. 402. Larbal. 38,

Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Switzerland, Falkland Islands.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2. 5...7...12...19...24...30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Lynmouth. Miss Atwood. near Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Carlisle! Mr. Heysham. near Brighton! Ventnor, Isle of Wight; S. Devon and Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: - Carig Mountain! Dr. Taylor. Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay, near Cork; Carrigogunnel near Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth! Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire; Borth! Cardiganshire; Dolgelley! Crib Goch ! Snowdon.

CH ANNEL ISLANDS: - Portelet Bay! La Moye! Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

112. L. scabrosa, Ach. citrine or flavo-virescent, thin,

areolate or areolato-granulose (K yellow C-); apothecia small, scattered, black, opake, somewhat convex, concolorous within; hypothecium black; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 1-septate, small.

On the earth and on thallus of Boomyces rufus, in

mountainous regions, rare. 1808.

Syn:—Ach. Meth. 48. (1803.) Syn 25. Nyl. Scand. 247. Flotow uber. Lec. scabrosa, &c. 74.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1878. Flot. l. c. 74. Hepp Sporen t. 63. f. 548

Exs: - Hepp 548. Anzi Ven. 72. Zw. 204. Arn. 97.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Bavaria, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...15...19.

England:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1808).

Scotland: - Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: - Bantry. Miss Hutchins.

113. L. disciformis, Fr. pale yellowish-white, very thin, smooth, continuous or unequal or rimuloso-areolate, determinate (K yellow C—); apothecia numerous, scattered, moderate, plane, marginate, black; hypothecium black; spores 8, fuscous, lineari-oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:—Fr. in Moug. St. Vosg. 745. Nyl. in Bot. Notis, 1852. p. 175. Scand, 236. in part.

Fig :- Nyl. Bot. Notis. 1852. f. 1.

Exs:—Fellm. 200. Maudon Mad. 1865. Mass. 268. A. B. Anzi 294. 295. Schær. 197, 199. M. & N. 745. in part. Mudd. 187. 188. Zw. 349.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—E. Lapland, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Madeira, Arctic America.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3.. 5...7...10...12...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Chelmsford! Mr. Piggott. Teeside! Mrs. Stanger. Kildale! Newton Wood! Sowerdale! Mr. Mudd, Llanforda! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Banchory; near Aberdeen; Braemar; Callander; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Killin,! Breadalbane; Birks of

Aberfeldy! Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Askew Wood! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Castlebernard! Mr. Carroll.

WALES: -Garth! near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Benarth! Conway;

Dolgelley!; Barmouth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—La Coupe! Noirmont; St. Peter's! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

114. L. atroalba, Ach. griseo-pallescent or cinereo-fuscescent, tartareous, areolato-diffracto-granulose, areolæ plano-convex (K brownish C brownish); apothecia plane, appressed, margin thickish, flexuose, black; hypothecium black or nigro-fuscous; spores 8, fuscous, oblong or oblongo-ellipsoid, 1-septate, large.

On maritime quartzose and schistose rocks, frequent.

L. spuria, Schær. is similar externally, but differs in the colourless hypothecium, smaller spores and chemical reaction K yellow C red, and also from L. atroalbella which has reaction K yellow then red.

Syn:—Ach. Prodr. 63. (1798.) Syn. 11. Nyl. Scand. 232. (excl.

Exs:—Fr. L. S, 382. (fide Nyl.) Fellm, Lapp. 194.

Geog. Distrib :—E. Lapland, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:-15...19...31.

Scotland: -Kincardine! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—On maritime rocks, frequent, Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

L. badioatra, Flk. fuscous or fusco-griseous, tartareous, areolato-diffract, rimulose, areolæ plano-convex, scattered or concrescent, (K brownish C tawny-yellow); apothecia sub-innate, appressed, plane, black, margin thin, entire or flexuose; hypothecium black; spores 8, fuscous, oblongo ellipsoid, 1-septate, large.

On alpine schistose rocks, rare.

Distinct from L. atroalba by the different reaction.

SYN:—Flk, in Sprengel N. Entdeck, 2. 95, (1821.) Schær, Enum. 111. Nyl. Scand, 233.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 5. f. 32.

Exs:—Schær, 179 Anzi Langob, 191, Anzi It. S. 291, Hepp 753. 32.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Austria, Norway.

Bot. Prov: -15...23.

Scotland:—Loch-na-Cat, Ben Lawers! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Killarney. Adm. Jones.

116, L. coniops, (Whlnb.) cinereo-ferruginous, thickish, verruculoso-granulate, unequal, granules minute, crenate, at length conglomerate (K—C—); hypothallus nigiicant, radiant; apothecia minute, adnate, black, naked, margin thin, elevated, entire; hypothecium nigricantifuscescent; spores 8, fuligineo-fuscous, ellipsoid, obtuse at the apices, slightly constricted in the middle, moderate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1870.

SYN: -Whlnbg. in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 8. (1803.) Ach. Syn, 20. Nyl. Scand. 237.

Exs:—Th. M. Fries 69. GEOG. DISTRIB:-Norway.

Bot. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND: - Nigg and Portlethen, Kincardine! Rev. J. M. Crombic.

117. L. myriocarpa, (DC.) cinerascent, thin, unequal, or sub-granulose, effuse or evanescent (K—C—); apothecia small, plane or sub-convex, black, margined; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, small.

On trees and old wood, frequent.

SYN:—D.C. Fl. Franc. 2. p. 346. (1805.) Ach. Syn. 18. Nyl. Scand. 237.

Fig: -Hepp Sporen t. 6. f. 41.

Exs:—Zw. 127. 194. Schær. 198. 200. Fellm. 199. 197. 198. Hepp 41. 42. 150. Mass. 264. 265. 528. 447. Rabh. 832. 729. Anzi It. Sup. 296. 298. 300. 299. 301. Nyl. 61. Bohl. 124. Mudd 189. 190. M. & N. 1328. 81. Fries 353. Spruce Amaz. 214. Leight. 63, 181.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Sweden, Germany, Hungary, Switzer-

land, France, E. Lapland, Arctic America, South America.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3...5...8...10...15...19...24...31.

ENGLAND:—Ingleby! Cliffrigg! near Stokesley! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Hale's End near St. Leonard's, Sussex; Malvern. Dr. Holl. Cleve near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex, Mr. Varenne. New Forest; Epping Forest; Finchley. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Church Stretton! Bomere Pool! Loppington! Copthorn! near Shrewsbury; Wenlock Priory! Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Aberfeldy; Loch Lomond; Callander; Blair Athole; Coast of Kincardineshire. (saxicole) Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Blarney! co. Cork; Kilkee, Clare. Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

118. L. nigritula, Nyl. cinerascent, minutely granulose or pulvereo-granulose, thin, indeterminate or evanescent (K—C—); apothecia minute, opake, plane or subconvex, black, margin thin, soon obliterated; hypothecium fuscous-black; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid or oblong, 1-septate, minute.

On trees, oak, pine, and wood, rare. 1861.

SYN:—Nyl. in Bot. Notis. 1853. p. 99. Scand. 238, Mudd Man. 217.

Fig: -Hepp Sporen t. 6. f. 43.

Exs:-Nyl. 62. Zw. 126. Hepp 43.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Paris, Germany, Switzerland.

Bor. Prov: -2...10.

ENGLAND:—New Forest, Hants. Adm. Jones. Farndale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1861).

119. L. coracina, Ach. nigricant or cinereo-nigricant, areolato-rimoso-diffract, areolæ small, plane or convex, smooth (K yellow then red); hypothallus very black;

apothecia produced from the hypothallus, small, very black, plane or convex, margin thin, entire; hypothecium thick, black; thalamium pellucid; spores 8, fusco-nigricant, ellipsoid, 1-septate; gelatina hymenea intense blue with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1808.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 11. pro. p. (1817.) Smmrf, Lapp. 142. Nyl. Scand. 232. L. atrata, Sm.-E. Bot. 2335.

Fig :—E, Bot. 2335.

Exs:—M. & N. 462 Fellm. 193. Geog. Distrib:—Norway, Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу:-7...10...15.

ENGLAND: —Near Easeby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Staveley. Mr. Martindale.

Scotland:—Head of Lochlee in Glen Esk, Angus. Mr. G. Don. (1808.) Cairngorm! herb. Borrer. Morrone. Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Barmouth, Rev. T. Salwey.

120. L. sub-disciformis, Leight. dirty yellowish-white, thin, minutely areolato-rimulose, plane, nigro-limitate (K yellow then red); apothecia scattered, sessile, plane, blackish, more or less pruinose, margin thick, entire, paler; hypothecium black; hymenium pale-brown; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On rocks, not common. 1851.

Not to be confounded with *L. saxorum*, Mass. or *L. disciformis*, Fr. which have a different chemical reaction and other characteristics.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...7...31.

England: —Torquay, ! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Lamorna! Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey.

Wales: -Sychnant! near Conway; Diganwy! near Conway!

Conway Mountain! Holyhead Mountain!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- South side of Jerbourg! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. meiosperma, Nyl. similar to the type, but with apothecia often cæsio-pruinose, and smaller spores. (K yellow then red.)

On rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN; -Nyl. in Flora 1868, p. 478, Crombie, En. 88.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jerbourg, Guernsey; Coast of Sark; Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

121. L. succedens, Nyl. whitish, thin, granulate, unequal or sub-areolate; apothecia fuscous-black, moder-

ate, margined, colourless within; hypothecium fuscous or rubricoso-fuscous; spores 8, nigrescent, ellipsoid, simple or 1-septate; paraphyses moderate, articulate, apex thickened, fuscous or fuscescent; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1866.

Compare L. secedens Nyl. Systematically near L. nigritula.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 372. Crombie En. 89.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :—15.

Scotland: —Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. 1866.

122. L. Hookerii, (Borr.) white or pale-yellow, consisting of appressed or plicato-rugose squamæ, somewhat farinose, effigurate at the circumference (K faint yellow C faint yellow); apothecia small, black, plane; hypothecium black; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On earth on alpine rocks, rare. 1808.

Imbedded in the thallus is a minute Sphæria Hookerii, Nyl. (Dacampia, Mass.) with ellipsoid 3-5-septate fuscous spores; see Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 27. f. 5.

SYN: - Verrucaria, Borr. in E. Bot. Suppl. 2622. f. 2. Nyl:

Prodr. 139.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2622. f. 2.

Exs: -Leight. 318. Anzi Langob. 135.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Italy.

Bot. Prov :—15.

Scotland; —Ben Lawers! Messrs. Hooker & Borrer. (1808).

123. L. præcavenda, Nyl. thallus obscure, thin, scarcely visible; apothecia black, plane or somewhat concave, margined, small; hypothecium somewhat reddishbrown, above more intense in colour; epithecium obscurely amber-brown; spores 8, faintly blackish, elliptical, 1-septate; paraphyses slender; gelatina hymenea blue then vinous-red with iodine.

On decaying holly, very rare. 1869.

Distinct from L. myriocarpa, DC. by the form of the paraphyses and reaction with iodine and from L. adpressa, Hepp by the paraphyses and colour of spores and hypothecium.

SYN:—Crombie in Seeman Journ. Bot. 7. 232. (1869.) Enum.

88.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND:—Near Lyndhurst in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

\*\* Hypothecium colourless.

124. L, atroalbella, Nyl. griseo-pallescent or fusco-griseous or cinereo-fuscescent, areolato-rimoso-diffract, areolæ small, plane, smooth (K yellow then red); hypothallus nigro-fuscous; apothecia innate in the areolæ, plane, margined; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On quartzose and schistose rocks, frequent.

Fig: - Hepp Sporen t. 5. f. 31. t. 61. f. 529. Exs: - Hepp 31. 529. Mudd, 185. Leight. 184.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Pyrenees. Bot. Prov:—5...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Near Easby! Battersby Bank! Lanbraugh Rigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Lyth Hill! Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton, Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Kilcurry! near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

125. L. alociza, Mass. cinereo-albescent, tartareo-pulverulent, almost evanescent (K—C—); apothecia scattered, at first punctiform, immersed, then emerso-adnate, plane, fuscous-black, when moistened paler badio-fuscous, margin paler; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, fuscous, rotundo-oblong, 1-septate.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN: -Mass, ! Symm. 42.

Exs:—Ain. 263. Anzi Ven. 66. Geog. Distrib:—Italy, Bavaria.

Bot. Prov:-8.

ENGLAND: -Buxton! Derbyshire. Dr. Holl. (1868.)

126. L. leucoclinella, Nyl. white, cream-coloured or cinereous, tartareous, diffracto-areolato-verrucose (K yellow C red); apothecia appressed to the areolæ, or sub-innato-sessile, black, plane, sub-immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

On quartzose and schistose rocks, not common.

SYN:—Nyl. in litt. 1870.

Exs:—Leight. 217.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy. Bot. Prov:—2...5.7.

England:—Shanklin! Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. Lyth Hill! Shropshire.

WALES :- Diganwy! near Conway.

C. Spores 1-septate, colourless.

\* Hypothecium dark.

127. L. grossa, Pers. cinerascent or cinereo-virescent

or cinereo-albicant, thin, continuous or rimose, unequal, indeterminate (K—C—); apothecia large, scattered, sessile, plane, black, disk minutely papillate, margin thickish, more or less flexuose and polished; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, 1-septate, very large.

On trees, not uncommon.

SYN:—Persoon in Herb. Mougeot fide Nyl. Prodr. 139. Nyl. Scand. 239. Lecidea premnea, Fr. L. S. Exs. 26. Lecidea leucoplaca, Chev. Fl. Paris. 1, 572.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 73. f. 647.

Exs:—Fries L. S. 26. fide Nyl. Hepp 647. Mudd 147. Leight.

125, Rabh. 869. Zw. 423.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Sweden, France, Germany, America, Australia.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3.5...7...10, 11...13...15...19, 20...24...

26...30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Airyholme Wood! Kildale! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. The Lodge! near Ludlow, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. near Malvern; near Newton Bushell; near Shanklin. Dr. Holl. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Rivenhall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Abdon! Shropshire.

Scotland: —Invercauld! Braemar. Dr. Lindsay. Glencoe! Mr. Borrer. Crummach! Ayrshire. Mrs. Dobie. Kenmore, Perthshire.

Dr. Holl. Braemar; Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Derriquin! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Blarney, Cork; Killarney, Kerry; and Dromoland, Clare; Loughcooter, Galway. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Castletaylor, Galway. Dr. Moore. Curraghmore, Waterford, Adm. Jones.

Wales: - Hendreforion! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

L. lutosa, (Mont.) dirty-ochraceous, tartareous, rimoso-areolate, areolæ plane, sometimes lobulate, (K— C-); apothecia black within and without, at first innate and immarginate, then appressed, plane, margin thin, prominent, entire; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate, small.

On mountain rocks, rare.

SYN :- Montagne M.S. in Schær. En. 116. (1850).

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 59. f. 506.

Exs: -Schær. 579. Zw. 348. Anzi Langob. 360.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Pyrenees, Germany, Switzerland, Hungary, Lombardy.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10.

ENGLAND :- Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Starcross! Devon-

shire! Mr, Parfitt. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire. WALES;—Cader Idris! north-west.

129. L. chalybeia, Borr. leaden-black, thin, slightly tartareous, minutely cracked (K—C—); apothecia minute, superficial, scattered, black, plane, margin entire, slightly elevated; hypothecium nigro-fuscous, thickish; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 1-septate, small.

On rocks, tiles, flints, &c., not uncommon. 1831.

SYN:—Borr, in E. Bot. Suppl. 2687. Nyl. Prodr. 136.

Fig: -E. Bot. Suppl. 2687. f. 2. Hepp Sporen t, 4. f. 13. & t. 58. f. 498.

Exs:-Nyl. 139. Hepp 13, 498. Anzi Langob. 448.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1831.) Ayton! Cleveland; near Rievaulx, Bilsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. near Brighton; Laneast Down, Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Wrekin! Pontesford Hill! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers and Craig Guie. Rev. J.-M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. Whitepoint! near Cork;

Blackwater; Blackstone Bridge; Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Abergwynant! Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.
Channel Islands:—Bonne Nuit; Rozel Valley! Jersey. Mr.
Larbalestier.

130. L. contristans, Nyl. fuscous or fusco-nigricant, thin, granulose; apothecia black, somewhat convex, immarginate, dusky within; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, or oblong, 1-septate; paraphyses indistinct; epithecium nigricant; hypothecium dusky; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then dusky yellow with iodine.

On mosses in alpine localities, rare. 1864.

Systematically near L. melæna, Nyl.

SYN :- Nyl, in Flora 1865. p. 354. Crombie En, 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Near summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

131. L. Templetoni, Tayl. greyish-white, thin, effuse, granulose (K—C—); apothecia moderate, more or less crowded, sessile, black, slightly polished, plane, with a thin entire or flexuose margin; hypothecium thick, brownish-black; spores 8, colourless, oblong or obtusely fusiformi-oblong, 1-septate.

On mosses, rare. 1836.

SYN:—Tayl. Fl Hib. 2. 123. (1836.) Mudd Man. 189. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5 ..11...15...19...29, 30.

England:—Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale! Rev. J. Harriman.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast! Mr. Templeton. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. North of Ireland. Adm. Jones. Lisburn, Dr. Dickie.

132. L. candida, (Web,) white, squamulose, squamæ swollen, lobato-plicate, congested and imbricate in the centre, lobed at the circumference, densely albo-granulato-farinose, (K—C—); apothecia appressed, black, cæsio-pruinose, plane or somewhat convex, margin thickish, entire, flexuose; hypothecium reddish-brown; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, obtuse, 1-septate.

On the earth among alpine rocks, rare.

A section of the apothecium shows the hymenium to rest on a pale reddish-brown dense hypothecium, which is subtended by a horny striated paler excipulum, externally marked with a thin dark-brown line. By this and the different chemical reaction at all times distinguishable from L. vesicularis.

SYN: -Weber Spicil. 193. (1778.) Ach. Syn. 50. Nyl. Scand.

215.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 33. f. 2. Hepp Sporen t. 15. f. 124. Exs:—Hepp 124. Zw. 347. Anzi It. S. 244. Bohl. 67. M. & N. 642. Mass. 308.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Pyrenees,

Hungary, Africa, America.

Вот. Ркоу:-7.. 15.

SCOTLAND: —Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones & Crombie. WALES: —Great Orme's Head! Carnaryonshire.

133. L. vesicularis, (Hffm.) glaucous or cæruleo-nigricant or pallido-olivaceo-fuscescent, squamulose, squamæ
bullate or bullato-plicate in the centre, rotundato-lobate
at the circumference, smooth, cæsio-pruinose, (K dirty
brown); apothecia elevated, sessile, bluish-black, naked
or cæsio-pruinose, plane, margin thick, obtuse, entire or
flexuose; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless,
fusiform, acute, 1-septate.

On the earth among maritime calcareous rocks, fre-

quent. 1772.

A section of the apothecium shows the hymenium to rest on a nigro-fuscous hypothecium, subtended by a pale mass, with an external thickish nigro-fuscous excipulum.

SYN: -Hffm. Pl. Lich. 2, 30. (1794.) Ach. Syn. 51. Nyl. Scand.

214.

Fig :- Hffm, Pl. Lieh. t. 32. f. 3. E. Bot. 1139.

Exs: -Anzi It. S. 241. (in part) 242. Larbal. 34. Mass. 274.

275. Mudd 143. M. & N. 172. Schær, 168.

Geog. Distrib:—Portugal, Algeria, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, France, Pyrenees, Austria, Hungary, Sweden, Arctic America, Cape Horn, Asia.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...4, 5...7, 8...10, 11, 12...15...19...23...29,

30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Near Buxton; near Torquay; Ventnor, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Westleigh! Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Cambridgeshire. Rev. Mr. Hemsted. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Westmoreland. Mr. Brunton. near Bristol. Miss Atwood, Gogmagog Hills, Cambridgeshire, Mr. Hailstone. Malham. Dr. Carrington. near Babbicombe. Adm. Jones. Hurstpierpoint. Mr. Hemmings. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Bray Hill, St. Minver near Padstow! Rev. R. V. Tellam.

Scotland; —Highlands. Rev. J. Lightfoot. (1772.) Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Craig Guie! Appin! Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—North Wall, Dublin. Mr. Brown. near Baldoyle. Dr. Taylor. near Cork and Middleton. Mr. Carroll. North of Ire-

land. Dr. Moore.

WALES: —Puffin Island, Anglesea. Rev. A. Bloxam. Great Orme's

Head. !

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Quenvais! Jersey! Cobo, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

134. L. colludens, Nyl. griseo-pallescent, thin, disperso-areolate, areolæ plano-convex, depressed, (K brownish C brownish); hypothallus nigricant predominating; apothecia black, plane, innato-sessile, margin thick; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate.

On quartzose and schistose rocks, not common. 1856.

Syn:—L. atroalba var. chlorospora, Nyl. Lich. Holm. 1. in Bot. Notis. 1853. p. 6. Scand. 233.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-7...15.

Scotland: - Killin! Breadalbane, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Ben Lawers! Dr. Stirton.

WALES: Barmouth! Cwm Glas! Snowdon; Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

135. L. intermixta, Nyl. whitish, very thin, smooth, effuse or evanescent, (K yellow C—); apothecia violetblack, moderate, numerous, solitary or confluent, plane or plano-convex, margin thin, soon obliterated, internally dusky; epithecium violet-black; hypothecium reddish-violet-black; paraphyses crowded, distinct, stout; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, 1-septate.

On trees, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Nyl. Addit. Chilens. 161. (1855.) Scand. 194. Crombie En. 64. Biatorina arceutica, Körb. S. L. G. 192.

Exs: -Hepp 279. Zw. 343. Arn. 76.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Switzerland, Germany, France.

Bot. Prov :- 2...31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! near Lyndhurst and Ringwood, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869.) Hurstpierpoint, Sussex! and near Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Borrer.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Peter's Valley, Jersey. Mr. Larbales-

tier.

136. L. anomaloides, Nyl. whitish, thin, granulose or evanescent; apothecia fusco-nigricant or fusco-pallescent or black, small, sub-convex, immarginate; hypothecium fuscous-black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate.

On schistose earth in mountainous districts, rare.

1860.

SYN:-Nyl in Flora 1862. p. 464. Crombie En. 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—France.

Вот. Prov:—15.

Scotland:—(forma denigrans, Nyl. in litt.) Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1860).

137. L. Muddii, Salw. MS. olive-green, cartilagineo-tartareous, smooth, sub-colliculoso-areolate, sub-determinate; apothecia pale-brown or reddish-brown, minute, numerous, scattered, innato-sessile, plane, margin very thin, smooth, eventually evanescent; hypothecium thin, pale-brown; spores 8, colourless, elliptical-oblong or ovate, 1-septate; paraphyses lax, slender.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1860.

SYN: -Salwey in litt. Mudd Man, 179. (1861).

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Bot. Prov:-1.

ENGLAND: - Near Newlyn, Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey. (1860).

138. L. alpicola, (Schær.) like L. geographica but with spores colourless, 1-septate.

On alpine whinstone rocks, very rare. 1869.

Syn:—L. geographica var. alpicola Schær. Spic. 124. (1833.) Nyl. Prodr. 143. Crombie in Seem, Journ. Bot. 8, 99.

Exs:—Schær. 173. Hepp 151.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, France, Pyrenees, Sweden, Asia. Bot. Prov:—15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Nevis. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1869).

# \*\* Hypothecium colourless.

139. L. lenticularis, Ach. brownish or nigricant or

cinereo-fuscescent, thin, indeterminate or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia black or fuscous-black, small, plane, marginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong or lineari-oblong, 1-septate, small.

On mountain and maritime rocks, not unfrequent.

Syn: -Ach. Syn. 28. (1814.) Nyl. Scand. 242.

Exs:—Zw. 272. Anzi Ven. 68. Ital. S. 254. Langob. 120. Geog. Distrib:—Switzerland, Germany, Italy, N. Africa.

Bot. Prov:—7...(19—30).. 31. IRELAND:—Common. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Nant-Gwynant! Snowdon! Holyhead Mountain! Channel Islands:—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

A forma minor has been found on Turk Mountain, Killarney, according to Crombie En. 91.

Var. chloropoliza, Nyl. cinereo-virescent, thin, unequal or rugulose; apothecia large.

On maritime rocks, not common.

SYN :- Nyl. Armor. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. 8. p. 758, (1861.)

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France. Bot, Prov:—15.. 24...31.

SCOTLAND:—Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Kilkee co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. nigro-clavata, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia small, superficial, convex or plane, internally cinerascent in the middle; spores 8, pale yellow, oblongo-cylindrical, simple.

On trees.

SYN:—Nyl. in Bot. Not. 1853. p. 160. Scand. 242. Crombie Enum, 91.

Geog. Distrib :—France, Germany, Russia, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...24.

ENGLAND: - Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: - Rostellan co. Cork; near Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

140. L. sub-nigrata, Nyl. cinereo-nigricant, furfuraceo-diffract, granulose, (K—C—); apothecia fuscous-black, convex, immarginate, generally conglomerate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1-septate, small; paraphyses indistinct.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

"Vix separanda a L. denigrata," Nyl.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 370.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—5...7...11...15. ENGLAND: -Force Garth, Teesdale. Dr. Holl. Abdon Burf! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers; Crainlarick. Dr. Holl. Wales:—North side of Cader Idris! (1866).

141. L. pineti, (Schrad.) virescent, leprose, very thin, or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia pale rufous-yellow or whitish flesh-colour, minute, numerous, scattered, concave, almost urceolate, margin paler, smooth, thickish, waxy; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate.

On bases of pine trees, frequent. 1808.

Syn:—Schrad. in Ach. Meth. 68. (1803.) Ach. Syn. 41. Nyl. Scand. 191.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1863. two lower fig.

Exs:—Zw. 83. Mudd. 145. Hepp 136. Nyl. 56. Schær. 218. Leight. 89.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Germany, Bavaria, France, Switzerland, Swe-

den, Finland, America.

Bot. Prov: -2...4, 5...8...10...19...22...24, 25...28...30, 31.

England: -Cossey near Norwich. Sir W. J. Hooker. (1808.)

Wood east end of Llanforda Pool! Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Twycross! Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam, Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Brighton, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Wapley Hill! Herefordshire; Round Hill! near Shrewsbury.

IRELAND: —Near Larne and Belfast, Dr. Moore. Armagh. Adm. Jones. near Cork; near Limerick co. Clare; Baltinglass, Wicklow;

Glenville, Cork; Glenstalk, Tipperary. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalcstier.

142. L. lutea, (Dicks.) albescent, effuse, very thin, granuloso-leprose or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia bright carneo-fulvescent, rather large, scattered, more or less concave, then plano-convex, margin entire, thin, smooth, paler, flexuose; hypothecium thick, colourless, carnose; spores 8, colourless, fusiformi-oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, not common. 1785.

SYN:--Dicks. Br. Crypt. 1. 11. (1785.) Nyl. Scand. 192. Fig.:- E. Bot. 1263. Leight. Br. Ang. Lich. t. 14, f. 3.

Fig :— E. Bot. 1263. Leight. Br. Ang. Lich. t. 14. f. 3. Exs :—Hepp 501. Larbal. 29. Zw. 331. Wright Cuba. 177. Korb. 277. Arn. 98.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Germany, Austria, Bavaria, Cuba, Ceylon, Lapland, Norway, America, Sandwich Islands.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2.. 5.. 7...19 ..28...30, 31.

ENGLAND:— . Mr. Dickson. (1785.) Penzance! Llanforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Woodmancote! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Launceston; near Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Danny, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Ditcham Cross, S.

Devon; Camelford, Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Countess Weir Topsham,

Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Lydford, Devon. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND:—Ardrum! Castlemary! near Cork, Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Mr. Hardy. Luggelaw and Glengarriff, Adm. Jones. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Askew Wood and Dunkerron, Dr. Taylor. Glenarm. Dr. Moore.

Walks: -- Near Bangor. Mr. Turner.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais; Rozel! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

143. L. cyrtella, Ach. pale or whitish or cream-coloured, very thin, unequal or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia pale or livido-rufescent or rufescent, plane or convex, small, generally with more or less of a pseudo-thalline uhite margin; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 1-septate, rather large.

On trees, not unfrequent. 1810.

The apothecia when moistened with K and subsequently with C become pale and transparent in the disk with a very thin greenish line around the circumference.

Syn :- Ach. Meth. 67. (1805.) Syn. 39. Nyl. Scand. 206.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2155.

Exs: Schær. 473. Arn. 48. Anzi Langob. 336. Rabh. 174, Hepp 18. Fellm. 161, Zw. 275. Mass. 132,

Geog. Distrib: -Switzerland, Bavaria, Lombardy, Hungary,

Germany, Italy, E. Lapland.

Bot. Prov: -2...4.. 8.. 10.. 24...31.

ENGLAND:—Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. 1810. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Airyholme Wood! Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

IRELAND: -Ballynagarda; Mountshannon, Limerick. Mr. Car-

roll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—(saxicole) Ann Port, Jersey. Mr. Lartalestier.

144. L. anomala, (Fr.) albo-cinerascent, sub-granuloso-pulverulent, thin, sometimes evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia livido-rufous or blackish, adnate, plane, margin thin, at length convex and margin obliterated; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong or elliptical, 1-septate, large.

On trees, not common.

Form and size of spores, distinguish it from L. tricolor and L. globulosa.

Syn:-Fries L. Eur. 269. (1831.)

Exs:-Fries L. Suec. 350. Mudd 155.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Bor. Prov :- 3...10.

ENGLAND:—Near Ayton; Airyholme! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Hickmore, Fen Wood; Mile End near Colchester; Felix Hall Park; Kelvedon; Pod's Wood, Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

145. L. Lightfootii, (Sm.) greenish-white, tartarcous, effuse, granuloso-verrucose, (K—C—); apothecia sub-in-nato-sessile, plane, polished, black, margin thin, smooth, paler, flexuose; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 1-septate, cells rounded and slightly dilated at the apices, small.

On trees, rare. 1784.

SYN :-Sm. E. Bot, 1451. (1805.) Ach. Syn. 34. Nyl. Prod. 105.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1451. Hepp Sporen t. 58. fig. 503.

Exs :-- Hepp 503. Schær. 581. (in part).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3...5.. 13...31.

ENGLAND:— Rev. J. Lightfoot. (1784.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Essex. Mr. Piggott. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

SCOTLAND:—Caerlaverock road! Dumfries, Dr. Lindsay. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Patrimoine, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma commutata, (Ach.) thallus dissolved and pulverulent.

On trees, rare.

Syn: -Ach. L. U. 352? Mass. Ric. 136. Mudd Man. 179.

Fig :- Mass. Ric. f. 269.

Exs: -Zw. 373. Hepp 744. M. & N. 839.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany.
Bot. Prov:—2.. 19...24...28.
England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND: —Cahirlogue;! Ardrum near Cork; Killaloe, Clare. Mr. Carroll, Armagh near the Obelisk. Adm. Jones.

146. L. globulosa, Flk. greyish-white, thin, effuse, granuloso-leprose, (K—C—); apothecia minute, numerous, scattered, adnate, black, margin thin; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate, small.

On trees, not unfrequent.

Syn:—Flk. Deut. Lich. 181. (1821.) Nyl. Lapp. Or. 149. Crombie Enum. 69.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 4. f. 16.

Exs:-Fellm. 155. Hepp 16. Anzi It. S. 258. Zw. 893.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, Germany, Italy, Hungary, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:-15...19.

Scotland:—Loch Katrine; Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Glencar co. Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

147. L. denigrata, Fr. fusco-nigricant, somewhat virescent, thin, effuse, minutely granulose, (K— C—); apothecia minute, conglomerate, sessile, livid-black, convex, sub-immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong or ovate, straight or slightly curved, 1-septate, small.

On old pales, posts, &c. not unfrequent. 1831.

SYN:—Fr. L. Eur. 270. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 202. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2711. Hepp Sporen t. 4. f. 14.

Exs :- Hepp 14. Anzi It. S. 256. Zw. 394.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Italy, Germany, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3.. 5.. 10.

ENGLAND: —Esher, Surrey; Henfield and Boxgrove, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1851.) Farndale! near Marslee, Cleyeland. Mr. Mudd. Shermanbury! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. near Treflach Hall! Shropshire and Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

148. L. fallax, (Hepp.) cinereo-virescent, thin, subleprose, effuse; apothecia flesh-colour-yellow, somewhat convex or convex, immarginate (young apothecia with an obtuse margin), colourless within; spores 8, colourless, oblong or oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate; paraphyses slender or indistinct; epithecium, hymenium and hypothecium colourless; gelatina hymenea blue, then violet, with iodine. (K turns apothecia reddish.)

On elms, rare. 1865.

Syn:—Hepp Flecht. Europ. 505. (1860.) L. chlorotiza, Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 85. Crombie En. 70.

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 58. f. 505.

Exs:—Hepp 505. Wright Cuba 197. Schær. 207. Zw. 277. Arn. 74. Geog. Distrib :—Germany, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Italy, Bavaria, Cuba.

Вот. Prov :—1, 2.

ENGLAND:—Leigh Woods! Clifton, co. Somerset. Mr. Larbalesier. (1865.) near Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

149. L. Ehrhartiana, (Ach.) albido-flavescent, effuse, granulato-rugose or evanescent; apothecia pale-yellow, small, numerous, adnate, plane, margin thin, afterwards convex and immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spore 8, colourless, lineari- or fusiformi-oblong, 1-septate small. (K turns apothecia reddish.)

On exposed old timber, barns, &c., not common.

1803.

Cliostomum corrugatum, Fr. (Leight. Angioc. Lich. p. 69. t. 30. f. 1.) constitutes the spermogonia of this lichen.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 39. (1798.)
 Syn. 47. Nyl. Scand. 195.
 Fig:—E. Bot. 1136.
 Leight. Angioc. Lich. t. 30. f. 2.

Exs:—Hepp 497. Zw. 91. 109. Schær. 326. 192. Leight. 410. Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Germany, Sweden, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

ENGLAND:—Acle, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. (1803.) Livermere! Suffolk; near Cotteshall! Mr. Borrer. Tilgate Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Great Alne, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Cambridge. Rev. R. Relhan. near Colchester, Essex. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Pembridge! Herefordshire.

or obsolete or sub-granuloso-rugose, effuse, (K yellow C orange); apothecia carneo-fuscous or livido-fuscescent or nigricant, plane, margin thin, paler; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid or oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate.

On oak and pine trees, common. 1796.

SYN; —With. Arr. 4. 23. (1716.) Nyl. Scand. 207. Lichen Griffithii, Sm. Biatora mixta, Fr. L. E. 268.

Fig:-E. Bot. 1735. Hepp Sporen t. 85. f. 738.

Exs:—Bohl. 119. Zw. 82. Arn. 216. Hepp 738. Korb. 278. Leight. 70.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, Italy, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—2 ..4, 5...7, 8...10, 11...15...19...25...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Durham, Rev. J. Harriman. Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Lodge near Ludlow! Woodhill! Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire. Prof. Churchill Babington. Cliffrigg! Oggery Hill! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest and Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie, Malvern; Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Twycross, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. near Colchester, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Ragley Wood, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Nesscliffe Hill! Haughmond Hill! High Rock near Bridgnorth! between Hopton and Great Ness! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Loch Lomond. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Glen Falloch.

Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Near Cork and Glenstal co. Tipperary. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. near Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Garn near Denbigh. Mr. Griffith. (1796.)

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Peter's Wood! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

151. L. biformigera, Leight. dirty-white, thick, tartareous, verrucoso-areolate, rimoso-diffract, (K yellow C

yellow); apothecia small, black, conglomerate, plane, slightly margined; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, narrowly oblong, 1-septate, cells binucleolate.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

The spores are similar in shape and size to those of Verrucaria biformis, Borr.

SYN: - Leight, in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. 1867.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 7.

Wales:—North escarpment of Cader Idris! (1866.) Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; rocks near Llyn Aran! Cader Idris.

152. L. pulverea, Borr. pale-greyish-green, minutely granuloso-pulverulent or mealy, soft, effuse, indeterminate, moderately thick, (K yellow C—); apothecia rather large, scattered or conglomerate, adnato-sessile, black, internally pale, plane, with a paler livid slightly raised margin, eventually convex and immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong or elliptico-oblong, 1-septate, large.

On trees, rare. 1807.

Not unlike the *commutata* form of *L. Lightfootii*, but differs in size and shape of the spores and chemical reaction.

SYN :- Borrer in E. Bot. Suppl. 2726. (1831).

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2726. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...7...12...15...19.

England:—New Forest. Mr. Lyell. Keswick,! Cumberland. Mrs. Stanger, near Danny, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.

SCOTLAND :- Aberfeldy! Glen Falloch near Invergran. Dr.

Holl, Loch Lomond. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Glengariff. Adm. Jones. Old Dromore. Dr. Taylor. Cromaglown, Killarney. Dr. Moore. near Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey & Mr. Borrer. Glyn!

near Capel Curig.

153. L. luteella, Nyl. white, very thin or albo-macular; apothecia pale-yellow, small, margined (or submarginate, young ones gyalectoid), colourless within; spores 8, colourless, oblong or oblongo-fusiform, 1-septate; thecæ often thick and solid at the apices; paraphyses slender.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1865. Systematically after *L. erysiboides*, Nyl.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865, p. 6, Crombie En. 73.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -28.

IRELAND :- Sheepwalk, Armagh. Adm. Jones.

154. L. holomeloides, Nyl. dusky or nigricant, thin, effuse, sub-granulate; apothecia black, somewhat convex, immarginate, dusky within; spores S, colourless, oblong or sub-bacillar, 1-septate, variable in size; paraphyses indistinct; epithecium nigricant; hypothecium nearly colourless or very slightly fuscescent; gelatina hymenea slightly blue, then yellowish, with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose earth in alpine places, rare. 1866.

Approaching L. globulosa, Flk. but with the aspect of L. melæna, Nyl.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 369. Crombie En. 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Near summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

- 155. L. erysiboides, Nyl. green, leprose, thin, nearly indeterminate, almost evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia testaceo-rufous, small, sub-convex, immarginate, opake; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, apically obtuse, 1-septate; paraphyses indistinct.

On old trunks and wood in moist shady places, rare.

1870.

Syn:—Nyl. in Sällsk. pro. F. & Fl. F. Notis, 4. (n. ser. 1.) p. 232. (1859.) Scand. 208.

Exs :- Fellm, 156. Arn. 280

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2...15.

ENGLAND: —Devon; Isle of Wight. (1870.) (forma sordidescens. Nyl.) New Forest near Lyndhurst! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—(f. pallida, Nyl.) Lake Katrine! Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

156. L. Bouteillei, (Desmaz.) albido-subvirescent, filmy, thin, effuse, minutely granulose, (K—C—); apothecia pale-yellow-flesh-colour, minute, scattered, adnatosessile, plane, margin thin, paler, entire or crenato-flexuose; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, 1-septate, minute.

On leaves of box, rare. 1868.

Syn:—Lecanora Bouteillei, Desmaz. Cr. Fr. ed. 2. 1195. (1847.) Nyl. Lapp Or. 152.

Exs: -Arn. 331.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Germany.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

England :- Danny Sandfield! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.

157. L. atropurpurea, Schær. greenish-grey, granuloso-leprose, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia purplish-black, (red-dish-brown when moist,) minute, scattered, sessile, plane or convex, margin thin, entire; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, elliptical or ovate, 1-septate.

On trees, not common.

SYN: -Schær, Enum. 140 (1850.) Crombie Enum. 64.

Exs: -Zw. 343. 371. Arn. 76.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу ;—2...19.

ENGLAND: - New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie, Hurstpierpoint!

near Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND:—Killarney and Glengariff, Adm. Jones. Turk Dinis Island and Cromaglown, Killarney; Glenbower Wood, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

## D. Spores 1-3-septate (sometimes simple.)

158. L. subviridescens, Nyl. virescent, very thin, opake, or obsolete; apothecia fuscous, opake or fusco-livescent, convex, immarginate, dusky within; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple or 1-3-septate; paraphyses indistinct; epithecium and hypothecium dusky; gelatina hymenea blue, then vinous-red, with iodine.

On the earth in maritime localities, rare. 1868.

Like L. viridescens, Ach.

SYN:—Nyl in Flora 1868. p. 474. Crombie En. 71.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe,

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

Channel Islands :- Boulay Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

159. L, subturgidula, Nyl. whitish or virescent, very thin, effuse; apothecia livid or pale dusky-livid, opake, convex, immarginate, in section hypothecium fuscous with a superior albicant stratum; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple or 1-3-septate; paraphyses indistinct; epithecium white; hypothecium fuscescent; gelatina hymenea blue, then often fulvescent, with iodine.

On holly, rare. 1868.

Approaches L. aprochrocella, Nyl.

SYN :- Nyl in Flora 1868. p. 343. Crombie En. 72.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov: -2.

ENGLAND:—Near Lyndhurst in the New Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868.)

160. L. Caradocensis, Leight. dull grey-greenish-olive, cartilaginous, effuse, rimoso-areolate, granulato-verrucose, scales minute, adnate, roundish, convex, crimped or wrinkled, more or less minutely crenulate, (K yellow C orange-yellow); apothecia dull black, sessile on the areolæ, more or less imbedded; scattered or confluent, margin thin, flexuose; hypothecium rufo-fuscous or dark brown; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-fusiform, 3-septate, (sometimes 1 or 2-septate,) minute.

On fir trees, old palings, &c., frequent. 1854.

SYN:—Leight. Lich. Brit. Exs. 160. (1854.) Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. Dec. 1864.

Fig :- Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. Dec. 1864, t. 9, f. 6, 7, 10.

Exs:-Leight, 160.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2, 3...5...8.

ENGLAND:—Aymestry! Herefordshire Rev. J. F. Crouch. north side Gopsall Wood near Twycross, Leicestershire.! Rev. A. Bloxam. Ombersley! near Worcester; Whippets near North Malvern! Dr. Holl. Kelvedon, Mark's Hall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Hendon; Finchley; and Totteridge, Middlesex; New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. S. & W. bases of Caer Caradoc! (1854); Meole Brace near Shrewsbury!; Eastern base of Wrekin! Shropshire.

161. L. incompta, Borr. cinereo-virescent, thin, crustaceous, unequal, sub-granuloso-furfuraceous; apothecia dull black, numerous, plane, margin thin, flexuose; hypothecium thick, black; spores 8, colourless, shortly lineari-cylindrical, 1-2-3-septate.

On trees, frequent. 1831.

SYN: -Borr, in E. Bot. Suppl. 2699. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 210.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2699.

Exs:—Leight. 162. Schær. 212. Fellm. 175. 176. Anzi It. S. 260. Bohl. 102. Mass. 317. Zw. 335. Körb. 283.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Italy, Germany, E. Lapland.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3, 5...10. .24...31.

ENGLAND:—Shermanbury and Hurstpierpoint! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1831.) Kildale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. The Lodge near Ludlow! Rev. T. Salwey. Danny, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier, near Worcester; Notter Bridge near Saltash, Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Whitstone Hill; Stoke Wood; Dunsford, Devon. Mr. Parfitt, Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Adare near Limerick ! Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Martin's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

L. prasinoides, Nyl. green, thin, sub-granulate or very thin, subleprose, indeterminate; apothecia paleflesh-colour, minute, somewhat plane, obtusely or obsoletely margined (in dry state without margin, but in moist corneo-hyaline), colourless within; spores 8, colourless, bacillar or fusiformi-bacillar, 1-3-septate; paraphyses slender, colourless at the apices; hypothecium colourless; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On calcareous and sandstone rocks, rare. 1865.

Resembling L. lutcola var. chlorotica, Ach. but with spores even shorter than in the common L. bacillifera, Nyl.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 146. Crombie En. 74.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe. Bot. Prov:--19...28.

IRELAND:-Sheepwalk, Armagh. Adm. Jones. Dinisin Killarney. Mr. Hardy.

> E. Spores 3-septate, brown. \* Hypothecium dark.

163. L. alboatra, (Hoffm.) white or albicant, unequal, subfarinose, effuse, sometimes sub-evanescent, (K-C-); apothecia black, albo-suffused or naked, small, adnate, sometimes spuriously lecanoroid; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 3-septate, sometimes irregularly muriform.

On trees and pales, common. 1808.

SYN: -Hoffm, Enum. 30. (1784.) Nyl. Scand. 235. Lecidea corticola, Ach. Syn. 32.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1892. Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 148.

Exs: -Schær. 445. Hepp 148. Zw. 123. Mudd 191. Nyl. 63. Leight. 64. Anzi Ven. 79.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Bavaria, France, Africa, N. America.

BOT. PROV:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7. 10...15...(19—30)...31. ENGLAND:—Seething, Norfolk. Sir J. E. Smith. (1808.) Masham! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Lewes! Mr. D. Turner. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. near Worcester. Dr. Holl. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Montford Bridge! Nobold! Shelton! near Shrewsbury; Worfield! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Killin. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND :- Not unfrequent. Mr. Carroll. Wales :- Near Dinas Bran, Llangollen !

Channel Islands: —Jersey, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma leucoplaca, DC. greyish-white, sub-orbicular, de-

terminate, unequal or areolato-verrucose, (K—C-); apothecia constantly naked.

On poplar, not common. 1860.

SYN:—DC. Fl. Fr. 2. p. 347. (1805.) Nyl. Scand. 235. Diplotomma populorum, Mass. Ric. 99. Mudd. Man. 218.

Fig :- Mass. Ric. f. 201.

Exs:-Nyl, 65. Mass. 289. Zw. 230. Anzi Etr. 33. Mudd 192.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy, Germany, Hungary.

Вот. Prov :—10.

ENGLAND:—Near Easby and Carlton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1860).

forma epipolia, (Ach.) greyish-white, sub-orbicular, sub-determinate, areolato-rimulose, (K—C—); apothecia innato-sessile, cæsio-pruinose, with a pseudo-thalline margin.

On calcareous rocks and walls, frequent. 1803.

SYN: -Ach. Prodr. 58. (1798.) Syn. 32. Nyl. Scand. 235.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1137. Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 146.

Exs:—Nyl. 64. Hepp. 146. Zw. 229. 351. Mudd 193. Leight. 241. Mass. 356.

GEOG. DISTBIB:—France, Switzerland, Germany, Sweden, Italy, Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov:—1...3, 4, 5...7...10...19...23...31.

England:—Near Ayton! Pinchingthorp Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Market Dereham Church, Norfolk. (1803); Suffolk. Mr. Turner. Malvern Hills. Dr. Holl. Ide near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Coggeshall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Tong Priory! Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: -Portmarnoch! Dublin. Dr. Taylor. near Cork! Mr.

Carroll.

Wales:—Dolbadern Castle! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

164. L, calcarea, (Weis.) white, orbicular, determinate, tartareo-farinose, rimuloso-areolate in the centre, sub-effigurate at the circumference, (K—C—); apothecia largish, black, innate, plane, cæsio-pruinose, when old convex, with white thallodal margin, proper margin black, persistent; hypothecium fuscous-black; spores 8, fuscous, narrowly oblong or lineari-oblong, 3-septate.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1808.

SYN: - Weis Cr. Gotting. 40. (1772.) Mudd Man. 219. L. spcirea, E. Bot!

Fig :—E. Bot. 1864.

Exs:—Mass. 15. M. & N. 943. Schær. 230. Anzi It. S. 311. Arn. 215.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Hungary, Bavaria. Bor. Prov:—1, 2...7, 8..15, 16.

ENGLAND:—Near Newhaven! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1808.) The

Frith, near Buxton. Dr. Holl. Ide near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Morrone, Craig Guie, Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Llandudno, Great Ormes's Head!

165. L. chlorophæa, Hepp MS. tawny or creamy-white, verrucose or areolato-rimulose, unequal, scattered or sub-determinate, (K yellow then red); apothecia numerous, small, subinnato-sessile, black, slightly pruinose, plane or convex; hypothecium dark-brown; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 3-septate, irregularly muriform.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN:—Hepp MS. in herb. Arnold! GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy.

Bot. Prov:-7.

Wales: - Aberdovey! North Wales. Rev. A. Bloxam. (1868).

166. L. deducta, Nyl. greenish, effuse, obscurely sub-gelatinous; apothecia blackish, small, usually margined, reddish in a thin section; hypothecium more obscure in the middle; spores 8, colourless or faintly blackish, elliptical or oblong, 1-or 3-septate; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea blue, then vinous-red, with iodine.

On old felled holly stumps, very rare. 1869.

Perhaps only a var. of L. subturgidula, Nyl. but differing chiefly in the black and marginate apothecia.

SYN:—Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 7. 233. (1869.) Enum. 72.

Geog. Distrib :—Europe.

Bot. Prov :-2.

England:—Near to Brockenhurst in New Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1869).

167. L. postuma, Nyl. cinerascent, evanescent; apothecia black, rather minute, somewhat plane, marginate, concolorous within; hypothecium and epithecium fuscescent; spores 6-8, colourless or fuscescent, ellipsoideo-oblong, 3-septate, generally with a few oblique or longitudinal septulæ.

On calcareous stones in gravelly mountain localities,

rare. 1868.

Possibly a starved variety of L. petræa.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 345. Crombie En, 87.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe,

Вот. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND: - Morrone, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868).

168. L. triphragmia, Nyl. similar to L. disciformis in the thallus and general habit, but with spores 3-septate.

On shady rocks in sub-alpine districts, rare. 1870.

Syn:—Nyl. Prodr. 141, (1857.) Crombie in Seem, Journ. 9.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND: -- Morrone, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

## F. Spores 3-septate, colourless.

## \* Hypothecium dark.

169. L. melæna, Nyl. fusco-nigricant, leproso-granulose, thin, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia minute, convex, black, internally concolorous, immarginate; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 3-septate.

On the earth and old wood, rare.

SYN:-Nyl. in Bot. Notis. 1853. p. 182. Scand, 205.

Exs:—Fries L. S. Exs. 212, B. (fide Nyl.) M. & N. 1329. Fellm. 159,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...15 ..19 ..23,

ENGLAND: -New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—Grampians; Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Howth. Adm. Jones., Crogham, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

170. L. trachona, (Ach.) virescent, thin, leprose, minutely areolate, (K—C—); apothecia minute, sessile, black, scattered or confluent, convex, margin obliterated; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 3-septate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1868.

Syn:—Verrucaria, Ach. Syn. 96. Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 620. Crombie Enum. 71.

Exs: -Zw. 117. 104. Rabh. 846. Larbal. 80

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Germany, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Warren, Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

171. L. Ederi, Ach. ochraceo-ferruginous, thin, areolate or areolato-granulose, (K—C—); apothecia small, umbonate or generally plicate or sub-gyrose, black,

plane, margin thin, flexuose; hypothecium black; spores 8, colour ess, oblong, 3-septate, nucleolate.

On mountain and maritime rocks, frequent. Syn:—Ach. Prod. 66. (1798.) Syn. 22, Nyl. Scand, 234.

Fig .—Hepp Sporen t. 59. f. 508.

Exs :—Fries L. S. 384. Hepp 508. Leight. 187. Zw. 28. Körb. 285.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Bavaria, Austria, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...10...15...19...30.

ENGLAND: —Lounsdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Launceston, Cornwall. Dr. Holl,

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Castleton of Braemar; Blair Athole; Coast of Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Mangerton. Dr. Taylor. co. Antrim. Adm. Jones. WALES: —Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

Dolgelley! Barmouth! Glyder Vach! Llyn Cwlyd!

172. L. abietina, Ach. white or whitish, thin, leprose, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia moderate or large, numerous, scattered, sessile, black, thickly suffused with a whitish or pale-yellowish pruina, rarely naked, plane or sub-convex, margin thickish, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, aciculari-fusiform or sub-bacilliform, 3-septate.

On old trees in mountainous regions, not unfrequent.

1830.

Verrucaria leucocephala, E. Bot. Suppl. 2642. f. 2. and Pyrenothea leucocephala, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 28. f. 1. Exs. 164. are the spermogonia.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 188. (1810.) Syn. 30. Nyl. Scand. 241.

Fig: -E. Bot. Suppl. 2642. fig. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 28. fig.

Exs:—Schær. 534. 533. Hepp 517. Arn. 88. Leight. 163. Mudd 200.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...8...10...19 . 29...31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! Mr. Lyell. (1830.) Westerdale! Stogdale! Hobhole! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Bradgate Park, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

IRELAND:—Killarney and Carig Mountain, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Donegal. Dr. Moore. Crogham and Eagle's Nest, Killarney. Mr.

Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Jersey ; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

173. L. Turneri, Leight. glaucous-white, thick, tarta-reo-farinose, areolato-verrucose, turgid, (K—C—); apothecia solitary or confluent, appresso-sessile, black, plane or convex; hypothecium black, thick; spores 8, colour-

less, lineari-cylindrical or lineari-fusiform, 3-septate, (occasionally 2-or 4-septate,) small.

On mortar, in walls, &c. rare.

Similar in general appearane to L. mamillaris, but distinct by the spores and reaction, both from that and L. Dilleniana.

SYN; -L. candida, E. Bot. 1138. (1803).

Fig :- E. Bot. 1138.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-4.

ENGLAND :- Trigby Church! near Yarmouth. Mr. Turner.

174. L. carbonacea, (Anzi.) fuscous-black, sub-orbicular, thick, glebuloso-diffract, squamules small, rugoso-convex, entire or inciso-crenate, (K— C—); apothecia small, black, sessile, solitary or aggregate, plane, margined, eventually convex and immarginate; hypothecium thick, reddish-black; spores 8, colourless, "bacilliform," straight or curved, 3-septate.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1870

SYN: -Toninia, Anzi Cat. Sondr. 68. (1860.) Crombie Enum. 78.

Exs :- Anzi Langob. 115.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Lombardy.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND: - Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1870.)

175, L. squamulosa, Deak. MS. pale-brown, thin, crustaceo-cartilaginous, squamulose, squamulæ sub-imbricated or flattish, appressed and rimulose, crenate, (K yellow, then turning dusky); apothecia small, solitary or aggregated, appressed or sub-sessile, plane or convex and deformed, black, margin thickish; hypothecium nigrofuscous; spores 8, colourless, lineari-cylindrical, 3-septate, cells nucleolate, half the size of those of L. aromatica.

On rocks and walls, not frequent. 1853.

SYN:—Salwey in Penzance Nat. Hist. Soc. Trans. 1853. p. 144. Mudd Man. 174.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...1...15...19...28...31.

England:—Trengwainton! Penzance. Rev. T. Salwey. (1853.)
Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Matlock! Mr. Wilson. Penzance.
Mr. W. Curnow.

SCOTLAND: -Slaghead Kirk, Coast of Kincardine; near Stone-haven, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Blackrock ! Mr. Carroll. Armagh. Adm. Jones.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Herm. Mr. Larbalestier.

176. L. aromatica, (Sm.) greyish white, tartareous, rugose, granulato-congested, (K faintly yellow); apothecia small, solitary or aggregated, sub-sessile, plane, black; hypothecium nigricant; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-cylindrical, 3-septate.

On the earth, old walls, rocks, &c. frequent. 1807.

SYN:-Sm. E. Bot. 1777. (1807.) Ach. Syn. 19. Nyl. Prod. 123.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1777. Hepp Sporen t. 32. f. 283.

Exs: -Leight. 154. Zw. 280. Larbal. 85.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Algeria, Italy, Germany. Bot. Prov:—1, 2...4, 5...7...11...16...19.. 31.

England:—Yarmouth Mr. Turner. (1807.) Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. near Eglestone, Durham Rev. J. Harriman. near Exeter. Mr. Hemmings. Whittington near Worcester; Bolt Head; Fairlight near Hastings; Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Penzance. Mr. Curnow.

Scotland :- Appin, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Blarney! Upper Glanmire! near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Barmouth! Dolgelley! Dolbadern Castle! Snowdon. Channel Islands:—St. Aubin's Harbour, Mont Orgueil Castle, Jersey! and on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

A var. hypnophila, Nyl. has been found on mosses on Ben Lawers by Adm. Jones. (Crombie En. 78.)

177. L. Dilleniana, (Ach.) albo-cinerascent or cinereonigrescent, granulose or diffract, sub-gyroso-verrucose, (K yellow C orange); apothecia black, naked or albo-pruinose, appresso-sessile, scattered or aggregate; hypothecium nigro-fuscous, almost nigricant; spores 8, colourless, aciculari-fusiform, 3-septate, large.

On maritime and subalpine rocks, rare.

I have a specimen in my herb. gathered at Norköping by Wahlenberg. Anzi Ven. 82. 83. and Zw. 142. and Schær. 580. have a different reaction K yellow C red.

SYN :- Ach. Prod. 57. (1798.) Syn. 30. Nyl. Scand. 240.

Fig :—Ach, Prodr. t. 1. f. 1. Exs :—Leight. 336. Mudd 199.

Geog. Distrib:—Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—3...7...10...12...15.

England:—Cleveland! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Brightlingsea! Mr. Varenne. Staveley near Kendal. Mr. Martindale.

Scotland:—Trosachs; Aviemore; and Achallater, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam.

178. L. rhexoblephara, Nyl. albido-cinerascent, very thin or evanescent; apothecia black, moderate, plane, margin thick, rhagadioso-diffract or crenate, internally concolorous, hymenium whitish; hypothecium dark-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid or fusiformi-ellipsoid, 3-septate.

On decaying mosses in alpine localities, rare. 1861.

SYN:—Nyl. in Ofvers. V. Ak. Förk. 1860, p. 297. Scand. 240.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Norway, Behrings Straits.

Bot. Prov:-15.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1861).

179. L. mesoidea, Nyl. cinerascent, thin, sub-opake, unequal, sub-areolato-rimulose; apothecia black, moderate, younger ones margined, then sub-convex and the margin evanescent, concolorous within; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 3-septate; paraphyses moderate, apices nigricant; hypothecium black with a yellowish-red or cerasino-rufescent middle stratum; gelatina hymenea cærulescent, then violet, with iodine.

On maritime micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1868.

Approaching L. acclinis, (Flot.) but differs in the hypothecium, as also from L. squamulosa, Deak. by the distinct upper stratum of the hypothecium.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 475. Crombie En. 78.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Sark, Mr. Larbalestier.

180. L. premneoides, Nyl. pallido-virescent or cineres-virescent, slightly leprose, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia black, moderate, margined, plane, epithecium sometimes sub-virescenti-suffused; spores 8, colourless, oblong, obsoletely 3-septate; paraphyses slender; hypothecium black; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On walls in maritime localities, rare. 1865.

Allied to L. aromatica, Ach. and granosa, Tuck. and with the aspect of L. premnea, Ach.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 147. Crombie. En. 79.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот, Prov :—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Noirmont ! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## \*\* Hypothecium pale.

181. L. geoica, (Whlnb.) cinerascent, thin, sub-pulve-

rulent, sub-evanescent; apothecia minute, immersed, cupular, waxy, pale-yellow-flesh, margin entire, persistent, white; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless oblong, or ellipsoid, 3-septate.

On the ground among mosses, not common. 1870.

SYN:—Whlnb. Vet. Ak. H. 1806. p. 142. Ach. Syn. 9, Nyl. Scand. 190.

Fig :—Vet. Ak. H, 1806. t. 4. f. 5, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 13. f. 2.

Exs:-Leight, 123.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Gothland, Finland.

Bot, Prov :- 5...15.

ENGLAND: —Wickcliffe rocks near Ludlow! Rev. T. Salwey. Scotland; —Ben Lawers! Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1870).

182. L. foveolaris, (Ach.) whitish, crustaceous, minutely verrucoso-granulate, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia immersed, foveolate, rather large, pale-yellow-flesh-coloured, margin entire, paler; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, 3-septate.

On moist turfy earth, rare.

SYN:—Urceolaria, Ach. Meth. 149. (1803.) Gyalecta Wahlenbergiana, Ach. Syn. 9. Lecidea, Nyl. Scan. 190.

Fig :- Mass. Ric. f. 284.

Exs:—Th. M, Fries 10. Fellm. 146. Arn, 343. Anzi Langob. 131.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Finmark, E. Lapland, Germany, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:—8...10, 11...15.

ENGLAND:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Boltby, Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. near Newton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers; Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Fin-

larig near Killin. Dr. Holl.

183. L. exanthematica, (Sm.) cinerascent, very thin or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia pale-yellow, small, margin connivent, radiato-fissured, at length exposing the epithecium; hypothecium pale yellow; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong or cylindrical, 3-septate, large.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1791.

SYN:—Sm. Linn. Soc. Tr. 1. 81. (1791.) Thelotrema, Leight. Ang. Lich. 32. Ach. Syn. 116. Lecidea, Nyl. Scand. 188.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1184, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 12. f. 3.

Exs:—Anzi It, S. 235. Zw. 211. Hepp 206, M. & N. 846. Schær. 122. Leight. 256.

Geog. Distrib: Switzerland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...5...7...10, 11...19... 28...30.

ENGLAND :- Banks of Tees, Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. Sus-

sex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Durdham Down near Bristol. Miss Atwood, Rokeley and Barnardcastle, Durham. Mr. Winch.

IRELAND :- Killarney! Dr. Taylor. near Belfast. Mr. Temple-

ton. Sheepwalk, Armagh. Adm. Jones.

WALES: - Eglswg rocks! near Llangollen.

184. L. carneo-lutea, (Turn.) whitish, glaucescent, thin, smooth, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia numerous, minute, innato-emergent, at first veiled by the pale hypothecium, which afterwards is irregularly stellato-dehiscent, disclosing the plane yellow-flesh-coloured disk, margin albicant, lacerate or crenate; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 3-septate.

On trees especially elm, rarely on ash. 1808.

SYN:—Turn. Trans. Linn. Soc. 9. 145. (1808.) Nyl. Prodr. 101.

Fig:—Trans. Linn. Soc. t. 12. f. 2. E. Bot. 2010. Leight. Brit. Ang. Lich, t. 14. f. 2.

Exs:—Fries 342. Larbal. 30. Leight. 363.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! and Isle of Wight. Mr. Borrer. (1808.)
Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Shoreham, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.
near Ventnor, Isle of Wight; Ilsam, Torquay. Dr. Holl. Cawick
fields, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Beeding Priory, Sussex.! Rev. A. Bloxam. Penzance. Mr. Curnow.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais; St. Brelade's! Jersey; Saint's

Bay, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

185. L. violacea, Crouan. albido-cinerascent, very thin, almost evanescent; apothecia pallido-livid, small, sub-convex; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblong, obtuse, 3-septate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1860.

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1862. p. 464. Crombie En. 71.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov :- 18.

SCOTLAND: - Lerwick, Shetland. Adm. Jones. (1860).

186. L. cupreo-rosella, Nyl. bright-copper-colour, somewhat virescent, leprose, pulveraceo-granulose, at length areolate; apothecia black, minute, at first punctiform, then patellulate, castaneo-fuscous and pale red, marginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, linearielliptical, subacicular, 3-septate.

On peaty earth, rare. 1869.

Syn:—Nyl. Enum. 122. (1858.) Bilimbia cuprea, Mass. Sert. 77. (1856).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Bavaria.

Вот. Prov :—10.

ENGLAND: -Bilsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. (1869).

187. L. circumpallens, Nyl. pallido-cinerascent, thin, rimose; apothecia fuscous-black or fusco-rufescent, plane or sub-convex, margin pale; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, fusiform or fusiformi-acicular, straight, 3-septate.

On argillaceous earth, rare.

Nyl. l. c. remarks "vix nisi varietas L. bacillifera."

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1866, p. 370.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :-24.

IRELAND :- Kilkee and Ross co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

188. L. sphæroides, Smrf. albo-virescent, granulose, sub-pulverulent; apothecia pale-whitish or pale-yellow-flesh-colour, congregate, convex, sub-globose; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform, 3-septate.

On trees and mosses, not common.

SYN:—Smrflt. Lapp. 164, (1826,) Nyl. Scand. 204. Crombie En. 70.

Exs: Fellm. 158. Anzi Langob. 261.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Scandinavia, Italy, Switzerland, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...3...15...28.

England:—Lustleigh Cleve; Barrack wall, Topsham road, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Feering, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Scotland: - Midland parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Aberfeldy.

Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—(f. rediens, Nyl.) Florencecourt, Fermanagh. Adm. Jones. (f. vacillans, "apotheciis rufescentibus, sporis 1-3-septatis,") Armagh demesne. Adm. Jones.

#### G. Spores multiseptate.

189. L. pachycarpa, (Duf.) creamy-yellow, sub-tartareous, thickish, effuse, pulverulento-furfuraceous; apothecia large, scattered, adnate, reddish-brown, plane or tumid, margin paler, obtuse; hypothecium pale-yellowish-brown; spores 1, very large, colourless, elongato-oblong or cylindrical, 10-septate.

On trees, rare. 1806.

SYN: - Dufour in Fries L. Eur. 259. (1831.) Nyl. Prod. 118.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1683. Hepp Sporen t. 27. f. 234.

Exs :- Zw. 80.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, Bavaria, France.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...7, 8...19.

England:—New Forest! Mr. Lyell. (1806.) Sussex. Mr. Turner. Tilgate Forest and St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Charnwood Forest! Rev. A. Bloxam. Stoke Wood, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. near Hastings. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Old Woods in Sussex. Mr. Sowerby.

IRELAND: -Cromaglawn, Killarney! Dr. Moore. Castlebernard

co. Cork; Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Cwm Bychan! Rev. T. Salwey.

190. L. homalotropa, Nyl. white, glabrous, very thin or albo-macular, sub-determinate; apothecia black, moderate, plane, margined; hypothecium thin, nigricant; epithecium sub-rugose, dusky; spores 8, colourless, cylindrical, closely multiseptate; paraphyses slender, anastomosing; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On old ash trees in sub-alpine regions, rare. 1867.

Near to L. urceolata, Ach. Doubtful if not both referable to

Melaspilea.

Syn:-Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 329. Crombie En. 90.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Prov :—19.

IRELAND:—Near Derrycunihy, and Eagle's Nest, and between Killarney and Kenmare. (1867); and on Mc Carthy Island in upper lake of Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

191. L. premnea, Ach. cinerascent or cinereo-virescent, very thin, effuse, (K—C—); apothecia black, opake, naked or virescenti-pruinose, moderate, plane, margin thin, prominent, flexuose; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-or broadly-fusiform, apices acute, 5-septate.

On old trees and rocks, frequent. 1785.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 173. (et var. taxicola, 671.) (1810.) Syn. 17. Nyl. Scand. 241.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1682. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 28. f. 3.

Exs:—Bohl. 101. Mudd 197. 198. Leight. 124. 185. Zw. 15. Hepp 514. 515. Nyl. 67.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Germany, France, Java.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5..7...10, 11, 12...19...24...26...31.

England:—Epping Forest. Afzelius, Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.
Hill Beck, Westmoreland. Rev. J. Harriman. Suffolk. Rev. Mr.
Leathes. North of England. Dr. Dickson. (1785.) near Bristol.
Miss Atwood. Kildale! Hoggarts Wood, Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Middleton lane! Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. (forma teichogena, Nyl.) Lele Monachorum! Devon. Mr. Larbalesticr.
near Worcester. Dr. Holl. Red Hills, Exeter, Mr. Parfitt. Riven-

hall; Kelvedon! Mark's Hall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Nesscliffe Hill! Clive Hill! Stableford! Shropshire.

IRELAND: —Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. Castlebernard Park and Kilbrittain near Bandon; Adare Abbey, Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Between Arddog and Ynysfaig! near Dolgelley. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey; La Moye, Jersey. Mr. Lar-balestier.

192. L. sabuletorum, Flk. albido-cinerascent, thin, granuloso-squamulose, effuse; apothecia pallido-fuscescent or fuscous or fusco-nigricant, convex; hypothecium slightly brown upwards, otherwise pale; spores 8, colourless, broadly fusiform, acute at the apices, 5-septate.

On decayed mosses, frequent.

SYN :-Flk, in Berl, Mag, 1808. p. 309. Ach, Syn. 20, Nyl. Scand. 204.

Fig :- Mass. Ric. f. 234. Hepp Sporen t, 16. f. 138.

Exs :-- Larbal. 81. Hepp 138.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Germany, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -3...5...7...15...19.. 31.

England:—Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Shoreham Church-yard; Tilgate Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Sundorne! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Near Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Middle Road! near Blackpool! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. Dufourei, Ach.) spores 1-septate, Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 373. f. simplicior, Nyl. Scand. 205. has occurred on Cader Idris! 1866, on moss and earth.

And also another var. *monophragmia*, Nyl. in litt. is mentioned as collected at Morrone, Braemar in Crombie En. 71.

193. L. milliaria, Fr. cinereo-nigrescent, coarsely granulose, effuse; hypothallus nigro-fuscous; apothecia black, crowded, sessile, convex, almost sphærical, immarginate; hypothecium nigrescent; spores 8, colourless, narrowly fusiformi-cylindrical, obtuse at the apices, almost sub-cylindrical, multiseptate.

On the earth and on decaying wood, common.

SYN: -Fr. L. Eur. 342. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 205.

Exs:—Fries 29, (fide Nyl.) Zw. 121. Bohl. 85. Leight. 238. Mudd 156. 158.

Geog. Distrib :—Scandinavia, Germany, Africa, America.
Bot. Prov :—1, 2, 3...5...7...10...12...13...15...(19—30)...31.
England :—Guisbro' Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Cumber-

land! Mrs. Stanger, Starcross, near Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Tiptree Heath, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Caer Caradoc! Long Mynd! Shropshire.

Scotland: - Ayrshire! Mrs. Dobie. Ben Lawers; Blair Athole;

Banchory near Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Not uncommon. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Aber! Corwen!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. montana, Nyl. cinerascent or whitish, slightly granulose; apothecia black, nigricant within; spores narrowly fusiform, obtuse at the apices, almost subcylindrical, multiseptate.

On mosses in mountain ranges, frequent.

SYN :- Nyl, Scand. 205. (1861).

Exs:-Leight. 386. 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Bot. Prov :- 7...22.

IRELAND: - Co. Wicklow. Dr. Moore.

WALES :- Cader Idris!

Var. syncomista, Flk. thallus granuloso-squamulose, squamules concrescent, crenato-lobate; apothecia black; hypothecium nigricant; spores 8, colourless, narrowly fusiformi-cylindrical, obtuse at the apiccs, multiseptate.

On sandy earth, rare.

Syn:-Flk. in Berl. Mag. 3. 310. (1808.) Nyl. Scand. 205.

Exs: -Anzi Langob. 148. Larbal. 82.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—8...15...31.

ENGLAND :- Deep Dale, Buxton. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers, Dr. Holl.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

194. L. citrinella, Ach. citrine or bright flavo-virescent, granulose, pulverulent, effuse; apothecia black, appressed, solitary or conglomerate, margin thick, obtuse; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, slender, elongato-acicular, multiseptate, cells containing oily globules.

On earth and mosses amongst mountains, frequent. 1793.

SYN:—Ach. Kongl. Vet. Acad. N. H. 16, 135. (1795.) Syn. 22. Nyl. Scand. 248.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1877. Sturm Fl. Germ. t. 31. Mudd Man. t. 3. f. 70.

Exs:-Leight. 303.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Sweden, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...5...7...11...12, 13...15...19...22.

England:—Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Teesdale! Mr. Robertson. Hay Tor, Dartmoor. Dr. Holl. Scotland:—Ayrshire! Mrs. Dobie. Ben Lawers, Dr. Maingay. Glen Fender; Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Bonane! and Kilceanagh co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. co.

Wicklow. Dr. Moore.

Wales:—Cader Idris. Dr. Holl. Llangollen!

195. L. farinosa, (Ach.) white, powdery, unequal, thin, sometimes sub-granulose, (K—C—); apothecia black, albo-pruinose, plane or sub-convex, small; hypothecium nigricant; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-5-septate.

On old trees, not common.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 187. (1810.) Syn. 32. Nyl. Scand. 240.

Exs :- Schær. 627. Zw. 124.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Germany, Sweden.

196. L. carneola, Ach. whitish or granuloso-pulverulent, evanescent; apothecia rufous or carneo-fuscescent, small, adnate, somewhat concave or sub-urceolate, margin thick, elevated, pale; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, elongato-acicular, multiseptate, large.

On trees, rare. 1794.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 194. (1810.) Syn. 42. Nyl. Scand. 191.

Fig:—With. 4. t. 31. f. 3. E. Bot. 965. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 14. f. 4.

Exs:—Leight. 117. Anzi It. S. 261. Zw. 192. Nyl. 132. Hepp 521. Mass. 269.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy, France, Switzerland, Sweden, N. America.

Bot. Prov :-1, 2...5...7, 8...10, 11...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Eggleston, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Studley Wood near Ripon. Mr. Brunton. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Tilgate Forest! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Bolton. Dr. Carrington. near Lyndhurst in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Blackstone rock, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Garn near Denbigh. Mr. Griffith. (1794.) CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

197. L. endoleuca, Nyl. greyish-white or pale tawny, thin, effuse, smooth or granulose; apothecia black, scattered, sessile, plane or plano-convex, margin thick, smooth; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, elongato-acicular, multiseptate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:-Nyl. Obs. Holm. 2. 7. (1853.) Prodr. 114.

Exs:-Leight. 90. 279. Bohl. 90.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Sweden, Switzerland. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7, 8...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Twycross! Rev. A. Bloxam. Airyholme Wood! Hoggarts Wood, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Hilk's Wood, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. near Thirsk. Mr. Baker. Essex! Mr. Piggott. near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Haldon and Budleigh Salterton. Mr. Parfitt. near Bath; Churchill near Worcester. Dr. Holl. Kelvedon; Mark's Hall; Braxted; Sible Headingham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Shrewsbury! Shropshire.

IRELAND:—(f. muscicola, Nyl.) Dinis Island, Killarney. Mr.

Carroll.

WALES :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

198. L. rosella, (Pers.) cinerascent, thin, unequal or granulose; apothecia rose-coloured or flesh-coloured, subpruinose, moderate, numerous, scattered, sessile, margin thick, obtuse, pale; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, multiseptate.

On trees, rare. 1806.

SYN:—Persoon in Ust. Ann. 7. 25. (1794.) Ach. Meth. 57. Nyl. Scand. 208.

Fig :—E Bot. 1651, Hepp Sporen t. 60, f. 522.

Exs:—Schær, 217. Hepp. 522. Zw. 231.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, Hungary, Bavaria, Austria.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...5.. 10...15.

ENGLAND:—New Forest. Miss Biddulph. (1806.) near Ripon, Yorkshire. Mr. Brunton. near Hastings, Worcester, and Malvern. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :-- Highlands. Mr. Turner.

199. L. rubella, (Ehrh.) yellowish or greyish-green, thin, effuse, minutely squamuloso-granulate; apothecia luteo-rufescent or reddish-flesh-coloured, moderate, numerous, scattered or congregate, sessile, plane or convex, margin thin, smooth, obtuse; hypothecium pale-yellow; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, multiseptate.

On trees, especially elm, frequent. 1801.

Syn:—Ehrhart Pl. Crypt. 196. (1785.) Lecidea luteola, var. a Ach. Syn. 41. Nyl. Scand. 209. L. porriginosus, Turn! Linn. Trans. 7. 94.

Fig :—E. Bot. 845, Hepp Sporen t. 16, f. 141.

Exs:—M. & N. 641. Schær. 210. Nyl. 55. Leight. 92, Fries L. S. 197. (fide Nyl.) Anzi Etr. 23. Hepp 141. Bohl. 91.

GEOG. DISTRIE:—Switzerland, France, Hungary, Austria, Italy, Germany, Sweden.

Bot. Prov: -1...3.. 5...10...15...19, 20... 24...28...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Ingleby! Kildale! Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Essex! Mr. Piggott. Torquay. Dr. Deakin. near Malvern, and Kempsey near Worcester. Dr. Holl. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Aldham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Shelton Rough! near Shrewsbury; Worfield! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Aberfeldy. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Castlemartyr co. Cork; Carrigogunnel and Adare, Limerick. Mr. Carroll. Curraghmore, Waterford. Adm. Jones. Glenarm. Dr. Moore, Shanis Castle co. Antrim. Mr. Wright.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Sark! Rev. T. Salwey.

200. L. bacillifera, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia black, small, scattered, plane, margin thickish; hypothecium thick, horny, slightly brown; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, 6-septate.

On trees, rare. 1866.

SYN:-Nyl. in Mus. Fenn. 82. (1861.) Scand. 210.

Exs:-Fellm. 172. 173.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -E. Lapland, Sweden, Finland.

Bot. Prov :- 7.. 24,

IRELAND:—Kilkee and Ross co. Clare. Mr. Carroll. Wales;—Penmaen pool! near Dolgelley. (1866).

Var. alpina, (Hepp.) grey, granuloso-concrescent, diffract; apothecia black, internally white or whitish; hypothecium colourless; spores 3-7-septate, straight.

On mosses and earth among alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—Hepp fide Stizb. Lecid. nadelf. p. 15. (1863.) Nyl. Lapp. Or. 156.

FIG:—Stizb. l. c. t. 1. f. 2. GEOG. DISTRIB:—E. Lapland.

Bor. Prov:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone ; Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

201. L. muscorum, (Sw.) cinerascent, very thin, albido-granulose; apothecia black, small, numerous, crowded, plane or sub-convex, margin obliterated; hypothecium dark-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, 3-7-multi-septate.

On mosses and earth, rare. 1785.

Syn:—Swartz. N. Act. Ups. 4. 245. (1776.) Nyl. Scand, 210. Fig:—E. Bot. 626. Relh. Fl. Cantab. 424. Nyl. in Bot. Notis. 1852. f. 4.

Exs: - Dicks. 99. Leight. 190. Mudd 152.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу: -4, 5...7, 8...10...15...19...23.. 31.

England: - Gogmagog Hills, Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. (1785.) Matlock Bath. Sir J. E. Smith. Buxton, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Redcar, ! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Bristol. Miss Atwood. Malvern Hills; Bath Hampton Downs. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND; —Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Middle road near Cork! Mr. Carroll. Malahide. Dr. Carrington.

Wales:—Llyn Howel! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey, Cwm

Glas! Snowdon; Cader Idris north escarpment!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbatestier

L. phacodes, (Körb.) glaucescent, scattered, granulose, effuse; apothecia pale-yellow-flesh-coloured, minute, numerous, scattered, sessile, convex, immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, multiseptate.

On trees, rare.

SYN:—Bacidia, Körber Par. 130. (1865.) Crombie En. 73.

Exs:—Anzi Etr. 25. Zw. 340. 339.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy, Bavaria.

forma chlorotica, Ach. pulverulento-granulose, virescent; apothecia pale-yellow.

On trees, rare. 1851.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 196. (1810.) Crombie En. 73.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Switzerland.

Bot. Prov :—2...10...19...24.. 31. England:—Thirsk! Yorkshire. *Mr. Baker*. (1851). New Forest.

Rev. J M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Dunscombe's Wood, Cork; Muckruss demesne and Island in Upper Lake, Killarney; Castleconnel and Tervoe, Limerick; Killaloe, Clare. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

203. L. effusa, (Sm.) yellowish-green, thin, crustace ous, rimose, scurfy; apothecia pale-yellow-flesh-coloured, sessile, small, plane and with thickish margin or planeconvex and immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, 7-septate.

On trees, not common. SYN:—Smith! in E. Bot. 1863. (1808).

Fig :- E. Bot. 1863. in part.

Exs:—Arn. 231.

Geog. Distrib :- Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...7...19...31.

ENGLAND :- New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell & Mr. Borrer. (1808.) Kelvedon; Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :—Sunday's Well Weirs, Cork. Mr. Carroll. WALES :- Pen-maen-mawr! Gloddaeth! Carnarvonshire. CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. fuscella, Fr. apothecia minute, numerous, sessile, convex and conglomerate, fuscescent.

On trees, common.

Syn:—Fr. S. V. S. p. 112. (1846). Exs:—Leight. 211. Nyl. 135, Zw. 88.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Bavaria, France.

Bot. Prov: -2, 3...5...7, 8...10...24...28...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Airyholme Wood! Cockshaw! Stokesley! Stogdale! Cliffrigg! Ingleby Park; Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Chelmsford! Mr. Piggott. Felix Hall Park; Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Loppington! Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Tervoe near Limerick. Mr. Carroll. Armagh. Adm.

Jones.

Wales :- Bryn-y-Maelgwyn! Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larba-lestier.

Var. cæsio-pruinosa, Mudd. apothecia pale-bluish-green colour.

On oaks, rare.

Syn:—Mudd Man. 183. (1861.) Bacidia eærulea, Körb. Biatora Friesiana B. (Hepp). Lecidia poliæna, Nyl.

Fig ,—Hepp Sporen t. 32. f. 288.

Exs:—Leight, 150. Mudd 150. Zw. 88 bis. Arn. 291. Hepp 746. GEog. DISTRIB:—Germany, Hungary.

Bot. Prov :- 5...10.

England:—Stogdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. (1861.) Pirton, near Worcester. Dr. Holl.

Var. inundata, (Fries.) tawny-virescent, thin, crustaceous, rimoso-areolate, scurfy; apothecia pale-brown, minute, numerous, sub-innato-sessile, plano-convex, margin thin; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless, bacilliform, 7septate.

On rocks in streams, rare.

SYN: -Fries L. Eur. 261. (1831.) Mudd Man. 183.

Exs :- Mudd 149.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Airyholme Wood! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Abdon! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Sunday's Well Weirs, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

204. L. pelidna, Ach. nigricant or nigro-virescent, granuloso-leprose, thin, effuse, often evanescent, (K—

C--); apothecia black, plane or convex, small; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, vermiformicylindrical, spirally curved, 3-5-multiseptate.

On rocks and stones, frequent. 1854.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 158. (1810.) L. umbrina, Nyl. Scand. 209. L. vermifera, Nyl. olim. L. holomelæna, Flk.

Fig :- Mudd Man. t. 3. f. 69.

Exs:—Leight. 158. Mudd 153. Zw. 29, 197. Hepp 23, 523. Nyl. 136. Anzi Langob. 117.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7...10.. 15, 16...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Kildale! near Ayton; Broughton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. Shermanbury, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Hales End, Malvern; near Launceston, Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Lyth Hill! (1854.) Wrekin! Haughmond Hill! Llanymynech Hill! Preston on Weald Moors! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Glen Fender, Blair Athole! Coast of Kincardine; Braemar; Appin; Craig Guie; The Khoil. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND : - On rocks and stones frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Nant Gwynant! Pass of Llanberis! Snowdon; Penmaen-mawr! Cader Idris!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont; Le Fret Point! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. turgida, (Körb.) cinereo-virescent; apothecia turgid, cephaloid, flesh-coloured, then fuscous-black; spores multiseptate.

On the ground, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Scoliciosporum turgidum, Körb. Par. 241. (1865.) Crombie Enum. 74.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -24.

IRELAND: -Near Kilkee! co. Clare. Mr. Carroll. (1865).

205. L. pulvinata, (Tayl.) pale-greenish-brown or cream-coloured, thickish, pulvinate, granuloso-squamulose, squamules very minute, congregate and pulvinate; apothecia black, small, concave or plane, margin thick, obtuse, eventually convex and immarginate; hypothecium thick, dark-brownish-black; spores 8, colourless, acicular or sub-clavate, curved, multiseptate; paraphyses conglutinate.

On mosses in alpine places, rare. 1836.

SYN: -Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 123. (1836).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...19.

IRELAND: - Mangerton; Dereenafinchy Mountain co. Kerry, Dr.

Taylor. (1836.) Brandon Mountain. Dr. Moore. Wales:—Barmouth!

## H. Spores muriform, fuscous.

\* Hypothecium dark.

206. L. geographica, (L.) citrine or bright-yellow, tartareous, continuous, areolato-rimulose, determinate, nigro-limitate, areolæ plane; apothecia black, plane, small, scattered or confluent, innate between the areolæ; hypothecium black; spores 8, nigrescenti-fuscous, oblong, irregularly murali-locular.

On mountain rocks, common. 1795.

SYN: - Linn. Sp. Pl. No. 2. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 21. Nyl. Scand. 248.

Fig:—E. Bot. 245. Schær, En. t. 5. f. 3. Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 54. f. 2. excl. b. & c.

Exs: - Hepp 152. Anzi It. S. 302. Schær. 172. Mass. 169.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy, Pyrenees, Norway, Scandinavia, Great Bear Lake.

Bot. Prov: -1.. 5.. 7...11...14...18...(19...30)...31.

England:—On rocks. Sir. J. E. Smith. (1795.) North of England. Mr. Hudson. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Dartmoor. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern Hills; Stiperstones, Shropshire. Mr. Purton. Devon. Mr. Holmes. Haughmond Hill! Wrekin! Caer Caradoc!

Scotland:—Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Long Island. Prof. Balfour.

IRELAND: - Mountainous districts: Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Barmouth! Moel Siabod! Capel Curig! Conway! Sychnant! near Conway; Crib Goch! Snowdon; Aran Mowddy! Cwm Idwall! Cwm Bochlwyd! Cwm Cywion! Cwm Tryfan! Llyn Cwlyd!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larba-

lestier.

Var. cyclopica, Nyl. bright-yellow, areolæ more or less scattered, elevato-convex, each ocellate with an apothecium.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. Scand. 248. (1861.) var. lecanorina, Flk. Körb. S. L. G. 263.

Fig:-Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 54. fig. b. c.

GEOG. DISTBIB: -Sweden, Finland, Switzerland.

Bot. Prov: -7...15.

Scotland :- Ben Lawers, ! Perthshire. Dr. Lindsay.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth! Moel-y-Golfa!

Var. atrovirens, (L) greenish-yellow, areolæ plane, more

or less dispersed, hypothallus black, conspicuous and predominating; apothecia arising between the areolæ, confluent.

On mountain rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Linn. Sp. Pl. No. 7. (1753.) Ach. Syn. 21. Nyl. Scand. 248.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 17. f. 4. Hepp Sporen t. 36. f. 324. Exs:—Fellm. 203. Hepp 755. Anzi It. S. 303. Mudd 196. Schær. 623. M. & N. 640.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Vosges, Switzerland, France, Italy, E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10...15...31.

ENGLAND:—Kildale Moor! Battersby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Long Mynd! Caer Caradoc! Shropshire; Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND; -Amulree! Perthshire; Birnam Hill! Dunkeld. Dr.

Lindsay.

WALES :- Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. viridi-atra, Flk. yellow, verrucoso-areolate, areolæ tumid, ; hypothallus less distinct; apothecia protruded between the areolæ, convex.

On mountain rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Flöerke Deutsche Lich. 4. (1819.) Nyl. Scand. 248.

Exs:—Lindig 163. Zw. 139. Hepp 153. Leight. 93. Anzi It. S. 305.

GEOG. DISTRIB :— Scandinavia, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Nova Granada.

Вот. Ркоу: -5.. 10.

ENGLAND:—Burton Head! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Long Mynd! Pontesford Hill! Shropshire; Stannor Hill! Herefordshire.

Var. gerontica, (Ach.) areolæ albo-sub-pulverulent.

On mountain rocks, rare.

Syn :- Ach. Meth. 45. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 248.

Exs: -Schær. 624.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Sweden, Norway, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 5...15.

ENGLAND :—Long Mynd! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- "In Scotize medize alpinis." Rev. J. M. Crombie.

207. L. petræa, (Wulf.) griseo-pallescent or cinereofuscescent or albido-cinerascent, areolate or granulosoareolate, areolæ contiguous or dispersed, convex or depressed, hypothallus black, (K brownish C pale-tawny); apothecia black, small, innato-sessile, plane, marginate; hypothecium fuscous-black; spores 8, colourless or fuscous, ellipsoid or oblong, murali-locular.

On granitic and schistose rocks, frequent. 1811. Syn:—Wulfen in Jacq. Coll. 3. 116. (1789.) Nyl. Scand. 233.

Fig:—E. Bot. 2336. Hepp Sporen t. 6. f. 36. 37. 38.

Exs:—Leight, 159. Mudd 195. Hepp. 36, 37, 38. Zw. 132. T. M. Fries 45.

Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Germany, France, Hungary, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2... 5...7...10, 11...15, 16...18, 19...31.

England:—North of England. Mr. Robertson. (1811.) Sussex! Beechy Head! Mr. Borrer. Hampshire! Mr. Lyell. Lounsdale! Lanbraughrigg! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Craigforda! near Oswestry. Rev. T. Salwey. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Sidmouth; Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Lyndhurst Common; Highbeech; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Bodbury Ring! near Church Stretton; Abdon Burf! Caer Caradoc! Bayston Hill! Lyth Hill; Haughmond Hill! Long Mynd! Laurence Hill! Shropshire; Wapley Hill! Herefordshire.

Scotland:—Garrynahine, Lewis. Dr. Lindsay. Callander; Coast of Kincardine; near Aberdeen; Braemar; Blair Athole;

Breadalbane; Appin, &c. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Glengariff! Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Barmouth! Moel-y-Golfa! Cader Idris! Pen-maen-mawr!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

208. L. fecunda, (Th. M. Fr.) cinereo-virescent, thickish, effuse, furfuraceo-concrescent; apothecia black, sessile, appressed, concave or plane, naked, margin thickish, flexuose; hypothecium nigro-fuscous; spores 8, fuscescent, oblong or ellipsoid, muriform.

On old posts &c., rare. 1865.

SYN:—Lopadium fecundum, Th. M. Fr. Lich. Arct. 202. (1860). GEOG. DISTRIB:—Finmark.

Bot. Prov:-5.

ENGLAND: - Maddox Hill! near Wrekin, Shropshire. (1865).

209. L. pezizoidea, Ach. cinereo-fuscescent, thin, sub-squamuloso-concrescent; apothecia fuscous-black, elevated, somewhat concave, margin thin, inflexed, entire, paler; hypothecium brownish-black; spores 1, fuscescent, ellipsoid, murali-divided, large.

On mosses in alpine regions, rare. 1861.

SYN:—Ach, L. U. 182. (1810.) Syn. 26. Nyl. Scand, 212. Mudd Man. 190.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 56. f. 482.

Exs:—Zw. 342. Anzi Langob. 142. Hepp 482. Fellm. 167. Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Lombardy, Hungary, Bavaria, E. Lapland, Norway.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. (1861).

210. L. geminata, Flot. similar in the structure and variable colour and chemical reaction of the thallus to L. petræa, but with spores 1 or 2, fusco-nigrescent, murali-locular.

On quartzose rocks in mountain ranges, rare. 1870.

Possibly only a variety of L. petræa.

Syn:—Flotow in litt. in Körb. S. L. G. 259. (1855.) Nyl. Scand.
 234. L. dispora, Naëg. MS. in Hepp Exs. 28. (1853).

Fig :—Hepp Sporen t. 5. f. 28. Exs :—Zw. 199, 200. Hepp 28.

Geog. Distrib:—Scandinavia, France, Switzerland, Hungary, Austria.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND :- Craig Guie, Braemar! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## I. Spores muriform, colourless.

### \* Hypothecium dark.

211. L. concentrica, (Dav.) white or greyish-white, very thin, orbicular, determinate, tartareo-farinose, continuous or rimulose, (K—C—); apothecia concentrically arranged, small, innate, black, depressed, margin thick, obtuse; hypothecium central, nigro-fuscous, small; spores 8, colourless, oblong, murali-locular.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1794.

Different chemical reaction distinguishes this from L. petræa, Syn:—Davies in Trans. Lin. Soc. 2. 284. (1794.) L. petræa, Ach. Syn. 15. Nyl. Scand. 234.

Fig :- E. Bot. 246. Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 149.

Exs:—Schær. 183. M. & N. 744. Leight. 17. Hepp 149. Anzi It. S. 310.

Geog. Distrib:—Switzerland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, France, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5.7...10...14, 15, 16...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Malvern. Dr. Holl. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Whitecliff rocks! Ludlow, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Pentland Hills; Blair Drummond; Appin; Dum-

blane, Forfarshire; Stonehaven. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Kilcully! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Whitford co. Flint. Rev. Hugh Davies. (1794.) Llangollen! Denbighshire; Crib Goch! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey ; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. excentrica, Ach. white or greyish-white, thin, opake, rimulose, nigro-limitate or decussate with black lines caused by the confluence of several adjacent thalli, (K—C—); apothecia innate, scattered; spores colourless.

On calcareous rocks, not common. 1800.

SYN; -Ach. Meth. 37. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 234.

Fig :- Hoffm. Pl. Lich, t. 50. f, 1.

Exs:-Mudd 194.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Italy, Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—2...7...10...15, 16...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1800.) Carlton Bank! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Durris and Appin. Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Island Magee, Antrim. Dr. Moore. Killarney. Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Llyn Aran, Cader Idris!; Diganwy! near Conway; Crib Goch! Nant Gwynant! Snowdon.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Aubin's Fort! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

212. L. rimosa, (Dicks.) white or bluish-white, tartareous, orbicular, determinate, anguloso-rimose in the centre, radiato-rimose towards the circumference, which is appressed and minutely crenate, (K—C—); apothecia black, more or less cæsio-pruinose, rather large, plane, innato-sessile, margin thick, albo-suffused; hypothecium thickish, nigro-fuscous; spores 8, colourless, oblong, murali-locular.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1785.

The *L. calcarius*, Weis. would seem to be a composite species, and as Dickson's name has priority in time over Ramond's *umbilicata*, I have adopted it.

SYN:—Dicks. Br. Crypt. 1. 12. (1785.) L. calcarius, Weis. Gott. 40. (1772.) L. umbilicata, Ram. Act. Soc. Linn. Paris. 1827. p. 434. L. petræa var. umbilicata, Nyl. Prod. 128.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1736! Hepp Sporen t. 17. f. 147.

Exs:-Dicks. 24!!! Hepp 147.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, France, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...7...10, 11, 12...15.

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire! Mr. Dickson. (1785.) Heartside Fell between Penrith and Alston, Cumberland! Rev. J. Holme. Craigy-Rhiw, Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Bed of Wear,! Durham! Banks of Tees near Middleton; Mr. Robertson. Carlton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Brown Clee Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Anglesea! Rev. Hugh Davies. Eglswg Rocks! Llangollen.

213. L. concreta, Wahl. pallido-fuscescent or greyish-rufescent, thin, sub-determinate, minutely areolate, areolæ depressed, (K pale-yellow C—); hypothecium nigro-fuscescent, fimbriate; apothecia nigro-fuscous, much larger than the areolæ, numerous, innato-sessile, plane, margin pallido-fuscescent, thin, prominent; hypothecium nigro-fuscous, thickish; spores 8, colourless, oblong, ellipsoid, murali-locular.

On mountain rocks, frequent. 1814.

SYN: -Wahl. Lapp. 471. (1812.) Schær. En. 113. Nyl. Scand. 234.

Exs: -Schær. 117. 180. Zw. 133. Arn. 259. Anzi It. S. 307.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2.. 5...7...10, 11...19.

ENGLAND:—Near Brighton! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Teesdale. Mr. Robertson. (1814.) Haughmond Hill! Long Mynd! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Musheragh Mount! Kilcully! Cork; Kilmurry, Fer-

moy! Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Pen-maen-mawr! Cader Idris! Nant Gwynant! Snow-

don; Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

A state of this in which the areolæ are apparently washed by water into a contiguous crust occurs frequently in Wales and Shropshire.

214. L. plicatilis, Leight. dirty-white, minutely plicato-verrucoso-granulose, areolato-diffract, (K yellow C yellow); hypothallus fuscous; apothecia nigro-fuscous, large, closely adnate, connato-deformed, undulato-plane, margin obtuse, undulate, more or less attenuate or obliterated in age; hypothecium thick, nigro-fuscous; spores 4-8, colourless, elongato-ellipsoid, 3-4-5-septate, constricted, murali-divided.

On alpine rocks, rare. 1869.

SYN :- Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. H. Sept. 1869.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov:—7.

WALES: - Llyn Cae! Cader Idris. (1869).

## \*\* Hypothecium colourless.

215. L. fuscolutea, (Dicks.) white or cream-coloured, granuloso-verrucose, effuse, (K yellow, apothecia crimson); apothecia dull-yellow, rather large, elevato-sessile, plane, ochraceo-granuloso-pruinose, margin thick, inflexed, paler,

flexuose; hypothecium pale-yellow; spores 1, colourless, oblong or elliptico-oblong, murali-reticulate.

On mosses &c., in alpine districts. rare. 1782.

SYN :- Dicks, Br. Crypt. 2. 18. (1790.) Ach. Syn. 42. Nyl. Prodr. 75.

Fig :- E, Bot. 1007. Dicks. l. c. t, 6. f. 2.

Exs: Dicks. 25. Spruce Amaz. 180. Anzi Langob. 94.

Geog. Distrib:—Lombardy, Amazons, Brazils, Mauritius.

Вот. Ркоу:—11...19.

England:—Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Cheviot and Hedgehope, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers!! Mr. Dickson, Breadalbane. Rev.

Mr. Stuart. (1782.) Ben Cruachan. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

L. cupularis, (Ehrh.) whitish or cinerascent, very thin, continuous; apothecia flesh-coloured or yellowish-reddish, superficial, prominent, concave, margin thickish, albescent, entire or radiato-striate; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, multiseptate, murali-locular.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1800.

Syn:—Ehrhart Beitr. 4. p. 45. (1789.) Ach. Syn. 46. Nyl. Scand. 189.

Fig:-E. Bot. 739. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 13. f. 1.

Exs:-M, & N. 1153. Schær. 135. Rabh, 750. Anzi Etr. 22. Anzi It, S. 233. Mudd 139. Leight. 122. Hepp 142. Zw. 282.

Geog. Distrib :- Switzerland, Germany, France, Italy, Bava-

ria, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7, 8...10.. 15...16...19 ...27...31. ENGLAND: - Corpusty Church. Rev. Mr. Bryant. (1800.) Norfolk. Sir J. E. Smith. Penzance. Mr. Curnow. Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Craig-y-Rhiw! near Oswestry, Rev. T. Salwey. Calke Park! Derbyshire. Rev. A. Bloxam: Broughton Bank! Bilsdale! Cleve-

land. Mr. Mudd. on Elm and Ash, rare, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Fawdon Slate; Bolyhope Bourn; Middleton in Teesdale: Durham. Mr. Winch. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. North Leigh and Shotover Hill, Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Aymestry! Herefordshire. Whitecliff Rocks! Ludlow; High Rock! Bridgnorth. Shropshire.
Scotland:—Morrone; Appin; on moss, Ben Lawers and Craig

Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Balaghbeama Gap, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. South of Ireland. Miss Hutchins. Killarney. Dr. Carrington. Ben Bulben, Sligo. Prof. Dickie.

Wales:—Great Orme's Head! Bryn Maelgwyn! near Conway. CHANNEL ISLANDS :- L'etacquerel ; Gorey Castle ; L'Etary !

Jersey; Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

217. L. truncigena, (Ach.) cinerascent, very thin, sub-leprose or evanescent; apothecia pale-reddish-fleshcoloured, small, urceolate, margin albescent, thickish, entire; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-fusiform or oblong, 5-7-septate, irregularly longitudinally septate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN: -Ach, L. U. 152, (1810.) Syn. 9. Nyl. Scand. 190. 191.

Exs : - Zw. 90. A. B. Leight. 147.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France, Germany, Switzerland, Sweden.

Bot, Prov:-1, 2...5...10.. 19.. 24...31.

ENGLAND: —Ingleby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Castle Morton Common, Malvern. Dr. Holl. Tilgate Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Penzance. Mr. Curnow.

JRELAND:—Dunkerron; Derriquin co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Curraghmore, Waterford. Adm. Jones. Castlemary and Kitsboro', Cork; Adare!; Tervoe and Castleconnel, Limerick; Dromoland, Clare; Dinis Island, Killarney (on holly). Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - St. John's Road, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

218. L. Flotovii, (Körb.) cinerascent, very thin, subleprose or evanescent; apothecia pale-flesh-coloured, small, urceolate, margin albescent, thick, entire; hypothecium colourless; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, irregularly sub-murali-divided, small.

On trees, rare. 1800.

SYN :- Nyl. Scand. 191. (1861).

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t, 13. f. 3. Hepp Sporen t. 86, f. 749.

Exs:—Mudd 140. Hepp 749. Zw. 393, Arn. 94, Geog. Distrib:—France, Bavaria, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...10...24...26.

England:—On Elms and Ash, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1800.)
Bilsdale! Ingleby! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Leigh Woods, Clifton!
Mr. Larbalestier. near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. Castleconnel co. Limer-

ick. Mr. Carroll.

### K. Species polysporæ.

219. L. morio, (Ram.) yellowish-copper-coloured or fusco-cinerascent, areolate, areolae plane, somewhat shining, angular, radiato-plicate at the circumference, (K yellow C red); hypothecium black; apothecia black, small, innate, plane, often umbonate, margin thin, black, flexuose; hypothecium brown; spores innumerable, very minute, colourless, sphærical or shortly ellipsoid, simple.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN: - Ramond in DC. Fl. Franc. 2. 366. (1805). Nyl. Scand. 290.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 69. f. 603.

Exs: -Schær. 227. Anzi Langob. 164. Hepp 603.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Lombardy, Pyrenees, Norway, Finmark, Austria.

Вот. Ркоу:—7...10.. 15.

ENGLAND :- Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker.

Scotland: - Morrone, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Near Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

220. L. tantilla, Nyl. cinereo-virescent, tartareous, scurfy; apothecia fuscous or nigro-fuscous, small, scattered, sessile, convex, immarginate; hypothecium colourless; spores innumerable, colourless, sphærical, simple.

On old palings, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Nyl. Prodr. 117. (1857.) B. resinævar. rubicundula, Mudd Man. 191.

Exs:—Leight. inedit. 408. 411. Geog. Distrib:—France, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу: -3...5...10.

ENGLAND:—Redcar, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Hendon! Middlesex. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Worcester. Dr. Holl. Stableford! near Bridgnorth, (1865.) Brace Meole! Bomere Pool! near Shrewsbury; Wilcot! Shropshire.

221. L. resinæ, Fr. cinereo-virescent, thin, effuse, scurfy or granulose; apothecia pale-yellowish-brown, small, numerous, innato-sessile, convex, margin thin, pale; hypothecium pale; spores innumerable, colourless, sphærical, simple.

On old trees, rare. 1854.

SYN:—Fries Syst. Mycol. 2. 149. (1822.) Nyl. Scand. 213. Mudd Man. 191.

Exs:-Leight. 277.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-10.

ENGLAND:—Cliffrigg! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. (1854).

222. L. ochrophora, Nyl. obsolete; apothecia ochraceo-suffused, pulverulent, small, convex or at length subglobose, immarginate, dusky-pallescent within; spores numerous, colourless, sphærical; paraphyses slender or indistinct, a thin lamina of the apothecia entirely amber-colour; gelatina hymenea cærulescent with iodine.

On trees in sub-alpine woods, rare. 1865. Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 355. Crombie En. 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.. 31.

IRELAND: - Dinis in Killarney. Mr Carroll. Channel Islands: - Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

223. L. ascaridiella, Nyl. whitish, thin, opake, rimulose, determinate; apothecia nigricant, innate, most minute, colourless within, margin pseudo-thallodal, crenulate; spores 16-32, colourless, vermiform, apically acute, once or twice torto-curvate, simple; paraphyses very slender, large; epithecium slightly fuscescent; hypothecium colourless; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine,

On sandstone rocks in sub-alpine regions, rare. 1868.

Belonging to the *Gyalectæ* near *L. leucaspis*, (Kphb). Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 163. Crombie En. 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:--19.

IRELAND: —Mangerton and adjacent Mountains in Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

### L. Parasitical Species.

224. L. vitellinaria, Nyl. no proper thallus; apothecia parasitic, black, very minute, scattered, sessile, concave, margin elevated, polished; hypothecium brownish; spores 8, colourless, elliptical or oblong, simple, with 1 or 2 nuclei (in size and form exactly like those of Lecidea parasema.)

Parasitic on Lecanora vitellina, not common. 1851.

SYN:—Nyl. in Bot. Not. 1852. p. 177. Scand. 218

Exs: -Leight. 182. Arn. 193.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Austria, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Near Newton! Langbraugh-rigg and Battersby, Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Black Mountain, Monmouthshire. Dr. Holl. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire. (1851).

SCOTLAND: -Breadalbane; Ben Lawers. Rev J. M. Crombie.

225. L. oxyspora, (Tul.) no proper thallus; apothecia parasitic, black or fuscous-black, minute, plane or sub-convex, immarginate; hypothecium fuscescent; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple, with 2 nuclei.

Parasitic on various Parmeliei in sub-alpine regions.

rare. 1856.

SYN:—Tul. Mem. 116. (1852.) Nyl. Scand, 246. Fig:—Microscop. Journ. 5. t. 4. fig. 15. 16.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...15.

Scotland:—Glen Shee! (1856). Moncrieff Hill! Perth; Strathbraan! Dunkeld; Corramulzie, Braemar; Dr. Lindsay. Wales:—Barmouth!

226. L. leptostigma, Nyl. parasitic on a whitish rimulose thallus, apothecia fusco-nigricant, plane, innate, small, gregarious; spores 8, colourless, globose, or globoso-ellipsoid; paraphyses moderate, thickened upwards and dirty-yellow at the apices; hypothecium scarcely lutescent; gelatina hymenea not tinged with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose rocks, rare. 1868.

SYN :- Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 344. Crombie En. 76.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland :- Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

227. L. episema, Nyl. no proper thallus; apothecia parasitic, black, aggregate, minute, margin obtuse, entire; hypothecium fuscous; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or elongato-oblong, 1-septate.

Parasitic on Lecanora calcarea, not common. 1851.

Syn:-Nyl. Coll, Gall. m. Pyr. p. 12. (1853.) Prodr. 125.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France.

Bor. Prov :- 7...19.

IRELAND:—Kenmare Bay near Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Great Orme's Head! (1851).

228. L. cristata, Leight. no proper thallus; apothecia parasitic, black, very minute, solitary or more generally clustered, or in narrow flexuose lines like a hypothallus, concave, margin thick and obtuse; hypothecium black, carbonaceous; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, faintly 1-septate, very minute.

Parasitic on the thallus of Lecanora sub-carnea, rare.

1856.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-7.

Wales:—Barmouth! (1856).

229. L. arenicola, Nyl. thallus none; apothecia parasitic on thallus of Bæomyces rufus and roseus, minute, black, sessile, solitary, concave or plane, margin thick, obtuse, slightly inflexed and polished; hypothecium darkbrown; spores 4, colourless, slender, elongato-acicular, multiseptate, cells containing oily globules.

Parasitic as above, rare. 1854.

Syn:-Nyl. in litt. 1853. Mudd Man. 186. (1861).

Exs:-Leight. 372.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Ркоу: —5...7, 8...10...15.

ENGLAND:—Guisbro' Moor! Lounsdale; Ingleby Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1854.) Goit Lane, Buxton. Dr. Holl. Wapley Hill! Herefordshire; Stiperstones! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Holl. Wales:—Cader Idris. Dr. Holl.

230. L. Parmeliarum, Smrf. thallus none; apothecia parasitic, black or greenish, pruinose or naked, sub-innatosessile, convex, immarginate; hypothecium greenishbrown; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

Parasitic on the thallus of various Parmeliei in sub-

alpine regions, frequent.

SYN:—Smrf. Lapp. 176. (1826.) Abrothallus Smithii & Welwitzschii, Tul. Mem. Lich. 113. 115. Mudd Man. 224.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1866. Microscop, Journ. 5. t. 4. fig. 1-14.

Exs:—Arn. 319. Anzi Langob. 230, Mudd 201. Zw. 231. Leight. 191. 309. 310.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Germany, Lombardy, Lapland, Austria, Sweden, Italy.

Bot. Prov :—1...5, 6, 7...10...13...15...19...31.

England:—Meadfort! Torquay. Dr. Deakin. Ingleby Park! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Pembridge! Herefordshire, Rev. J. F. Crouch. Dartmoor; Malvern Hill; Meadfoot, Torquay, and near

Bovey Tracy, S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Ben Nevis. Messrs. Turner & Hooker. Craigie Hill!
Perth; Craig-y-Barnes; Strathbraan Road, Dunkeld; between
Dumfries and Caerlaverock! Dr. Lindsay. Aberdeenshire! Prof.
Dickie. Crianlarich. Dr. Holl. Countess Wells; Braemar; Craig
Calliach; Trosachs. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Mangerton co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—North Wales. Mr. Griffith. (1800.) Cribbath Hill near Yetraed Gynlais, S. Wales. Mr. Sowerby. Llyn Aran! Cader Idris; Moel-y-Golfa! Barmouth! between Bala and Dolgelley! near Capel Curig! Llyn Cwlyd!

Channel Islands:—Jerbourg Cliffs! Guernsey. Mr. Larbales-

tier.

231. L. parasitica, (Flk.) no proper thallus; apothecia parasitic, black, scattered or aggregate, concave or plane, sessile, margin thin, elevated, entire, polished; hypothecium dark-reddish-brown; spores 8, fuscous, linearioblong, 3-septate, small.

Parasitic on the thallus of Pertusaria communis and Lecanora parella, frequent.

SYN:—Flörke D. L. 101. (1821.) Nyl. Prodr. 144. Lecidea inspersa, Tul.

Exs :- Leight, 183, Larbal, 86, Nyl, 68.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Switzerland, New Zealand, Great Bear Lake.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...7, 8. .10. .19 ..24...26...31.

ENGLAND:—Randiddles! Hants. Mr. Borrer. Cliffrigg! Easby Wood, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Exeter, Devonshire. Mr. Parfitt. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Twycross, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Hale's End, Malvern; S. Devon aud Cornwall; Fairlight near Hastings. Dr. Holl. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Wapley Hill! Herefordshire.

IRELAND :- Blarney and Riverstown, Cork. Mr. Carroll. Cur-

raghmore. Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -- La Moye and St. Peter's Barracks! Jersey.

Mr. Larbalestier.

232. L. scapanaria, Carringt. thallus none; apothecia parasitic, minute, sparingly scattered, coarctate when young, explanate when mature or old, dull-reddish-black, plane, margin elevated, somewhat tumid; hypothecium thin, dark-yellowish-brown; spores 6-8, fuscous, obtusely fusiform, straight or slightly curved, 3-septate.

Parasitic on Scapanaria undulata, rare 1861.

SYN: —Carrington Irish Crypt. 2. in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edin. 7. pt. 2. p. 384. and pt. 3. 411. (1861).

Fig ;—Trans. Bot. Soc. Edin. 7. t. 10. f. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :-19.

IRELAND: -- Cromaglown, Killarney. Dr. Carrington. (1861).

233. L. Cladoniaria, Nyl. thallus none; apothecia parasitic, black, sub-convex, sub-immersed, internally black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

Parasitic on Cladonia bellidiflora, rare. 1861.

SYN:-Nyl, Enum. Sup. 339, (1857.) Crombie En. 94.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -23.

IRELAND: - Kelly's Glen near Dublin. Dr. Moore. (1861).

## II. ODONTOTREMA. Nyl.

Thallus indistinct. Apothecia black, thelotremoideolecideine or gymnotremoid, naked, at first closed, then dehiscing with denticulato-ruptured proper margin.

1. O. longius, Nyl thallus whitish or albidocinerascent, effuse; apothecia black, scattered, small, rotundate or oblong, margin thin, flexuose or unequal, eventually obliterated; hypothecium thin, nigro-fuscous; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid-fusiform, obtuse at the apices, 3-septate.

On old rails, rare. 1867.

SYN:-Nyl. in litt. 1867. Crombie En. 95.

Exs:-Leight. 409.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor. Prov: -5.

ENGLAND: -Brace Meole! near Shrewsbury! Shropshire. (1867).

### III. SCHIZOXYLON, Pers.

Thallus evanescent. Apothecia lecideine, elevated, naked, black. Spores numerous.

1. Schizoxylon corticola, (Frs.) Nyl. whitish or yellowish-white, thin, continuous, tartareous, smoothish; apothecia black, very numerous, round, plano-convex, sub-pulverulent or minutely granulose, immarginate; hypothecium thin, dark-brown; paraphyses slender, distinct; spores innumerable, colourless, very minute, oblong, simple.

On old oaks, rare. 1870.

SYN:—Nyl. Class. 2. p. 197. (1855.) Enum. gen. 127. Scand. 249. Coniangium, Fr. S. V. Sc. 121.

Exs:—Fr. 273. (fide Nyl). GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND :- Near Lyndhurst in New Forest ! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## IV. AGYRIUM. Fr. in part, Nyl.

Thallus scarcely visible. Apothecia oblong or rotundate, epithecium plane or convex. Paraphyses indistinct.

1. A. rufum, (Pers.) thallus indicated by a whitish spot; apothecia bright-red, rotundate or oblong, pale or convex, prominent, sub-tuberculose; hypothecium pale; spores 8, colourless or rufescent, ellipsoid, simple.

On old posts &c., rare.

Syn:—Stictis rufa, Pers. Obs. Myc. 2. p. 74. (1799.) Agyrium, Fr. S. M. 2. 232. Nyl. Scand. 250.

Fig :—Pers. Obs. Myc. t. 6. f. 6. Exs :—Fellm. 206. M. & N. 1096.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Scandinavia, Switzerland, France.

Вот. Ркоу:—19.

IRELAND:—Crogham! Killarney. Messrs. Wright & Carroll. Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

#### TRIBE XVI. GRAPHIDEI.

Thallus thin, scarcely visible or hypophlæodal. Apothecia lirelline.

## I. LITHOGRAPHA, Nyl.

Thallus crustaceous or evanescent; apothecia lirellæform, black, tumid, epithecium rimiform, margins thick, convex; hypothecium black, thick, entire; spores 8 or numerous, simple or 1-septate.

1. L. tesserata, (DC.) pale-brownish-grey, crustaceous, tessellato-areolate, areolæ plano-convex, (K yellow then red); apothecia fuscous-black, lirellæform, slightly prominent, short, obtuse, simple or slightly divided, solitary or clustered, straight or curved; epithecium rimiform; margin thick, inflexed; hypothecium thick, black; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, simple, minute.

On alpine rocks, rare.

Syn:—Opegrapha tesserata, DC. Fl. Fr. 2. 313. (1805). Leight. Br. Graphid. p. 8. Opegrapha petræa, Ach. Syn. 72. Lithographa tesserata, Nyl. Scand. 290.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2632. fig. 2. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 1. Exs:—Leight. 396. Anzi Langob. 203. Th. M. Fries 46. Körb. 256.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Italy. Bot. Prov:—1...7...10, 11, 12...15.

England:—Holwick Scar, on the Tees, Yorkshire! Mr. Robertson. Valley of Rocks, Linton, N. Devon! Mr. Borrer. Middleton in Teesdale, Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. near Staveley. Mr. Martindale.

Scotland: - Morrone; Ben Lawers. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

WALES:—Cader Idris, north west side! Llyn Aran! Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Aran Mowddy! Cwm Cywion! Glyder Vach. Pass of Llanberis!

2. L. petræa, (Durieu.) evanescent; apothecia black, lirellæform, thick, linear, simple, somewhat shining, clustered and congregated, flexuose; epithecium rimiform; margin very thick, tumid, inflexed; hypothecium thick, black; spores numerous, colourless, oblongo-cylindrical, simple.

On rocks, rare.

Syn: - Mont. & Dur, Expl. Sc. Alger. 278. (1846.) Nyl. Prodr. 147.

Exs :- Larbal. 40.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:-31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Le Fret Common!; Noirmont! Jersey.

Mr. Lartalestier.

3. L. dendrographa, Nyl. cinerascent, effuse or evanescent, (K—C—); apothecia black, linear or oblong or elliptical, simple or slightly furcato-divided, erumpent; epithecium black, opake, narrow, at length applanate, margin prominent, thin, shining, more or less flexuose; hypothecium fuscous-black; spores numerous, colourless, ellipsoid, minute, simple; paraphyses indistinct.

On trees, rare. 1869.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1864, p. 488. Crombie Enum. 95.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov :-- 1.

ENGLAND: -Near Totnes. S. Devon! Dr. Holl. (1869).

4. L. cerebrina, Schær. chalky-white, tartareous, contiguous, (K—C—); apothecia scattered or congregate, sessile, variously plicato-deformed, black; hypothecium black, thick; spores 8, fuliginous or nigricant, linearioblong, 1-septate.

On calcareous rocks, rare.

SYN:—Schær. Spic. 136. 196. (1823—1836). Nyl. Prodr. 140. Opegrapha, DC. Leight. Br. Graph. 8.

Fig: E. Bot. Suppl. 2632. fig. 1. (1830.) Leight. Br. Graph.

t. 5. f. 2.

Exs:-Arn. 133.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Bavaria, Italy, Pyrenees, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...8...10, 11, 12.

ENGLAND:—Northern Counties. Mr. Dickson. Teesdale! Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Penhill. Mr. Baker. Matlock co. Derby. Dr. Holl. Dartmouth. Mr. Parfitt.

5. L. interjecta, Leight. albido-subvirescent, tartareous, thin, furfuraceous, almost evanescent; apothecia black, lirellæform, somewhat shining, linear, simple or sometimes branched, solitary or clustered, flexuose; epithecium very narrow, rimiform; margin tumid, inflexed; hypothecium black; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate.

On slaty maritime rocks, very rare. 1856.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES: -Barmouth! (1856).

## II. XYLOGRAPHA, Fr. pr. p. Nyl.

Apothecia linear, epithecium plane or concave or sulciform, longitudinally plicate. Spores colourless. Paraphyses distinct or indistinct, slender.

1. X. parallela, (Ach.) thallus an elongated whitish spot; apothecia black, narrowly lanceolato-linear, erumpent, innate, plane or somewhat concave, parallel, internally cinerascent; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses distinct, slender.

On old wooden posts, &c. rare.

Syn:—Nyl. Scand. 250. (1861.) Crombie En. 95. Opegrapha parallela, Ach. L. U. 253. (1810).

Exs: M. & N. 656. Fellm. 205. Körb. 257. Anzi Langob. 346.

Arn. 244.

Geog. Distrib :—Belgium, Switzerland, Bavaria, Austria, Hungary, Italy, E. Lapland.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Glenfalloch! Dr. Holl. Pass of Killiecrankie; Glen Dee, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## III. GRAPHIS, Ach. Nyl.

Thallus thin, epiphlæodal or hypophlæodal. Apothecia (lirellæ) black, linear, variously divided or simple, innate or immersed at the base. Perithecium black, lateral or entire. Spores colourless or fuscous, plurilocular, coloured blue by iodine. Gelatina hymenea untinged by iodine. Paraphyses slender, distinct.

- A. Spores lineari-elongate or cylindrical, with many transversely oval cells.
- 1. G. elegans, (Sm.) pale-cream-colour or greyish-white, thin, membranaceous, granulate or rugose; lirellæ erumpent, prominent, sessile, oblong- or lineari-elongate, simple, straight or curved; perithecium dimidiate or lateral, palmatifid; epithecium rimæform, closed; proper margin thick, tumid, prominent, longitudinally furrowed; spores 8, colourless, enveloped in a hyaline membrane, lineari-elongate or cylindrical, with 11-13 transversely oval cells.

On trees, finest on holly, common. 1807.

SYN:—Sm. E. Bot. 1812. (1807.) Ach, Syn. 85. Nyl. Prod. 151. Aulacographa elegans, Leight. Br. Graph. 45.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1812. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 26.

Exs:—Schær. 515. Leight. 68. M. & N. 360. Nyl. 69. Mudd 223. Hepp 552. Korb. 286. Bohl. 27.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, France, Switzerland, Germany, Asia,

America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5.. 7, 8...10...15...19.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1807.) Oxfordshire! Mr. Baxter in hb. Greville. Crafnant! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Bardon Hill! Gracedieu! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex; Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Thompson. near Exeter; New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Berrow Wood! and Holly Bush Hill! Malvern Hills. Mr. Lees. Thorndon Park, Essex! Mr. Piggott. Baysdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Great Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. Pembridge! Herefordshire. Rev. J. F. Crouch. Midsummer Hill, Malvern. Dr. Holl. Haldon, Devon. Mr. Parfitt, Haughmond Hill! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND; -West Highlands near Inverary; in Lorn at Bun-

awe. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Riverstone! and Ballymartle! co. Cork; Killarney!

Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Abertygwyn, Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. Gloddaeth! near Conway; Torrent Walk! near Dolgelley! Woods opposite Tanybwlch Hotel! near Capel Curig.

2. G. scripta, Ach. cream-coloured or greyish-white, thin, membranaceous or sub-tartareous, continuous, even or rugose; lirellæ immersed, slender, of the same width throughout, extremities obtuse, proper margin narrow, elevated, wavy and crisped; thallodal margin elevated, tumid; epithecium canaliculate, naked or pruinose; perithecium dimidiate or lateral; spores 8, colourless, elongato-linear or cylindrical, apically rounded, containing 8-10 transversely oval margined cells.

On trees, frequent and very variable.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 265. (1810.) Syn. 81. Nyl. Scand. 251. G. serpentina, Leight. Br. Graph. 32.

Fig:—Leight. Br. Graph. t, 6. f. 19. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Throughout the World.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3.. 5.. 7, 8...10...13...15...19...30, 31.

forma minuta, Leight. thallus fusco-nigro-limitate; lirellæ very short and simple, straight; epithecium rimæform or slightly canaliculate, naked or slightly pruinose; proper margin thickish, flexuose, uniform. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 32.)

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Crafnant near Oswestry. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Epping Forest; St. Leonard's Forest.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma diffusa, Leight. pale-olive, fusco-nigro-limitate or sub-effuse; lirellæ etongated, simple, curved, distantly scattered; epithecium rimæform, plane, naked; proper margin narrow, curved, flexuose, crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 33.)

England :- Charlton Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Haldon

Woods, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND: - Derriquin! Dr. Taylor. Colin Glen, Belfast! Mr. Thompson.

Wales :- Woods near Capel Curig!

forma varia, Leight. pale-yellow, fusco-nigro-limitate; lirellæ elongated, immersed, very various in shape, size, and disposition, rather crowded, simple or branched or furcate, straight or wavy; epithecium rimæform or slightly canaliculate, sub-pruinose; proper margin thin, flexuose and crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 33.)

ENGLAND: —Sussex! Mr. Borrer. near Little Malvern! Worcestershire. Mr. Lees. Gopsal! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Essex!

Mr. Piggot.

WALES :- Woods near Capel Curig!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Ouen's Manor Avenue! St. Peter's Valley! and Beaumont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma flexuosa, Leight. pale-yellow, fusco-nigro-limitate; lirellæ very elongated and slender, flexuose, simple, immersed; epithecium rimæform, very narrow, pruinose; proper margin thin, elevated, flexuose and crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph, p. 34. Zw. 304.)

England :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Va-

renne.

IRELAND :—Castlebernard Park! Cork. Prof. Hincks.

WALES :- Woods near Capel Curig !

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the larger Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma horizontalis, Leight. whitish-yellow, fusco-nigrolimitate; lirellæ crowded, very long and slender, disposed horizontally, wavy, simple or furcate or crooked, immersed; epithecium rimæform, exceedingly narrow, naked; proper margin slender, elevated, flexuose and crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph. 34. Exs. 244, Anzi It. S. 344. Mudd. 217.)

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Holly Bush Hill, Malvern range, Worcestershire! Mr. Lees. Bousdale Gill, Cleveland! Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M.

Crombie. Abdon! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma divaricata, Leight. pale-yellow, effuse; lirellæ short and straight, with a central branch divaricate or at right angles; epithecium narrow and canaliculate, pruinose; proper margin thickish, entire, flexuose. (Leight. Br. Graph. 35. Exs. 21. 19. Hepp 535. Larbal. 88. Anzi It. S. 341).

ENGLAND: —Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Thompson. Oxfordshire! Mr Baxter. Cliffrigg! Mr. Mudd. Abdon! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Knockdolian! Ayrshire; Rammerscales! Dumfries-

shire. Mr. Thompson.

IRELAND:—Colin Glen, Belfast!, Bangor!, Tullamore Park! co. Down. Mr. Thompson.

WALES :- Gloddeath! near Conway, Caernaryonshire; Woods

near Capel Curig!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Lawrence Road! Beaumont! Rozel! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma recta, (Humb.) pale-yellow or straw-colour, in horizontally elongated patches, nigro-limitate; lirellæ very numerous, elongated, narrow, simple, horizontal and parallel, acuminate and sharply pointed at the extremities; epithecium canaliculate, naked or sub-pruinose; proper margin thick, elevated, uniform. (Leight. Br. Graph. 38. t. 6. f. 20. Zw. 306. E. Bot. t. 2301. Hepp 46. 888. Anzi Ital. S. 343).

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ingleby Park! Easby Wood; Baysdale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Scotland:—Near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma stellata, Leight. pale-olive, fusco-nigro-limitate; lirellæ stellate, distant, few, scattered, rays simple, acute; epithecium canaliculate, naked; proper margin thick, uniform. (Leight. Br. Graph. 36).

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Airyholme Wood; Hoggarts

Wood; Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

Var. serpentina, Ach. white and cinereous, thickish, tartareous, pulverulent, cracked, determinate; lirellæ immersed, elongated, crowded, flexuose, simple or branched, obtuse, cæsio-pruinose; epithecium at length plane; proper margin thin, elevated; thallodal margin lateral, incrassate; spores as above.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 269. (1810.) Syn. 83. Nyl. Scand. 252. Prodr. 149. Gr. diffracta, Leight. Br. Graph. 39.

Fig :—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. f. 21.

Exs :- Mudd 221, 222.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, America.

England:—Tilgate Forest! Sussex, Mr. Borrer. near Little Malvern,! Worcestershire. Mr. Lees. Airyholme. Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. New Forest; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Abdon! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Falls of Clyde ; near Stirling ! Callander, &c. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Dunscombe's Wood! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel Woods! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Varies with a larger and smaller form of lirellæ, and with radiate and flexuose ones.

forma eutypa, Ach. pale-yellow or greyish-white, pulverulent; lirellæ crowded, flexuose, prominent, simple or branched; epithecium very wide, canaliculate, plane or concave, cæsio-pruinose; proper margin thick, elevated, curved and wavy. (Leight. Br. Graph. 38. Mudd 220. Schær. 91).

England:—Ardingley! St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Hants, Mr. Lyell. Oxfordshire! Mr. Baxter. Berrow! Malvern Hills. Mr. Lecs. Donnington Park! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Ingleby Park! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Stokewood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Scotland:—Common in Central Counties. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Cultra! co. Down; Knocknageney! Belfast. Mr. Thompson.

Channel Islands:—Rozel! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma spathea, Ach. pale-yellow, fusco-nigro-limitate; lirellæ moderately long, simple, curved, numerous, scattered in all directions, approximate, sub-immersed; epithecium rimæform, nearly closed; proper margin thick, incurved, flexuose. (Leight. Br. Graph. 36).

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Scotland:—Central Counties. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma tremulans, Leight. pale-ashy-yellow or ashy-grey; lirellæ elongated, simple, peculiarly tremulous and wavy, prominent; epithecium canaliculate, pruinose; proper margin narrow, excessively flexuose and crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph. 37. Exs. 22. Mudd 219).

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Gopsall Wood! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Chelmsford! Essex. Mr. Piggot. Kildale!

Airyholme Wood! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Pentregaer! near Oswestry; Weir Coppice! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Killarney! Mr. Thompson.

Wales: - Corsygedol! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the larger Islands. Mr.

Larbalestier.

forma radiata, Leight. whitish-yellow, effuse; lirellæ sub-immersed, crowded, centrally radiate; epithecium widely canaliculate, casio-pruinose; proper margin stout, elevated, unequal, singularly flexuose and crisped. (Leight. Br. Graph. 35. Exs. 340. Mudd 218).

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Newton Wood! Cleveland.

Mr. Mudd. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Abdon! Shropshire.

Var. pulverulenta, Ach. whitish, effuse; apothecia emergent, flexuose; epithecium canaliculate, dehiscent, cæsio-pruinose; thallodal margin elevated, tumid.

On trees, rare.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 266. (1810.) Syn. 82. Nyl. Scand. 252. Prodr.

Exs:-Nyl. 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

England: - New Forest; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M Crombie. Airyholme Wood! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Abdon! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Falls of Clyde; near Stirling; Callander, &c. Rev.

J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND :—Blarney! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Common on all the larger islands and Jethou. Mr. Larbalestier.

3. G. dendritica, (Ach.) cream-coloured or yellowishwhite, thin, tartareous, pulverulent,; lirellæ brownishblack, immersed, branched in a pedato-radiate manner; perithecium a very thin black cartilaginous entire membrane; epithecium broad, plane, dilated, cæsio-pruinose; proper margin very thin; thallodal margin prominent, rugose; spores 8, colourless, elongato-linear, apically rounded, containing 6-8 transversely oval margined cells.

On trees, rare. 1807.

forma Smithii, Leight. lirellæ ramifying at an obtuse angle, extremities acute, thallodal margin prominent. (Leight. Br. Graph. 43).

SYN: -Opegrapha, Ach. Meth. 31, (1803.) Graphis, Ach. Syn,

83. Nyl. Prodr. 150. Hymenodecton, Leight. Br. Graph. 43.

Fig:—E. Bot. 1756. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f, 23,

Exs: -Rabh. 826, Arn. 334, in part.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, France, Prussia, Pyrenees, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...6, 7...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1807.) New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Totness and Coryton, S. Devon. Dr. Holl. Haldon Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Hickmore Fen Wood, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Ivybridge; Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. New Forest; Epping Forest; St. Leonard's Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Castle Bernard Park! Bandon. Rev. Prof. Hincks.
WALES:—Corsygedol! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS .- Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma acuta, Leight. lirellæ ramifying at a very acute angle, nearly parallel, extremities simple, acuminate; thallodal margin prominent. (Leight, Br Graph, 44. Schær, Exs. 585, Larbal, 41).

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Upton! Pembrokeshire. Rev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Beaumont! and Rozel! Jersey. Mr. Lar-balestier.

forma obtusa, Leight. lirellæ ramifying at an obtuse angle in a furcate manner, extremities very obtuse, frequently furcate; thallodal margin nearly obliterated. (Leight. Br. Graph. 44).

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Tunbridge Wells! Mr. Thompson. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Epping For-

est. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park! Cork. Mr. Carroll. WALES:—Pembrokeshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Dolgelley!

4. G. inusta, Ach. pale-yellowish-white, thin, membranaceous, even or rugose; lirellæ black, immersed, broad,
simple or branched in a sub-radiate sub-parallel manner;
perithecium lateral; epithecium plane, naked or pruinose;
proper margin very narrow; thallodal margin thin and
membranous; spores 8, fuscescent, linear or elongatolinear, apically rounded, containing 6-8 transversely
oval margined cells.

On trees, frequent. 1807.

Forma vera, Leight. lirellæ radiate, like Chinese characters.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 85. (1817.) G. Smithii, Leight. Br. Graph. 41. 42. Nyl. Prodr. 150.

Fig. -E. Bot. t. 1813. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. f. 22.

Exs:—Larbal. 89.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, France, Prussia, Asia, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3. 5. 7, 8. 19. 30, 31.

ENGLAND; —Sussex! St. Leonard's Forest! Mr. Borrer. (1807.)
Malvern Hills! Mr. Lees. The Lodge near Ludlow! Rev. T. Salwey.
Harpford Wood, Devon. Miss Atwood. Inworth, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Guernsey; Beaumont, St. Lawrence! St.

Peter's Valley! Rozel Manor! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma elongata, Leight. lirellæ much more simple, slightly branched, linear-oblong or lanceolate, extremities acute. (Leight. Br. Graph, 42.)

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Pod's Wood; Messing, Essex.

Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :- Bangor co. Down! Mr. Thompson.

WALES: - Corsygedol! near Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Glod-daeth! Caernaryonshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Lawrence! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma divaricata, Leight. lirellæ with a simple branch at right angles. (Leight. Br. Graph. 42.)

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev.

A. Bloxam. Oxfordshire! Mr. Baxter.

IRELAND :- Dunscombe's Wood! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Dolgelley !

Channel Islands: —Beaumont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma simpliciuscula. Leight. apothecia smaller, simple, scattered. (Leight. Br. Graph. 42. Larbal. 90.)

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Marks Hall Wood; Pod's

Wood, Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park! Cork. Prof. Hincks. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma macularis, Leight. apothecia small, numerous, crowded, rounded or oblong. (Leight. Br. Graph. 42. Exs. 285.)

England: —Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ragley Wood near Oxford! Mr. Baxter. Llandrindod! Rev. T. Salwey. Marks Hall Wood!

Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND:—Bangor and Cultra and Holywood House co. Down!

Mr. Thompson. Castlebernard Park! Blarney! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Ynysfaig! near Barmouth; Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Peter's Valley! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

5. G. Lyellii, Sm. pale-olive, thin, ceraceo-membrana-ceous, smooth; lirellæ brownish-black, prominent, sessile, oblong or linear-oblong, simple, curved; perithecium carbonaceous, entire; epithecium plane, broad, pruinose; proper margin narrow, prominent; thallodal margin elevated, white, pulverulent; spores 8, fuscescent, lineari-

elongate, apically obtuse, containing 7-8 transversely oval margined cells.

On trees, rare. 1808.

Syn:—Opegrapha, Sm. E. Bot. 1876. (1808). Graphis, Ach. Syn. 85. Nyl. Prodr. 151. Chiographa Lyellii, Leight. Br. Graphid. 44.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1876. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 24.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Bot. Prov:—1, 2...19...31.

England:—New Forest! Hampshire. Mr. Lyell. (1808). Harpford co. Devon; Launceston, Cornwall; Ringwood in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Coryton, S. Devon; near Popes's Mill,

Liskeard, Cornwall. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. Mr. Carroll in this locality has detected several curious forms, viz: radiata, Carr.! in which the lirellæ are stellately arranged, their apices more or less acute; fastigiata, Carr.! where the lirellæ are obtuse at the apices and subdendritically arranged; macularis, Carr.! in which the lirellæ are smaller, round or oblong, confluent into obtusely crenate groups.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

### B. Spores murali-divided.

6. G. Ruiziana, (Fée.) greyish-cream-coloured, thin, membranaceous, smooth, nigro-limitate; lirellæ excessively prominent and sessile, large, linear-oblong, obtuse at the extremities, straight or wavy, simple, occasionally tripartite; epithecium rimæform, more or less expanded; perithecium thick, carbonaceous, entire; proper margin tumid and connivent; spores 8, colourless, oblong or elliptical, murali-locular, large.

On holly, rare. 1857.

Syn;—Fée Essai p. 27. (1824.) Nyl. N. Gran. 73. Opegrapha anomala, Leight. Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. 1857.

Fig :- Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. t. 8. f. 1.-6.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—N. Granada, Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND:—Glengariffe! co. Kerry. Mr. Piggot. (1857.) Castlemartyr Deer park! Glenbower, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll. Killarney. Messrs: Piggot & Carroll.

7. G. sophistica, Nyl. pale-whitish-yellow or cream-colour, thin, membranaceous, continuous, smooth or slightly uneven; lirellæ black, emergent, slender, contracted here and there, simple or branched, wavy and scattered, extremities acuminate; perithecium lateral; epithecium rimæform, naked; proper margin thin, ele-

vated, wavy and crisped; thallodal margin membranaceous; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, muralimultilocular.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:—Nyl. N. Gran. 74. (1864.) Gr. scripta, Leight. Br. Graph. p. 27. and Gr. pulverulenta, Leight. Br. Graph. p. 31.

Fig:—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. 17.

Exs: -Lindig 71.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, N. Granada, N. Zealand. Bot. Prov:—2, 3...5. .7, 8...11...13, 14, 15...19...33.

The following forms are noticeable.

forma diffusa, Leight. lirellæ rather long, simple or with a single branch, variously curved and wavy, lying in all directions. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 27. Bohl. 28.)

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr.

Parfitt.

IRELAND: - Cultra! co. Down; Colin Glen! Belfast. Mr. Thompson.

forma flexuosa, Leight. lirellæ elongated, simple or branched, flexuose. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 28. Exs. 18. Hoffm. En. t. 3. f. 26.)

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Gopsal! Leicester-

shire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

SCOTLAND: - Loch Tay Woods! Dr. Greville.

WALES :- Gloddaeth! near Conway.

forma radiata, Leight. lirellæ dendritically radiate. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 29. Mudd 215.)

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND:—Rammerscales! Dumfriesshire. Mr. Thompson. IRELAND:—Cultra! co. Down. Mr. Thompson.

forma divaricata, Leight. lirellæ divaricately branched. (Leight. Br. Graph. p. 29. Exs. 19. Mudd 216. Hoffm. En. t. 3. f. 2. a.)

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Berwick-on-Tweed! Dr. Johnston. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam.

SCOTLAND :- Rae Hill Woods! Dr. Greville.

IRELAND:—Bangor! co. Down. Mr. Thompson. Castlebernard Park! Bandon. Rev. Prof. Hincks.

WALES:-Gloddaeth! near Conway.

Var. pulverulenta, (Sm.) pale-dull-ashy-yellow or creamcolour, thin or tartareous and pulverulent, continuous, rugulose; lirellæsub-sessile, broadish, extremities cuspidate; perithecium lateral; epithecium broadly canaliculate pruinose; proper margin thick, elevated, uniform; thallodal margin elevated, tumid; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, murali-multi-locular.

SYN:—Sm. E. Bot. 1754. (1807.) Leight. Br. Graph. p. 31.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1754. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. f. 18.

Exs:-Leight. 20.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...5 ..7...8.. 19...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hartshill Wood! near Atherstone! Gopsall Wood! Donnington Park! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. near the Berrow, S. end of Malvern Hills! Mr. Lees. New Forest! Hants, Mr. Lyell. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Braxted; Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND: - Montalto! Cultra! Bangor! co. Down. Mr. Thomp-

son. Blarney! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Gloddaeth! near Conway. Channel Islands:—St. Peter's Valley! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## IV. OPEGRAPHA, Ach. Nyl.

Thallus very thin or scarcelyany. Apothecia (lirellæ) black, superficial, lineari-lanceolate or sub-rotundate or linear, elongate or flexuose or ramoso-divided, with a proper margin; perithecium entire; epithecium plane or rimiformi-angustate; spores 8, colourless or fuscescent, linear-oblong, sub-clavato-fusiform, fusiform or acicular, 1-multi-septate.

## \* Spores 1-septate.

1. O. lentiginosa, Lyell MS. cream-coloured, thin, tartareous, smooth, nigro-fusco-limitate; lirellæ excessively prominent and sessile, very minute, punctiform, oblong or linear, straight, simple; perithecium entire; epithecium rimiform; proper margin tumid and incurved; spores 8, fuscescent, irregularly obovate, 1-septate, constricted.

On beech and holly and oak, rare.

SYN: -Leight. Br. Graph. 26. (1854.) Nyl. Prod. 158.

FIG: -Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. f. 16. GEOG. DISTRIB: -France, Normandy.

Bot. Prov :- 1, 2...19.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell in herb. Borrer. St. Leonard's Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. near Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Tilgate Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Ivybridge. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND: -Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. Old Deer Park, Castle-

martyr, Cork; Glenbower, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

2. O. lentiginosula, Nyl. thallus evanescent, lirellæ excessively prominent and sessile, very minute, ellipsoid, straight, simple, rarely divided; perithecium colourless or deficient at the base; epithecium rimiform; proper margin tumid and incurved; spores 8, fuscous, obovate, 1-septate, constricted, larger than in lentiginosa; paraphyses indistinct.

On pines in sub-alpine regions, rare. 1864.

Syn:-Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 355.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND: -Glenfalloch! Mr. Carroll. 1864.

3. O. diplasiospora, Nyl. albido-glaucescent, thin, smooth, membranaceous, effuse; lirellæ oblong or lanceolato-oblong, small, innato-erumpent, black; epithecium expanded, plane; proper margin thin, elevated, inflexed; perithecium nigro-fuscous, entire at the base; paraphyses none; spores 8, fusco-nigrescent, obovate, 1-septate, constricted, double the size of those of O. lentiginosa.

On holly in mountain ranges, rare. 1867. Syn:—Nyl. N. Granada ed. 1. 62. (1863.) ed. 2. 92.

Fig :-Nyl. N. Gran. ed. 1. t. 2. f. 41.

Exs :- Lindig 2787. & 846.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. Granada, Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND:—Turk Mountain!; Cromaglown, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

# \*\* Spores 3-septate.

4. O. herpetica, Ach. dusky-olive, thin, sub-tartareous, more or less cracked or slightly rugged, fusco-limitate, (K reddish); lirellæ small, innate, round, oval, oblong or linear-oblong, obtuse, simple and divided, straight or curved; disk rimiform, expanded in age; proper margin thick, rounded and inflexed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On trees, frequent.

forma vera, Leight. thallus tuberculate, pulverulent; lirellæ imbedded, small, simple, naked.

Syn :- Leight. Br. Graph. 19. (1854.) Ach. Syn. 72. Nyl. Scand.

255.

Fig :—E. Bot. 1789. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 12.

Exs :- Nyl. 81. Mudd 213. Hepp 555.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, France, Switzerland, Sweden, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3, 4, 5...8...11...15...19...28...31.

ENGLAND:—Bradwell! Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. Twycross! Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Epping Forest and Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Oxfordshire! Mr. Baxter. Chelmsford! Essex. Mr. Pigott. near Newcastle, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Haldon Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Ivybridge. Mr. Davies. Haughmond Hill! Weir Coppice near Shrewsbury!

Scotland:—Lasswade! and near Dundee! Dr. Greville. near

Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Armagh. Adm. Jones. Turk Mountain and Mc

Carthy's Island, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -St. Peter's Valley! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma sub-ocellata, Ach. thallus tuberculate, pulverulent (K reddish); lirellæ imbedded, small, simple or sub-stellate, albo-ocellate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN: - Leight. Br. Graph, 21.

Fig :- Chevall. Hist. Graph. t. 19. f. 4. & f. 3.

Exs:—Hepp 556. Leight. 222. M. & N. 555. Schær. 281. Nyl. 82. Anzi 338. Zw. 355.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy, Germany, France, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...10 ..31.

ENGLAND:—Hurst! Cuckfield! and Ardingley! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Bovingar! Essex. Mr. Lyell. near Thirsk! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Cliffrigg! Airyholme Wood! Kildale! Easby Wood! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma elegans, Borr. thallus pulverulent, (K reddish); lirellæ larger, simple and divided, prominent, wavy.

On trees, rare.

SYN :- Leight. Br. Graph. 21. (1854).

Exs:-Leight. 286.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2, 3.. 10...15.

England:—Ardingley! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Easby Wood! Ingleby! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Epping Forest and Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Scotland:—near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma rubella, Pers. thallus smooth, (K reddish); lirellæ prominent, simple, immersed only at the base.

On trees, common.

Syn:—Pers. Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. t. 1. f. 2. A. a. (1794.) Leight. Br. Graph. p. 22. Opeg. herpetica var. disparata, Ach. Syn. 73. Nyl. Scand. 255.

Fig:—Cheval. Hist. Graphid. t. 17. f. 1. a. f. 2.

Exs: -Schær. 95. Leight. 221. Anzi 339. Bohl, 74. Hepp

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Italy, Pyrenees, France, Germany, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:--2, 3...5...10...31.

ENGLAND:—St. Leonard's Forest! and Charlton Forest! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Berrow, S. end of Malvern Hills! Worcestershire. Mr. Lees, Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. Airyholme Wood! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Grouville, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma rufescens, Pers. dark-dingy-olive, (K reddish) lirellæ prominent, immersed only at the base, flexuose, sub-stellato-ramose; epithecium plane, more or less canaliculate.

On ash and birch trees, not common.

SYN: -O. rufescens, Pers. Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. p. 29. t. 2. f. 3. A. a. (1794.) Nyl. Scand. 256. O. siderella, Ach. Syn. 79. O. herpetica var. rubella f. divisa, Leight. Br. Graph. 22.

Fig:—Cheval. Hist. Graph. t. 18. f. 1. a. f. 26. f. 3. c.

Exs:—Mudd 214.
Geog. Distrib:—Normandy, Italy, Sweden, Belgium

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3...5...8...10.

ENGLAND :—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Gopsall Wood! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Weir Coppice! near Shrewsbury.

5. O. atra, Pers. thallus very thin, forming smooth, pale-yellow or whitish ocellate patches; lirella densely crowded towards the centre of the thallodal spot, sessile, depressed, lying in all directions or sub-parallel, linear, generally simple or confluent, flexuose; epithecium narrow, uniform, rimiform, more or less open and canaliculate; proper margin thick, elevated, wavy; spores 8, colourless, obovato-fusiform, somewhat pointed at the extremities, 3-septate, very minute.

On trees, common.

SYN :—Pers. in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 7. p. 30. (1794.) Nyl. Scand. 254. Leight. Br. Graph, p. 18.

Fig:—Hoffm, En. t. 3, f. 2, c. Leight, Br. Graph, t. 5, f. 11.

Exs:—Anzi It. S. 335.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Switzerland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Asia, Africa, America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...7, 8...14, 15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Budleigh Salterton. Dr. Dickie. Fordham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. St. Leonard's Forest; New Forest; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Weir Coppice! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Near Edinburgh! Dr. Greville. near Stirling; Cal-

lander; Blair Athole; Lochaber. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Dunkettle! Cork. Mr. Carroll. Knocknagoney! Colin Glen! Belfast; Massareene Park! co. Antrin. Mr. Thomp-

Wales:—Craig Breidden! Montgomeryshire.

Channel Islands: — Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma denigrata, (Ach.) lirellæ more or less crowded and numerous, irregularly scattered, simple or branched.

On ash trees, common.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 27. (1803.) Syn. 75. Mudd Man. 232.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1753. in part.

Exs:—Nyl. 143. Schær. 461. Mudd 208. M. & N. 469. Geog. Distrib :—France, Switzerland, Sweden, Hungary.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3 ..7...10...15...(19—30)...31.

England:—Near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Marks Hall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Craig Breidden! Montgomeryshire.

Channel Islands:—Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma nigrita, Leight. lirellæ densely crowded and confluent into irregular black central musses.

On ivy &c., frequent.

SYN: - Leight. Br, Graph. 18. in part. (1853).

Fig :- Chev. Hist. Graph. t. 3. f. 6. d.

Exs :—Leight. 193. Mudd 210. Geog. Distrib:—Belgium.

Bot. Prov.:—1, 2, 3...5.. 7 ...10...15, 16. England:—Netley Abbey! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salvey. Essex! Mr. Piggott. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Airyholme Wood! near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex, Mr. Varenne. Tong Priory! Shelton! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

Scotland: —Callander; Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Conway! Bettws-y-Coed!

forma parallela, Leight. lirellæ lineari- elongate, horizontally parallel.

On cherry, hazel, &c. not unfrequent.

Syn:—Opegrapha Cerasi & Coryli, Chev. Fl. Par. 1, 521. (1836).

Fig :—Chev. Hist. Graph. t. 1. f. 3. & 4. t. 2, f. 1. & 2.

Exs:—Mudd 209. Leight. 245.

Geog. Distrib :- France, Belgium, Normandy.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3...5...10 ..19.. 31.

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Cockshaw Bank! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Woodham Walter, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Abdon! Loppington! Shropshire.
SCOTLAND: - Near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard; Prof. Hincks. Fermoy! Mr. Carroll. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma herbarum, Mont. yellowish or whitish; lirellæ erumpenti-innate, flexuose, simple, lineari-elongate, longitudinally sub-parallel; epithecium rimiform.

On stems of various flowering plants and ferns, rare. SYN :- Mont. Arch. de Bot. 1833. p. 302. Syllog. 350. Schær.

En. 153.

Fig :- Arch. Bot. t. 15, f. 1.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—France.

Bot. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND :- Muckruss, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

forma hapalea, Ach. lirellæ confluent, epithecium deplanate.

On various trees, not frequent.

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 79. (1817.) Nyl. Prodr. 158.

Fig:—Chev. Hist. Graph. t. 6, fig 1. a.

Exs:—M. & N. 649. Schær. 586, Anzi It. S. 337. 336. Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Italy, Pyrenees, Hungary.

Bot. Prov :- 2...5...19.

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Holly Bush Hill! Malvern range. Mr. Lecs. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—Carrigaloe, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

forma arthonoidea, Leight. lirellæ difformed, confluent in irregular sub-stellate scattered deplanate spots.

On various trees, not common.

SYN: - Mudd Man. 232. (1861).

Exs: -Leight. 338. Schær. 463. 634.

Geog. Distrib:—Switzerland, Italy, Hungary, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...7.

ENGLAND :- Devon. Dr. Dickie. Marks Hall, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

Wales :- Conway !

forma ochrocheila, Nyl. margins of lirellæ ochraceous; epithecium expanded, plane.

On ivy, elm and grass, rare. Syn :- Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Ркоу:—19...31.

IRELAND :—(Saxicole.) Dinish! Killarney. Mr. Hardy. CHANNEL ISLANDS :--L'Ancresse Common, Guernsey!; St Peter's Valley; Meadow Bank, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

6. O. Turneri, Leight. pale-dirty-yellow, fusco-limitate; lirellæ very prominent, sessile, mostly simple, slender and linear; epithecium very narrow, uniform; proper margin plump, rounded and incurved; spores colourless, lineari obovate, 3-septate.

On trees, frequent.

Quite distinct from O. varia f. rimalis.

Syn:—Leight. Br. Graph. 17. (1853.) O. atrorimalis, Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 488.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2281. Leight, Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 10.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2, 3, 4, 5...7...10.. 15...19.. 29, 30.

ENGLAND:—Hurstpierpoint! Sussex; Bradwell! Burgh! Suffolk! Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Hants. Mr Lyell. near Worcester! Mr. Lees. Cliffrigg! Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Essex! Mr. Piggott. Highbeech, Epping Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. Colne, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Loppington! Haughmond Hill! Dorrington! Shropshire,

SCOTLAND :- Blair Athole! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—North of Ireland! Miss Hutchins. Colin Glen!; Brett's Glen! Belfast. Mr. Thompson. Brown's demesne, Riverstown near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Capel Curig !

7. O. confluens, (Ach ) greyish-green, effuse, very thin, often obsolete; lirellæ sessile, simple, black, opake, thick, cylindrical, straight or oftener curvate and contorted, very rarely solitary, scattered, generally crowded or conglobate; epithecium narrow, rimiform, sub-dilatate in age; margin at first rotundate, inflexed, presently acute; paraphyses septate, branched; spores 8, colourless, elongato-oval or soleæform, 3-septate.

On sub-alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—O. lithyrga var. confluens, Ach. L. U. p. 247. (1810.) Stizb. Stein. Opeg. 22.

Fig :—Stizb. Stein. Opeg. t. 2, f. 1, a—m. Exs:—Nyl. 144, Anzi Etr. 36, Rabh. 339.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-Switzerland.

Вот. Ркоу:—19.

IRELAND :- Southern Coupties. Mr. Carroll.

8. O. saxicola, Ach. dirty-white or rusty-brown; lirellæ oblong or ovate, deformed, short, obtuse, variously branched, rounded or triquetrous, wider at one extremity; epithecium rimiform, more or less expanded; proper

margin tumid, round and incurved; spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong or lineari-clavate, rounded at each extremity, 3-septate.

On rocks, frequent.

Syn:—Ach. Syn. 71. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 254, Stizb. Stein. Opeg. 23. O. rupestris, Pers. Ust. Ann. xi. 20. Leight. Br. Graph. 11.

Fig :—E. Bot. 2345. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 5

Exs:—Schær. 94. Leight. 343. Zw. 145. A. Arn. 104.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Normandy, Italy, Germany, Pyrenees, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5.. 7...10.. 19.. 29, 30, 31.

ENGLAND :- Netley Abbey! Mr. Lyell. Newton Wood! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Nent Force! Cumberland. Mr. Robertson. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Nesseliff Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: -North of Ireland! Miss Hutchins. Larne! co. Antrim. Mr. Thompson, Muckruss! Rostellan! Cork Harbour. Mr.

Carroll.

Wales: -Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Great Orme's Head! CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Near Ann Port; Boulay Bay; Rozel Meadow; Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. DeCandollei, Stizb. whitish or dirty-rusty-brown; lirellæ linear, linear-oblong, oblong or ovate, expanded, obtuse at the extremities, chiefly simple and straight, dark-brown; spores 8, colourless, narrow, linear-oblong, round at each extremity, 3-septate.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Stizb, Stein. Opeg. 29, (1865.) Op. saxigena, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 259. Leight. Br. Graph. 13. O. saxatilis, DC. Fl. Fr. 2. 312. Verrucaria umbrosa, Tayl.

Fig:—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 7.

Exs: - Leight, 311, Anzi Langob. 406, Anzi Venet. 104.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy, Hungary.

Вот. Ркоу: -1 ..19...24...31.

ENGLAND: -Torquay. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND: - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. Kerry. Dr. Moore. Croghain! Killarney; Kilkee, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: --- Boulay Bay, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. Chevallieri, Leight. white or pale-yellow; lirella simple, linear, elongated, curved or bent back, flexuose and wavy, black, crowded or conglomerate, shining; spores 8, colourless, broadly clavate, rounded at each extremity, 3-septate.

On rocks, frequent. 1807.

SYN: -Leight. Br. Graph. 10. (1853.) Opeg. calcarea, Turn. in E. Bot. 1790. (1807).

Fig :—Leight, Br. Graph, t. 5, f. 4, E. Bot. t. 1790.

Exs: -Leight. 67, Larbal. 44. Anzi Etr. 37. Mudd 203.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Belgium, Italy, Normandy.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7...10...14...12...23, 24...30, 31. England:—Netley Abbey! Mr. Lyell. North of England! Rev. J. Harriman. Craigforda! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Tantallon Castle! Dr. Lindsay. Roseberry! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Suffolk! Sir Thos. Gage. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Kingsbridge! S. Devon. Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND :- Caroline Park, Edinburgh. Dr. Burchell.

IRELAND: -Killarney! Miss Hutchins, near Dublin! Derriquin! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Colin Glen, Belfast! Mr. Thompson. Ross!

co. Clare; near Lighthouse, Cork Harbour! Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—North Wales! Rev. Hugh Davies. Llanaber! Barmouth! Pembrokeshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Cape St. Vincent Rock, between Aberdovey and Towyn! Rev. A. Bloxam. Great Orme's Head! South Stacks! Holyhead! Aber!

CHANNEL ISLANDS .- Guernsey; Noirmont Warren; St. Ouen's

and St. Saviour's, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

forma gyrocarpa, (Zw.) greyish; apothecia sessile, rotundato-deformed; epithecium gyroso-plicate.

SYN: -Flotow in Flora 1825. p. 345. Körb. Syst. 280.

Fig :—Stizb. Stein. Opeg. t. 2. f. 2.  $\kappa$ .  $\lambda$ .  $\mu$ —o.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Hungary, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Craig Guie, Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Mangerton, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Boulay Bay! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. Persoonii, Ach. white or albicant, thin, opake, sub-leprose, unequal; lirellæ oblong, small; epithecium pliciform or at length subdehiscent, often rugose and deformed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On calcareous rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 17. Lichen Persoonii, Ach. Prodr. 19. Nyl. Scand. 254. (excl. syn. Leight. Br, Graph.)

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden.

Boт. Prov :—24.

IRELAND :- Kilkee, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

9. O. grumulosa, Duf. white, farinaceous, thick; apothecia cæsio-pruinose, lanceolate or deformed, normally marginate, internally black; spores 8, colourless, oblongofusiform, 3-septate.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Duf. Journ. Phys. 1848. vol. 87. p. 214. Nyl. Prodr. 152. Exs:—Zw. 144. Anzi Langob. 404.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Germany, Italy, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—La Coupe ; Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

\*\*\* Spores 5-septate.

10. O. varia, Pers. thallus white, pulverulent; lirellæ prominent, sessile, round, oblong, elliptical, elongate, attenuated at each end; epithecium canaliculate or dilated in the middle or plane and convex; proper margin prominent, intlexed, sometimes subevanescent; spores 8, colourless, irregularly obovate or obovato-fusiform, 5-septate.

The following are the principal states of this very variable species.

forma pulicaris, Lightf. iirellæ oval, oblong or elliptical, minute, simple; epithecium concave, dilated in the middle; proper margin persistent, inflexed.

On various trees, common.

SYN:—Lightf. Fl. Scot. 2, 801. (1777.) Nyl. Scand. 253. Leight. Br. Graph. 14.

Fig:—Ach, Meth. t. 1. f. 9. Chev. Graph. t. 14. f. 3. & 4.

Leight. Br. Graph. t, 5, f. 9.

Exs:—Schær. 97. 518. 520. Zw. 5. A. C. Nyl. 73. 74. Anzi It.

S. 329, 330, 331. Hepp 892, 166, Arn. 318, M. & N. 954.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Switzerland, France, Italy, Hungary, Normandy, Germany, Belgium, Pyrenees, Algeria.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3.. 5...15...19...24...31

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Stoke Wood, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Epping Forest; near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Abdon! Bickley Coppice! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Near Stirling; Killin; Banchory in Aberdeen. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Castleconnel near Limerick! co. Clare; Rostellan, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma notha, Ach. lirellæ round or oblong, deformed, large; epithecium plane or convex, obliterating the proper margin.

On oak, common.

Syn :—Ach. Prodr. 19. (1798.) Syn. 76. Nyl. Scand. 253, Leight. Br. Graph. 15.

Fig:—E. Bot, 1890. Leight Br. Graph. t. 5, f. 9.

Exs:—M. & N. 857. Schær. 282. Leight. 66. Hepp 165. Nyl. 75. Anzi It. S. 327. Larbal. 91.

Geog. Distrib:—France, Switzerland, Belgium, Italy, Normandy, Austria, Germany.

Bot. Prov :-2, 3, 4, 5...10, 11...15...31.

ENGLAND:—Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. (1808.) Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. High Vawr lane, Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Ingleby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Teesdale; Cawsey Wood, Durham; Hexham and Corbridge, Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Berwick. Dr. G. Johnston. Red Hills, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. The Bartons, Ledbury! (saxicole) Dr. Holl. Montford Bridge! near Shrewsbury; Haughmond Hill! base of Caer Caradoc! Heywood Forest near Ludlow! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Near Stirling. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :—(saxicole) La Coupe, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

forma diaphora, Ach. lirellæ elongate, attenuate at both extremities; epitheçium plane; proper margin persistent, flexuose.

On oak, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 20. (1798.) Syn. 77. Nyl. Scand. 253. Leight. Br. Graph. 15.

Fig.—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 9.

Exs:—Schær. 98. 519. M. & N. 468. 556, Leight. 220. Anzi It, S. 328. 332. Zw. 4. Mudd 206. Nyl, 76. 77.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Germany, Italy, Hungary, Belgium, Pyrenees, France, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:--1, 2, 3...10, 11...15.. (19-30). .31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Eorrer. Kildale! Easby Wood! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Mill Hill, Middlesex; Lyndhurst; New Forest; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Weardale; Teesdale; Ravensworth and Caswey Woods, Durham. Mr. Winch. Whitstone Hill, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

SCOTLAND :- Near Stirling ; Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Frequent, Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands: —Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma tigrina, Ach. lirellæ linear-oblong, obtuse at the extremities; epithecium canaliculate, nearly uniform; proper margin persistent, rounded and inflexed.

On various trees, not unfrequent.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 262. (1810.) Leight. Br. Graph. 16.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2280, Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5, f. 9.

Exs :- Bohl. 52. Leight. 287. Mudd. 205.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bor, Prov: -2, 3, 4, 5...10.. 31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Hurstpierpoint, Sussex!; Haddisco, Norfolk!; Coulsdon, Surrey! Mr. Borrer. Kildale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex.-Mr. Varenne. Nesscliff! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma tridens, Ach. lirellæ elongate, stellate; epithecium canaliculate; proper margin persistent, rounded and inflexed.

On various trees, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 263. (1810.) Syn. 79. Leight. Br. Graph. 16. Fig:—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 9.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2, 3...31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma rimalis, (Fr.) lirellæ linear-elongate, acuminate, sessile, prominent, minute; epithecium canaliculate, margin elevated and inflexed.

On trees, frequent.

Not to be confounded with O. Turneri.

SYN: -Fries L. Ref. 365. (1831.) Nyl. Sean. 253. Mudd Man. 231.

Exs:—Leight. 192, Mudd 207. Geog. Distrib:—Sweden, France.

Bor. Prov:—1, 2...8...10...15...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Kildale! Yorkshire, Mr. Mudd. (saxicole) Fulking Roadside! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Gopsall, Leicestershire, Rev. A. Bloxam. Lyndhurst! New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Red Hills, Exeter, Mr. Parfitt.

SCOTLAND: -Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :-- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Noirmont; Beleroute Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

11. O. Cæsareensis, Nyl. white, thin, rimulose, indeterminate; lirellæ black, cylindrical, prominent, simple, sub-flexuose; epithecium rimiformi-constricted; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 5-septate.

On quartzose rocks, rare.

SYN: -Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 477. Crombie En. 99.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

12. O. vulgata, Ach. greenish-white, cartilagineomembranaceous, cracked and scaly, effuse; lirellæ prominent and sessile, variable in size, shorter ones roundish or oblong, longer ones slender and linear, simple, wavy and shining or greasy; epithecium rimiform, uniform;

proper margin thick, very round and inflexed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 5-septate.

forma vulgata, Ach. lirellæ small, numerous, but regularly scattered; epithecium rimiform, more or less expanded.

On various trees, common. 1807.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 21. (1798.) Syn. 73. Nyl. Scand. 255. Leight. Br. Graph. 23.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1811. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 13. a. b.

Exs:—Bohl. 127. Schær. 516. Fries L. S. 280. (fide Nyl.) Leight. 194. Anzi It. S. 333. Mudd 211. Rabh, 820. Zw. 407.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Sweden, Germany, France, Switzerland, Italy, Normandy, Belgium, Calcutta, Amazons, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...7...10, 11...14, 15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Hurst and St. Leonard's Forest; Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Malvern Hills! Worcestershire. Mr. Lees. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Easby Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Woodham Walter; Braxted; Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Haughmond Hill! Weir Coppice! Red Hill! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

Scotland: - Lasswade! and near Edinburgh! Dr. Greville.

Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Derrycrimlry! Mr. Carroll.

Wales:-Bryn Maelgwyn! near Conway, Carnarvonshire; Penmaen mawr! Torrent Walk, Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Peter's Valley, Jersey, and on all the

Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma stenocarpa, Ach. lirellæ long, slender and wavy, densely crowded; epithecium rimiform, very narrow, closed.

On various trees, common.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 257. (1810.) Syn. 75. Leight. Br. Graph. 24.

Fig :—Chev. Graph. t. 7. f. 5. c. t. 9. f. 1. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 13. a. 1. b. 1.

Exs:—Zw. 6. 147. Schær. 93.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...7, 8...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer, New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Twycross,! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Airyholme Wood! Newton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Weir Coppice! Shrewsbury! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Pen-maen-mawr!

Channel Islands:—St. Peter's Valley, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. forma subsiderella, Nyl. lirellæ radiato-ramose.

On trees, rare.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. 255.

Fig :- Chev. Graph. t. 7. f. 3. a.

Exs:-Nyl. 78. Mudd 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Belgium. Bot. Prov:—2, 3...5...7.. 10...19.

ENGLAND:—Near the Ham, Clayton! Mr. Borrer. Easby! Brantsdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Red Hill! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Rockgrove ! Cork. Mr, Carroll,

WALES :- Dolgelley !

forma lithyrga, Ach. thallus thin, white or whitish, continuous, subfarinaceous, subdeterminate.

On rocks, not common. 1849.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 247. (1810,) Syn. 72. Nyl, Scand. 255.

Exs: -Zw. 3. 1. A. & B. Larbal. 43.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Italy, Hungary.

Bot. Prov :- 5...31.

ENGLAND: - Haughmond Hill! Shropshire. (1849).

CHANNEL ISLANDS: L'Etacq Point; Noirmont, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

forma steriza, Ach. pallido-ochraceous, very thin or evanescent; lirellæ simple, elongated, flexuose.

On rocks, not common. 1865.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 72. (1817.) Nyl. Scand. 255.

Exs:—Nyl. 144, Zw. 30. 354. Rabh. 795. Larbal. 42. Geog. Distrib:—France, Switzerland, Germany, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-19...31.

IRELAND :- Croghan, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont!; Rozel, Jersey; Eperquerie,! Sark. Mr. Larbalestier. (1865).

# \*\*\*\* Spores 7-septate.

13. O. Leightonii, Crombie in litt. chalky-white, pulverulent; lirellæ prominent, rigid, straight or stellatodivergent, tapering towards each extremity; epithecium at first rimiform, then dilated; proper margin thin, elevated; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 7-septate, (sometimes 5 and 6.)

On calcareous and sandstone rocks, frequent. 1807. Mr. Crombie has found in Sowerby's Herb. ir Brit. Mus. the identical specimen of Opegrapha calcarea from Mr. D. Turner, duly named, localized and marked as drawn in Eng. Bot. On examination and comparison, it proves to be identical with O. Chevallieri, (Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 4.) having spores broadly clavate, round-

ed at each extremity, 3-septate. He proposes therefore to name the Opeg. saxatilis, Leight. Br. Graph., Opegrapha Leightonii, Crombie. Syn;—O. saxatilis, Leight. Br. Graph. 9. excl. syn. O. rimalis

septennaria Nyl.!

Fig:-Leight. Br. Graph. t. 5. f. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...4, 5...7.. 10, 11.. 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Netley Abbey! Mr. Lyell. Stone Farm rocks, Ardingly! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Norfolk and Suffolk. Sir J: E. Smith. Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Baker. Great Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Dixon. Ilsham! Torquay, Devon. Dr. Deakin. near Whitburn, Sunderland and Castle Eden, Durham; Wycliffe Church. Mr. Winch. Aymestry! Herefordshire.

IRELAND: -Killarney! Mr. Hardy.

WALES: - Great Orme's Head!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- La Coupe, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

14. O. lyncea, (Sm.) white, tartareous, pulverulent; lirellæ black, immersed, oblong or lineari-oblong, rounded at each end, simple, curved; epithecium plane, dilated, cæsio-pruinose; proper margin stout, elevated, wavy; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 7-septate.

On old oaks, not common. 1795.

Syn:—Smith in E. Bot. 809. (1800.) Leight. Br. Graph. 47. Nyl. Prodr. 151.

Fig :- E. Bot. 809. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7, f. 25.

Exs:—M. & N. 1158. Bohl. 93. Zw. 422. Nyl. 71. Mudd 204. Leight, 195.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, France, Germany, Sweden, Italy,

Brazils.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...8...10, 11...31.

England:—Hainault Forest, Essex. Mr. Sowerby. (1795.) near Windsor. Mr. Turner. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. on the Bear's Oak! at Penshurst, Kent. Mr. Thompson. Northamptonshire. Prof. Churchill Babington. Hartshill Wood! near Atherstone; Donnington Park! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Thorndon Hall Park Essex. Mr. Piggott. Great Malvern! Worcestershire. Mr. Lees. Hoggarts Wood! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Bishop Auckland, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. near Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Topsham and Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Rivenhall; Kelvedon; Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

# \*\*\*\* Spores multi-septate.

15. O. amphotera, Nyl. pale-dusky-yellow or tawny, thin, sub-tartareous, slightly rimose, somewhat pulverulent; lirellæ black, very variable in size and shape, numerous

and crowded, round, oblong, linear-oblong and linearielongate, simple, acuminate; epithecium broad, plane; proper margin thin, elevated, prominent, flexuose; spores 8, colourless, acicular, 6-9-septate; paraphyses few, slender, distinct; spermatia shortly cylindrical, slightly curved, different from O. vulgata.

On Scotch fir, rare. 1866.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 374. Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. June 1867. O. dubia, Leight. Exs. 312.

Exs:—Leight. 381. 312. GEOG. DISTBIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES:—Side of the Bala turnpike road, about \( \frac{3}{4} \) mile from Dolgelley! (July 1866).

16. O. prosodea, Ach. dirty, pallido-fuscescent, cartilagineo-membranaceous, effuse; lirellæ sessile, thick, subcylindrical, somewhat shining, straight; epithecium rimiform; proper margin connivent, elevated, subcarinate; spores colourless, elongato-fusiform, 11-13-septate; paraphyses distinct, stout; perithecium carbonaceous, thick, entire.

On oaks and beech, rare.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 22. (1803.) Syn. 74. Nyl. Addit. N. Gran. 568.

Exs:—Spruce L. Amaz. 67. Larbal. 92.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Amazons, Brazils.

Вот. Ркоу:—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Ann Port; St. Peter's Valley, Fliquet Bay; Beleroute Bay, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

17. O. viridis, Pers. pale-dusky-yellow, thin, subtartareous, rimose, limitate; lirellæ small, innate, rounded, oblong or linear, straight or curved, chiefly simple; epithecium rimiform, uniform; proper margin rounded, inflexed; spores 8, colourless, elongato-fusiformi-acicular, 13-septate.

On trees, rare.

SYN:—Pers. in Ach. Meth. 22. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 256. O. siderella, Leight. Br. Graph. 24.

Fig :—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6, f. 14.

Exs: -M. & N. 648. Schær. 96. Hepp 164.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -France, Germany, Sweden, Ceylon.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...10...19.. 31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Hoggarts Wood; Ingleby Park, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Dunsford, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND:—Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Adm Jones. Castlemartyr; Turk, Dinis, and Cromaglown, Killarney; Eagle's Nest. Mr. Carroll.

Channel Islands:—St. Peter's Valley, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma taxicola, Leight. pale-yellowish-grey, pulverulent, effuse; lirellæ large, excessively prominent and sessile, oblongo-linear or lineari-elongate, straight or curved, chiefly simple, scattered or congregated; epithecium broadly rimiform; proper margin rounded, inflexed, rugged; spores 8, colourless, elongato-fusiformi-acicular, 13-septate.

On yew, rare. 1853. Syn:—Leight. Br. Graph. 25.

Fig :- Leight. Br. Graph. t. 6. f. 15.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—2...8...31.

ENGLAND:—Funtington church yard!; Hunston church yard! Aldingbourne church yard! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1853.) Twycross, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam, Church yard, Hayling Island, Hants. Mr. Larbalestier.

Channel Islands :—Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

#### V. PLATYGRAPHA, Nyl.

Thallus thin or obsolete. Apothecia black, plane, simple, immarginate or surrounded with a shining thalline margin. Spores 8, colourless, fusiform, septate. Spermatia shortly cylindrical, straight or slightly curved.

1. Pl. rimata, (Fw.) white, tartareous, thin, rimose, verruculose; apothecia lirellæform, fuscous-black, impressed in the verrucæ, simple or branched, straight or wavy, either acute at the extremities or obtuse and rounded, broad and expanded, plano-convex, shining, surrounded with a spurious narrow whitish thalline margin; hypothecium nigro-fuscous, thick; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, aciculari-fusiform, curved, 3-septate.

On ash trees, rare.

SYN:—Flot. L. Exs. 438. B. (1829.) Nyl. Prodr. 162. Chiodecton graphidioides, Leight. Br. Graph. 51.

Fig:—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7, f. 29,

Exs:—Welw. Lusit. 89. (in part).

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Portugal, N. Granada, Canaries.

Вот. Ркоу: -5...23.

ENGLAND :- Near Sharpstones Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Loughlinstown! Herb. Borrer.

### VI. STIGMATIDIUM, Mey.

Thallus distinct, crustaceous, thick. Apothecia punctiform or elongated, slender, aggregate or single, immersed, internally entirely whitish; hypothecium colourless. Spores elongato-fusiform. Spermatia straight, shortish.

1. St. crassum, Dub. greyish white, olive or brownisholive, determinate, decussate with blackish lines, crustaceous, thickish and turgid, smooth and polished, contiguous or rimulose; apothecia brownish-black, numerous, very minute, punctiform, slightly convex, immarginate, solitary or confluent in flexuose radiate lines, deeply immersed; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 5-septate.

On trees, not uncommon. 1807.

SYN:—Duby Bot. Gall. p. 643. (1830.) Nyl. Prodr. 163. Sage dia aggregata, Leight. Ang. Lich. p. 24.

Fig: -E. Bot. 1752. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 8. f. 1.

Exs:—M. & N. 955. Schær. 587. Leight. 69. Mudd 224. Bohl. 116. Larbal. 45. 46. Welw. Lusit. 89. in part.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Germany, Algeria.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5, 6, 7, 8...10...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—New Forest, Hants. Mr. Lyell. (1807.) Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Bery Castle! Totness, Devon. Dr. Deakin. Westerdale! Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. near Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. near Exeter, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. New Forest and Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Malvern, Worcester; S. Devon and Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Twycross, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND: -On old trees, common. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Cherriton Church-yard! Pembrokeshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Gloddaeth! near Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Ann Port! Jersey. (saxicole) Rozel! and

La Coupe! and all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. St. circumscriptum, (Tayl.) glaucous-white, thick, tartareous, sub-determinate or effuse, even, sub-pulverulent, rimulose; apothecia brownish-black, very minute, punctiform, innate, obovate or clavate, crowded and congregated, solitary, distinct or lineari-confluent, plane or slightly convex, pruinose or naked, immarginate, internally pale; spores 8, fuscous, narrowly obovate or clavate, 5-septate.

On shaded rocks, very rare. 1836.

Syn:—Verrucaria, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 96. (1836.) Sagedia, Leight. Angioc. Lich. 24.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 8. f. 3.

Exs:—Mudd 239.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov: -1., 10. .19...30, 31,

ENGLAND:—Airyholme Wood, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Mouth of Tamar, Devonport! Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND :- Kerry! Dr. Taylor. co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—La Coupe; Rozel Valley! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

3. St. venosum, (Ach.) dirty-cream-colour, tartareous, nigro-fusco-limitate, smooth, continuous, in turgescent patches; apothecia lirellæform, dark-reddish-brown, innate, slender, variously branched, flexuose, plano-convex, dilated, naked, immarginate, with a pale spurious narrow thalline margin, internally pale; spores 8, colourless, elongato-acicular, 13-septate.

On old trees, rare.

SYN:—Opegrapha, Sm. E. Bot. 2454, (1812.) Platygramma elaborata, (Lyell Mss. in herb. Borrer.) Leight. Br. Graph. 50.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 2454. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 27.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe.

Bot. Prov:—2.. 25.

England:—New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Quarr Abbey Wood! near Ryde, Isle of Wight. Rev. A. Bloxam. near Brockenhurst in New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Glenstall co. Tipperary. Mr. Carroll.

4. St. Hutchinsiæ, Leight. dull-pale-yellow, thin, crustaceous, nigro-limitate, continuous, minutely rimulose; apothecia lirellæform, dark-brown, each innate in an elevated thalline verruca which forms a spurious narrow paler margin, variable, round and minute, oblong, linear, more or less branched, straight or curved and flexuose, plane, dilated, immarginate; excipulum lateral, brown; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 5-7-or pluriseptate.

On shaded rocks, not common. 1853.

SYN:—Nyl. Enum. 132. (1858.) Platygramma Hutchinsiæ, Leight. Br. Graph. 49. (1854).

Fig :—Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 28.

Exs:—Leight, 130. Mudd 225. 226. Zw. 392. B. Arn. 293.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Germany. Bor. Prov:—1...10, 12...19...31.

ENGLAND: - Keswick! Cumberland. Herb. Borrer. Newton rocks;

Pinchingthorp Wood! Airyholme Wood; Beech Bank, Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Whitesand, Cornwall. Rev. J. M. Crombic. near Derwentwater! Mrs. Stanger, Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. near St. German's, Cornwall. Dr. Holl. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry! Miss Hutchins. Carig Mountain, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Adm. Jones. Dunscombe's Wood, Cork; Dinis Island (and also f. corticole), Muckruss Demesne; Island in Upper Lake, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Peter's Valley ; Gargate Mill Valley !

Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

### VII. ARTHONIA, Ach.

Thallus thin or hypophlæodal and evanescent. Apothecia (ardellæ) roundish or difformed, plane or tumid, innately sessile, immarginate; thalamium sub-gelatinous, without paraphyses; asci pyriform; spores 4-8, colourless, rarely brown, obovate, septate, upper cell larger. Spermatia cylindrical, straight or curved.

## \* Spores 1-septate.

1. A. lurida, Ach. pale-dirty-brown or lead-colour, indeterminate, effuse. smooth, obsolete; ardellæ reddishblack, sessile, appressed, irregularly roundish, slightly convex, dull, internally concolorous; spores 8, colourless, broadly obovate, 1-septate, small.

On trees, not common. 1837.

Syn:—Ach. L. U. 143. (1810.) Syn. 7. Nyl. Scand. 258. Leight. Br. Graph. 57.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2692. f. 2. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 8. f. 38. Exs:—Schær. 17. Mudd 236. Zw. 86. M. & N. 1325. Th. M. Fries 47. Hepp 161. Leight. 17.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France, Switzerland, Germany, Russia, Scandi-

navia.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...5...8...10 . 19...31.

ENGLAND:—Black Down, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1837) New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Orton Wood! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Airyholme Wood! Cliffrigg! Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Leigh Woods, Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Sir T. Gage. Ardtully co. Kerry. Dr.

Taylor.

Channel Islands:—Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. A. vinosa, Leight. bright-pale-brown, thin, membranaceous, smooth, sub-determinate; ardellæ deep-vinous red, minute, irregularly roundish, variable in size, single or confluent, sessile, convex, dull, internally concolor-

ous; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 1-septate, double the size of those of A. lurida.

SYN: - Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. Oct. 1856.

Fig :- Leight. l, c. t. 11. f. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10,

Exs :- Leight. 224, Mudd 235.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3...5...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Newton Wood! Stogdale! Oggeray Gill! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1856.) Hickmore Fen Wood; Pod's Wood, Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND: - Castlebernard! Mr. Carroll.

Var. pineti, Körb. glauco-rufescent, very slightly leprose, unequal; ardellæ reddish-black or black, minute, crowded, difformed, angular or sub-stellate, plane; spores 4-6, colourless, at length fuscescent, obovate, 1-septate, as in vinosa.

On trees in sub-alpine localities. rare.

SYN: -Körb. S. L. G. 292. (1855.) Nyl. Scand. 261.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 64. f. 558.

Exs: -Hepp 558. Arn, 243 Zw. 309.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:—19...22...24, 25, 26.

IRBLAND:—Glencar, Kerry; Loughcooter, Galway; Luggela co. Wicklow; Eagle's Nest, Killarney; co. Cork; Mr. Carroll. Clonmel. Mr. Wright.

3. A. patellulata, Nyl. whitish, indeterminate; ardellæ black, rotundate, appressed, plane, scattered, immarginate, internally nigricant; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 1-septate, small; hypothecium obscurate at the base.

On poplars, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. in Bot. Notis. 1853. p. 95. Nyl. Scand. 262. Crombie En. 105.

Fig :-Fellm. 209. 210.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Finland, Lapland.

Bor. Prov: -24, 28.

IRELAND:—Armagh Demesne. Adm. Jones. Carrigogunnel; Castleconnel near Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

4. A. melaspermella, Nyl. pallescent, effuse or evanescent; ardellæ black or fuscous-black, rotundate, lecideiform, plane, small, margined, margin sub-crenulate, at length evanescent; spores 8, fusco-nigrescent, oblongo-ovoid, 1-septate.

On old wood, rare. 1866.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1855. Crombie En. 105.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND: -Near London! Mr. Currey. (1866).

5. A. excipienda, Nyl. cinerascent, whitish, determinate; ardellæ slender, oblong, punctiform or flexuoso-irregular, plane; spores 8, colourless, minute, obovate, 1-septate.

On trees, very rare. 1867.

SYN :- Nyl. Scand. 261. Crombie En. 104.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Aland, Finland.

Вот. Prov :-19.

IRELAND:—Base of Mangerton! (1867.) Turk, Mangerton, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

6. A. lapidicola, (Tayl.) fusco-olivaceous, thin, furfuraceous; apothecia black, rotundate or rotundato-difformed, appressed, plane, immarginate, internally nigricant; spores 6-8, colourless, obovate, 1-septate.

On calcareous rocks and stones, rare. 1836.

Syn:—Lecidea lapidicola, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 124. (1836.) Arthonia ruderalis, Nyl. Scand. 262. Arthonia fusca, Mass. Ric. 80.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 62. f. 534. Exs:—Leight. 398. Hepp 534. Anzi Venet. 86.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Bavaria, Italy, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...5, 6...15...19...30.

ENGLAND:—Fairlight near Hastings! Hale's End, Malvern! Dr. Holl.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones.

IRELAND:—Co. Down. Mr. Templeton. Cappamore! near Dunkerron co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

WALES: - Pandy near Abergavenny co. Monmouth. Dr. Holl.

7. A. spadicea, Leight. pale-red-brown, obsolete, smooth, shining; indeterminate, ardellæ dull-brownish-black, flat or tumid, smooth, sessile, variable in size, larger ones roundish or oblong, smaller round and punctiform; spores 8, colourless, slenderly clavæform, or lineariobovate, small, 1-septate, cells nucleolate, the lower cell frequently elongated and containing two round nucleoli, which give the spore the appearance of being 2-septate or 3-locular.

On hazel, hawthorn, &c. rare. 1852.

Syn:—Leight. Br. Graph. 57. (1854).

Fig :- Leight. Br. Graph. 57, t, 8, f. 39.

Exs :- Leight. 97. Nyl. 86.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France.

Вот, Ркоу:—1...5...8...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Yorkshire! Mr. Dixon. Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Leigh Woods, Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Shelton Rough! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire. (1852).

IRELAND :- Ballyedmond and Glenbower Woods co. Cork. Mr.

Carroll.

Channel Islands :-- Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

# \*\* Spores 3-septate.

8. A. ochracea, (Duf.) pallescent, very thin; ardellæ darkly-ochraceous, depressed, lobato-difformed or substellate; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 3-septate.

On trees, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Dufour in Journ. Phys. 87. p. 205. (1818.) Nyl. Prodr. 164.

Fig:-Mass. Ric. fig. 83.

Exs: -M. & N. 470. Zw. 308. Mass. 14. Anzi 317.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Switzerland, Italy, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- Glencar, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

9. A. Cascarillæ, (Fée.) pallido-glaucescent, very thin; ardellæ blackish or fuscous-black, minute, simple, oblong or lineari-oblong or irregularly difformed by confluence, plane; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 3-septate.

On trees, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Conicarpon, Fée Ess. 99. (1824.) Suppl. 94.

Fig:—Fée Ess. t. 7. f. 4, & 4. a. Suppl. t. 42. f. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Central America.

Вот. Prov :—19.

IRELAND: -Glencar! Kerry. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

The specimens I have seen do not resemble Fée's figures of the plant itself, nor of the spores which he figures as having 4-5 septa, and describes as with "quatre cloisons." The spores in the Irish plant were obovate, 3-septate, in size and form precisely as in A. ochracea, Duf. The Irish specimens were so named by Nylander.

10. A. myriocarpella, Nyl. pale-ashy-grey, thin, opake, sub-areolate, sub-pulverulent, effuse or evanescent; ardellæ fuscous-black or black, rotundate, lecideiform, superficial, minute, plane or convex, immarginate, internally nigricant; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ovoid, 3-septate.

On micaceo-schistose rocks, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. N. Gran. 2. 107. (1864.) Crombie En. 104. GEOG. DISTRIB:—N. Granada.

Вот. Ркоу:—15.

SCOTLAND: -Aviemore in Strathspey. Adm. Jones.

11. A. aspersa, Leight. pale-opake, greyish-green, thin, membranaceous, smooth, indeterminate; ardellæ dull-black, minute, copiously sprinkled, sessile, various in form, punctiform, roundish, oblong, ovate, angular or irregular, depressed or convex, internally fuscous; spores 8, colourless, obovate, 3-septate, small, upper cell largest, occupying nearly half of the spore, the septa in the lower portion.

On holly, rare. 1854.

SYN: -Leighton in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. Oct. 1856, Mudd Man. 248,

Fig :—Ann & Mag. N. Hist. 1856, t. 11, f. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15.

Exs:-Leight. 248.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-Normandy.

Вот. Ркоу:-10...13.

ENGLAND:—Farndale; Baysdale!; Hobhole! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. (1854).

IRELAND: - Cromaglown Mountain, Killarney! Mr. Carroll.

12. A. punctiformis, Ach. copper-coloured, thin, membranaceous, smooth, shining, indeterminate; ardellæ dark-brown, plane or slightly convex, rough, sub-innate, scattered, roundish or broadly oblong, simple, internally pale; spores 8, colourless, lineari-clavate, or obovate, obtusely pointed, 3-septate.

On trees, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 141. (1811.) Syn. 4. Leight. Br. Graph. 53.

Fig:-Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 31.

Exs: -Mudd. 231. Anzi Ven. 90. 91. Anzi Langob. 265.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Scandinavia, Italy, Hungary.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...10 ..19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hoggarts Wood! Ingleby; Baysdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Braxted; Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Lermount! near Cork, Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbales-

forma galactina, Ach. thallus pale-yellow or cream-colour.

On young oaks, rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 141. Syn. 4. Leight. Br. Graph, 53.

Fig :- Leight. Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 31.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...4...19...31.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Comberton Wood near Cambridge. Mr. Larbalestier. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Dunscombe's Wood! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. John's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. melantera, Ach. fusco-nigricant or copper-coloured; ardellæ immersed, oblong, elongate and difformed, somewhat concave.

On trees, rare. 1867.

Syn:—Arthonia obscura var. melantera, Ach. Syn. 7. (1817).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden.

Bot. Prov :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Noirmont Manor, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. (1867).

13. A. astroidea, Ach. white, cream-colour or olive, thin, membranaceous, smooth, scaly, determinate; ardellæ blackish or dark-brown, plane, rough, innate, clustered, substellate or radiate, internally pale; spores 8. colourless, lineari-clavate, roundish at the extremities, 3-septate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 25. (1803.) Syn. 6, Nyl. Scand. 259. Leight. Br. Graph. 53.

Fig :- E. Bot. 1847. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 8. f. 32.

Exs:—Leight. 289. Fries 24. (fide Nyl.) Fellm. 207. Mudd 227. Schær. 16.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, Lapland, Switzerland, France, Belgium, Italy, Portugal.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...7.. 10, 11...15...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Berwick-on-Tweed. Dr. G. Johnston. Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Haughmond Hill! Bomere Pool! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

Scotland: - Woods opposite Birnam, Dunkeld!; Glen Shee! Perthshire; Glen Nevis! Invernessshire; Kinnoull Hill! Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Cromaglown! Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Bettws-y-Coed Church-yard! Wood opposite Tanybwlch Hotel, Capel Curig! Craig Breidden!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr Larbales-

Var. epipastoides, Nyl. ardellæ minute, irregularly flexuose, slender, oblong, or punctiform; spores 3-4-septate.

On ivy, rare. 1869.

Syn:-Nyl. Scand. 259. (1861.) Crombie En. 103,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

\*\*IRELAND: —Killarney. Mr. Hardy. Eagle's Nest! Glenbower Wood! Killeagh co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Var. opegraphina, Ach. ardellæ depressed, linear, simple or crowded, substellato-difformed, rough; spores 3-4-septate.

On trees.

SYN: -Ach, Syn. 6. (1817.) Crombie En. 103.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden.

Вот, Prov :- 19.

IRELAND :- Glenbower Wood! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

14. A. epipasta, (Ach.) grey or copper-colored, thin, membranaceous, smooth, shining, irregularly circumscribed; ardellæ dark-brown, plane, roughish, innate, scattered, oblong or elongato-oblong, simple or branched, internally pale; spores 8, colourless, lineari-clavate, 3-septate, double the size of those of A. astroidea.

On trees, not common, 1807.

SYN:—Opegrapha, Ach. Meth. 26. (1803.) Syn. 75. Leighton Br. Graph. 51.

FIG :—E. Bot. 1911. Leighton Br. Graph. t. 7. f. 30. Exs:—Mudd 230, M. & N. 359. Anzi Langob. 208. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Hungary, Lombardy.

Вот. Ркоу: -2, 3, 4 ..7...10.. 31.

ENGLAND:—Thorpe near Norwich. Sir J. E. Smith. (1807.) Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Cliffrigg! Hoggets Wood! Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Braxted, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

Wales :- Festiniog road, Dolgelley !

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

15. A. Swartziana, Ach. pale-yellow, cream-colour or ashey-grey, thin, cartilagineo-membranaceous, scaly, subdeterminate; ardellæ black, plane, irregularly cracked, sub-sessile, clustered into irregular angular or sub-radiate shapes, internally brownish; spores 8, colourless, very broadly obovate, 3-septate.

On trees, frequent. 1809.

SYN:—Ach. in Schrad. Journ. Bot. 1. 3. p. 13. (1806.) Syn. 5. Leight. Br. Graph, 54.

Fig :-E. Bot. 2079. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 8. f. 33.

Exs: -Schær. 462. Anzi It. S. 323. Mudd 228. Leight. 70.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Hungary, Germany. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7...10, 11...15...19.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1809.) near the Retreat, Berwickshire! Dr. G. Johnston. Cliffrigg! Shuttershelf! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Kings Kerswall, Newton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Tiptree; Feering; Beckingham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Montford Bridge! Nesscliffe Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: —Will's Braes, Forfarshire. Mr. Gardiner. IRELAND: —Castlebernard Park! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: -Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire; Festiniog road, Dolgelley!

16. A. trachylioides, Nyl. cream-colour, more or less tinged with rose, rather thick, contiguous, smooth, subsequently leproso-pulverulent, effuse or sub-determinate; ardellæ black, small, very numerous, sessile, rounded, solitary, rarely confluent, plano-convex, immarginate, nigro-pulverulent and rugose when old; spores 6-8, colourless, obovate, or lineari-clavate, the extremities rounded, 3-septate.

On sub-alpine rocks, very rare. 1861.

SYN:—Nyl. Enum. Gen. 133. (1858.) Mudd Man. 251.

Fig:—Mudd Man. t. 4. f. 98.

Exs:-Mudd 237.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...10.

England:—Farndale; Highcliff; Ingleby Park; Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

# \*\*\* Spores 4-septate.

17. A. cinnabarina, (Wallr.) greyish, filmy, thin, determinate; ardellæ lurid and pruinose, or powdery and of a bright vermilion, sessile, clustered, difformed, solid, plane, depressed; spores 8, pale red, obovato-clavate, rounded at the extremities, 4-septate, upper cell largest.

On old trees, frequent.

SYN: -Wallr. Crypt. Germ. 320. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 257.

Leight. Br. Graph. 58.

Geog. Distrib:—Normandy, Germany, Italy, Portugal, Switzerland, Pyrenees, France, Ceylon, Calcutta, Amazons, S. America.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3...5...10, 11...19...24...31.

A very variable lichen of which the chief varieties and forms may be distributed as follows:—

Var. kermesina, Nyl. ardellæ and thallus vermilion-coloured. Nyl. Scand. 257.

f. cinnabarina, T. & B. ardellæ somewhat convex, pulverulent, vermilion-coloured. Leight. 1. c. 59.

Exs:—Leight. 249, M. & N. 651. Schær. 239. Arn. 150. Welw.

Lusit. 25. Anzi It. S. 318. Hepp 162,

Fig:—E. Bot. 2151. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 8. f. 40.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...5...10, 11...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Airyholme Wood! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Easthorpe; Rivenhall; Woodham Walter, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

SCOTLAND:—Pease Bridge! Berwickshire. Dr. G. Johnston. CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbales-

tier.

f. rosacea, T. & B. ardellæ collected into clusters, lobate, pulverulent, vermilion-coloured. Leight. l. c. 59.

ENGLAND :- Poyning's Common, Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

f. marginata, T. & B. ardellæ somewhat convex, particularly chiefly powdery on the margins. Leight. 1.c. 59.

Exs :- Leight. 250. Bohl. 53. Nyl. 146. Zw. 11. B. Körb. 289.

Anzi Venet. 87. Mudd 233.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ingleby Park! near Ayton! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Abdon! Shropshire.

IRELAND: - Dunscombe's Wood! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Var. pruinata, Del. ardellæ entirely albo-suffused. Nyl. Scand. 257.

f. concolor, T. & B. ardellæ convex, of the same colour with the thallus, albo-pruinose. Leight. l. c. 60.

Exs:-Leight, 251.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest, Hants. Mr. Lyell.

f. dubia, T. & B. ardellæ rather convex, lurid, darkpurple, pruinese.

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Va-

renne.

f. microstigma, T. & B. ardellæ minute, solitary, depressed, albo-pruinose. Leight, l. c. 60.

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND:—Glanmon! Blarney! Cork; Ballynegarde co, Limerick, Mr. Carroll.

Var. anerythrea, Nyl. ardellæ fuscous, prominent, naked, without any vermilion powder.

England :- Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. New Forest. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

f. detrita, T. & B. ardellæ depressed, lurid, dark-purplish, naked, more or less stellate. Leight. l. c. 60.

Exs:—Schær. 649. Anzi Venet. 89. Arn. 363. Spruce Amaz. 347.

England :-- Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

f. astroidea, Leight. ardellæ rather large, in depressed, naked, radiate or stellate clusters, sub-immersed or very slightly raised, dark-reddish-black or full-brown-black. Leight. 1. c. 60.

Exs:-Mudd 234.

England:—Ardingley, Michelgrove and Charlton Forest, Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Airyholme! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND :—Castlebernard! O'Sullivan's Cascade! Killarney. Mr.

Carroll.

18. A. pruinosa, Ach. whitish or pale-yellow, thin, tartareous, cracked and uneven, somewhat pulverulent, indeterminate; ardellæ brownish or lead-coloured, rough, albo-pruinose, immersed, roundish or irregularly oblong or difformed, plane or slightly convex, internally pale; spores 8, colourless, lineari-obovate, rounded at the extremities, generally 4-septate, (sometimes 5, sometimes 3-septate.)

On old oaks, ivy, elm, yew and old timber, frequent

1831.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 147. (1810.) Syn. 7. Nyl. Scand. 258. A. impolita, Leight. Br. Graph. p. 55.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2692. f. 1. Leight. Br. Graph. t. 8. f. 35. Exs:—M. & N. 1159. Schær. 506. Leight. 131. Zw. 149. Nyl. 83. a. & b. Hepp 535. Anzi Etr. 51.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Switzerland, France, Italy, Sweden,

Normandy, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7, 8...10, 11 ...19...24...31.

ENGLAND:—Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Henfield, Sussex! Kenilworth Castle! Warwickshire; Livermore! Suffolk. Mr. Borrer. (1831.) Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Ingleby! Mr. Mudd. Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. New Forest. Rev. J. M.

Crombie. Teesdale, Durham. Mr. Winch. Twycross Church-yard, Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Udlington!; Batchcot!; Hey Forest! near Ludlow; Ludlow Castle! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Cledaneanure, Kerry, Dr. Taylor. Adare Abbey

near Limerick. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Bettws-y-coed Church-yard !

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- St. Ouen's, Jersey. Mr. Larbalcstier.

19. A. Armoricana, Nyl, very similar externally to A. astroidea, but ardellæ larger and more simple, sub-anastomosant, plane, apices sub-acute; spores generally 4-septate.

On holly, very rare.

Syn:-Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 355. Crombie En. 103.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov :- 2 .. 19.

ENGLAND :- New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—Castlebernard co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

## \*\*\*\* Spores 6-septate.

20. A. ilicina, Tayl. cream-colour, thin, membrana-ceous, smooth, shining, scaly, limitate; ardellæ brown-ish-black, plane, shining, sub-immersed, scattered, irregularly rounded or oblong, internally pale; spores 8, colourless, very large, obovato-clavate, 6-septate, upper cell largest; gelatina hymenea persistently blue with iodine.

On holly, frequent. 1836.

SYN: - Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 105. (1836.) Leight. Br. Graph. 56.

Fig :—Leight. 1, c. t. 8, f. 36.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2...19.

England: - New Forest, ! Hants. Mr. Lyell. St. Leonard's

Forest, ! Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

IRELAND:—Glengariff! Miss Hutchins. Cromaglown,! Dr. Taylor. (1836.) Killarney; Old Dromore and Glencar, Kerry; Glenbower Wood, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

21. A. ilicinella, Nyl. similar to A. ilicina, Tayl. but generally smaller and with smaller spores, 3-5-6-septate; gelatina hymenea vinoso-rubescent with iodine.

On holly, rare. 1866.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 179. Crombie En. 102.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND: -Turk Mountain, ! Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1866.)

### \*\*\*\* Spores murali-locular.

22. A. spectabilis, Flot. white, thin, indeterminate, opake, rimose and unequal; ardellæ black or fuscousblack, opake, large, anguloso-difformed or ramoso-incised, often surrounded with a spurious thalline margin, internally concolorous; spores 8, colourless, oblong, muralilocular, (11 series) large.

On trees, rare.

Syn:—Flot in litt. ad Schær. A. difformis, Nyl. Enum. 144. Crombie En. 103.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 62, f. 536, Exs:—Hepp 536, Anzi Langob. 236,

Geog. Distrib: —Bavaria, Belgium, Hungary, Normandy, Germany, Italy, France, N. America.

Bot. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND :- Crogham Mountain, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

23. A. anastomosans, Ach. greyish-white or cream-colour, thin, smooth, contiguous; ardellæ minute, erumpent, simple or radiato-congregate, scattered, brownish-black, plane; spores 8, colourless, oblong, murali-locular, (6 or 7 series) small.

On trees, rare. 1860.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 146. (1810.) Abrothelium dispersum, Mudd Man. 252. Crombie En. 103.

Fig :- Mudd Man. t. 4. f. 99.

Geog. Distrib :—Belgium, Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov :-19...31.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Old Dromore! Glencar and near Killarney, Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

### \*\*\*\*\*\* Parasitic species.

24. A. varians, (Dav.) thallus none; ardellæ parasitic, hymenicolar, rotundate, single or confluent, dullblack, sessile, plane or more or less convex, roughish, internally pale-brown; spores 8, colourless, oblong, normally 3-septate (sometimes 2, sometimes 1-septate.)

Parasitic on the apothecia of Lecanora glaucoma, fre-

quent. 1793.

Syn:—Dav. in Liun. Soc. Tr. 2. p. 284. (1793.) Nyl. Scand. 260. Arthonia glaucomaria & parasemoides, Nyl. Arth. p. 98. Leight. in Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. Oct. 1856.

Fig:-Linn. Trans. 2. t. 28. f. 3. Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. 1856.

t. 11. f. 1. 2. 3. 4, 5.

Exs:—Leight. 247, Mudd 238. Larbal. 47. Arn. 210. 211. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Finland, Norway, France, Bavaria, Austria.

Bot. Prov: -5.7...10...15...23...30, 31.

ENGLAND: —Cliffrigg! Ayton Moor! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Caer Caradoc!; Long Mynd! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Barclay's Rock co. Down. Adm. Jones. Killiney. Dr. Moore, Lambay Island. Mr. Carroll,

Wales:—S. W. side of Anglesea. Rev. Hugh Davies. (1793.)

Barmouth!

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Petit Port!; La Moye; Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

25. A. punctella, Nyl. thallus none; ardellæ parasitic, innato-subsessile, punctiform, solitary, scattered; spores 6-8, colourless, obovato-clavate, 1-septate.

Parasitic on thallus of Lecidea albo-atra, (Hoffm.)

rare. 1859.

SYN:—Nyl. MS. in Carroll's Contrib. to Irish Lichenol. p. 10. (1859.) Mudd Man. 252,

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :-20.

IRELAND: -Shore below Queenstown! Mr. Carroll. (1859).

## VIII. GLYPHIS, Ach.

Thallus often hypophlæodal or obsolete, bearing scattered, white, rotundato-irregular, plano-depressed, large verrucæ. Apothecia numerous, immersed in the verrucæ, black, elongato-flexuose and intricate, impressed or canaliculate. Spores colourless or fuscous, containing 4-10 transverse, ellipsoid-lenticular cells.

1. G. labyrinthica, Ach. fuscescenti-subolivaceous; verrucæ white, plano-convex, pulverulent, subreticulate with the sub-anastomosing black canaliculate rimæ of the elongated apothecia; spores 8, colourless, ultimately slightly fuscescent, lineari-oblong, rounded at the extremities, 4-6-celled; paraphyses crowded, indistinct; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On trees, very rare.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 107. (1817).

Fig:—Linn. Trans. 12. t. 2. f. 1. Fée Ess. Crypt. t. 16. f. 3. Fée Mem. Lich. t. 1. f. 2. Linn. Trans. 27. t. 36. f. 68.

Exs:-Spruce Lich. Amaz. 405.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Guyana, Amazons, Ceylon.

Вот. Prov:—13.

IRELAND: -Killarney. Sir Thos. Gage. in Herb. Brit. Mus. teste Rev. J. M. Crombie.

## IX. CHIODECTON, Ach.

Thallus thin, whitish, with scattered elevated subrotund white pulverulent verrucæ. Apothecia palebrown, pruinose, substellato-radiate, plane, aggregated
or confluent and immersed in the verrucæ. Hymenium
ceraceo-gelatinose, pale, supported on the vertical divisions of an opake blackish-brown hypothecium. Paraphyses distinct. Spores 8, fusiform, 3-septate. Spermatia acicular, arcuate.

1. C. albidum, (Tayl.) whitish, sub-squamoso-areolate, dispersed, pulverulent; thallodal verrucæ, scattered, elevated, sub-rotund, depressed; apothecia pale-brown, naked or pruinose, sub-stellato-radiate; spores 8, colourless, broadly lineari-fusiform, 3-septate.

On shaded rocks, very rare.

SYN:—Syncesia albida, Tayl, Fl. Hib. 2. 163. (1836.) Chiodecton, Leight. Ang. Lich. 25.

Fig :—Leight. l. c, t. 8. f. 4. t. 9. f. 1.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—19...30.

IRELAND:—Between Dunkerron and Killarney; Kerry! Dr. Taylor. (1836.) co. Antrim. Dr. Moore.

Var. Sarniense, Salw. white or cream-coloured, thick, tartareous, colliculoso-verrucose; apothecia albo-pruinose, On maritime rocks, rare. 1847.

SYN: -Chiodecton Sarnienis, Salw. in litt. 1859. Mudd Man. 245. Chiodecton petræum, Del.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Prov:—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jerbourg! Guernsey. Rev. T. Salwey. (1847.) La Coupe and Boulay Bay! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Sark. Mrs. Collings.

#### X. MELASPILEA, Nyl.

Thallus very thin or obsolete. Apothecia arthonoid, black, superficial. Paraphyses distinct. Spores 8, generally colourless, 1-septate. Spermatia straight. Gelatina hymerea only yellow with iodine.

1. M. amota, Nyl. whitish, macular, indeterminate;

apothecia black, innate, rotundate or rotundato-difformed, proper margin thin, unequal; hypotheciam slightly darkened; spores 4-8, colourless, rotundo-oblong, 1-septate, constricted.

On old trees, rare. 1866.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 178. Crombie En. 105.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- Turk Mountain! Killarney! Mr. Carroll.

2. M. ochrothalamia, Nyl. very thin, dirty-virescent, indeterminate; apothecia black or fuscous, opake, patellulate, minute, adnate, plane, obsoletely margined, internally luteoochraceous; spores 8, fusco-nigrescent, linearioblong, 1-septate, constricted.

On willow, rare. 1869.

Syn :- Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 355. Crombie En. 106.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND: —Enniskeam! co. Cork; Mangerton, Killarney; Glenbower Wood, Killeagh co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. (1869).

#### TRIBE XVII. PERIDIEI.

Hymenia covered by a black rimuloso-dehiscent peridium.

#### I. MYCOPORUM, Flot.

Thallus thin or obsolete. Apothecia fuscous-black or black, rotundato-difformed or linear, containing many hymenia conjoined as in a common excipulum, but without perithecium. Paraphyses indistinct. Spores 8, oblong, variously septate, septa irregular.

1. M. sparsellum, Nyl. white, very thin, determinate, or indicated by a dilated darkly-limitate white or whitish spot; apothecia black, rotundate, prominent, rugose, somewhat irregular, internally pale and colourless; hypothecium colourless; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 1-septate; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On holly, very rare.

SYN :- Nyl. N. Gran. Addit. 575. (1857.) Crombie En. 106.

Exs :- Lindig 62.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- N. Granada.

Вот. Ркоу:—19.

IRELAND :- Cromaglown, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

2. M. miserrimum, Nyl. thallus indicated by a pale spot or obsolete; apothecia minute, differmed, black, macular, 2-6-nodulose (nodules convex, resembling the conceptacula of a Verrucaria, but without any impressed epithecium) internally and basally whitish, depressed between the nodules; asci sphæroid or oblongo-sphæroid; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 3-5-septate, (often variously and longitudinally sparingly divided); paraphyses none; thalamium colourless, laxly indistinctly cellulose; conceptaculum nigricant, conspicuously fusco-cellulose; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine, but the protoplasm of the asci vinous-red.

On trees in sub-alpine regions, very rare. Syn:—Nyl. Enum. 145. (1858.) Crombie En. 106.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND : - Glengariff. Adm. Jones.

### II. RIMULARIA, Nyl.

Thallus thin, crustaceous. Apothecia black, rotundate, depressed in the centre, dehiscing by a subradiate fissure. Paraphyses slender, often branched. Spores 8, colourless or fuscescent, ellipsoid, simple.

1. R. limborina, Nyl. cinereous, thin, rimulose or sub-areolate; apothecia black or fuscous-black, opake, rugulose, depressed, somewhat convex, rotundate or oblongo-rotundate, depressed in the centre and fissured by a thin sub-radiate chink, internally cinerascent; spores 8, colourless, at length fuscescent or fuscous, ellipsoid, simple; paraphyses slender, irregular and generally branched; perithecium (peridium) black in upper part, below (hypothecium) fusco-nigricant; gelatina hymenea slightly blue with iodine and then fulvous-red.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 346. Crombie in Seem. Journ. Bot. 7. 50.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-France.

Вот. Prov :-15.

SCOTLAND :- Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

#### SERIES VI. PYRENODEI.

Fructification in closed receptacles.

#### TRIBE XVIII. PYRENOCARPEI.

Thallus various, peltate, squamulose, areolate, continuous, hypophlæodal, or evanescent. Apothecia pyrenodine, hymenium enclosed in an entire or dimidiate black perithecium with an apical poriform epithecium.

# I. THELOCARPON, Nyl.

Thallus thin, crustaceous. Apothecia granuloso-verrucæform, ostiole punctiform. Nucleus gelatinous, colourless. Perithecium sub-ceraceous. Paraphyses slender, flexuose. Asci ventricoso-fusiform. Spores innumerable, minute, ellipsoid, colourless, with an indistinct nucleus at each extremity.

1. T. Laureri, (Flot.) brownish-grey, crustaceous, somewhat furfuraceous, thin or evanescent; apothecia scattered, minute, granuloso-verrucose, of a citrine yellow-colour, ostiolum slightly depressed, inconspicuous; spores numerous, minute, colourless, ellipsoid, obsoletely polari-nucleolate.

On larch rails, rare. 1864.

Syn:—Nyl. Lich. Alger. p. 338. (1854.) Leight. in Ann. and Mag. N. Hist. Dec. 1864.

Fig :- Ann and Mag. Nat. Hist. 1864. t. 9. f. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

Exs:—Leight. 351.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-5.

ENGLAND:—Middletown, ! Shropshire. (1864); Cemetery near Shrewsbury!; Stableford! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

2. T. epithallinum, Leight. parasitic on the thallus of Bæomyces rufus; apothecia scattered, minute, granuloso-verrucose, flavo-virescent; spores numerous, minute, colourless, oblong or cylindraceo-oblong.

Parasitic on Bæomyces rufus, very rare. 1864. Syn:—Leight. in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. July. 1866. Nyl. in Flora Oct. 1866. p. 420.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 5.

ENGLAND:—Stiperstones Hill! Shropshire. (1864).

### II. NORMANDINA, Nyl.

Thallus squamose or squamulose, squamulæ thin, Apothecia black, immersed. rotundate.

1. N. lætevirens, Turn. & Borr. læte-virescent, squamulose, membranaceons, squamules orbicular, sinuate and rotundato-lobate, imbricated, adnate, regularly and deeply concave, margins upturned and thickened or inflexed, naked and whitish beneath; apothecia unknown.

On moist earth, frequent. 1810.

SYN: - Verrucaria, Turn. & Borr. E. Bot. Suppl. 2658. Endocarpon viride, Ach. L. U. 300. Syn. 100. Endocarpon lætevirens, Leight. Ang. Lich. 12. Normandina, Nyl. Scand. 264. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2658.

Exs: - Leight. 25. Mudd 258.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe, Lapland, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7...10...12...15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND: —Esher, Surrey. Mr. Turner. Black Down, Sussex; Tonbridge Wells. Mr. Borrer. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Cumberland! Mrs. Stanger. Battersby Bank and Ingleby Moor! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Devonshire! Hook. Herb. Stiperstones Hill! Caradoc! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Dr. Maingay.

IRELAND: - Doneraile Mountains; Mangerton, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton, near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Carig Mountain and Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor.

Wales:—Aran Mowddy! Merionethshire. Mr. Borrer, Sych-

nant! near Conway; Cell Fawr! Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :-- Quenvais, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

2. N. pulchella, Borr. glaucous or greenish-grey, membranous, squamulose, squamules orbicular, concave, rotundate or rotundato-lobate, adnate, concentrically wrinkled, margin upturned, thickened or inflexed, frequently sorediate, pale-brown and tomentose beneath; apothecia immersed in thalline tubercles, perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, lineari-cylindrical, 7-septate.

On mossy trees, not common.

Syn: - Verrucaria, Borr. in E. Bot. Suppl. 2602. (1829.) Endocarpon, Leight. Ang, Lich. 13. Normandina, Nyl. Prodr. 173.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2602. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 3. f. 1. Exs: -Leight. 367, Zw. 245. Larbal. 93. Nyl. 89, Mass. 339. Geog. Distrib :—France, Germany, Austria, Italy, N. Zealand, Mexico, Asia.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...7...15...19...30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Appuldercombe, Isle of Wight; Beeding Priory! Sussex. Rev. A. Bloxam. Launceston, Cornwall. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Tilgate Forest, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

SCOTLAND: - Killin and Lochaber, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -Ballymartle! co. Cork. Mr. Carroll. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Tollymore Park, co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Kerry. Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Rhewgreidden. Rev. A.

Bloxam. Llyn Aran! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey; St. Peter's Valley, Rozel! La Moye! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

### III. ENDOCARPON, Hedw. Nyl.

Thallus peltate or squamæform or areolate. Apothecia with a pale rarely infuscate perithecium. Paraphyses none. Spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

E. miniatum, (L.) cinereous or cinereous-white, simple, firm, coriaceous, peltate, umbilicato-affixed, large, expanded, rotundato-or undulato-crenato-lobate, smooth or minutely albo-granuloso-pruinose, under surface smooth or rugulose, fulvous; apothecia minute, very numerous, imbedded; epithecium slightly elevated, brown; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ellipsoid, simple.

On sub-alpine rocks, frequent. 1741.

SYN: Lichen, Linn. Sp. Pl. 50. (1762.) Endocarpon, Ach. Syn.

101. Leight. Ang. Lich. a. 11. Nyl. Scand. 265.

Fig :—E. Bot. 593. (2 upper fig.) Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 1. f. 4. Exs:—Leight. 26. Anzi It. S. 356. Hepp 218. a. 666. Larbal. 94. Mass. 6. Mudd 255. Schær. 112. M. & N. 57. Bohl. 1. Welw. Lusit. 24.

Geog. Distrib:—France, Pyrenees, Portugal, Sweden, Hungary,

Italy, Germany, Austria, Algeria, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5, 6, 7, 8...10, 11...17, 18. (19—30)...31.

England: —Chedder rocks, co. Somerset. Dillenius. (1741)! Saxton's bath. Matlock. Sir J. E. Smith. Tor near Wells, co. Somerset. Mr. Littleton Brown. St. Vincent's Rocks! Mr. Borrer. Craig-y-Rhiw! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Rokeby! Durham. Mr. Mudd. Hilks Wood, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. near Settle. Dr. Windsor. Gunner's Pool in Castle Eden Dene; Stanhope-in-Weardale; Middleton-in-Teesdale; Eglestone, Durham. Mr. Winch. Bradley Woods; Newton, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Chudleigh, Devon. Mr. Holmes. Salisbury. Dr. Flugge. Tintagel Castle. Hook. Herb.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Guie, Braemar; Dunottar Castle, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Rossshire. Mr. Croall. Forfarshire. IRELAND :—On dry limestone rocks, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: — Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Hisvae; Llanfaethly, Anglesea. Messrs. Brewer & Green. Langer! S. Wales. Rev. J. P. Crouch. Tenby, Pembrokeshire. Miss Atwood. Puffin Island, Anglesea. Rev. A. Bloxam. Diganwy! near Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—L'Etacq; La Moie; Beauport; Rozel Tower,

Jersey! Jerbourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. complicatum, (Sw.) densely cæspitose, polyphyllous, lobes ascending, imbricate and complicate, sub-pruinose, greyish, margins rotundate, erect, blackish.

On moist and wet rocks, frequent. 1741.

SYN:—Swartz Nova Act. Upsal. 4. p. 38. (1744.) Ach. Syn. 102. Nyl. Scand. 265. Leight. Ang. Lich. 11.

Fig :—E. Bot. 593. lower fig. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 2. f. 1. Exs :—Leight. 167. Mudd 256. Hepp 667. Anzi It. S. 357.

Breutel 303. Schær. 113. Mass. 164.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Italy, Germany, Hungary.

Bot. Prov: -5, 6, 7...10, 11...(19-30).

ENGLAND:—Yorkshire. Mr. Salt, St. Vincent's Rocks. Mr. Borrer. Shropshire! Rev. T. Salwey. Falcon Clints! Teesdale. Mrs. Stanger.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Guie, Glen Lochay. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—On rocks in streams, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Near Perfeddgoed House, Bangor. Mr. Brewer. (1741). Funnon Comb y Goff, Radnorshire. Mr. Littleton Brown.

Var. leptophyllum, Ach. dark-brown, small, peltate, rounded, lobed and wavy, smooth, nigro-fuscous beneath. On alpine rocks, rare.

Syn :- Ach. Prodr. 141. (1798.) Nyl. Scand. 265. Leight. Ang.

Lich. 12.

Fig :- E. Bot. 2012. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 2. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -7.. 12...16 ..19...29, 30.

ENGLAND:—Rocks by Bassenthwaite Water, Cumberland. Mr. Robertson.

Scotland:—Shore of Loch Lomond near Tarbet! Mr. Borrer. IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. frequent in the northern Counties. Dr. Moore.

WALES:-Llyn Bodlyn! Glasllyn! Snowdon. Mr. Borrer. Llyn

Gwernon, Llyn Howel and Llyn Bodlyn. Rev. T. Salwey.

2. E. fluviatile, (D.C.) lurido-fuscescent, polyphyllous, cæspitose, lobes tumid and bullate, crenate or inciso-crenate, strongly recurved, smooth or albo-granuloso-pruinose above, nigro-fuscous beneath.

On rocks in sub-alpine streams and lakes, rare.

1799.

SYN: -D. C. Fl. Fr. 2. 413. (1805.) Nyl. Scand. 265. Mudd Man. 266.

Fig :- E. Bot. 594.

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 217. Larbal. 95. Fellm. 211. M. & N. 152. Schær. 114.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, E. Lapland, Pyrenees, Italy, Germany, Hungary, N. America.

Bot. Prov :—1...6, 7...11...15, 16 ..22...29...31. ENGLAND:—River Tees near Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. River Teign, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Erne, Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombis. Dartmoor. Mr. Holmes.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers! Herb. Hooker. Mountain Streams! Mr. Borrer. Appin; Craig forth near Stirling; Loch Lomond; Loch Linnhe. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Knockcurris, Innishowen. Mr. Brown. Luggela,

Wicklow. Adm. Jones. Dargle. Dr. Stokes.

WALES: Hafod, Cardiganshire. Sir J. E. Smith. (1799.) Llyn Gwernan! Cader Idris.

CHANNEL ISLANDS - Boulay Bay; East Coast of Jersey! Saints Bay, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. euplocum, Ach. greyish-brown, minute, monophyllous, umbilicate, deeply laciniato-lobate, margins crisped and recurved.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 301, (1810). Nyl. Scand. 265. Leight, Ang.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. 2602. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 2. f. 3. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden.

Вот. Prov :—11.

ENGLAND:—On the shore of the Tyne! near Newcastle, Mr. Robertson.

3. E. rufescens, Ach. rufescent, squamose, squamulæ rotundate, incised, undulato-flexuose, adnate, sub-imbricate and complicate, margins thickened, repando-lobulate; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On the earth among mountain rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 304. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 265. Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 24. f. 219.

Exs: -Zw. 22. Anzi Langob. 219. Schær. 465, Mass. 188, Hepp 219. Bohl. 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, France, Switzerland, Italy, Norway, Austria, Hungary, New Zealand, Africa. Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5.. 7, 8 ..14, 15...19...30.

ENGLAND:—Horsham Church! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Charnwood Forest, Leicestershire; Clifton near Bristol, Rev. A. Bloxam. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Torquay. Hook. Herb. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers! Arthur's Seat; Hill of Kinnoul. Hook.

Herb. Ben Ledi; Craig Tulloch; Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Carig Mountain, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Cave Hill, Belfast. Dr. Moore.

Wales :- Arthur's Table, Anglesea. Rev. A. Bloxam.

f. lachneum, Ach. fusco-virescent, squamose, squmulæ rotundate, sub-incumbent, flexuose, slightly tumid, margin sub-crenate, free.

On earth in mountain regions, rare.

SYN;—Ach. L. U. 299. (1810.) Leight. Aug. Lich. p. 14. Fig;—E. Bot. 1698. & 2012. f. 1, Leight. l. c. t. 3. f. 2.

Exs:—Fries 355. M. & N. 442. Mass. 189. Mudd 257, Anzi Langob. 218. Arn. 169.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Russia, France, Switzerland, Italy,

Swan River.

Вот. Ркоу: -5, 6, 7.. 15.

England:—Blodwell Rocks! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Chedder; St. Vincent's rocks! Mr. Borrer.

SCOTLAND: - Hill of Kinnoul near Perth. Messrs. Hooker &

Borrer.

Wales: -- Tenby Castle! Pembrokeshire. Mr. Mudd. Llandudno! Carnaryonshire.

4. E. hepaticum, Ach. rufo-fuscescent or fuscous, squamose, squamulæ round or angular, simple, more or less dispersed, adnate, plane, margin entire, elevated and nigricant; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On earth and on walls, rare. 1794.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 298. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 265. E. Hedwigii, Leight. Ang. Lich. 14.

Fig :—E. Bot. 595. Leight. l. c. t. 3. f. 3.

Exs:—Nyl. 87. Schær. 115. Hepp 220. M. & N. 441. Leight. 135.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Africa, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:-1, 2...4, 5.. 7...11...15, 16...19.

ENGLAND:—Near Croydon. Mr. Dickson. (1794.) Norfolk. Mr. Turner. Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Newmarket Heath! Rev. T. Salwey. Chance's Pitch! Malvern Hills. Mr. Lees. Penzance. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Eglestone, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Blackstone Rock, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Wall of Moor Park near Ludlow!

Scotland:—Ben Nevis. Herb. Hook. Killin and Appin. Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Dunkerron, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Lota, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Dolgelley. Dr. Holl. between Barmouth and Borthwen, and Cader Idris. Mr. Ralfs.

f. exiguum, Nyl. pale or pale-yellowish, squamose,

squamulæ small, closely adnate, very thin, rotundate, scattered.

On earth, rare.

SYN :- Nyl. Prodr. 176.

Exs:-Nyl. 88. Mass. 161. Zw. 403.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - France, Germany, Switzerland, Italy.

Bot. Prov :- 10...31.

ENGLAND: -Sutton Bank! near Thirsk, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Beauport Bay! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

## IV. VERRUCARIA, Pers. Nyl.

Thallus mucoso-gelatinous, or continuous and smooth, or rimuloso-areolate, or areolato-diffract, or pulverulent, or squamulose, or evanescent. Apothecia pyrenodine, perithecium black, rarely pale or coloured, entire or dimidiate, semi-immersed or sessile. Spores 2, 4, 8, or numerous, simple or variously septate, or locular, colourless or fuscous.

### A. Spores simple.

### \* Thallus mucoso-gelatinous.

1. V. mucosa, Whlnb. olivaceo-or nigro-virescent, mucoso-gelatinous, smooth, continuous, thickish, diffuse or frequently in orbicular zonate patches; apothecia black very minute, punctiform, innate and immersed, scarcely prominent above the thallus; ostiolum appearing only as a thin, circular black ring surrounding the large depressed, umbilicate epithecium; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, minute, lineariellipsoid, simple, frequently polari-nucleolate; gelatina hymenea yellowish-red with iodine.

On maritime rocks, not frequent.

SYN: -Whlnb in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 23. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 275.

Exs:-Th. M. Fries 75.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Lapland, Norway. Bot. Prov:—13, 14...16...19—23...30, 31.

SCOTLAND:—Ardrossan! Dr. Landsborough. (1851); Newhaven! near Leith. Dr. Greville. Ardrishaig,! Argyleshire. Dr. Lindsay.
IRELAND:—Woburn co. Down! Adm. Jones. Howth. Dr. Moore.
Cork coast. Mr. Carroll,

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -South coast of Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

2. V. halophila, Nyl. olivaceo-virescent or nigricantivirescent, mucoso-gelatinous, thin, continuous, smooth, effuse or macular; apothecia black and shining, numerous, crowded, moderate, hemispherico-globose, somewhat truncate, sessile, immersed only at the base; epithecium regularly poriform, or more or less dilated and depressed; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, very minute, ellipsoid, simple, generally with 2 nuclei; gelatina hymenea red with iodine.

On maritime rocks, frequent. 1851.

V. leptotera, Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 212. according to specimens from Mr. Larbalestier is only a state of V. halophila.

Syn:—Nyl. Chil. 175. (1859.) Prodr. 185. V. aquatilis, Mudd.

V. Whichcotii, Larbal.

Exs:—Larbal, 100. 50. Mudd 270. 271. Leight. 33. in part.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Normandy, Chili.

Вот. Ркоу: -7.. 10...14...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Near Ayton, ! Cleveland; Black Rocks! near Hartle-pool. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND: - Newhaven! near Leith, Edinburgh. Dr. Greville.

(1851).

IRELAND: - Woburn co. Down. Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Black Stones! Conway Bay.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Aubin's Bay; Grevè-au-Langon! Jerbourg! Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

3. V. striatula, Whlnb. black or nigro-virescent, mucoso-gelatinous, thin, effuse, effigurato-dendritic, consisting of small elevated difformed, distinct, convex, branched, dendritico-radiant lines; apothecia black and polished, minute, sessile, sub-globose, truncate; epithecium large, depressed, umbilicate; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, very minute, ellipsoid or oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Whlnb! in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 21. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 274. Geog. Distrib:—Norway, Lapland.

Вот. Prov :—31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Caves at Grève-au-Langon!; Plémont!; Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. (1865).

4. V. microsporoides, Nyl. similar to V. mucosa, but with larger spores; perithecium nearly entire or dimidiate.

On wave-washed maritime rocks, rare. 1865.

SYN:—Nyl. Lich. Armor. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Franc, 8. p. 759. 1861.) Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 293.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France. Bot. Prov:—24...30.

IRELAND:—Glenarm and Garron Point, co. Antrim. Adm. Jones. (1865.) Kilkee, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

5. V. epigæa, (Pers,) pale-brown, grey or yellowish-green, mucoso-gelatinous when moist, subleprose when dry, thin, sub-effuse; apothecia black, immersed, globose or subampullæform, minute; ostiolum nearly flat, slightly dilated; epithecium poriform; perithecium entire, upper portion thicker; spores 8, colourless, irregularly obovate or oblong or oblongo-ellipsoid, simple.

On the earth, frequent. 1806.

Syn:—Sphæria, Pers. Syn. Fung. App. 27. (1801.) Verrucaria,
 Ach. Meth. 123. L. U. 295. Syn. 96. Nyl. Scand. 276. Leight. Ang.
 Lich. 64.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1681. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 27. f. 4. Exs :—Fries 246. (fide Nyl.) Scher. 106. Anzi It, S. 379.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Switzerland, Scandinavia, Lapland, Italy, France.

Bot. Prov :—2...4, 5...7, 8...11...19...23, 24...30.

ENGLAND:—Norwich. Rev. G. R. Leathes. (1806.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hay Coppice! Herefordshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Twycross! Leicestershire, Rev. A. Bloxam. Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch.

IRELAND:—Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Killiney near Dublin. Dr. Taylor. near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Ross, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Dolgelley. Dr. Holl.

# \*\* Thallus continuous, smooth.

6. V. Dufourei. D.C. grey or smoky-brownish-grey, thin, tartareous, continuous, smooth, determinate; apothecia black, and more or less polished, numerous, scattered or confluent, hemispherical, prominent, truncate; epithecium large, depressed, open or umbilicate; perithecium dimidiate, much incurved, inner tunic very thin, black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent. 1830.

Syn:—DC. Fl. Fr. 2. 318. (1805.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 76. V. concinna, Borr. E. B. Suppl. 2623. Leight. Ang. Lich. 50.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2623. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 22. f. 3. Exs:—M. & N. 953. Schær. 101. Anzi It. S. 378. Anzi Venet. 152. Krbr. 294. Mass. 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB: France, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Italy, Hungary.

Bot. Prov :—2...7...10, 11, 12...19...30. England :—Durham. Mr. Robertson. (1830.) near Eglestone! Durham; Sussex Downs! Mr. Borrer. Maze Beck! Westmoreland! Mr. Robertson. Cullercoats, Cumberland. Mr. Lisle. Helks Wood, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Hartlepool, Durham. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND:—Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Glenarm and White Park co. Antrim. Dr. Moore. Kenmare, Kerry; Middleton near Cork. Mr.

Carroll.

Wales :- Eglswg rocks! near Llangollen.

7. V. margacea, Whlnb. olive-brown or cinereo-fuscescent, crustaceous, sub-membranaceous, thin, smooth, somewhat shining, continuous or sub-rimulose, effuse or determinate; apothecia concolorous, covered by, and immersed in thalline elevations, the minute black apices or ostiola only visible; epithecium poriform; perithecium black, dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple, large; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On wet rocks, frequent. 1833.

SYN:—Thelotrema, Whlnb. in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 30. (1803.) Verrucaria, Whlnb. Lapp. 465. Nyl. Scand. 272.

Verrucaria, Whlnb. Lapp. 465. Nyl. Scand. 272. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2768. Hepp Sporen t. 12. f. 95. Exs:—Schær. 521. Arn. 421. Anzi It. S. 368. Hepp 95.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Sweden, Switzerland, Bavaria, Germany, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2, 3...11...14...19. 24.. 30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Hind Head; near Abinger, Surrey; above Rundhurst at foot of Black Down; in Harting Coomb; and Edburton, Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1833.) North of England. Mr. Woods. near Dartmouth, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

Scotland: - Habishow near Edinburgh. Dr. Maingay. Morrone;

Glen Tilt. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Barclay's Rock co, Down. Adm. Jones. Kilkee, Clare; Ballinhassig, Cork; and on Caher, Mc Gillicuddy's Reeks; Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :-- Noirmont and St. Ouen's, Jersey; Jer-

bourg, Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. æthiobola, Whlnb. similar to the type, but the ostiola of the apothecia are more denuded, black; the apothecia prominent, and only immersed at the base; epithecium larger, depressed, umbilicate; spores much smaller.

On wet rocks, frequent.

It is often difficult to separate this variety from the type, and its differences seem to consist principally, so far as external character, in the ostiola of the prominent apothecia being more denuded. V. hydrela seems identical. There are two states, one in which the

thallus is pale-brown like the type, the other in which it is fuscescent or rufo-fuscescent.

Syn:—Whlnb. in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 17. (1803.) Lapp. 465. Nyl.

Scand. 272.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 11. f. 94.

Exs:—Paler thallus:—Hepp 94. Arn. 51. Zw. 29. Leight. 34. Schær, 590.

Rufo-fuscescent thallus; -Fellm. 215. 216. Schær. 522. Anzi

Langob. 245. Hepp 689. Zw. 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Switzerland, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Bavaria, E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу: —2 7...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:-Isle of Wight! Rev. T. Salwey. Cleveland Lodge;

Mr. Baker. near Ayton, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND:—Blackwater Bridge and Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. Connor Cliffs and Caher, Kerry; Ballinhassig Glen, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Pen Trwyn ! Great Orme's Head.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel Bay! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. papillosa, Ach. pale-greyish-brown, subtartareous, rugulose, continuous or rimulose; apothecia large, hemispherical, truncate, semi-immersed in thalline elevations; ostiolum black, denuded; epithecium poriform, large, impressed; spores larger than in var. æthiobola.

On rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 286, (1810.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 54.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 24. f. 1.

Exs: -Zw. 361.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...3...11...19.

ENGLAND:—Hartlepool, Durham. Mr. Mudd. Mary Church, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Inworth, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Saltash, Devon. Mr. Holmes.

IRELAND: —Dunkerron Mountain! Dr. Taylor.

Var. acrotella, Ach. pale-brown or greyish-brown or blackish, thin, continuous or evanescent; apothecia black, minute, prominent, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate; spores of the same size as those of athiobola.

On stones, not common.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 125. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 293. V. mutabilis, Borr. Leight. Ang. Lich. 55. in part.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 1712. Exs:—Arn. 53, 102.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Sweden, Germany. Bot. Prov:—2...10, 11...19...30.

ENGLAND: —Sussex! Mr. Borrer. near Ayton. Mr. Baker. Teesdale and Weardale, Durham. Mr. Winch.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. near Belfast. Mr. Templeton. Carig and Dunkerron, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Ballinhassig, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

8. V. mutabilis, Borr. warm-umber-coloured, like a dark-brown oily stain, thin, filmy, membranaceous, continuous, smooth, sub-determinate or effuse, often nearly evanescent; apothecia brownish-black, minute, scattered, numerous, prominent, hemispherical, opake, sometimes polished and shining, internally pale; epithecium minutely poriform; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple, very minute, half the size of those of V. acrotella.

On stones, rocks and pebbles, not common. 1807.

Syn :- Leight. Ang. Lich. 55. excl. syn. (1851).

FIG:—Leight. l. c. t. 24. f. 3. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1807.) Bagley Wood! near Oxford. Mr. Jenner. Salcombe Hill, Sidmouth; Exmouth. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne, Wrekin Hill!; Alberbury!; near Shrewsbury!; Shropshire.

WALES :- Craig Breiddin! Montgomeryshire.

9. V. lævata, Ach. dirty-whitish or pale-greyish-brown, thickish, tartareo-cartilaginous, smooth, continuous or eventually rimulose or rimuloso-areolate; apothecia immersed in, and covered by the thallus, small, partially emerging; ostiolum black and polished, conical, more or less denuded; epithecium poriform, impressed; perithecium thickish, black, entire; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple, moderately large; paraphyses none; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

Rocky beds of mountain streams, not common. 1830. SYN:—Ach. L. U. 284. (1810.) Syn. 94. Leight. Ang. Lich. 44. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2623. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 19. f. 1. & 2. Exs:—Leight. 198. Mudd 272. 273. Rabh, 774. M. & N. 952.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Germany.

Bot. Prov:—5...7...10, 11...19.
ENGLAND:—North of England!; Teesdale!; Tyne near Newcastle! Mr. Robertson. (1830.) near Ayton! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Bishops Stow, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. River Oney between Abdon and Tugford! River Morda under Craigforda, Shropshire!

IRELAND:—Killarney, Sir T. Gage. Middle Road! and Sunday's Well Weirs! near Cork, Mr. Carroll. Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor, Wales:—Between Llangollen and Corwen!; Barmouth!

10. V. prominula. Nyl. greyish-white or pale-brown, thin, tartareous, continuous, rugulose, effuse; apothecia black, large, prominent, subglobose, scattered; epithecium very slightly depressed, poriform; perithecium entire; spores 8, colourless, broadly oblong or elliptical, simple, granular.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. in litt. Mudd Man. 291. (1861.) Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4, 25,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—1...19...22.

ENGLAND: -Exmouth. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND: - Derryquin, Kerry. Dr. Taylor. In a cave at the Diamond rocks, Kilkee, Clare. Mr. Carroll.

# \*\*\* Thallus rimuloso-areolate.

11. V. maura, Whlnb. coal-black or dark-reddish-black, thick, smooth, minutely coarsely rimuloso-areolate, somewhat polished and shining, areolæ either smooth or covered with very minute papillæ or elevated points, their margin slightly raised into a sharp elevated rim; apothecia entirely immersed in, and covered by the thallus, moderate, hemispherical, scattered; ostiolum more or less elevated and denuded; epithecium large, poriform; perithecium dimidiate, spreading widely at the base, inner tunic black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On maritime rocks, not common. 1812.

V. aractina, Whlnb. has no other character than the punctato-scabrid appearance of the areolæ, but this is more or less observable and intermixed with smooth areolæ on all specimens of V. maura.

SYN:—Whlnb. in Ach. Meth. Suppl. 19. (1803.) Nyl. Scand. 273. Leight. Ang. Lich. 59.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2456, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 25, f. 2.

Exs:—Leight. 33. in part. Hepp 716. Fellm. 213. 214.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Norway, Finmark, E. Lapland. E. Indies.

Вот. Ркоу:—1.. 7...11.. 14, 15...18...30, 31.

ENGLAND:—Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Islands near Bamburgh! Northumberland. Mr. Borrer. Black Hall rocks near Hartlepool, Durham. Mr. Mudd. Boldon, Cleadon, Castle Eden Dene; Teesdale, Durham; Dunstanborough and Holy Island, Northumberland. Mr. Winch.

SCOTLAND: - Dunbar! Mr. Borrer. Newhaven! Leith. Dr. Gre-

ville. Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Stennis, Orkney. Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND :- Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Bantry. Dr.

Taylor.

Wales: -Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Black Stones,! Conway

Bay.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Jerbourg, Guernsey; Noirmont! Jersey. Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

12. V. mauroides, Schær. dark-umber or nearly black, thin, uniform, rimuloso-areolate, smooth; apothecia minute, very numerous and crowded, innate, at length emersed, hemispherico-conoid, black, somewhat shining; epithecium poriform; perithecium dimidiate, not spreading at the base, inner tunic thin, dark-brown; paraphyses crowded, indistinct; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple.

On rocks and walls, frequent. 1805.

SYN:—Schær. Spicil. 335. (1836.) Enum. 215. V. umbrina, Leight. Ang. Lich. 52.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1499. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 23. f. 2.

Exs:—Leight. 101.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Italy. Bot. Prov:—1, 2...4, 5..7...10...12.

England:—Gorlestone Church, Suffolk! Mr. Turner. (1805.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Nent Force! Cumberland. Mr. Robertson. Oswestry! Shropshire; Penzance. Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton and Lanbraugh, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Babbicombe near Torquay. Dr. Deakin. Exmouth. Mr. Parfitt. High Rock! near Bridgnorth; Uffington! Mynydd-y-Myfyr! Shropshire.

Wales:—Dolgelley. Dr. Holl, Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. Llandeilo! between Corwen and Bala! Diganwy! near Conway,

Capel Curig. !

13. V. nigrescens, (Pers.) dark-brown or nearly black, thickish, crustaceous, rimuloso-areolate or uneven, loose and crumbling, raised into low warty elevations around the apothecia, sub-determinate; apothecia dull-black, large, more or less numerous and crowded, hemispherical, thin, apices generally visible, though sometimes covered by the thallus, their basal circumference surrounded by the scaly elevations of the thallus; perithecium dimidiate, spreading at the base; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblong, simple; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

Syn:—Pers. in Ust. Ann. Bot. st. 14. p. 36. (1795.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 63.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 27. f. 1.

Exs:—M. & N. 1065, Mudd, 277, Schær, 439, Anzi It. S. 365, 366.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, France, Aus-

tria, Italy, Algeria, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5..7, 8...10...15...17...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Carlton Bank! Cleveland.

Mr. Mudd. Gopsal! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Torquay!

Dr. Deakin. Isle of Wight!; Penzance!; Lamorna!; Cornwall.

Rev. T. Salwey. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Plymouth. Mr.

Holmes. Bromsgrove Lickey! Worcestershire; Ludlow! Steeraway!

Wrekin! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -Near Aberdeen, Stirling; Craig Guie; Morrone;

Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: -On calcareous rocks. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Penmaenmawr!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larba-lestier.

14. V. plumbea, Ach. plumbeo-cinerascent or lead-coloured or greyish-brown, thickish, determinate, smooth, rimulose or rimuloso-areolate; apothecia black, small, immersed, slightly prominent; ostiolum depressed; epithecium poriform; perithecium thick, entire; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid or oblong, simple, small; paraphyses none; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, not common. 1813.

SYN: -Ach. L. U. 285. (1810.) Nyl. Scand. 271.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 2540. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 19. f. 5. Exs:—Schær. 102. 643. Hepp 223. Mudd 275. Zw. 248.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Austria, Italy, Germany, Bava-

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...10, 11...16 ...19... 24 . 30.

ENGLAND:—Chedder! Somersetshire. Mr. Borrer, (1813.) near Middleton! Teesdale. Rev. J. Harriman. Hartlepool, Durham; Newton Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wenlock Priory!; Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND; - Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Near Belfast, Mr. Templeton. Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Dromoland, co. Clare. Mr. Carroll.

15. V. thelostoma, Harrim. cinereo-rufous, tartareous, thin, continuous, minutely rimuloso-areolate, determinate; apothecia rufous-brown, verrucæform, elevated, sessile, hemispherical, depressed and umbonate in the centre; perithecium entire, pale below, rufous-brown above; para-

physes distinct; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, simple.

On whinstone rocks, very rare. 1807.

Syn:—Harriman in Winch Bot. Guide, v. 2. p. 44. (1807.) Pyrenula umbonata, Ach. L. U. 316. Syn. 121. Segestrella thelostoma, Leight. Ang. Lich. 34.

Fig: E. Bot. 2153, Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 15. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot, Prov:-11.

ENGLAND:—Near Eglestone, Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. (1807.)

# \*\*\*\* Thallus areolato-diffract.

16. V. fuscella, Turn. dark-greyish-brown, crustaceous, thickish, areolato-diffract, nigro-limitate, areolæ smooth, intersected with minute dark lines from the predominant hypothallus; apothecia minute, immersed in the areolæ; ostiolum nearly plane, depressed; epithecium poriform; perithecium entire, pale; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, narrow-oblong, simple.

On walls &c. rare. 1804.

Syn:—Turn. in Linn. Trans. 7, p. 90, (1804.) Ach. L. U. 289. Leight. Ang, Lich. 23.

Fig :—E. Bot. t. 1500. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 7. f. 2.

Exs:-Arn. 388. Hepp 90. Mudd 276.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Switzerland, Hungary, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...4...11...13, 14, 15...19...31.

England:—Gorlestone Church, Norfolk. Mr. Turner. (1804.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. near Stanhope! Durham. Mr. Mudd. Penzanco, Mr. Curnow. Malvern. Mr. Lees.

SCOTLAND :- Central parts. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: - Dunkerron Castle, co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

17. V. polysticta, Borr. creamy-white, somewhat glaucescent, crustaceous, thin, areolato-diffract, nigro-limitate, areolæ smooth, plane, with a somewhat elevated thin black edge from the predominant hypothallus; apothecia black, small, immersed in the areolæ; ostiolum prominent, sub-convex; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, narrow-oblong, simple, of the same size as those of fuscella.

On walls &c. rare. 1832.

This and fuscella may be only states of the same lichen.

SYN:—Borr. in E. Bot. Suppl. 2741. (1832.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 49.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2741. Leight. Ang Lich. t. 21. f. 5.

Exs:—Anzi It, S. 363. Nyl. 147.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Italy, Bavaria, Germany, France.

Вот. Ркоу: -1, 2...4...10...23.

England: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1832.) Suffolk! Rev. G. R. Leathes. Isle of Wight! Rev. T. Salvey. Rievaulx Abbey! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

IRELAND:—Eastern Counties. Dr. Moore.

18. V. glaucina, (Ach.) glaucous or leaden-grey, thickish, crustaceous, areolato-diffract, nigro-fusco-limitate, areolæ smooth, plane or plano-convex, edged with the predominant nigro-fuscous hypothallus; apothecia blackish, immersed, two or more on each areola, to which by their confluence they often give a blotchy appearance; ostiolum plane, flat; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple, double the size of those of fuscella and polysticta.

On calcareous rocks and walls, frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 94. (1817.) Mudd Man. 289.

Exs:-Anzi Ital. S. 362.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy, Hungary. Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...11...19...28.

ENGLAND :- Teesdale, Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. South side of river Wear opposite Stanhope, Durham. Mr. Mudd. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Wenlock Priory! Llanymynech Hill! Craigforda! Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Sheep walk, Armagh.

Adm. Jones.

Wales:—Eglswg Rocks! near Llangollen; Great Orme's Head!

V. macrostoma, (Duf.) olive-tawny, thick, crustaceous, areolato-diffract, areolæ rather large, somewhat rugged, or raised into small irregular warts or scaly elevations; apothecia black, tolerably large, one or several immersed in each areola; ostiolum more or less prominent, black; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple.

On walls and mortar, rare. 1851.

SYN:—D. C, Fl. Fr. 3. vol. 2. 319. (1805.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 48.

Fig :—Leight, Ang. Lich. t. 21. f. 4. Exs :—Larbal. 97. Mass. 194. Zw. 214. Nyl. 94. Mudd 278. Anzi Venet. 156.

Geog. Distrib :- France, Spain, Italy, Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...7, 8...10...15...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1851.) Thringstone! Leicestershire. Rev. Ch. Babington. Guisbro' Church! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Plymouth! Mr. Holmes. Penzance. Mr. Curnow. Breedon Hill! Leicestershire; Pulley! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.

Scotland :- Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales :- Llanaber ! near Barmouth.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Aubin's! Jersey, and on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

20. V. ochrostoma, Borr. dusky-cream or grey or olivaceous or brownish-black or umber, moderately thick, crustaceous, verrucoso-rugose, areolato-diffract; apothecia black, numerous, minute, entirely immersed; ostiolum black, slightly elevated, hemispherico-conoid; epithecium poriform; perithecium entire, thin, black; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple.

On plastered walls, rare. 1851.

SYN: -Sagedia, Leight. Ang. Lich. 23. (1851.)

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 7. f. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1851).

21. V. viridula, (Schrad.) pale-brown or greenish olive-brown, thickish, tartareous, areolato-diffract, areola polygonal, granulato-crenate, smooth or rugose or verruculose, effuse; apothecia black, large, semi-immersed, conical; perithecium dimidiate, very thick and black, inner tunic thin, membranaceous and black; spores 8, colourless, broadly elliptical, simple, granular, very large.

On mortar, old walls, rocks, &c. frequent. 1798. Syn:—Endocarpon, Schrad. Spic. 192 (1794.) Verrucaria, Ach.

L. U. 675. Sagedia, Leight. Ang. Lich. 23.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 533, (bad) Leight. Ang Lich. t. 7. f. 3.

Exs:—Leight. 229. Mudd 279. Nyl. 95. Hepp 91. 943. Mass. 21. 209. 331. Arn. 101. 170. b. 367. 81, 365. Anzi Venet. 157. 160. 159. Zw. 404. Rabh. 875. Anzi Ital. S. 377. 367. Anzi Etr. 39.

Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Bavaria, Italy, Hungary, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2,3, 4, 5...7, 8...10, 11...15...19...26, 27...31. England:—Yarmouth. Mr. Turner. (1798.) Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hartlepool, Durham; near Ayton! Guisboro'!; Airyholme!; Stokesley!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Twycross! Breedon Hill! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Norton and Bevere! Worcester. Dr. Holl. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Shanklin Church, Isle of Wight! Rev. T. Salwey. Batheaston! Mr. Broome. Countess Weir Bridge Westleigh! Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Shiffnal! Comley! Wenlock! High Rock near Bridgnorth! Hope Valley! all in Shropshire; Aymestry! Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND: - Spittall of Glenshee, Perthshire. Dr. Lindsay. near

Aberdeen; Cove, Kincardine. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—Castle Taylor, Galway. Dr. Moore. Great Island and

Rosscarberry, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Between Llangollen and Corwen! near Dolgelley! CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Common on all the Islands, Mr. Larbalestier.

# \*\*\*\*\* Thallus pulverulent.

# † A pothecia semi-immersed, prominent.

22. V. murina, Leight. mouse-coloured or cinereogriseous, thin, tartareous, pulverulent, effuse; apothecia dark-brownish-black, prominent, semi-immersed, hemispherico-convex; perithecium thick, black, entire; epitheciam poriform, umbilicate; spores 8, colourless, elliptical, simple; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1836,

Syn :- Leight. Ang. Lich. 44. (1851).

Fig:—Leight. l. c. t. 19. f. 3. Exs:—Hepp 430. Arn. 198. 285. Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Sweden.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2...5...19

ENGLAND:—St. Ives! Cornwall; Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. near Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Mynydd-y-Myfyr! Oswestry! Abdon Burf! Shropshire,

IRELAND: - Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. (1836.) Monkstown! Glanmire! near Cork! Mr. Carroll.

23. V. rupestris, Schrad. white, greyish-white or pale-brown, thin, tartareous, pulverulent or sub-furfuraceous, effuse; apothecia black, moderate, numerous, semi-im mersed, prominent, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate, more or less spreading at the base, inner tunic very thin, pale-brown; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple.

On flints, chalk, sandstone, &c. frequent.

SYN: -Schrad. Spic. 109. (1794.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 60.

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 25. f. 4.

Exs: -Leight. 140. Schær. 103. Hepp 224. Arn. 175.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Bavaria, Italy, Pyrenees, Africa, N. America.

Bot. Prov :--1, 2, 3...5...7, 8...15...(19-30)...31.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Twycross! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Cleadon, and Boldon Hills, Castle Eden, Middleton-in-Teesdale, between Widdy Bank and Couldron Snout, Durham. Mr. Winch. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Malvern. Mr. Lecs. Bromsgrove Lickey! Worcestershire.

SCOTLAND: - Frequent. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND : - Rocks and walls, common. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam. between Llangollen and Corwen!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —La Moie, Jersey; Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. muralis, Ach. greyish-white, tartareo-farinose, thin, effuse, often evanescent; apothecia black, semi-immersed, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate, more or less spreading at the base, inner tunic pale-brown; spores as in the type.

On brick walls, mortar. &c. frequent.

SYN:—Ach. Meth. 115. (1803.) V. patula, Leight. Ang. Lich. 61.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich, t. 26. f. 1.

Exs :- Fries 357. Th. M. Fries 25. Arn. 174.

Geog. Distrib :—Sweden, Bavaria, Switzerland, Italy, Austria, Hungary.

Bot. Prov: -1, 2, 3...5...8...23...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Madron! Newlyn! Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey. Pennsylvania, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Malvern. Mr. Lees. Pulley!; Wolverley Bridge! near Loppington; Middle!; Bayston Hill! Burlton! Shropshire; Breedon Hill! Leicestershire.

IRELAND :- Near Dublin. Adm. Jones.

Channel Islands: —Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. subalbicans, Leight. greyish-white, very thin, contlnuous and crumbly, effuse or evanescent; apothecia black, numerous and crowded, large, prominent, semiimmersed, conical or hemispherical, more or less rugged and pruinose; epithecium poriform, dilated; perithecium dimidiate, spreading at the base, inner tunic thin, black; spores as in the type.

On mortar, plastered walls, rocks, &c. frequent-1851.

SYN: - Leight. Ang. Lich. 56. (1851).

Fig :- Leight. l. c, t. 25. f. 1.

Exs:-Leight. 200.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Europe. Bot. Prov :—1, 2 .. 7.. 10.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer (1851.) Rocky Valley! Torquay. Dr. Deakin. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Countess Weir Bridge, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Malvern. Mr. Lees.

Wales: - Cell-fechan! Barmouth. Rev. T. Salwey. Bangor!

24. V. integra, Nyl. white or slightly greyish-white, thin, sub-crustaceous, continuous, tartareo-sub-farinose;

apothecia black, numerous and crowded, moderate, semiimmersed, depresso-hemispherical; epithecium poriform, often dilated; perithecium dimidiate, very thick, black, inner tunic black and tough; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, broadly elliptico-oblong, simple, granular, large, double the size of those of V. rupestris.

On sandstone, rare.

SYN: W. rupestris var. integra, Nyl. Prodr. 183. (1857.) Pyren. 31. Scand. 276.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Scandinavia, Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу: -2. 4...16...19.

ENGLAND:—Hurstpierpoint! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. Luccomb Chine! Shanklin, Isle of Wight. Dr. Holl. Northamptonshire. Mr. Larbalestier.

SCOTLAND:—Appin, Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Near Cork, Mr. Carroll.

25. V. pulposa, Leight. thallus chroolepoid or evanescent; apothecia nigricant, sub-sphærical, pulpose, polished, prominent; epithecium indistinct; perithecium dimidiate, nigricant; spores numerous, fuscous, oblong or irregularly globose, simple; paraphyses very short, crowded; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On old rails, rare. 1870.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Bot. Prov:-5.

England: -Porthill! near Shrewsbury, Shropshire. (1870).

# ++ A pothecia insculpted.

26. V. calciseda, D.C. white or greyish-white, thin, tartareous, pulverulent, effuse or evanescent; apothecia black, minute, very numerous, deeply immersed and insculpted in the thallus and rock; ostiolum depressohemispherical; epithecium poriform, often irregularly fissured; perithecium dimidiate, black, inner tunic black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, simple, granular; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

Syn:—DC. Fl. Fr. l. 317. (1805.) Mudd Man. 292. Limboria sphinctrina, Nyl. Pyren. 62.

Exs:-Leight. 30. Mudd 280. Schær. 104. M. & N. 951. Anzi

Ital, S. 373. 375. 376. Arn. 310. 309. 311.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Switzerland, Bavaria, Italy, France.

Вот. Ркоу: 1 ..4, 5...7...10...15...(19-30).

ENGLAND:—Bilsdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Bury, Suffolk. Mr. Larbalestier. Chudleigh; Berry Head, Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Craig Guie; Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—On limestone, common. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Great Orme's Head!

Var. purpurascens, (Hffm.) thallus of a pale-rose or rosy-purple tinge; apothecia larger.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1861.

Syn:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. 1. 74. (1790.) Nyl. Pyrenoc. 31. Mudd Man, 292.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 15. f. 1. & t. 19. f. 3. Exs:—Schær. 440. Mass. 207. Anzi Langob. 246.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Italy, Bavaria.

Bot. Prov :-1...11.

ENGLAND:—Castle Eden Dean, Durham. Mr. Mudd. (1861.) Exeter. Mr. Parfitt.

# \*\*\*\*\* Thallus squamulose.

27. V. tephroides, (Ach.) cinereous or albido-cinereous or cinereo-fuscescent, squamulose, squamulæ adnate, smooth, tessellato-areolate, undulato-lobate; apothecia black, minute, immersed; ostiolum sub-hemispherical, slightly prominent; epithecium poriform, dilated; perithecium entire, thin, membranaceous, black; spores 8, colourless, narrow-oblong, simple, sometimes pseudo-bilocular; paraphyses indistinct; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On the earth in alpine regions, rare. 1808.

SYN:—Ach. Prodr. 18. (1798.) Syn. 98. Nyl. Pyren. 17. Scand. 267. Sagedia cinerea, Leight. Ang. Lich. 22.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 2013. Hepp Sporen t. 24. f. 221. f. 1.

Exs:—Schær. 647. Hepp 221. Fellm. 212. Zw. 103. Larbal. 96. GEog. Distrib:—Germany, Sweden, E. Lapland, Hungary, Switzerland, N. America.

Bor. Prov :- 10.. 15...18...31.

ENGLAND :- Malham, Yorkshire, Dr. Carrington.

Scotland:—Burgh Head in Island of Stronsa, ! Orkneys. Messrs. Borrer & Hooker. (1808.) summit of Ben Lawers! Mr. Borrer. Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Grosnez Common, Jersey. Mr. Larbales-

tier.

Var. cartilaginea, Nyl. cinereo-pallescent or fuscescent, squamulæ firmer, sub-imbricate, sub-lobate, like the thalline leaflets of Cladonia pyxidata v. pocillum; perithecium colourless.

On the earth, rare. 1866.

SYN:—Nyl. Coll. Gall. Mer. Pyr. 8. (1853.) Pyren. 18. Scand. 268. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 34.

Exs: -Körb, 97. Arn. 78.

Geog. Distrib:—Germany, Pyrenees, Sweden, Bavaria.

Вот. Prov :—15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1866).

# B. Spores 1-septate.

### \* Perithecium dimidiate.

28. V. cataractarum, (Mudd.) greyish-green, very thin, sub-leprose or evanescent; apothecia nigro-fuscous, minute, nearly sessile, sub-globose, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate, moderate; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On rocks in streams, rare.

SYN :- Mudd Man. 294. excl. syn. (1861).

Exs:-Mudd 281.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—10...19...23.

ENGLAND: -Near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND:—Rosscarbery, Cork; Connor Cliffs and Blackwater Bridge, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. Portrane. Dr. Moore.

29. V. Borreri, Leight. smoky-grey, somewhat pruinose, tartareous, continuous or rimulose, nigro-fusco-limitate; apothecia black, hemispherical, truncate, prominent, basally immersed, rather large, internally palebrown; epithecium depresso-concave, surrounded by a narrow edge and central papilla; perithecium very thick, black, dimidiate, inner tunic brown; paraphyses distinct; filamenta ostiolaria distinct, short, minute; spores 8, colourless, broadly or rotundo-oblong or elliptical, 1-septate, coarsely granular.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1833. Syn:—Leight. Ang. Lich. 76. & 51. (1851).

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. 2791. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 22. f. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1...15.

ENGLAND : - Chedder ! Mr. Borrer.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

30. V. conoidea, Fries. greyish, more or less tinged with rose, tartareous, thin, somewhat powdery, continuous or rimulose, indeterminate; apothecia dull-brownish-black, pruinose, large, prominent, hemisphærico-conical, slightly basally immersed, internally white; ostiolum rugulose; epithecium papillate, minutely poriform, irregularly dehiscing; perithecium black, thinnish, dimidiate, spreading considerably at the base, inner tunic pale; paraphyses distinct, slender; spores 8, colourless, oblong or broadly ellipsoid, 1-septate, yellow or brownish with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Fries L. Ref. 432, (1831.) Nyl. Pyren. 353. Scand. 280. V. epipolæa, Leight. Ang. Lich. 61.

Fig:-E. Bot. Suppl, t. 2647. f. 3. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 26. f.

2.

Exs: -Leight, 31, Mass. 319, Hepp 697. Anzi Lang. 239. Zw. 246. Fries 356. Mudd 284.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Italy, Sweden, Hungary, Bavaria,

Austria, Germany, Switzerland, France, Algeria.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...5...7...10, 11...15, 16...(19—30).

ENGLAND:—St. Vincents Rocks, Bristol. Mr. Borrer. North of England. Rev. J. Harriman. Craig-y-Rhiw! Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Bath! Mr. Broome. Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Airyholme Wood! Ingleby! Pinchingthorp Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Bilsdale, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Leigh Woods, Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier. Bishopstowe, Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Craigforda! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :—Appin! Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Common, Mr. Carroll. WALES:—Great Orme's Head!

31. V. conformis, Nyl. similar to V. biformis, but with the thallus albido-virescent; and the perithecium dimidiate, black.

On trees in sub-alpine regions, very rare. 1864.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1864, p. 257. Crombie En. 119.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France. Bot. Prov:—19...31.

IRELAND: - Upper Lake, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

A form (f. rhypontoides, Nyl.) occurs with thallus dark-bluishblack at Noirmont, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

32. V. gemmata, Ach. white or whitish, thin, continuous, nearly smooth, sometimes rimulose; apothecia black, large, slightly immersed at the base, very prominent, hemispherical, convex, rugged, internally whitish; epithecium minute, poriform; perithecium thickish,

black, dimidiate, inner tunic pale-brown; paraphyses distinct, long and slender; spores 8, colourless, very broadly oblong, 1-septate, large; spores and contents of asci yellow with a vinous tinge with iodine.

On trees, common. 1829.

SYN:—Ach, Meth. 120. (1803.) L. U. 278. Syn. 90. Nyl. Pyren. 53. Leight. Ang. Lich. 43.

Fig: -E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2617. fig. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 18.

f. 4. & 5.

Exs:-Leight. 136. Zw. 31. Nyl. 93. M. & N. 1064. Mudd 285.

Hepp 104. Bohl. 114. Schær. 105.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, France, Switzerland, Scandinavia, Hungary, Italy, N. America, Algeria, Brazil.

Bot. Prov:-1, 2, 3...5. 7...11...19...31

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1829.) Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. Ragley Woods, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Malvern. Mr. Lees. Ayton! Airyholme Wood! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. on the Derwent, Durham and Northumberland. Mr. Winch. Llanforda, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Hartshill Hays! Warwickshire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Kings Kerswell near Torquay. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Abdon! Loppington! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Goat Island! Dyke! Dunkettle! Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:-Near Dolgelley! Gloddaeth! Carnarvonshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

33. V. mesotropa, Nyl. pale, thin, unequal; apothecia black, somewhat turgid; perithecium convex, dimidiate, black; epithecium indistinct; spores 8, colourless, ovoid or ovoideo-oblong, 1-septate, very small; paraphyses none; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On sub-alpine rocks, rare. 1866.

SYN:—Nyl. Flora 1866, p. 419. Leight. in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. June, 1867.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5.. 7.

ENGLAND:—Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire. WALES:—Llyn Aran! Cader Idris. (1866).

34. V. epidermidis, Ach. pale-yellow, very thin, smooth and shining; apothecia black, minute, sub-innate, sessile, hemispherico-conoid; perithecium dimidiate, depressed and spreading at the base; paraphyses more or less indistinct; spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong, 1-septate, constricted, moderate.

On birch, common.

SYN :- Ach. L. U. 276. (1810.) Syn. 89. Leight. Ang. Lich. 40.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 17. f. 3.

Exs:-Nyl. 148. Anzi 384. Bohl. 63.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Throughout the World.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...7...10, 11...15...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. New Forest; Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Ragley Woods, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes. in various places near Shrewsbury!!

Scotland:—Highlands, frequent. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Common. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Woods opposite Tanybwich Hotel, Capel Curig!

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. analepta, Ach. dark-olive or copper-coloured. On oaks &c. common.

SYN: -Ach. Meth. 119. (1803.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 40.

Fig :- E. Bot. t. 1848.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Throughout the World.

Вот. Ркоу:-1...5...10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Ross Hall,! Shropshire. Prof. Ch. Babington. Cliff-rigg! Hobhole! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. various places near Shrewsbury, Shropshire!

IREPAND :- Dunscombe's Wood!; Glanmire! Cork. Mr. Car-

roll.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Common on all the Islands. Mr. Larbalestier:

forma fallax, Nyl. similar to analepta, but with very distinct paraphyses.

On oaks &c. common.

SYN:-Nyl. Obs. Holm. 1852. p. 178. Scand. 281.

Exs:—Fellm. 221. 222. Leight. 29. Mudd. 292. Bohl. 66. Körb. 295.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Scandinavia. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3...5...7...10...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Hobhole! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Leigh Woods, Clifton. Mr. Larbalestier. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Mile End near Colchester, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Nesscliffe Hill! Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

WALES :- Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire ; Capel Curig!

CHANNEL ISLANDS : - Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. cinereo-pruinosa, Schær. cinereo-rufescent or creamcoloured, thin, effuse; apothecia hemispherical, minute, innate, thinly covered with the thallus, giving them a cinereo-pruinoss appearance, sometimes naked; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses slender, distinct; spores 8, colourless, in form and size as in V. epidermidis.

On various trees, not common.

SYN :- Schær. Spicil. 342. (1836.) Enum. 221.

Fig:—Hepp Sporen t. 13. f. 105, 106. 107.

Exs:—Arn. 133. 373. Hepp 105. 106. 107. Mudd 297. Anzi Langob, 437. Venet. 129. Zw. 420. Leight, 197.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Switzerland, France, Pyrenees, Italy, Ger-

many.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...7...10... (19-30).

ENGLAND: —Near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Ilsham Wood near Torquay, Devon. Dr. Deakin. Malvern. Mr. Lees.

IRELAND :- Frequent. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Near Dolgelley !

35. V. cinerea, (Pers.) greyish-olive, thin, continuous, smooth; apothecia black, small, numerous, innato-sessile, hemispherico-convex; perithecium dimidiate, incurved at the base; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, elongato-oblong, slightly tapered towards each extremity, 1-septate, constricted, large, 4 times the size of those of V. epidermidis,

On trees, not frequent. 1808.

SYN:—Pers. in Ust. Ann. st. 7. p. 28. (1794.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 39.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 1891. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 17. f. 2.

Exs: -Leight. 343. Mudd 295.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bor. Prov :-1, 2, 3...5...7...10 ...19.

ENGLAND:—New Forest, Hants. Mr. Lyell. (1808.) Sussex. Mr. Borrer. Essex! Mr. Piggott. Oswestry! Rev. T. Salwey. Kildale!; Newton Wood!; Easby!; Lanbraughrigg!; Westerdale!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Whitstone, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Glengariff!; Cusquinny Goat Island!; Old Court!

near Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Torrent Walk ! Dolgelley.

36. V. punctiformis, Ach. dark-olive or brown, very thin, effuse; apothecia black and shining, minute, innatosessile, hemispherico-conoid, spreading at the base; perithecium dimidiate, incurved; epithecium a rather large impressed pore; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 1-septate, very minute.

On trees, not common. 1812.

Syn:—Ach. Prodr. 18. (1798.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 41. Fig:—E. Bot. 2412. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 17. f. 5.

Exs :-- Mudd 296. Leight. 344.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Germany, Switzerland, France.

Bot. Prov:—1, 2...5...10, 11...19...21.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1812.) Cliffrigg! Hoggarts Wood! Ingleby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. North-umberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Meole! near Shrewsbury.

IRELAND:—White point! near Queenstown; Cromaglown and Crogham, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. Armagh; Glengariff. Adm.

Jones.

forma tremulæ, Ach. albo-cinerascent, unequal, slightly rimulose; apothecia most minute, much crowded, sub-confluent, scarcely protuberant and surrounded at the base with the thallus.

On poplar, rare.

SYN :- Ach. L. U. 277. (1810).

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Sweden, France, Spain, Switzerland, N. America.

Вот. Prov :—19.

IRELAND :- Old Dromore, Kerry. Adm. Jones.

forma elongatula, Nyl. like V. punctiformis, or atomaria, Ach. but with longer clavato-fusiform, 1-septate, spores; apothecia most minute; perithecium colourless in the lower part, paraphyses none.

On trees, rare. 1867.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 164. Crombie En. 120.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

forma diminutula, Nyl. apothecia most minute; spores oblong, 1-septate.

On trees, rare.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 164. Crombie En. 120.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND :- Turk Mountain, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

37. V. nitescens, Salw. pale-brownish-white, thin, shining, smooth or subrimulose, subdeterminate; apothecia black, very minute, numerous, semi-immersed, hemisphericoglobose; perithecium dimidiate, incurved at the base; epithecium minute, poriform; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colourless, linear, 1-septate, constricted, cells with 2 nuclei; gelatina hymenea yellow with iodine.

On holly, rare. 1853.

Syn :- Salw. Obs. Penz. Lich. 140. (1853.) Mudd Man. 303.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov: -1...10.

England:—Trevayler! Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey. (1853.)
Hoggarts Wood; Ingleby; Westerdale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

38. V. Laburni, Leight. brown or brownish-black, thin, smooth, effuse; apothecia black and shining, minute, semi-immersed, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate; epithecium minute, poriform; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colourless, linear, 1-septate, constricted, cells binucleolate; gelatina hymenea yellow with iodine.

On laburnum, oak and alders, rare. 1854.

SYN: -Leight. Exs. 254. (1856).

Exs:-Leight. 254.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Proy:—5...7. 10...19.

ENGLAND:—Ayton! Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. (1854.) Stableford! near Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

IRELAND:—Dromore! Kerry. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Craig Breidden,! Montgomeryshire.

39. V. antecellens, Nyl. albido-cinerascent, thin, smooth and shining, effuse; apothecia black, numerous, minute, crowded, hemispherical, surrounded at the base with the thallus; ostiolum more or less naked; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, elongato-lineari-oblong, 1-septate, large; asci and spores red with iodine.

On trees, rare. 1865.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1866. p. 86. Crombie En. 119.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 1, 2.

England:—Ivy Bridge, Devon; Tilgate Forest! Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier. (1865.) New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Var. analeptoides, Nyl. very similar externally to analepta; spores 1-or spuriously 3-5-septate; paraphyses lax.

On trees, rare. 1867.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 180. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 5. 260.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe,

Bot. Prov:—19...26, 27. IRELAND:—Turk Mount, Killarney; Loughcooter, co. Galway. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

40. V. sublitoralis, Leight. thallus evanescent; apo-

thecia black and shining, minute, hemispherical, scattered; epithecium poriform; perithecium dimidiate, black; paraphyses few, distinct; spores 8, colourless, lineariovoid or oblong, obtuse, 1-septate, constricted, minute.

On limpet shells, (Chthamalus stellatus) on submerged

maritime rocks, rare. 1857.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Prov:—1...3.

ENGLAND:—Sandgate! near Folkestone. Mr. Currey. (1857.) between Seaton and Beer! on south coast of Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

41. V. halizoa, Leight. nigricanti-macular, thin, almost evanescent, effuse; apothecia black and shining, minute, hemispherico-conoid, scattered; epithecium poriform, often irregularly chinky; perithecium black, dimidiate, incurved, nearly entire; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, very minute, lineari-ellipsoid or oblong, imperfectly and faintly 1-septate, binucleolate; gelatina hymenea yellow with iodine.

On submerged maritime rocks, rare. 1851.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу :-14.

Scotland:—Joppa! near Portobello; Newhaven! near Leith, Edinburgh. Dr. Greville. (1851).

42. V. elæina, Borr. greenish-olive, very thin, tartareous, smooth or rimulose; apothecia innate and covered by the thallus, eventually erumpent, innato-sessile, hemisphærico-conical; ostiolum black, more or less denuded; epithecium rather large, poriform, umbilicate; perithecium dimidiate, spreading and acutely incurved at the base; spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong, 1-septate.

On maritime slaty rocks, rare. 1812.

SYN:—Borr. under E. Bot. Suppl. 2623. f. 2. (1830.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 63.

Fig:-E. Bot, t. 2455. Leight. Ang, Lich. t. 27. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—7...24..26.

IRELAND: - Western parts! Miss Hutchins. (1812).

WALES :- Aber Ty Gwyn! near Dolgelley. Rev. T. Salwey.

43. V. immersa, Leight. white or pale-dirty-yellow or grey-ashey-white, very thin, tartareo-farinose; apothecia black, deeply incavato-immersed in the rock, moderate, internally brownish; ostiolum depressed; epithecium

poriform; perithecium dimidiate, thick, carbonaceous, flattened, inner tunic black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong, constantly 1-septate, large; gelatina hymenea red with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, frequent.

SYN: -Leight. Ang. Lich. 57. (1851.) Mudd Man. 295.

Fig :—Leight. Ang. Lich, t. 25. f. 2.

Exs :- Mudd 283. Schær, 103.

Geog. Distrib:—Switzerland, Pyrenees, N. Zealand.

Вот. Ркоу:—1, 2 ..5 ..10, 11...15...19...30,

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Craigforda! near Oswestry, Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Bilsdale! Yorkshire. Mr. Mudd. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Barnard Castle! Durham. Mr. Robertson. Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Craig-y-rhiw,! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: -N. W. slope of Morrone. Adm. Jones. Canlochan.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Belfast. Mr. Thompson. Sunday's Well! Cork. Mr. Carroll. White Park, Antrim. Dr. Moore. Ardglass, co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Killarney. Dr. Carrington.

44. V. cinerella, Flot. pale-whitish-brown or albido-cinerascent, thin, smooth, effuse; apothecia black, minute, sub-innato-sessile, hemispherico-conoid; perithecium dimidiate, black; epithecium a depressed pore; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, constricted; gelatina hymenea brownish with iodine.

On trees, rare. 1864.

SYN; -Flot, in Zw. Exs. Nyl. Scand. 281. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. vol. 3, 293.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen t. 13. f. 108.

Exs: -Zw. 37. 217, 110. Anzi Ital, S. 381. Hepp 108.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy, Switzerland, France, Lapland, Amazons.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...19.

ENGLAND: -New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Glengariff, Cork; Glencar; Loch Inchiquin! Kerry; Dinis, Killarney; Glenbower Wood, Killeagh; Eagle's Nest. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

Var. megaspora, Nyl. spores double the size of those of the type.

On trees, rare. 1868.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 348. Crombie En. 121.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND: -Near Lyndhurst, ! New Forest, Hants. Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1868).

#### \*\* Perithecium entire.

45. V. Taylori, Carroll. olivaceo-fuscescent, thin, continuous or rimulose, rugulose, macular; apothecia black, minute and very numerous, semi-immersed, acutely conical, internally pale; epithecium papillate, poriform; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses distinct, slender; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 1-septate, constricted, the cells very acute at the apices, with 2 or 3 nuclei, and having a tendency to break up or separate; gelatina hymenea yellow with iodine, the spores brown.

On ash trees, rare. 1856.

Syn: Nyl. Pyren. 82. (1858.) Arthopyrenia, Mudd Man. 302.

Exs:—Anzi Venet. 137.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Dalmatia, Austria.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.. 25.

IRELAND:—Dunscombe's Wood! Cork; Clare Glen, Tipperary! Mr. Carroll. (1856).

46. V. bryospila, Nyl. fuscous-black, thin, opake; apothecia black, prominent, sub-conical; epithecium impressed; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses slender; spores 8, 4 or 2, colourless, oblongo-ovoid, 1-septate; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On schistose earth, very rare. 1864.

Syn :- Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 257.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Norway.

Вот. Prov:—15.

Scotland:—Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1864),

47. V. capnodes, Nyl. dull-black, tinged with grey or olive, roughish, macular, filmy, continuous; apothecia black, concolorous, roughish, encrusted by the thallus, minute, prominent, hemispherical, internally greyish; epithecium slightly papillose or umbilicate, poriform; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, linearioblong, 1-septate, small.

On trees, rare. 1829.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 330. V. rhyponta, Leight. Aug. Lich. 37.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2597. fig. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 16. fig. 1.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bor. Prov:—2...10...19.

ENGLAND :- New Forest, Hants. Mr. Lyell. (1829.) Sussex!

Mr. Borrer. Malham, Dr. Carrington. Hoggarts Wood and Easby Wood, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

IRELAND: - Castlebernard Park, Bandon. Mr. Carroll.

Var. rhypontella, Nyl. spores 1-septate, smaller.

On trees, very rare.

SYN :- Nyl in Flora 1867. p. 374.

Exs:-Fries 253.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND: -Glenbower Wood, co. Cork. Mr. Carroll.

48. V. biformis, Borr. whitish or albido-cinerascent, thin, continuous or rimulose, slightly rugose or smooth, somewhat pulverulent, indeterminate; apothecia black or brownish-black, small, numerous, semi-immersed, prominent, internally pale; ostiolum hemispherical, dull or polished, rugulose; epithecium poriform, minute, impressed, ultimately lacero-dehiscent; perithecium thickish, black, entire; paraphyses very long, slender, distinct; spores 8, colourless, lineari-ellipsoid, 1-septate, cells with one or two nuclei; gelatina hymenea red with iodine.

On trees, common. 1829.

Syn:—Borr, in E. Bot. Suppl. 2617. (1829.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 37. Nyl. Pyren. 54.

Fig: -E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2617. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 16. f.

2. & 3.

Exs:—Leight. 100. Zw. 36. Nyl. 91. Mudd 286. Hepp 953. GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Germany, Switzerland, America.

Вот, Ркоу:—1, 2, 3, 4...7, 8 ..10...19...31.

ENGLAND:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Torquay! Devon, Dr. Deakin. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Yoxall! Staffordshire. Prof. Ch. Babington. Malvern. Mr. Lees. Airyholme Wood! Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Clayton near Brighton. Mr. Larbalestier. Stoke Wood, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Kelvedon; Witham, Essex. Mr. Varenne. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Shelton Rough! Weir Coppice! near Shrewsbury; Haughmond Hill! Loppington!! Shropshire.

IRELAND :—Ardtully! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor.

WALES :- Barmouth !

CHANNEL ISLANDS: —Jersey and Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

49. V. Salweii, Leight. whitish or greyish-white, thin, tartareo-farinose, nearly evanescent; apothecia black, very large and prominent, hemispherico-conical, sessile; ostiolum rugulose; epithecium very large and open; perithecium entire; paraphyses distinct, long, slender, floccolose; asci linear; spores 8, colourless, broadly

and obtusely oblong, 1-septate, in size and form similar to those of *V. gemmata*.

On calcareous rocks, mortar, &c. not common. 1851. Syn:—V. Salweii, Leight. in litt. 1851. Nyl. Prodr. 189. Mudd Man. 296.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France. Bot. Prov:—2...5...7...19.

England:—Llanforda! near Oswestry, Shropshire. (1851). Shanklin Church;! Sandown! Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. Malvern. Mr. Lees.

IRELAND:—Riverstown! Cork. Mr. Carroll, Wales:—Harlech Castle! Rev. T. Salwey.

50. V. litoralis, Tayl. pale-greenish-grey, thin, tartareous, continuous; apothecia black and shining, numerous, crowded, sessile, the base only immersed in very slightly elevated portions of the thallus, very prominent, sub-globose, truncato-conical; epithecium large, depressed, umbilicate; perithecium thick, entire; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN: -V. muralis var. Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 92. (1836.) V. litoralis, Leight. Ang. Lich. 46.

Fig:—Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 20, f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...7...19.. 30, 31.

ENGLAND: - Mudstone, Devon. Dr. Holl.

IRELAND: -Kerry! Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. (1836.) Glenarm, Antrim. Adm. Jones. Sunday's Well Weirs and Ballinhassy, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

Wales:—Aber-Ty-Gwyn near Dolgelley; Aberhamfre, Barmouth.

Nev. T. Salwey.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—St. Aubins Fort, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

51. V. rugulosa, (Borr.) apothecia small, crowded, prominent, semi-immersed, hemispherico-conical, brownish-black; epithecium round, simple; perithecium entire; spores 8, dark-brown, oblong, 1-septate, minute.

On old walls, rare. 1850.

SYN: - Verrucaria, Leight. Ang. Lich. 47. (1851.) Endococcus, Nyl. Prodr. 193.

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 21. f. 1.

Exs:-Arn. 250.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Pyrenees, Bavaria.

Bot. Prov:-1, 2...7.

England:—Near Lewes! Sussex. Mr. Borrer. (1850.) Star Cross, Devon. Mr. Parfitt.

WALES :- Barmouth !

### C. Spores 3-septate.

#### \* Perithecium dimidiate.

52. V. rhyponta, Ach. fusco-nigrescent or fuliginous, very thin, opake, macular, sub-effuse; apothecia minute, sessile, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate, black; epithecium a minute pore; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 3-septate, minute; gelatina hymenea red or yellow-brown with iodine.

On smooth barks of poplar, alder, &c. rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 282. (1810.) Syn. 89. Nyl. Scand. 281. V. fumago, Wallr. Cr. Germ. 1. 298.

Exs: -Zw. 368 34. Arn. 241. Anzi Venet. 121, 122. M. & N.

557. Schær. 591. 645. Leight. 254. Mudd 291.

GEOG. DISTRIB :—Germany, France, Switzerland, Italy, Sweden.

ENGLAND: -Near Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND: -Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Dunkerron. Dr. Taylor. Deer Park, Glenarm. Adm. Jones.

53. V. Cerasi, Ach. pale-yellow, fuscescent or fuscous, thin, membranous, more or less shining, maculari-determinate; apothecia very numerous and crowded, minute, oblong or rounded, convex, shining; perithecium dimidiate, fuscous-black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, lineari-oblong, 3-septate.

On young oaks, not common. 1871.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 276. (1810.) Syn. 89. Nyl. Scand. 281. Leight, Ang. Lich. 41.

Exs: -Zw. 106. Schær. 644.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Germany, Italy, Pyrenees, Hungary, Liguria, Switzerland, Scandinavia.

Bot. Prov :- 7.

WALES: - Wood opposite Tanybwlch Hotel, Capel Curig!; Wood Glyn near Capel Curig! (1871).

54. V. linearis, Leight. greyish-white, thin, tartareous, effuse; apothecia very minute, black, hemispherical, slightly immersed, internally pale; perithecium very thick, dimidiate, incurved at the base, inner tunic pale; epithecium depressed, umbilicate; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, linear, rounded at the extremities, 3-septate.

On calcareous rocks, rare.

SYN: -Leight. Ang. Lich. 52. (1851).

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2791. small Verrucaria in fig. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 23. f. 1.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 1.

ENGLAND :- Chedder! Mr. Borrer.

55. V. pyrenophora, Ach. mouse-coloured, very thin, tartareous, continuous or rimulose, effuse, determinate; apothecia black, large, very prominent, sessile, conoideo-sub-truncate, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate; epithecium depressed, umbilicate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, broadly lineari-oblong, 3-septate; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine rocks, rare.

SYN:—Ach. L. U. 285. (1810.) Syn, 94. Leight. Ang. Lich. 76. and 54.

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 23. fig. 4. 5. 6.

Exs:—Leight. 139. Arn. 131. Hepp 97. 98. Anzi Langob. 286. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Sweden, Pyrenees, Austria, Hungary.

Вот. Рвоу:—1...7...11, 12...15...19...24...26... 28.

ENGLAND:—Nent Force! Cumberland. Mr. Robertson. Hartle-pool, Durham. Mr. Mudd. Starcross, Devon. Mr. Parfitt, Craigforda, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers and Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombie.
IRELAND:—Barnaghee Mountain! Dr. Taylor. Armagh. Adm.
Jones. Rosscarberry, Cork; Dromoland, Clare; Ballaghbeama Gap!
Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

WALES :- Llyn Aran! Cader Idris.

56. V. microcarpa, Dav. whitish, farinose or evanescent; apothecia black, very minute, solitary or congregated, hemispherical, sessile; perithecium dimidiate, black; epithecium poriform; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, broadly elliptico-oblong, 3-septate, \frac{2}{3} less than those of pyrenophora; gelatina hymenea vinousred with iodine.

On chalk, rare.

SYN:-G. Davies MS. in Herb. Borrer.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND :- Horton Downs ! Sussex. Mr. Davies.

57. V. rubella, Nyl. thallus none; apothecia palereddish or rufescent, tuberculoso-sphærical, prominent; perithecium dimidiate, colourless in lower portion; spores 100 or more, colourless, ellipsoid, 3-septate; paraphyses slender, elongate; filamenta ostiolaria distinct; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On trees, rare. 1866.

SYN: -Thelopsis, Nyl. Prodr. 196 (1857.) Crombie En. 123.

Fig :- Hepp Sporen. t. 80. f. 707.

Exs:—Nyl 98. Hepp 707. Zw. 50. Arn. 251.

GEOG. DISTRIB :-- France, Germany.

Bot. Prov:-15...19.

SCOTLAND:—Lanrick Castle! near Doune, Perthshire. Dr. A. Mc Kinlay. (1866).

IRELAND :- Dinis Island, Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

58. V. lectissima, (Frs.) pale-olive or cinereous-olive or rufous, thin, continuous or rimulose, sub-tartareous, effuse; apothecia pale-rufous or rufescent, immersed in prominent thalline verrucæ, hemispherical, papillose; ostiolum more or less denuded; epithecium a rather large depressed pore; perithecium dimidiate, rufous; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate; paraphyses distinct, slender; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On moist sub-alpine rocks, not frequent. 1836.

SYN:—Segestrella, Fries L. E. 430. (1831.) Nyl. Scand. 278. V. irrigua & erysiboda, Tayl. Leight. Ang. Lich. 56.

Fig: -Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 24. f. 4. & 6.

Exs:—Leight. 32. Anzi It. S. 394. Zw. 23. Larbal. 49. Schær. 285, Hepp 696.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Pyrenees, Germany, Switzerland, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:—1...7...16 . 18, 19.. 22...31.

ENGLAND: - Penzance! Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey.

SCOTLAND: - Appin and Lerwick in Shetland. Rev. J. M. Crom-

IRELAND:—Dargle river! eo. Wicklow; Carig Mountain!; Blackwater Bridge co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. (1836.) Turk Mountain; and Ballaghbeama Gap, Kerry. Mr. Carroll.

WALES:—Arddog! Rhaidyr Mowddach! Rev. T. Salwey. Fridddu! Aber Valley; Llyn Aran! and Llyn Cae! Cader Idris; Cell Fawr! Barmouth; Cwm Cywion! Glyder Vach; Llyn Cwlyd!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Rozel Valley! Noirmont! Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. leptalea, (DR. & Mnt.) "apotheciis rufis, admixtis aliis infuscatis."

On trees, rare. 1864.

Syn:—Biatora leptalea, D.R. & Mont. Fl. Alger. 1. p. 268. (1846.) Mnt. Syll. 339. Nyl. Prodr. 187. Pyr. 38.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Algeria, Aland, Norway.

Вот. Ркоу: -2.. 7...19.. 26...27.

ENGLAND :- New Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

WALES :- Wood opposite Tanybwlch Hotel, Capel Curig!

IRELAND:—Curraghmore. Adm. Jones. (1864.) Crosshaven, Cork; Killarney; Glenbower, Killeagh. Mr. Carroll.

V. chlorotica, (Ach.) olivaceo-fuscescent or cinerascent, thin, continuous, smooth, somewhat varnished or mucoso-gelatinous; apothecia black, minute, sessile, subhemispherical, convex, polished and shining, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate; epithecium a minute depressed pore; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate; gelatina hymenea yellow or untinged by iodine.

On rocks and trees, frequent,

SYN :- Ach. Syn. 94. (1817.) Nyl. Pyren. 36. Scand. 277.

Exs:—Zw. 152, 153, Mudd 288, Leight, 138,

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Italy, Scandinavia, America, Polynesia.

Bot. Prov :- 7...10...31.

ENGLAND :- Near Ayton!; Ingleby!; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Wales:—Between Corwen and Bala! Festiniog road! near Dolgelley.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—The Warren! Noirmont, Jersey; Jerbourg!

Guernsey. Mr. Larbalestier.

forma trachona, (Tayl.) olive-green or cinarescent, tartareous, thin, continuous or rimulose; sometimes subpulverulent; apothecia internally nigro-fuscous.

On sandstone rocks, frequent.

SYN:—Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 93. (1836.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 50.

Fig :—Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 22. f. 1. 2. Exs:—Arn. 17. Mass. 348. Hepp 695.

Geog. Distrib:—Bavaria, France, Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov:—1...8...19.
ENGLAND:—Torquay! Dr. Deakin, near Buxton! Dr. Holl. Batheaston! Mr. Broome. Penzance! Rev. T. Salwey. IRELAND :—Derriquin! Askew Wood! Dr. Taylor.

forma subintegra, Nyl. pale-cinereo-virescent, thin, tartareous, rimulose, indeterminate; apothecia moderate, somewhat convex and prominent, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate, much incurved at the base; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On granitic maritime rocks, rare.

SYN: - V. subintegra, Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 212.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 31.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Rozel; Noirmont; La Coupe! Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

forma carpinea, Scher. dark-opake-olive-green or brown, thin, continuous, effuse; apothecia minute, black, polished and shining, sessile, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-septate.

On trees, frequent.

SYN:—Schær. Spicil. 342. (1833.) V. fusiformis, Leight. Ang. Lich. 42. (1851.) Mudd Man. 301.

Fig;—Leight, Ang. Lich. t. 18, f, 2. Exs:—Leight, 99, Mudd 289, Zw. 39, B, D, 40, 42, 43, Arn. 181. 242. M. & N. 855. Schær. 525. Bohl, 82. Rabh. 759. Nyl. 96. GEOG. DISTRIB :- Germany, Bavaria, Switzerland, Sweden, France, Pyrenees.

Вот. Ркоу: -4, 2, 3...5 ..7...8...10...19...28...31.

ENGLAND:—Sowerdale! Airyholme Wood! Newton Wood! Cliffrigg! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Yoxall! Rev. Prof. Ch. Babington. Red hills, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Colne Engaine, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Shelton Rough! near Shrewsbury.

IRELAND :—Castlebernard Park! Bandon; Douglas near Cork; Dunscombe's Wood. Mr. Carroll. Armagh Demesne. Adm. Jones.

Wales :- Barmouth !; Gloddaeth ! Carnaryonshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Belcroute Bay, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. codonoidea, Leight. virescenti-olivaceous, thin, tartareous, rimulose; apothecia minute, black, polished, hemispherical, depresso-conical, papillate; perithecium thin, dimidiate, inner tunic black, internally pale; paraphyses distinct; spores linear, narrowed and rounded at each extremity, colorless, 3-septate.

On rocks, rare. 1850.

SYN :- Leight. Ang. Lich. 53. (1850). Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 23. f. 3.

GEOG. DISTRIB:- Ptaly. Вот. Ркоу: -2 ..5...8...10.

ENGLAND :- Isle of Wight! Rev. T. Salwey. Langbraugh-rigg near Ayton. Mr. Mudd. Charnwood Forest! Leicestershire, Rev. Prof. Ch. Babington. Haughmond Hill! (1850.) Craig-y-Rhiw! Oswestry.

Wales:—Craig Breidden!

#### \*\* Perithecium entire.

### § Spores colourless.

V. incavata, Nyl. greyish-white, thin, tartareofarinose, contiguous, smooth, sub-determinate; apothecia black, deeply immersed in the thallus and rock beneath, hemispherico-globose; perithecium entire; epithecium depressed with a large pore; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, elliptico-oblong or oblong, 3 septate, constricted.
On calcareous rocks, rare. 1859.

Resembling V. immersa in its habit and general external aspect.

SYN:-Thelidium, Mudd Man. 295. (1861).

Fig :- Mudd Man. t. 5. f. 122.

Exs: -Mudd 282.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov:-10, 11.

ENGLAND:—Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Bilsdale, Yorkshire; Castle Eden Dean, Durham. Mr. Mudd.

61. V. marina, (Deak.) dark-greenish-black, sub-gelatinous, smooth, continuous, effuse, nigro-limitate; apothecia black, immersed in the thallus, excessively minute and numerous; ostiolum slightly elevated; epithecium large, impressed, umbilicate; perithecium entire, black, thin; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, lineari-cblong, 1- or 3-septate, very minute; gelatina hymenea rubescent with iodine.

On submerged maritime rocks, rare. 1854.

SYN:—Sagedia, Deakin in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, vol. 13. p. 40. (1854).

Fig :—Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. l. c. t. 4. f. 13.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-1.

ENGLAND: —Meadfoot; near Torquay, Devon. Dr. Deakin. (1854.)

62. V. dubiella, Nyl. cinerascent, cartilaginous, granulato-unequal, sub-crenate ("an proprius"?); apothecia black, small; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblong or ovoideo-oblong, 3-septate, small; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On mosses amongst mountains, probably parasitic, rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl, in Flora 1865. p. 356, Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland:—Loch-na-Cat, north side of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

63. V. epigæoides, Nyl. pallido-virescent, macular; apothecia black, chiefly immersed; perithecium black in the upper portion, fuscescent in the immersed part;

paraphyses slender; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 3-septate.

On the earth in sub-alpine localities, rare. 1865.

Similar to V. epigæa, but smaller.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 329. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 5. 259.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 24.

IRELAND:—Cliffs of Moher co. Clare. Mr. Carroll. (1865).

64. V. melathelia, (Nyl.) thallus scarcely any, chroolepoid; apothecia black, tuberculose, prominent, rugoso-irregular; epithecium not always distinct; perithecium ellipsoid, nigricant or rufescent, entire; spores innumerable, ellipsoid or oblong, indistinctly 3-septate; paraphyses slender; filamenta ostiolaria slender; gelatina hymenea blue then dark-violet with iodine.

On mosses amongst alpine schistose rocks, rare. 1864. Syn:—Thelopsis, Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 258. Carroll in Seem.

Journ. Bot. 3. 293.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND: —Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1864); Craig Calliach, Breadalbane. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

# §§ Spores fuscous.

65. V. nitida, (Weig.) pale-yellow or olive or olive-brown, waxy, continuous, smooth, more or less polished, with scattered whitish minute protuberances; apothecia black, large, immersed in, or invested by the thallus, hemispherico-globose; ostiolum black, more or less denuded; perithecium entire, black; epithecium large, depressed, umbilicate; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, brown, elliptical or oblong, slightly tapering towards each apex, 3-septate, cells angulari-nucleolate; gelatina hymenea untinged by iodine.

On trees, frequent. 1783.

Syn:—Sphæria, Weigel. Obs. p. 45. (1772.) Verrucaria, Schrad. Journ. 1801. 1. p. 79. Ach. L. U. 279. Nyl. Pyren. 45. Scand. 279. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2607. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 15. f.

3. Tul. Mem. t. 2. f. 6. 8. Exs:—Schær. 111. Bohl. 106. Zw. 30. Leight. 27. Larbal. 48.

Anzi Ital. S. 391. M. & N. 365. Welw. Lusit. 55. Geog. Distrib :—Switzerland, Germany, Italy, Portugal, Pyrenees, Sweden, Hungary, Himalaya, N. Zealand, Cuba. Bot. Prov:—1, 2, 3, 4, 5...7, 8...10, 11...14, 15, 16...30,

ENGLAND:—Oswestry! Shropshire. Rev. T. Salwey. Gopsal! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. New Forest! Hants. Mr. Lyell. Epping Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Helks Wood, Ingleborough. Dr. Carrington. Clifton near Bristol. Miss Atwood. Castle Eden Dean, Durham; Bilsdale, York. shire; Kildale, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Budleigh Salterton, Devon. Dr. Dickie. Kelvedon, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Midland Counties. Mr. Purton. Pophills, Warwickshire. Rev. W. S. Rufford. Oxford. Mr. Baxter. Cambridgeshire. Rev. R. Relhan. Plymouth. Mr. Holmes.

Scotland:—Auchindenny Wood. Dr. Greville. Lochaber; Appin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND: —Redhall! co. Antrim. Mr. Thompson. Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay.

WALES :- Near Harlech! Mr. T. Brittain. Gloddaeth! near

Conway; near Dolgelley!

CHANNEL ISLANDS: - Jersey! Guernsey; Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. nitidella, Flk. pale-yellow, very thin; apothecia one half the size of those of nitida.

On trees, frequent.

SYN: -Flk. D. L. 10. (1821.) Nyl. Pyr. 45. Scand. 279.

Exs:—Zw. 30. B. 32, Welw. Lusit. 29, Leight. 28, Larbal. 99. Anzi Ital. S. 392, Hepp 958.

GEOG. DISTRIB]:—Germany, Portugal, Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, Cuba, Ceylon.

Вот. Ркоу:-1.. 7...10...(19—30). 31.

ENGLAND:—Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. Kildale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haldon, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. near Lyndhurst, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :—On trees, frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales :- Gloddaeth! near Conway.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:—Guernsey; Šark; Rozel, St. Peter's and St. Lawrence, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

66. V. glabrata, Ach. whitish, pale-yellow or greyish, thin, membranaceous, opake; apothecia black, moderate, semi-immersed, hemispherico-conoid; ostiolum denuded; perithecium entire, black; epithecium a minute pore; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, 3-septate or 4-locular, smaller than in nitida; gelatinahymenea yellowish with iodine.

On smooth barks, rare.

SYN: - Ach. Syn. 91. (1867.) Nyl. Pyren. 47. Prod. 128.

Exs :- Hepp Sporen t. 25. f. 227.

Exs :- Schær, 110. M. & N. 950. Zw. 34,

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Germany, France, Italy, Hungary, N. America, New Zealand.

Bot. Prov .- 19.

IRELAND:—Glengariff; Lough Inchiquin; Glencar co. Kevry; Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

Var. dermatodes, Borr. cream-coloured, very thin, determinate; apothecia half the size of those of glabrata.

On smooth barks, rare.

SYN:—Borr. in E. Bot. Suppl. 2607. (1829.) Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2.
 87. Leight. Ang. Lich. 36. V. glabratula, Nyl. in Flora 1867. p.
 330. V. achroopora Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 179.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2607. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 15. f. 4.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—New Zealand.

Bor. Prov: -1...3...19.

England:—Red Hills, Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Rivenhall, Essex. Mr. Varenne.

IRELAND:—Near Bantry! Miss Hutchins. (1829.) near Killarney. Sir T. Gage. Askew Wood near Sneem. Dr. Taylor.

67. V. peripherica, (Tayl.) apothecia small, prominent, semi-immersed, conoid, black; perithecium entire; spores 8, fuscous, constricted in the middle, formed of 2 short obtuse cones set base to base, each cell septate.

On mountain rocks, rare. 1836.

SYN: - Verrucaria, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 97. (1836.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 48.

Fig:—Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 21. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-7...19.

IRELAND: —Carig Mountain! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. (1836). WALES: —Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey.

# D. Spores 3-5-septate.

# \* Perithecium dimidiate.

68. V. albissima, (Ach.) creamy-white, very thin, membranous, effuse, smooth; apothecia black, elliptical, hemispherico-conoid, sessile; perithecium dimidiate, black; epithecium poriform; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, colourless, acicular, more or less curved, 3 or 5-septate.

On birches &c. rare. 1850.

Syn:—Nyl. Scand. 282. (1861.) V. epidermidis var. albissima, Ach. L. U. 276. (1810.) Syn. 89. V. oxyspora, Nyl. Pyr. 61.

Exs:—Nyl. 149. Mudd 299. Fellm. 223. Schær. 107. 108. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Sweden, Austria, Hungary, France, Switzerland, E. Lapland.

Вот. Ркоу .—3...5...7...10...19.

ENGLAND:—Hoggarts Wood!; Ingleby; Baysdale; and near Ayton; Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Pod's Wood, Messing, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Alberbury! Shropshire. (1850).

SCOTLAND:—Castleton of Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie. IRELAND:—Killarney; Little Island, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Dolgelley!

69. V. platypyrenia, Nyl. effuse; apothecia plane, at first hypophlæodal, opake; paraphyses soft, irregular or indistinct; spores colourless or in age fuscescent, oblong, 3-5-septate.

On trees, rare, 1865.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 358. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :- 19.

IRELAND:—Ballyedmond co. Cork; Old Dromore, Kerry; Glenbower, Killeagh, Mr. Carroll. (1865).

#### \*\* Perithecium entire.

70. V. furvescens, Nyl. fuscescent or olivaceo-fuscescent, granulato-unequal, thin, opake, effuse, not continuous; apothecia innate, moderate, the conical apex emersed; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses slender, crowded; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-5-septate.

On minute mosses on schistose earth in alpine locali-

ties, very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl, in Flora 1864. p. 256. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3, 293.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland: -Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1864).

71. V. desistens, Nyl. evanescent; apothecia minute; perithecium entire, upper portion convex, fusiform, prominent; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 3-5-septate, straight; gelatina hymenea vinousred with iodine.

On old trees, very rare. 1867.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 180. Carroll in Seem. Journ, Bot. 5. 260.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND: -Turk Mountain, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

E. Spores 5-septate.

72. V. perminuta, Deak. dark-olive-green, thin, con-

tinuous, uneven, rugose and warty, indeterminate; apothecia brownish-black, scattered or confluent, minute, prominent, hemispherico-globose, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate, incurved at the base; inner tunic thin, black; epithecium a minute pore; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, 5-septate.

On maritime rocks, rare. 1854.

Closely allied to V. chlorotica var. trachona, Tayl.

SYN:—Deakin in Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 2. vol. 13. p. 32.

Fig :- Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. l. c. t. 2. f. 6.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-1.

ENGLAND: Torquay! Devon. Dr. Deakin. (1854.) Penzance, Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey.

73. V. horistica, Leight. rufous or rufo-ferruginous, thin, sub-tartareous, smoothish, with numerous dirty palewhitish-yellow soredia, limited by conspicuous elevated thickish nigro-fuscous lines resulting from the confluence of the hypothallus of many adjacent thalli; apothecia nigro-fuscous or black, scattered, few, hemispherical, depressed, umbilicate, sessile; perithecium nigro-fuscous, dimidiate; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, narrowly or attenuato-fusiform, 5-septate.

On shaded shaly mountain rocks, not common. 1871.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe,

Bot. Prov:-7.

Wales:—Wood opposite Tanybwlch Hotel, Capel Curig!; Llyn Cwlyd! (1871).

# F. Spores 7-septate.

### \* Perithecium dimidiate.

74. V. lucens, Tayl. olivaceo-fuscescent or cinereo-fuscescent, thin, tartareous, minutely rimulose or continuous, nigro-limitate; apothecia black, prominent, shining, conico-hemispherical, solitary or clustered, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate, black, thick, inner tunic pale-brown; epithecium depressed, umbilicate; paraphyses very slender, filiform, numerous; spores 8, colourless, broadly elongato-fusiform, 7-septate, at least 4 times the size of those of V. chlorotica.

On siliceous slate and basalt, rare. 1836. Syn:—Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 257. (1836.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 55. Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 24. f. 2.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND:—Lough Finnehy; Blackwater Bridge! co. Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Croghane; Killarney. Mr. Carroll.

75. V. lactea, Körb. cream-coloured, thin, effuse; apothecia black, minute, sub-innato-sessile, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate, incurved at the base, black; epithecium poriform; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, broadly lanceolato-fusiform, 5-7-septate; gelatina hymenea brownish or yellow with iodine.

On trees, very rare.

SYN: -Sagedia lactea, Körb. Syst. Lich. 366. (1855).

Exs: -Zw. 44.

GEOG. DISTRIB: —Germany, Hungary, Switzerland.

Bot, Prov: -2.

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Herb. Hooker.

76. V. olivacea, Borr. nigrescenti-olivaceo-virescent, sub-tartareous, continuous or rimose, indeterminate; apothecia dull-black, opake, rugose, invested by the thallus, hemispherico-globose, internally pale; perithecium dimidiate, black; epithecium a minute pore; spores 8, colourless, singularly elongato-clavato-fusiform, 7-septate, large.

On trees, rare. 1829.

SYN:—Borr in E. Bot. Suppl. 2597. (1829.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 42. Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2597. fig. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 18. f. 1.

Exs :- Leight, 199, Mudd 290.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: —2...5...8 ...10, 11...19.. 24 ...26, 27.

England:—Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1829.) Gopsal! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Airyholme!; Easby Wood! Skutterskelf! Ayton! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Northumberland and Durham. Mr. Winch. Haughmond Hill!; Alberbury! Shropshire.

IRELAND; —Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Bantry. Miss Hutchins. Killaloe, co. Clare!; Loughcooter, Galway; Muckruss, Killarney; Tullagreen and Ballyedmond, Cork. Mr. Carroll.

\*\* Ponithearum entine

# \*\* Perithecium entire.

77. V. leptospora, Nyl. fuscescent, very thin or obsolete; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, fusiform, elongate, 7-septate.

On holly, very rare. 1864.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 487. Crombie En. 117. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Portugal.

Вот. Prov:—19.

IRELAND: - Dinis Island, Killarney. Mr. Carroll, (1864.)

G. Spores murali-locular.

\* Perithecium dimidiate.

§ Spores fuscous.

78. V. umbrina, Whlnb. fuscescent or fuscous-black, crustaceous, thin, opake, smoothish or granuloso-unequal, rimulose or sub-areolato-rimulose, diffuse; apothecia innate in prominent mastoid thalline tubercules; perithecium dimidiate, black; inner tunic pale-brown; paraphyses none; spores 2, dnll-green or fuscous, linearioblong, rounded at each extremity, murali-locular, large.

On rocks in rivers and sub-alpine lakes, not common. SYN: -Whlnb. Fl. Suec. 871. pr. p. (1824.) Nyl. Scand. 269. Endocarpon lithinum and fissum, Leight. Ang. 19. & 20. Verrucaria fissa, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 95.

Fig :—Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 6. f. 1. 2. 3. Exs :—Leight, 98. Zw. 105. 313, 27. Hcpp 103. 101. 949. Anzi It. S. 397, 399, Arn. 125,

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Germany, Italy, Hungary, Europe, Pyrenees, Scandinavia, Himalaya, N. America.

Вот. Ркоу:--7...11...15...19 ..30.

ENGLAND:—High Force, Teesdale! Durham. Rev. J. Harriman. SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. Ben-y-gloe; Craig Tulloch. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND :- Near Ardglass co. Down. Dr. Maingay. Carig! Kerry. Dr. Taylor. Sunday's Well Weirs, Cork. Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Rocky bed of river Dee at Llangollen! Denbighshire.

V. scotinospora, Nyl. whitish, scarcely any, or evanescent; apothecia large, prominent, sessile, convexoconical, black; epithecium large, conspicuous, umbilicatodepressed; perithecium dimidiate, very thick, nearly entire, inner tunic black; paraphyses none; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, murali-locular, cells irregular, moderate; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, very rare. 1860.

SYN:-Nyl. Scand. 270. (1861.) Mudd Man. 282.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov: -7...15.

SCOTLAND: Ben Lawers!; Head of Loch-na-Cat. Adm. Jones. (1860.) Summit of Craig-na-Calliach. Dr. Maingay.

WALES: - Cwm Cywion, ! Glyder fach ; Crib Goch! Snowdon:

80. V. isidioides, Borr. yellowish-brown, crustaceous, rimoso-areolate, areolæ verrucose, convex, protuberant, crowded and difformed, smooth, opake; apothecia dark-brown, immersed in the depressed apex of the thallodal verrucæ; ostiolum plano-convex, denuded, dark-brown; epithecium a simple pore; perithecium dimidiate, dark-brown, inner tunic pale-brown; paraphyses conglutinate; spores 8, lineari-oblong, tapering towards each obtuse apex, colourless, 7-septate when young, ultimately fuscous and murali-locular, large; gelatina hymenea untinged with iodine.

On subalpine rocks, very rare. 1830.

SYN:—Borr.! in E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2622. (1830.) Leight. Ang. Lich, 20.

Fig:—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2622. f. 1. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 6. f. 4. Geog. Distrib:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-19.

IRELAND: —Glengariff! near Bantry. Miss Hutchins. (1830).

81. V. subpyrenophora, Leight. tawny-cinereous, crustaceous, thin, rimulose, minutely granulato-areolate, (K—C—); apothecia large and conspicuous, black, conical or conico-hemispherical, the base only enveloped by the thallus, papillate or with a small pore; perithecium dimidiate, black; paraphyses very slender, distinct; spores 8, at first colourless, ultimately fuscous, elliptico-oblong, murali-locular, large.

On subalpine rocks, rare. 1871.

Somewhat externally like *V. verrucoso-areolata*, but distinct in having paraphyses and in the spores being two-thirds less in size.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES: - Cwm Cywion, ! Glyder fach. (1871).

# §§ Spores colourless.

82. V. intercedens, Nyl. cinerascent or cinereo-fuscescent, tartareous, thin, contiguous or rimulose; apothecia
large, convexo-conical, prominent, basally immersed, black;
epithecium large, conspicuous, umbilicato-depressed; perithecium dimidiate; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless,
elliptical, murali-locular, cells irregular, moderate; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine schistose rocks, rare. 1864.

SYN: - Nyl. Pyren. 33. (1858.) Scand, 276. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 292,

Fig: —Hepp Sporen t. 51. f 445, central spore.

Exs:-"Hepp 445." Arn. 146.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Sweden, Switzerland, Pyrenees, Germany.

Bot. Prov :- 2...15.

ENGLAND: - Downs, Sussex. Mr. Larbalestier.

SCOTLAND: Ben Lawers. Messrs. Jones & Carroll, (1864.)

83. V. fusco-argillacea, (Anzi.) fusco-cinerascent or albido-cinerascent, thin, effuse, minutely rimulose or verrucoso-subareolate, unequal, at length farinaceous; apothecia black, moderate, numerous and crowded, sessile, innate at the base, hemispherical; perithecium dimidiate, thickish, black, inner tunic very thin, black; epithecium poriform, depressed or umbilicate; paraphysesnone; spores 8, colourless, rotundato-ellipsoid, muralilocular, rather small; gelatina hymenea reddish with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1870.

SYN:—Polyblastia, Anzi Symbola. 26. (1864).

Exs:—Anzi Langob. 368. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

SCOTLAND:—Craig Tulloch, ! and at base of Ben-y-gloe, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1870).

84. V. Carrollii, (Mudd.) greyish-white or cream-colour, thin, determinate, membranaceo-cartilaginous, smooth, contiguous or slightly rimulose; apothecia minute, innate in elevated thalline protuberances, solitary, hemispherico-subdepressed; ostiolum somewhat rugulose, rounded or slightly depressed; epithecium obsolete; perithecium dimidiate, brownish-black, inner tunic pale; paraphyses distinct, capillary, flexuose; spores 6-8, pale-yellow, elliptico-oblong or obovate, irregularly murali-locular, very variable in size.

On young ash trees, and sandstone, very rare.

1861.

SYN: -Sphæromphale, Mudd Man. 283. (1861).

Fig ;-Mudd Man. t. 5, f. 115.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—19...24...28.

IRELAND: - Rostellan, Cork Harbour; and Castleconnel, Limerick; Ballaghbeama Gap, Kerry; Dinis, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1861.) Armagh Demesne. Adm. Jones.

### \*\* Perithecium entire.

# § Spores fuscous.

85. V. tristicula, Nyl. fuscous, slightly granulose, effuse; apothecia black; perithecium ellipsoid, entire, black, firm, rugulose, subconically prominent; epithecium punctiformi-impressed; paraphyses none; spores 1, fuscous, oblong, murali-locular; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On mosses, very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 356. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 24.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Bor. Prov :- 19.

Scotland: -Avienore in Strathspey. Adm. Jones. (1864).

86. V. terebrata, (Mudd.) dirty-white or smoky-brown, tartareous, thin, contiguous or evanescent; apothecia deeply immersed in the rock, small, plane or sub-convex; perithecium entire, black, inner tunic dark-brown; paraphyses none; spores 4-8, fuscescent or fuscous, oblong or ovate, murali-locular.

On calcareous mountain rocks, rare.

SYN:—Sphæromphale, Mudd Man. 281. (1861.) Verr. umbrina var. calcarea, Nyl. Pyren. 21. in part.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France. Bot. Prov:—10...15...30.

ENGLAND: - Penhill, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker.

SCOTLAND: -Near Castleton; Morrone, Braemar, Adm. Jones. IRELAND: -Glenarm, Antrim. Adm. Jones.

87. V. rupifraga, (Mass.) darkly cinereo-albescent tartareo-farinose, pulverulent, effuse; apothecia black, entirely immersed in the rock, sphærical; perithecium entire, black; ostiolum plane or plano-convex; epithecium a minute pore; paraphyses none; spores 4 (—6—8 Mass.) fuscous, ovoid or ellipsoid, murali-locular, large; gelatina hymenea vinous with iodine.

On calcareous rocks, rare. 1869.

SYN: -Mass. Symm. p. 100. (1855.) Crombie En. 109.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Italy, Bavaria.

Вот. Ркоу:—15.

Scotland:—Craig Guie, Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombic. (1869.)

88. V. nigrata, Nyl. fuscous-black, thin, areolato

unequal, sub-granulose, effuse; apothecia black, immersed, small; ostiolum black, somewhat prominent, planoconvex; epithecium impressed; perithecium entire; paraphyses distinct, short, dissolving; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid, irregularly murali-locular, small; gelatina hymenea dull-blue-green, then vinous-red-yellow with iodine.

On mossy earth in alpine places, very rare. 1860. Syn:—Nyl. Prodr. 184. (1857.) Sphæromphale, Mudd Man. 283. Geog. Distrib:—Pyrenees.

Bot. Prov:-15.

SCOTLAND: -Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1860.)

89. V. Henscheliana, (Körb) cinereo-fuscous or nigrofuscous, effuse, thin, tartareous, unequal; apothecia
black, large, sub-globoso-tuberculiform, somewhat conical,
sessile; epithecium papillate with a simple conspicuous pore;
perithecium entire, nigro-fuscous; paraphyses slender,
diffluent; filamenta ostiolaria distinct; spores 8, large,
oblongo-ellipsoid, irregularly murali-locular, at first colourless or fuscescent, ultimately fuscous; gelatina
hymenea pale-vinous with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose alpine rocks, not unfrequent.

SYN:—Sphæromphale, Körb. S. L. G. 336. (1855.) Sporodictyon, Körb. Parerg. 332.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Germany.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland:—Ben Voirloch! Dr. Stirton. (1869.) Craig Tulloch! Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

90. V. theleodes, Smrft. creamy-white, thick, tartareous, ruguloso-areolate, with large, scattered, rugose, prominent verrucæ; apothecia very large, inclosed in the thalline verrucæ; ostiolum black, more or less denuded, depressoconvex; epithecium perforate, simple; perithecium entire, black, very thick; paraphyses none; filamenta ostiolaria very large and distinct; spores 8, dark-brown, broadly ellipsoid, murali-locular, very large; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On micaceo-schistose alpine rocks, rare. 1860

SYN:—Smrft. Lapp. 140. (1826.) Schær. Enum. 215. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3, 292.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Norway.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND: —Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1860.) Craig Guie. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

forma verrucoso-areolata, (Schær.) similar to the type, but with a dimidiate perithecium and spores so dark in an old state as to make the muriform divisions almost invisible.

On micaceo-schistose alpine rocks, rare. 1860.

SYN:—Lecanora atra var. verrucoso-areolata, Schær. Enum. 37. (1850.) Verrucoria, Nyl. Pyren. 34. Scand. 270. Sphæromphale, Mudd Man. 282. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 292.

Fig:—Mudd Man. t. 5. f. 119.

Exs: --Schær. 538. Anzi Langob. 236. Geog. Distrib: --Switzerland, Hungary.

Bor. Prov : -15.

Scotland: -Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. (1860).

A forma inundata, Nyl. in litt. occurs on sandstone rocks, rare, at Ballaghbeama Gap, Kerry. Mr. Carroll. and in a stream at Cromaglown, Killarney. Adm. Jones.

91. V. sub-umbrina, Nyl. fusco-cinereous or cinereo-fuscescent, thin, rimose, determinate; apothecia moderate, mastoideo-prominent, covered by the thallus, ostiolum denuded; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, fusco-nigrescent, ellipsoid, murali-locular, large.

On schistose rocks in subalpine streams, rare. 1864. Syn:—Nyl. in Ofvers. V. Ak. Förh. 1860. p. 296. Scand. 269. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 292.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Scandinavia.

Вот. Ркоу:-15...22.

SCOTLAND:—Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1864.) Gorchlochan, shores of Perth or Inverness. Mr. Larbalestier.

IRELAND; —Tonlagee co. Wicklow. Mr. Archer.

92. V. pituphloia, Leight. evanescent; apothecia black, moderate, scattered, hemispherico-conoid, sessile, prominent; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, fuscous, elliptico-oblong, 5-septate, murali-locular; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On larch poles, rare. 1861.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -5.

ENGLAND: -Shrewsbury, ! Shropshire. (1861).

93. V. pyrenuloides, (Mnt.) var. Hibernica, Nyl. similar to V. nitida, but with aggregate apothecia and multilocular fuscous spores 4-8, cells in 12 or more

plurilocular series; gelatina hymenea and asci slightly vinous-red with iodine.

On hazel, very rare. 1867.

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1868. p. 193. Crombie En. 118.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:-19.

IRELAND: Turk Mountain and Eagle's Nest, Killarney. Mr. Carroll. (1867).

94. V. Sendtneri, (Kphbr.) albido-cinereous, cartilaginous, incrusting, contiguous, squamuloso-effigurate, smooth and unequal; apothecia black, minute, globose, immersed, then emergent; epithecium umbilicate; perithecium black, entire; spores 8, pallido-fuscescent, ovoid, murali-locular; paraphyses none; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On mossy earth in alpine regions, rare. 1865.

Syn:—Polyblastia, Kphbr. in Flora 1855. p. 67. Verrucaria, Nyl. Pyren. 33. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 292.

Fig:-Hepp Sporen t. 51. f. 447.

Exs:—Hepp 447. Arn. 130. Anzi Langob. 220. GEog. DISTRIB:—Switzerland, Bavaria, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу:-15.

Scotland:—Summit of Ben Lawers. Messrs. Jones & Carroll. (1865).

95. V. pallida, (Ach.) pallido-rufescent or fuscescent, squamulose, squamæ imbricate, flexuose, lobate, subcrenate; apothecia minute, immersed; ostiolum protruded, prominent, brownish-black; epithecium a simple pore; perithecium entire, dark-brown; spores 2, pale-yellow, lineari-oblong, 1-septate, murali-locular, large.

On earth-covered rocks, very rare. 1813.

SYN:—Endocarpon, Ach. L. U. 301. (1810.) Syn. 100. Leight. Ang. Lich. 19. Verrucaria, Nyl, Prodr. 178. Pyren. 20. Scand. 268.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 2541. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 5. f. 3. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Sweden, Algeria, N. America, Bot. Prov:—19.

IRELAND: - Southern portion! Sir T. Gage. (1813),

96. V. Garovaglii, Mnt. fuscescent, crustaceo-concrescent, squamulose, squamules small, closely adnate, slightly elevated, lobed and crenate at the circumference; apothecia minute, immersed; ostiolum prominent, naked, black; epithecium a simple pore; perithecium entire, black;

paraphyses none; filamenta ostiolaria minute, slender, crowded; spores 2, green or pale-yellowish-brown. lineari-oblong, 1-septate, murali-locular, large.

On earth-covered maritime rocks, very rare. 1809. Syn:—Mnt. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3. vol. 11. p. 59. (1849.) Nyl. Pyren. 20. V. sorediata, Borr. in E. Bot, Suppl. 2612. Leight. Ang. Lich. 18.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2612. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 5.

f. 2.

Exs:—Nyl. 90. Hepp 100. Zw. 210. Arn. 99. Th. M. Fr. 22. Geog. Distrib:—France, Switzerland, Germany, Bavaria, Sweden, Hungary.

Bot. Prov :- 2...4.

ENGLAND:—Thetford. Mr. Turner. (1809.) Rottingdean Cliffs! Sussex. Mr. Borrer.

# §§ Spores colourless.

97. V. hymenogonia, Nyl. whitish or pale-grey, very thin, leproso-tartareous or evanescent; apothecia moderate, prominent, semi-immersed, convex; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, linearioblong, murali-locular, often 1-septate; gonidia hymenea oblong, green; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On mortar and calcareous rocks, not common. 1830. Syn:—Nyl. Prodr. 185. (1857.) Pyren. 32. Verr. muralis, Leight.

Ang. Lich. 46.

Fig :—E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2647. f. 2. Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 20. f. 1. GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Belgium, Italy.

Bot. Prov :—1. 2, 3...5...7...15...19.

ENGLAND: —Sussex! Mr. Borrer. (1830.) Exeter, Mr. Parfitt. Messing, Kelvedon; Mistley, Essex. Mr. Varenne. Wenlock! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Morrone, Adm. Jones. Craig Guie, Braemar. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Glanmuir!; near Riverstown, Cork. Mr. Carroll.
WALES:—Bridge below Llyn Bodlyn! Merionethshire. Rev. T.
Salwey. Aberdovey! Rev. A. Bloxam.

98. V. inumbrata, Nyl. fuscescent or darkly cinereofuscescent or dark-tawny, thin, effuse, unequal, often dispersed; apothecia moderate, covered with the thallus; ostiolum naked; epithecium most minute, generally impressed; perithecium entire, black; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid or ellipsoid, murali-divided; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

On alpine micaceo-schistose rocks, very rare. 1864

SYN:-Nyl. in Flora 1864. p. 255. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 3. 292.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov:—15.

SCOTLAND: -Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1864.)

# H. Parasitic species.

\* Perithecium dimidiate.

# § Spores colourless.

99. V. allogena, Nyl. apothecia black, at length prominent; perithecium black, dimidiate, the immersed or lower portion nearly colourless or slightly fuscescent; paraphyses distinct; spores 8, colourless, oblong, 1-septate, in form and size like those of V. epidermidis.

Parasitic on thallus of Lecidea excentrica, on micaceo-

schistose alpine rocks, very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 357. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. vol. 4 p. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—15.

SCOTLAND: -Near summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

100. V. endococcoidea, Nyl. apothecia black, minute, endococcoid; immersed portion of the perithecium thin and fuscous, upper visible portion somewhat convex; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid, 3-septate, pale blue with iodine; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

Parasitic on thallus of Lecidea excentrica, (Ach.) in

alpine localities, very rare. 1865.

Syn:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 356. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe. Bot. Prov:—15...19...23.

SCOTLAND:—Near summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1865). IRELAND:—Killarney and near Dublin, Adm. Jones.

### §§ Spores fuscous.

101. V. microstictica, (Leight.) apothecia black, very minute, immersed or semi-immersed; ostiolum black, plano-convex; epithecium a minute pore; perithecium dimidiate, brown; paraphyses distinct, flocculose, branched, entangled; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate, minute.

Parasitic on thallus of Lecanora cervina, rare. 1856.

Possibly only a fungillus.

SYN: -Endocarpon, Leight. Exs. 317. (1858).

Exs.:—Leight. Exs. 317. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES: -Borthwen! Barmouth. (1856).

102. V. hetairizans, Leight. apothecia black, minute, immersed; perithecium black, dimidiate; ostiolum minute, denuded, black; epithecium minute, impressed; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, fuscous, linear, rounded at each extremity, 3-septate, constricted.

Parasitic on thallus of Verrucaria submersa, Borr

E. Bot. Suppl. 2768, rare. 1851.

In my Ang. Lich. I must have taken this for the mature state of the spores of *V. submersa*, which are as represented in E. Bot. Suppl. 1. c. Recent re-examination shews me that there are two lichens consociated on the same thallus. Possibly the present one may be only a fungillus.

SYN: -V. margacea, Leight. Ang. Lich. p. 62. excl. syn. (1851).

Fig :- Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 26. fig, 3. E.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 2.

ENGLAND :- Sussex! Mr. Borrer.

# \*\* Perithecium entire.

# § Spores colourless.

103. V. superposita, Nyl. apothecia black, turgid; perithecium entire, black; epithecium impressed; paraphyses none; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 1-septate; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

Parasitic on Verrucaria theleodes, Smrft. very rare.

1865.

"Not unlike V. Borreri, in miniature."

SYN:—Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 357. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4. 25.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bot. Prov :- 15.

Scotland:—Near the summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1865).

104. V. innata, Nyl. apothecia innate, minute; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses few, irregular or scarcely any; spores 8, colourless, ovoid, 1-septate; gelatina hymenea untinged or lutescent with iodine.

Parasitic on thallus of Lecidea Hookerii, Schær. in alpine localities, very rare. 1865.

SYN:—Nyl, in Flora 1865. p. 358. Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot.

4. 26.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Bor. Prov :- 15.

SCOTLAND: - Summit of Ben Lawers. Adm. Jones. (1865).

105. V. epipolytropa, (Mudd.) apothecia black, very minute, numerous, irregularly scattered, immersed or semi-immersed, globose, internally pale; ostiolum denuded, plano-convex, slightly shining; epithecium minutely poriform; perithecium entire, of a bluish-green hue; paraphyses distinct, slender, branched; spores 4, 6 or 8, colourless, oblongo-subclavate, 1-septate, constricted, minute, very similar in form to those of V. epidermidis; gelatina hymenea rubescent with iodine.

Parasitic on Lecanora polytropa and intricata and

Squamaria saxicola, rare. 1861.

Syn:—Thelidium, Mudd Man. 298. (1861)

Exs:-Mudd 287.

GEOG, DISTRIB: -7...10.. 15.

ENGLAND: - Cliffrigg!; Ayton Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

SCOTLAND :- Highlands. Adm. Jones.

WALES :- Cwm Glas! Snowdon.

# §§ Spores fuscous.

106, V, haplotella, (Nyl.) apothecia minute, convex, prominent, aggregate, black; perithecium entire; spores numerous, pallido-nigrescent, ellipsoid or oblong, simple.

Parasitic on Opegrapha varia f. diaphora, very rare. Syn:—Endococcus, Nyl. in Flora 1867. p. 180. Crombie En.

122.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Denmark, Madeira.

Вот. Ркоу :-19.

IRELAND :- Muckruss Demesne, Killarney, Mr. Carroll.

107. V. ventosicola, (Mudd.) apothecia minute, semiimmersed in minute thallodal verrucæ, globose, black; perithecium entire; spores 30-50, fuscous, elliptical or oblong, 1-septate.

Parasitic on Lecanora ventosa, very rare. 1861.

SYN: -Microthelia, Mudd Man. 307. (1861).

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Exs: -Mudd 300. on Leight. 9.

Вот. Ркоу: -7...10.

ENGLAND :- Kildale Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd.

WALES :- Penmaenmawr! Carnaryonshire.

108. V. calcaricola, (Mudd.) apothecia of medium size, sessile or slightly immersed, globose, black; perithecium entire; spores 8, fuscescent, elliptico-oblong, 1-septate, large.

Parasitic on Lecanora cinerea, calcarea and gibbosa.

SYN: -Microthelia, Mudd Man. 306. (1861).

Fig :- Mudd Man. t. 5. f. 128.

GEOG. DISTRIB:-Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -2...5...15...23.

ENGLAND: -Near Lewes, Sussex. Mr. Unwin. Spout Valley, Long Mynd! Shropshire.

Scotland :- Near Ben Lawers and Morrone. Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

IRELAND :- Killiney. Adm. Jones.

109. V. gemmifera, Tayl. apothecia minute, semiimmersed, sub-hemispherico-globose, black; perithecium entire; epithecium depressed; spores 8, fuscous, broadly oblong, 1-septate, minute.

Parasitic on Lecidea contigua, frequent 1836.

SYN: - Verrucaria, Tayl. Fl. Hib. 2. 95. (1836.) Leight. Ang. Lich. 47.

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 29. f. 3.

Exs:-Leight. 137.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу: -1...5...7...10...15...19.

England:—Craigforda! near Oswestry, Shropshire; Penzance, Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey, Guisbro' Moor, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :- Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Portree. Rev.

Prof. Ch. Babington.

IRELAND :- Dunkerron! Dr. Taylor. (1836).

WALES:—Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Glyder Vach! Snowdonia. Llyn Cae! Cader Idris.

110. V. perpusilla, (Nyl.) apothecia very minute, immersed, globoso-depressed, black; epithecium large; perithecium entire; spores 8, fuscous, oblong, 1-septate.

Parasitic on Lecanora cinerea, rare. 1869.

SYN:—Endococcus, Nyl. Prodr. 193. (1861.) Crombie En. 123. GEOG. DISTRIB:—France.

Bor. Prov: -7...15.

SCOTLAND :- Ben Cruachan. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales: - Llyn Cae! Cader Idris. (1869).

111. V. erratica, (Mass.) apothecia minute, semiimmersed or sub-emersed, globose, black; perithecium entire; spores numerous, fuscous, broadly elliptical, half the size of those of V. gemmifera.

Parasitic on Lecanora calcarea, Lecidea lapicida,

Lecanora polytropa &c. not unfrequent. 1851.

Syn:—Tichothecium, Mass.! Neag. p. 9. (1854.) Endococcus, Nyl. Scaud. 283. Verrucaria gemmifera var. Leight. Ang. Lich. 47. Microthelia pygmæa, Kbr. Mudd Man. 307.

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 20. f. 4.

Exs: -Arn. 247. Anzi Langob. 289. Anzi Venet, 161.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—France, Italy, Pyrenees, Germany, Bavaria, Asia minor.

Bot. Prov :- 5 ..7...10, 11...15...18, 19...28.

ENGLAND: - Durham! Rev. J. Harriman. (1851.) near Battersby, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Long Mynd! near Church Stretton; Caer Caradoc! Shropshire.

Scotland:—Loch Coriskin! Skye. Rev. Prof. Churchill Babington. Head of Loch-na-Cat; Braemar. Adm. Jones. Grampians,

Breadalbane aud Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Sheep walk, Armagh; Killiney; Dublin; Cusquniny; Cork Harbour. Adm. Jones. Mangerton. Mr. Carroll.

WALES: - Crib Goch! Snowdon; Corwen!; very summit of

Snowdon! Barmouth! Cader Idris north side!

112. V. rimosicola, Leight. thallus none; apothecia black, minute, sessile, hemispherical, somewhat shining; perithecium entire, black; epithecium a very minute pore; paraphyses none; filamenta ostiolaria none; spores 8, fuscous, oblong or lineari-oblong, 3-septate, constricted, minute; gelatina hymenea vinous-red with iodine.

Parasitic on Lecidea excentrica, frequent. 1856.

SYN:—Leight. Exs. 253. (1856.) Mudd Man. 308. V. advenula, Nyl. in Flora 1865. p. 606.

Fig :—Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 2. vol. 13. t. 3. f. 10. Exs:—Leight. 253. Mudd 301. Anzi Langob. 370, Arn. 379. Hepp 947.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -- Germany, Italy.

Вот. Ркоу: —5...10...15, 16...19.. 26...27.

ENGLAND: - Carlton Bank! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Penhill, Yorkshire. Mr. Baker. Wrekin Hill! Shropshire. (1856).

SCOTLAND :- Ben Lawers! Adm. Jones. Appin. Rev. J. M.

Crombie,

IRELAND: -Killarney. Adm. Jones. Loughcooter, Galway. Mr., Carroll.

113. V. nigritella, Nyl. black, magmoid (probably not the proper thallus but only algæ); apothecia black, small; perithecium entire, black, somewhat prominent; epithecium scarcely impressed; paraphyses none; spores 8, fuscous, ellipsoid or oblongo-ellipsoid, variously or murali-locular, small, (like those of Urceolaria scruposa.)

On the thalline squamæ of Verrucaria tephroides,

very rare. 1864.

SYN:—Nyl, in Flora 1865, p. 357, Carroll in Seem. Journ. Bot. 4, 25.

Fig:-Leight. Ang. Lich. t. 11. f. 3. B.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe.

Вот. Prov :--15.

Scotland: -Summit of Ben Lawers. Mr. Carroll. (1864).

### V. STRIGULA, Fries.

Thallus hypophlæodal. Apothecia solitary, subinnate; perithecium sub-globose, collapsing, at length dehiscent by an irregular fissure or pore; nucleus gelatinous when moist, black and rigid when dry; paraphyses indistinct. Spores colourless, 3-septate.

1. S. Babingtonii, Berk. greyish, thin, filmy; apothecia dark-brown or nearly black, minute, scattered, depressed; spores 8, colourless, sub-cymbiform, 3-septate.

Parasitic on coriaceous perennial leaves, as laurel, box, arbutus, rare.

SYN: -Berk. E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2957. (1849.) Leight. Ang. Lich.

70.

Fig :- E. Bot. Suppl. t. 2957.

Exs:—Leight. 35.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Вот. Ркоу:—2 ..4.. 8...10, 11.

ENGLAND:—Cambridge! Rev. Prof. Ch. Babington. Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Hurstpierpoint! Mr. Mitten. Ormesby! Cleveland; Rokeby, Durham. Mr. Mudd.

### VI. MELANOTHECA, Fée.

Thallus scarcely any. Apothecia verrucaroid, not simple but numerous, 3-10 or more confluent, hymenia scarcely distinct; perithecium black. Spores 8, variously internally divided.

1. M. gelatinosa, (Chev.) pallescent, macular, deter-

minate; apothecia round or oblong, opake, depressed, unequal, internally white; perithecia numerous, minute; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ovoid, 3-septate, small; paraphyses none; hypothecium colourless.

On young trees, frequent.

Syn:—*Arthonia*, Chev. Journ. Phys. 1822. p. 54. Nyl. Pyren. 70. Exs:—Leight. 223. 358. Mudd 232, Rabh. 780.

GEOG. DISTRIB: -Switzerland, France.

Bot. Prov:—1. 2...5...7...10...15...(19—30)...31.

ENGLAND: -Sussex! Mr. Borrer. Baysdale! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd, Torquay! Dr. Deakin. Stableford! Shropshire.

SCOTLAND :—Glen Cluny, Braemar ; Glen Lochay, Breadalbane.

Rev. J. M. Crombie.

IRELAND:—Not frequent. Mr. Carroll.

Wales: - Woods at Glyn! and opposite Tanybwich Hotel, Capel Curig!

Channel Islands:—Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier,

M. diffusa, Leight. pallido-glaucescent or pallidocinerascent, diffuso-macular, indeterminate; apothecia large, irregularly round, or lineari-oblong, numerous, diffuse and sub-confluent, opake, depressed, unequal, internally colourless; perithecia numerous, prominent and large; spores 8, fuscous, lineari-oblong, 1 septate, constricted in the middle, large.

On young trees, rare. 1865.

GEOG. DISTRIB: Europe.

Bot. Prov:-7.

WALES: -Nant-Gwynant! Snowdon. (1865.) wood opposite Tanybwlch Hotel, Capel Curig!

### VII. ASTROTHELIUM, Eschw.

Perithecia several, stellato-congregate, their ostiola converging into one common central poriform epithecium.

1, A. parmularia, (Berk.) pale-yellow, thin, membranous, continuous, smoothish and shining; apothecia enclosed in upraised prominent thallodal verrucæ; perithecium entire, black; paraphyses indistinct; spores 8, fuscous, broadly lineari-oblong, 1-septate, large.

On young oaks, very rare. 1851.

Syn: -Sphæria parmularia, Berk. in Hook. Journ. 1851. p. 19. GEOG. DISTRIB :- South of France.

Bot. Prov: -2.

England: -New Forest, Hants. Rev. M. J. Berkeley. (1851)

#### ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

Page 7. CHLOREA. This genus should be omitted, as it is very doubtful if it has ever been found in Great Britain. No authenticated British specimens exist in any public or private herbaria. The lichen which the older lichenists termed *Lichen vulpinus*, is now ascertained to be *Physcia flavicans*.

Page 11. Gonionema velutinum, Cwm Bochlwyd! Cwm Idwall!

Cwm Cywion! Aran Mowddy!

Page 11. Spilonema paradoxum, Cwm Cywion! Cwm Fynnon lloer!

Page 12. Ephebe pubescens, Cwm Bochlwyd! Pass of Llanberis!

Page 17. Collema chalazanum, Eglswg rocks!

Page 18. Collema pulposum, common on all the Channel Islands. Mr. Larbalestier. Llanyblodwell Rocks! Llanymynech Hill! Shropshire.

Page 20. Collema cheileum, common on all the Channel Islands,

Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 20. Collema melænum, La Moie, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Page 21. Collema crispum, L'Etacq, Jersey: and also a var. cristatulum Nyl. in Herm. Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 22. Collema plicatile, Jersey, rare. Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 22. Collema microphyllum, St. Martin's Quenvais, Jersey, Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 25. Collema nigrescens, Jersey and Guernsey, frequent;

Seigneurie, Sark. Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 25. Collema flaccidum, St. Martin's Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Llanyblodwell rocks!

Page 26. Collema aggregatum, near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

Page 26. Collema multipartitum, Eglswg rocks! Llanymynech Hill!

Page 26. Collema psorellum, above Loch-na-cat. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 31. Leptogium subtile, near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombic. Page 32. Leptogium lacerum, Eglswg rocks! Llanymynech Hill!

var. pulvinatum, Eglswg rocks!

Page 34. Leptogium lacerum, var. fimbriatum, Hoffm. (Fl. Germ. 104 Dill. t. 19. f. 31. c.) lobes broader and more entire, margins densely fimbriate and ciliate, ciliæ excessively branched. Killin. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 34. Add *Leptogium microscopicum*, Nyl, (Prodr. 26, Syn. 122. t. 4. f. 17) olivaceo-nigricant, most minutely fruticulose, effuse, branched, erect, unequally terete, branchets elongato-papillate,

sterile. This I have seen from the Channel Islands collected by Mr. Larbalestier, and have myself gathered it on Llanymynech Hill, Shropshire, but always sterile. Probably only a diminutive state of L. lacerum.

Page 34. Leptogium palmatum, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M.

Crombie.

Page 35. Leptogium rhyparodes, for 1864 read 1863. Above Loch-na-cat. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 38. Sphinctrina turbinata, Capel Curig, N. Wales!

Page 42. Calicium brunneolum, New Forest. Rev. J. M Crombie.

Page 43. Calicium trachelinum, Braemar, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Edderton! Montgomeryshire.

Page 44. Calicium curtum, Rozel, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Falls of Bruar, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Llanyblodwell rocks!

Page 45. Calicium subtile, New Forest. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Pophills. Mr. Purton.

Page 45. line 12, erase "obsolete."

Page 45. Calicium citrinum, Stavely near Kendal, Westmoreland, and Dent, Yorkshire. Mr. Martindale. Glen Fender, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 46. Coniocybe furfuracea. Blair Athole, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Broomhall, near Oswestry! Edderton! Montgomeryshire.

Page 48. Trachylia tigillaris, Colchester. Rev. J. M. Crombic,

Felixstow, Suffolk, Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 48. Trachylia tympanella, Jersey. Mr. Larbalestier. Haughmond Hill!

Page 50. Sphærophoron coralloides, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney and Sark, Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 53, line 2. for "Ireland" read "Scotland."

Page 53. Bæomyces placophyllus. Longmynd!
Page 54. Bæomyces icmadophilus under Fig. read Nyl. Syn. t.
6. f. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11 and t. 7. f. 2. Ardingley, Sussex, Mr. Larbalestier.

Page 55. Pycnothelia papillaria, Wales, Llyn Crafnant!!

Page 57. Cladonia cervicornis, Llyn Crafnant! Cwm Cywion!
Page 64. Cladonia degenerans, every where common in the
Grampians. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 67. et passim, for Basingstoke, Kent, read Hants.

Page 68. Cladonia deformis, for E. Bot. t. 1394 read t. 1374. Hay Coppice, Herefordshire! Rev. T. Salwey.

Page 70. f. polydactyla, for Leight. 174 read Leight. 274. Page 75. Cladonia uncialis, Capel Curig! Llyn y Cwn! and

var. turgescens, Cwm Idwall!

Page 76. Pilophoron fibula, add to Geog. Distrib. Lapland, and see Nyl. Lapp. Or. 179. Scotland, Morrone, Ben Cruachan. Rev. J. M. Crombie. near Cuchullin Hills, near Sligachan, Isle of Skye! Mr. Piggot, Wales, Cwm Cywion! Cwm Fynnon lloer! Cwm Clyd!

Page 77. Stereocaulon coralloides, Capel Curig (fruit)! Cwm Cywion! Aran Mowddy!

Page 78. Stereocaulon denudatum. Cwm Idwall!

Page 78. Stereocaulon alpinum. Braemar. Adm. Jones.

Page 79. Stereocaulon condensatum. Cwm Bochlwyd! Crib Goch! Snowdon.

Var cereolinum. All the English and Scotch localities very doubtful, the plant being probably Pilophoron fibula.

Page 79. Ben Lawers (3800 feet); for Aumbree read Amulree.
Page 80. Stereocaulon nanum. Llanymynech! Long Mynd!
Shropshire.

Page 81. In all the species of Roccella the chemical reaction

should be C not K.

Page 81. Mr. Crombie (in litt) says "Roccella tinctoria not sufficiently typical in Britain."

Page 83. Thamnolia vermicularis, Grampians, Rev. J. M. Crom-

bie.

Page 87. Alectoria bicolor, Cwm Tryfaen! Aran Mowddy! Twll Du!

Page 88. Alectoria sarmentosa, Mr. Crombie (in litt) says "I think I saw a specimen of this in Dickson's Herbarium from Scotland."

Page 89. Alectoria jubata, for Knack Hill, Crieff, read Knock Hill; Longmynd!

Page 90. Evernia furfuracea, for "Crainlorich" read "Crian-

larich."

Page 91. Evernia prunastri, var stictocera, add for fig. Westring Faergh. t. 11. C. Mr. Parfitt (in litt) says, "The habits of this plant in this locality (Exmouth) so far as I know, have not been described. The plant grows attached to the stems and branches of Erica tetralix, and nearly all the branches of the Evernia, but more particularly in the largest plants become decumbent and attach themselves to the branches of the Erica, also and in every instance where this is the case the apices secrete those dark disks. An examination of these dark dots under a high magnifying power, shows them to be composed of a number of minute hyaline filaments surmounted with a dark brown grumous mass of cells which are more or less tenacious or glutinous when moist and adhere firmly to anything to which they may attach themselves."

On the thallus of *E. prunastri*, I found at Nescliffe Hill and the Wrekin, Shropshire, sparingly, the dark fuscous prominent cepha-

lodia mentioned in Nyl. Syn. 285.

Page 91. Dr. Nylander's Monograph of the genus Ramalina brings into use new and overlooked characters, and enables us to

arrange the species more accurately thus :-

1. R. thrausta (Ach.). Pale straw-colour, filiformi-terete or subterete, here and there compressed, somewhat shining, very slenderly divided and excessively branched, capillari-attenuate and interwoven at the apices; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; apothecia unknown.

On old firs and sandy soil in subalpine regions. rare. (1860).

SYN:—Alectoria thrausta, Ach. L. U. 596, Syn, 294. R. thrausta, Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 18; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 94. in part; Not. Lich. 35; Crombie in Journ. Bot. n. s. 1. 71.

Exs:—Fries, L, S. 267.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe.

Scotland;—Coast of Kincardineshire, Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1860.)

2. R. calicaris (Hffm.). Pale glaucous-grey, albescent, or albido-flavescent, rigescent, erect, dichotomously branched; laciniæ linear, compressed, elongated, attenuated at the apices, longitudinally lacunoso-canaliculate; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; apothecia terminal, subtended by the deflexed and elongated extremities of the laciniæ: receptacle rugose beneath; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoid, straight, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale or colourless receptacles.

On trees, common.

Syn:—Lobaria calicaris, Hffm. Fl. Germ. 139. R. fastigiata, var. calicaris, Ach. L. U. 604, Syn. 297. R. calicaris, var. canaliculata, Fr. L. E. 30. R. calicaris, Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 33; Leight, Lich. Fl. G. B. 92. Not. Lich. 35. Crombie in Journ, Bot. n. s. 1. 71.

Fig:—Dill. t. 23, f. 62, A, B; Moris. 3, § 15, t. 7. f. 5; Ach.

Act. Holm. 1797, t. 9, f. 1, 1.

Exs:-M. & N. 452; Mudd, 44; Welw. Lusit. 42.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South America.

ENGLAND:—New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Airyholme woods! Ayton, Yorkshire, Mr. Mudd. Oswestry!, Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Culverhouse and Exmouth Warren! Devon, Mr. Parfitt. Shropshire generally!

SCOTLAND: - Ayrshire!, Mrs. Dobie. Johnstone Hill, Forfar!

Dr. Gilchrist.

Wales.—Llandrindod!, Radnorshire, Rev. T. Salwey.

Var. subampliata, Nyl. Laciniæ of thallus broader and more dilated, similarly to R. fraxinca, longitudinally nervoso-rugose, lacunose and canaliculate; apothecia marginal and terminal; receptacle rugose; spores straight.

On trees.

Syn:—Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 34 (1870). Leight. Not. Lich. 35.

Fig :—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 9, f. 1, G, K.

Exs:—Anzi Lich. Ital. Sup. 63; Anzi Langob. 419.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- France, Portugal, Algeria, East Indies.

England:—Yorkshire! Mr. G. Dixon. Exminster! Devon. Mr. Parfitt. Near Lyndhurst, New Forest, Rev. J. M. Crombic. Llanyblodwell rocks!

Var. subfastigiata, Nyl. Similar in general appearance to R. fastigiata; apothecia terminal; receptacle rugose; spores straight.

On rocks and trees.

SYN: -Nyl. Mon, Ramal, 34 (1870), Leight. Not. Lich. 35.

Fig :-Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 9. f. 1, H.

Exs: - Welw. Lusit. 44; Maudon Mad. 24.

Geog. Distrib :—France, Portugal, Madeira, North America. IRELAND .—Rocks near Coachford, 11 miles west of Cork!, Mr. Carroll. near Fermoy!, Mr. Chandler.

Wales: - Llandrindod!, Rev. T. Salwey.

Mr. Crombie, l.c. mentions a somewhat unusual state, with laciniæ much attenuated (f. attenuata, Cromb.) in New Forest; and also a singularly exspitose condition with very short and crowded laciniæ from Swanston wood, near Edinburgh. Mr. Sadler.

3. R. farinacea (L.). Whitish, pale straw-coloured or glaucescent, erect, subrigescent, dichotomously branched; laciniæ linear, elongated, undulato-attenuated at the apices, compressed, plane and polished, sometimes sublacunose, canaliculate with white, oblong, more or less confluent soredia on the edges; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; "apothecia testaceopallida vel glaucescentia, receptaculo infra lævi; sporæ ellipsoideo-oblongæ vel fusiformi-ellipsoideæ, rectæ" (Nyl. Mon. 35); spermogonia in pale or colourless receptacles.

On trees and palings frequent. I have never seen any specimens

in fructification.

Syn:—Lichen farinaceus, Linn. Fl. Suec. ed. 2, 1089. R. farinacea, Ach. L. U. 606, Syn, 297; Nyl. Mon. Ramal, 34; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 93; Not. Lich. 35. Crombie in Journ. Bot. n. s. l. 71.

Fig: -E. Bot. t. 889; Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 1.

Exs:—M. & N. 356; Anzi Etr. 6; Anzi Ital. Sup. 67; Schær. 494; Mudd 45.

GEOG. DISTRIB :- Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South Ame-

rica, Polynesia, Australia.

England:—Norfolk, Rev. H. Bryant. Clapham Park Wood, Bedfordshire, Rev. C. Abbot. New Forest, Mr. Lyell. near Newton! and Kildale! Cleveland, Yorkshire!, Mr. Mudd. Oswestry!, Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Thirsk!, Yorkshire, Mr. Baker. Stoke Wood! Exeter, Mr. Parfitt. Shomere woods!, Haughmond Hill! Shropshire; Dinmore Wood!, Herefordshire.

Scotland:—Balthayock woods!, Perth, Dr. Lindsay, Ayr-

shire!, Mrs. Dobie.

IRELAND:—Fermoy!, Mr. Chandler. Dunkerron, Dr. Taylor. WALES:—Carmarthenshire, Mr. Forster. Glynn, near Capel Curig!

Very variable; many forms, minute in size, frequently occur,

but scarcely worth distinguishing.

When the soredia in R. farinacea are touched with K they exhibit no reaction or only sometimes a very faint yellow, which, on the

immediate application of C becomes of a full yellow.

4. R. fraxinea (L.). Pale straw or yellowish, or glaucescent, pendulous, straggling, subrigescent; laciniæ compressed, more or less broadly applanato-dilated, lacunose, longitudinally rugose or nervose, elongated and attenuated at the apices; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; apothecia large, marginal and superficial,

brownish-yellow or glaucescent; receptacle rugose or plicato rugose; spores 8, colourless, oblong, curved, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles.

On trees, very common.

SYN: -Lichen fraxineus, Linn. Fl. Suec. ed. 2, 1091. R. fraxinea, Ach, L. U. 602, Syn. 296; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 36; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 94; Not. Lich. 35; Crombie in Journ. Bot. n. s. 1. 72.

Forma typica tæniæformis, Ach. Laciniæ moderately dilated, very much elongated, attenuate at the base and apex, longitudinally rugose or nervoso-plicate.

SYN:—R. fraxinea, var. tæniæformis, Ach. L. U. 603; Nyl

Mon. Ramal. 37.

Fig.—E. Bot. t. 1781; Westr. Faergh. t. 12, c.

Exs: -Anzi Ital, Sup. 60, and 59, A, B. D; Mass. Ital. Anzi, 116; M. & N. 158 (two lower specimens); Schær. 492; (left-hand specimen).

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, Africa, North and South Ameri-

ca, Polynesia, Australia,

ENGLAND:—Cambridgeshire, Rev. R. Relhan.

Wales .- Llandrindod!, Rev. T. Salwey; Edderton Wood!,

Montgomeryshire.

Forma ampliata, Ach. Laciniae excessively and very broadly applanato-dilated, lacunose, longitudinally coarsely rugose or nervose, and transversely subreticulato-rugose, apices obtuse and deformed.

SYN: -R. fracinea, var. ampliata, Ach. L. U. 603; Nyl. Mon.

Ramal, 37.

Fig:—Hoffm. Pl. Lich. t. 18; Dill. t. 22. fig. 59, c.

Exs: -Anzi Ital. Sup. 62, 59, c; Schær. 492 (right-hand specimen); M. &. N. (upper specimen); Leight. 38; Mass. 119, 118, A; Mudd. 42; Bohl. 21.

Geog. Distrib :- Europe.

England:—Charnwood Forest!, Leicestershire, Rev. A. Bloxam. Thirsk!, Yorkshire, Mr. Baker. Oswestry!, Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. near Ayton!, Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Exminster! Devon, Mr. Parfitt. near Shrewsbury!, Pulley!, Llany-blodwell rocks!, Shropshire; Dinmore Wood!, Herefordshire.

Scotland:—Invercantd!, Braemar. Dr. Lindsay.

5. R. fastigiata (Pers.). Pale yellowish straw-colour, small,

densely caspitose, lacinia subcompressed, dilated and inflated upwards, smooth and somewhat lacunose and nervoso-rugose; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K —; apothecia terminal, peltatosessile, subfastigiate, subtended by the very short, deformed, divaricate extremities of the lacinia; receptacle plicato-rugose; spores 8, colourless, ellipsoideo-oblong, straight, curved and gibbous, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles.

On trees, common.

Syn: -Lichen fastigiatus, Pers. in Uster. N. Ann. Bot, i p. 256. R. fastigiata, Ach. L. U. 603, Syn. 296; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 39; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 94; Not. Lich. 35; Crombie. l. c.

Fig:—E. Bot. t. 890 (lower left-hand fig.); Dill. t. 23. f. 62, c; Ach. in Act. Holm. 1797, t. 9. f. 1, B, E; Westr. Faergh, t. 12. f. E.

Exs:—Bohl. 22; Leight. 39; Larbal. 60; Mudd 43; Welw. Lusit. 41; M. & N. 452; Anzi Etr. 5; Anzi Ital. Sup. 64.

GEOG. DISTRIB: - Europe, Asia, Africa, North America.

ENGLAND:—Bedfordshire, Rev. C. Abbot. Charnwood Forest!, Leicestershire, Rev. A. Bloxam. Oswestry!, Shropshire, Rev. T. Salwey. Ayton!, Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Pulley!, Haughmond Hill!, Lyth Hill!, near Shrewsbury!; Llanyblodwell Rocks!, Shropshire; Dinmore!, Herefordshire.

SCOTLAND :- Kinnoul Hill!, Perth ; Yester House!, Hadding-

ton, Dr. Lindsay.

IRELAND:—Great Island!, Cork, Mr. Carroll. Wales:—Edderton Wood!, Montgomeryshire.

CHANNEL ISLANDS; Jersey!, Sark!, &c. Mr. Larbalestier.

Of this lichen Dr. Nylander remarks  $(l.\ c.)$ :—"Vix est nisi varietas  $R.\ fraxinex$ , thallo magis contracto et subfastigiato-diviso vel laciniis subfastigiatis. Sporæ magis typice curvulæ quam in  $R.\ calicari$ , quæ certe arctissime affinis, et forsan hæ ambæ aliæque cohabitantes sæpe hybridas proferant formas intercedentes, quarum determinatio aliquando nonnihil incerta maneat; typus tamen

sæpius notis datis sat facile est agnoscendus."

6. R. polymorpha, Ach. Pale straw-colour or glaucescent, rigid, small, robust, densely cæspitose, sublineari-laciniate; laciniæ dilatato-compressed, coarsely longitudinally striato-rugose and sublacunose, subopake, globuloso-granuloso-sorediate; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; apothecia marginal or sub-terminal; receptacle rugoso-unequal or nearly smooth; spores 8, colourless, oblongo-ellipsoid or oblong, nearly straight or straight, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles.

On maritime rocks, frequent.

SYN:—R. polymorpha, Ach. L. U. 600, Syn. 295; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 50; Crombie, l. c. 72.

Fig :—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 3.

Exs:—Fries, L. S. 144.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa.

Forma ligulata, Ach. Laciniæ thick, rigid, cartilaginous, either plane and nearly simple or broader and deformed, and covered with sorediate pustules.

On maritime rocks.

Syn:—R. polymorpha, var. ligulata, Ach. Syn. 295; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 51; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 92.

Fig:—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 3, A, B, E, F, K.

Exs: Mudd, 47; Leight. 73.

ENGLAND:—Roseberry Topping!, Howden Gill!, Cleveland, Mr. Mudd. Whitsuncliffe!, near Thirsk, Yorkshire, Mr. Baker. Shanklin Church!, Isle of Wight, Rev. T. Salwey. Bovisand, Plymouth! Mr. Holmes. Caer Caradoc!, Shropshire.

SCOTLAND: - Coast of Kincardineshire, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

I have never seen any fructification.

Forma emplecta, Ach. laciniæ attenuate, excessively branched, acuminate and granulate at the apices.

On rocks.

SYN:—Ach. Syn. 295; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 51. Fig:—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 3. c. p. z.

SCOTLAND:—Morrone and Craig Tulloch!, Rev. J. Crombie.
CHANNEL ISLANDS: The Warren! Noirmont, Jersey. Mr.
Larbalestier.

Forma depressa, Cromb. Caspitose, laciniæ short, stunted, adnate.

. On maritime rocks.

SYN:—Crombie in Journ. Bot. n. s. 1. 72.

ENGLAND:—Polperro and Tintagel, Cornwall; between Brighton and Portsdown, Mr. Forster.

SCOTLAND: - Coast of Kincardineshire, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

CHANNEL ISLANDS :- Guernsey, Rev. T. Salwey.

7. R. pollinaria, Ach. Pale straw-colour or whitish, or albidoglaucescent, densely caspitose, membranaceo-laciniose; laciniae short, dilated and compressed, somewhat shining, sublacunose or lacunose-corrugate, flaccid, covered with broad, white, farinose-sorediate, confluent patches; cortical layer filamentose; medulla K—; apothecia marginal and terminal; receptacle unequal; spores 8, colourless, oblong, straight or gibbous, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles.

On trees, palings, rocks, &c.

Syn: -R. pollinaria, Ach. Syn. 298; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 52; Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 95; Not. Lich. 35; Crombie, l. c. 73.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Africa.
Forma elatior, Ach. Laciniæ suberect, elongate, plane, sublinear, attenuate and albo-pulverulento-sorediate at the apices.

Fig:—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 2, A, B, C, F. Exs:—Schær. 393; Hepp 564, 565; M, & N. 546.

ENGLAND:—Near Hastings, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Plymouth!

Mr. Holmes. Haughmond Hill!, Shropshire.

Forma humilis, Ach. Membranaceo-dilated, laciniose, with broad, confluent, powdery white soredia.

Fig :—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797. t. 11. f. 2, D.

Exs:—Mudd 46, in part.

England:—Ingleby!, Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Walthamstow, Essex. Mr. Forster. Tunbridge Wells. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

If the soredia of R. pollinaria be wetted with K it immediately sinks just like water would do, but producing no reaction either on them or on the thallus.

8. R. evernioides, Nyl. pale straw-colour or whitish, membranaceous, dilated and compressed, flaccid, subopake, frequently
reticulato-rugose or reticulato-scrobiculate, or slightly rugulose, or
here and there plane, variously laciniate, laciniæ difformed with
broad white farinoso-sorediate confluent patches or denudations of
the cortical layer; cortical layer thin, amorphous; medulla K—;

"apothecia pallido-testacea vel pallido-glaucescentia; receptaculum subtus rugosum"; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles.

On trees, palings, &c.

SYN:—Nyl. Prodr. Gall. Alger. 47; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 55; Crombie, l. c. 73.

Fig:—Ach. Act. Holm. 1797, t. 11. f. 2, E. E. Bot. 1607;

Dill. Musc. t. 21, f. 57, c. D.

Exs:—Mudd. 46 in part. Leight. 41. GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia. Africa.

ENGLAND:—Testwood Park, New Forest. Mr. Lyell. Near Lyndhurst, New Forest! Rev. J. M. Crombie. (1866); Gopsall! Leicestershire. Rev. A. Bloxam. Ingleby! Cleveland. Mr. Mudd. Stoke Wood! Exeter. Mr. Parfitt. Isle of Wight. Rev. T. Salwey. Haughmond Hill! Shropshire.

IRELAND :- Near Beltast. Dr. Taylor.

Probably common in Great Britain but confounded with R, pollinaria. If the soredia of R. evernioides be touched with K they are unaffected, but if immediately afterwards they are wetted with C, it sinks immediately just as water would do, but producing no reaction of colour either on them or on the thallus, thus distin-

guishing it from all states of R. pollinaria.

9. R. scopulorum, (Dicks.). Pale straw-colour, rigid, cartilaginous, shining; laciniæ elongate, linear, subtereti-compressed, simple, or branched at the apex, attenuate; cortical layer solid, external portion amorphous, internal portion filamentose; medulla K yellow, then ferruginous-red; apothecia marginal and subterminal; receptacle nearly smooth; spores 8, colourless, oblong, straight, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colourless receptacles, sometimes nigricant.

On maritime rocks, rare.

SYN:—Lichen scopulorum, Dicks. Crypt. Brit. 3. 18. R. scopulorum, Ach. L. U. 604, Syn. 297; Nyl. Mon. Ramal. 58, Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 91 (in part); Not. Lich. 35; Crombie, l. c. 74.

Fig-E. Bot. 688; Nyl. Syn. t. 8. f. 29.

Exs:—Larbal. 13; Bohl. 112, Geog. Distrib:—Europe, Africa.

England:—Lamorna Cove, Cornwall. Mr. Knapp. Lands' End. Messrs. Turner and Sowerby. South Coast of England. Mr. Foster. Leigh Tor. Devon. Dr. Holl.

Scotland:—Mr. Dickson (l.c.). Isle of Arran, Mr. Lyle. Kin-

cardineshire and Orkney, Rev. J. M. Crombic.

IRELAND:—Ardglass, Down, Mr. Lyle. Wales:—Aberystwith. Mr. Foster.

CHANNEL ISLANDS: -Grosnez Common, Jersey! Mr. Larbalestier.

Var. subfarinacea, Nyl. M.S. very similar in general external appearance to R. farinacea, but the soredia and medulla K yellow then ferruginous-red.

On subalpine rocks, not common.

SYN :- Crombie, 1, c. 74.

England: - Langbraugh, Cleveland, Yorkshire! Mr. Mudd. Blackingston Rocks! Devon, Mr. Parfitt. Malvern Hills, Dr. Holl, Plymouth! Mr. Holmes. Longmynd! Shropshire.

Scotland: — Portlethen, Kincardineshire. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Kinnoul Hill, Perth. Dr. Lindsay.

10. R. cuspidata (Ach.). Pale straw-colour, rigid, cartilaginous. shining; laciniae elongate, linear, compressed, more or less longitudinally striato-nervose, lacunose and sorediato-tuberculate, simple or dichotomously branched; cortical layer solid, external portion amorphous, internal portion filamentose; medulla K-; apothecia marginal and subterminal; receptacle smooth; spores 8, colourless, oblong, straight, 1-septate; spermogonia in pale colorless receptacles.

On maritime rocks, frequent.

Dr. Nylander (l. c.) remarks :- "Forsan non vere specie differat a R. scopulorum, tamen præsertim ob reactionem kalicam deficien-

tem, seorsim hic est exponenda."

SYN: - R. scopulorum, var. cuspidata, Ach. L. U. 605, Syn. 297. R. scopulorum, Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 91 (in part); Not. Lich. 35; R. cuspidata, Nyl. Mon. Ramal, 60. Crombie, l. c. 74.

Fig :-Ach. Act. Holm. 1797. t. 9. f. 2, B; Dill. t. 17. f. 39, A. Exs:—Th. M. Fries, 1; Anzi Ital. Sup. 69; Schær. 554; Hepp, 837; Leight. 2; Rabh. 864.

GEOG. DISTRIB:—Europe, Asia, Africa, North America.

England: - Yorkshire!, Mr. Dixon. Blackingstone rocks!, Lustleigh Cove! Babicombe! Devon, Mr. Parfitt. Membrie, Devon, Dr. Holl, Boyisand, Plymouth! Mr. Holmes.

SCOTLAND: -Kincardineshire! Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Wales:—Near Aberystwith, Mr. Foster. Bardsey Island, Carnarvonshire! Mr. Johnston. South Stacks! Holyhead.

Page 97. F. 2 crispa, Moel Goch, Cwm Cywion!

Mr. Plowright has sent me specimens gathered by himself at North Wootton Common, Norfolk, where he states the lichen is abundant, and that North Wootton Church which is exactly intermediate between the Common and the Sea is only 33 feet above the level of the sea.

Page 97. C. Delisei. Fig. Westr. Faergh. t. 16. c.

Page 97. Cetraria aculeata f. muricata, Cwm Cywion!

Page 99. Platysma triste, fruit, Cwm Tryfaen! Glyder Fach!

Cwm Fynnon lloer!

Page 100. Platysma sæpincola, Mr. Crombie (in litt.) says "most of the localities no doubt referable to ulophylla. specimen of the type in Herb. Brit. Mus."

Page 102. Platysma glaucum, Capel Curig! Wrekin! Aran

Mowddy!

Page 102. Platysma pinastri, Ravine of St. John, Cornwall. Rev. T. Salwey.

Page 105. Nephromium parile, Drwsynant!

Page 106. Nephromium lusitanicum, Glyn! near Capel Curig (fruit).

Page 107. Peltigera aphthosa, Eglswg rocks!

Page 108. Peltigera rufescens, Barmouth! Rev. T. Salwey. Craigforda! Llanymynech Hill! Grinshill!

Page 112. Solorina saccata, Glyn! near Capel Curig.

Page 113. Solorina limbata, Mr. Crombie (in litt) says "I doubt if after all this is the plant of E. Bot. 1374. The figure is very unlike as to the thallus. No specimen in Herb. Sowerby, in Brit. Mus."

Page 115. Stictina limbata, Glyn! near Capel Curig; Drwsynant!

Page 116. Stictina fuliginosa, Glyn! near Capel Curig; Drwsynant!

Page 118. Sticta pulmonacea, Glyn! near Capel Curig. Page 122. Parmelia caperata, Glyn! near Capel Curig.

Page 122. Parmelia olivacea, add to diagnosis: -thallus smooth

or minutely corrugate or sometimes varnished.

Exs:—dele Bohl. 86. Schær. 370. 371. Anzi. Ven. 20. Mass. 167 Scotland:—dele Fort Augustus, Caledonian Canal. Dr. Lindsay Var. exasperata, add, thallus subopake.

Exs:—Add Schær. 370 right hand specimen.

England: —Wilcot! Shropshire. Scotland: —Fort Augustus, Caledonian Canal! Dr. Lindsay.

Var. prolixa—Exs. add Hepp. 715.

Var. dendritica, (Pers.) castaneo-fuscous, or badio-nigricant, stellato-orbicular, appressed, laciniæ narrow, imbricated, variously divided, multifid, subteretely convex, flexuose, incurved, under surface nigricant.

On rocks.

SYN :- Persoon in Acta Soc. Wetterav. 2. p. 16.

Exs:—Anzi Venet. 20. Leight. 365. England:—Caer Caradoc! Shropshire. Wales:—Moel-y-Golfa! Montgomeryshire.

Page 124. Parmelia lanata, Cader Idris! Rev. T. Salwey.
Page 128. Parmelia cetrarioides, Capel Curig! Drwsynant!

Page 128 Parmelia perlata & var. ciliata, Glyn, near Capel

Curig!

Page 128. 7\* P. hyperopta (Ach.) albido-cinerous, membranaceous, closely adherent, laciniato-lobate, central lobes somewhat convex, rugoso-plicate; soredia roundish, elevated, albo-pulverulent; lobes of the circumference linear, plane, naked; medulla K—; apothecia scattered, brown and shining, margin crenulate, spores 8, colourless, linear-oblong, simple, curved, lunulate or falcate, minute.

On pine trees, rare. 1870.

SYN: -Ach. Syn. 208. Korb. Syst. L. Germ. 73.

Fig :- Nyl. Scand. t. 1. f. 1.

Exs: -Anzi Langob. 51. Fellm. 85.

Scotland; -Glen Dee, Braemar. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Well distinguished from *P.aleurites*, with which it has been heretofore confounded, by the round separated soredia, and the curved spores, and different reaction, the entire central portion of the thallus in *P. aleurites* being sorediate. Page 130. Parmelia alcurites, add spores straight, dele Felm. 95 and Glen Dee, Braemar. Rev. J.M Crombie.

Haughmond Hill! Shropshire, very abundant and fine.

Page 131. Parmelia tiliacea var. sublævigata, Drwsynant!

Page 133. Parmelia Borreri, (Turn.) typical form:—Leight. 231, Mass. 107. Zw. 251. M. & N 634. Schær. 361. Hepp. 582. Larbal. 20. Anzi Langob. 374. Wagner 13.

Glyn! Capel Curig!

Forma olivacea, Leight. olivaceo-virescent, like P. olivacea, (L) but with different reaction (medulla white C red,) M & N. 161 upper specimen. Mass. 167. Hepp. 866. Bohl. 86.

On trees, very frequent, but sterile, throughout Shropshire !,

Montgomeryshire!, Denbighshire! and Carnarvonshire!

Page 134. Parmelia conspersa, particularly fine and in fruit in Nant Francon!

Page 134. Parmelia fuliginosa, Castleton, Braemar! Mr. Croall. Forfarshire! Mr. Drummond. Norfolk! Mr. D. Turner.

Page 137. Parmelia saxatilis, Bwlch mountain, near Aberystwith. Miss Atwood. (in fruit) Cwm Cywion! Aran Mowddy!

Page 138. Parmelia omphalodes, in fine fruit, Cwm Idwall!

Page 140. Physcia chrysophthalma, Mr. Crombie (in litt.) says "surely not so far inland in England as Settle. Dr. Windsor made some mistake and if I remember rightly expressed some doubts in the Phytologist; even flavicans can scarcely occur at Settle."

Page 142. Physcia parietina, Aberayron, Cardiganshire. Miss

A twood.

Page 144. Physcia parietina var. polycarpa, Stiperstones! Page 145. line 19, for "Kirricumie" read "Kirrimuir."

Page 146. Physcia pulverulenta, very fine on trees in Bettws-y-

coed Church Yard.

Var. muscigena. Mr. Crombie (in litt,) says "Mudd confounded pityrea with this. Dr. Holl's plant from Malvern not this at all and I doubt his Ben Lawers one also. I have myself examined that mountain too well for many years to overlook any plant so well known. I have it however very sparingly from Craig Tulloch."

Page 148. Physcia obscura, Edderton!

Page 148. Physcia obscura var. chloantha, Llanforda!

Var. virella, Worfield! and Llanymynech! and on rocks on Haughmond Hill! and Llanymynech Hill!

Page 149. Physcia adglutinata (Flk), Mr. Crombie (in litt.) says

"a very good species."

Page 150. Physcia stellaris, Aberystwith, Miss Atwood.

Page 151. Physcia stellaris var. leptalea, Scotland:—S. W. Grampians, common. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Edderton!

Page 153. Parmelia aquila, Kincar dineshire, Rev. J.M. Crombic.

Moel-y-Golfa!

Page 154. Umbilicaria pustulata, Drwsycoed, near Nantle, Car-

diganshire. Miss Atwood. Grinshill!

Page 155. Umbilicaria polyphylla, Cwm Tryfaen! Cwm Bochlwyd! Pass of Llanberis! Aran Mowddy! Caer Caradoc! Long Mynd!

forma congregata. Cwm Tryfaen!

Page 156. line 1 and 37, for "Raynock' read "Koynoch."

Page 158. Umbilicaria erosa, Cwm Tryfaen! Cwm Bochlwyd! Cwm Ffynnon lloer! and Cwm Ffynnon Llugwy!

Page 159. Umbilicaria polyrrhiza, Cvm Ffynnon lloer! Cwm

Ffynnon Llugwy!

Page 160. Umbilicaria proboscidea, Cwm Tryfaen!

Page 161. line 8 for "under" read "upper."

Page 161, Umbilicaria cylindrica, Cwm Tryfaen! Cwm Bochlwyd! Aran Mowddy! Cwm Ffynnon lloer! Cwm Ffynnon Llugwy! Page 164. for cæruleo-badia ("Schær") read "Schleich." and add Glyn, near Capel Curig! Drwsynant!

Page 165. Pannaria elæina, Mr. Crombie (in litt.) says "not

the plant, I believe, of Eng. Bot. nor British."

Page 165. Pannaria pezizoides, Cwm Cywion! abundant in the

Grampians, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 167. Pannaria curvescens, Mudd. not Pannaria but Lecanora, see Nyl. Lapp. or. 135 and Leight. Lich. Fl. G. B. 214. Above Loch-na-cat, Rev. J. M. Crombie.

Page 168. Pannaria nigra, Llanyblodwell rocks!

Page 170. Pannaria plumbea, Bettws-y-coed Church Yard! Page 171. Squamaria crassa, Great Orme's Head! Eglswg rocks!

Page 174. Squamaria gelida, Cwm Cywion! Aran Mowddy! Page 175. Placodium murorum, frequent in lowlands and maritime districts of Scotland. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Forfar, Mr. Croall. near Yarmouth! Mr. D. Turner.

Var. obliteratum, most abundant on walls about Rhyl!

Var. miniatum, Llanymynech Hill!

Page 176. Placodium decipiens, Framlingham Castle! Herringfleet! Mr. D. Turner. Rhyddlan Castle!

Page 176. Placodium callopismum, Old Aberdeen and Dum-

blane. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Eglswg rocks!

Page 177. Var. plicatum. Scotland, Blair Athole. Rev. J. M.

Crombie. Eglswg rocks!

Page 177. Placodium citrinum, frequent in lowland districts of Scotland, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Eglswg rocks! Broomhill, near Oswestry!

Page 178. Placodium elegans, the true plant in Mr. D. Tur-

ner's Herbarium at Kew! often confounded with miniatum.

Page 179. Placodium chalyboum, Glyn, near Capel Curig! Eglswg rocks!

Page 178. Placodium candicans, Llanyblodwell rocks! Eglswg

rocks!

Page 185. forma privigna, Mr. Crombie (in litt.) refers the specimens from Boxley Hill, Sussex; New Forest, Hants; Lyndhurst Moor, and Epping Forest to var. Heppii (Naeg)=Hepp. 57.

Page 187. line 9. for granite "rocks," read "walls."

Page 187. Lecanora sarcopis, near Exeter. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Page 187. Lecanora tartarea, Capel Curig! Cwm Cywion!

Page 188. forma grandinosa, Glyn! near Capel Curig; Cwm Tryfaen!

Page 188. forma frigida, Cwm Cywion!

Page 188. Lecanora parella, Drwsynant! Craigforda!

Page 189. Lecanora parella forma pallescens, Glyn! near Capel Curig; Llanyblodwell rocks!

Page 192. Lecanora varia, (Ehrh.) common in Scotland, Rev.

J. M. Crombic.

Page 193. Var. sæpincola, Exeter, Devon. Rev. J. M. Crombie

Stiperstones! Sutton! near Shrewsbury; Haughmond Hill!

Page 193, Var. conizaa, for "Scotland" read "Ireland;" and add Scotland:—Killin, Durris, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Worthing! Rev. T. Salwey. Wrekin!

Page 194. Lecanora atra, Llyn Cwlyd! Glyn! near Capel Curig;

Eglswg rocks! Craigforda! Moel-y-Golfa!

Page 194. Lecanora leucophæa, Crib Goch! Snowdon. Pass of

Llanberis! Aran Mowddy!

Page 196. Lecanora argopholis, Glyn! near Capel Curig; Cwm Cywion.!

Page 197. Lecanora polytropa, Breadalbane, Braemar, Rev. J.

M. Crombie.

Page 197. forma conglobata, (Smrf.) Grampians, Scotland. Rev.

J. M. Crombie.

Page 198. Lecanora intricata, (Schrad.) Breadalbane and Portlethen, Kincardineshire, Scotland, Rev. J. M. Crombie. Cwm Bochlwyd! Cwm Cywion! Llyn Cwlyd!

Page 199. Lecanora orosthea, (Ach.) Braemar, Kincardineshire, Scotland. Rev. J. M. Crombie. Glyn! near Capel Curig; Llyn

Cwlyd!

Page 200. Lecanora oculata, erase Cawley rock, Exeter. Mr.

Parfit.

Page 200. Lecanora subfusca, f. allophana, Glyn! near Capel Curig.

Page 201. f. argentata, Capel Curig!

Page 202. f. coilccarpa, Cwm Cywion! Castle Dinas Bran!

Page 202. f. gangalea, Craigforda!

Page 203. forma atrynea, Ach. Cove, Kincardineshire, Scotland. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

Page 203. forma chlarona, Ach. not uncommon in Scotland.

Rev. J. M. Crombic.

Page 204. forma albella, (Pers.) not uncommon in Scotland. Rev. J. M. Crombie.

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Page 207. Lecanora umbrina, f. crenulata, (Dicks.) pretty frequent in Scotland. Rev. J. M. Crombic.

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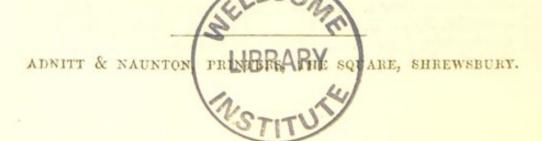
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