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Great Scientist's Notable Work At Galapagos.

Quito, Ecuador.

A monument to Charles Darwin, the noted English scientist, in the Galapagos Islands, where he is said to have evolved his theory of the origin of man, will be unveiled by the Darwin Memorial Expedition on September 17.

Darwin visited the islands in 1835 as a member of the British scientific expedition aboard the Beagle. The birds and reptiles he found there, as well as the position and formation of the islands, divided by the equator, aided him in conceiving his theory. Darwin was only 25 years of age at the time.

The monument, commemorating Darwin's visit 100 years ago to the Galapagos, will have a bronze plaque on the front, with a relief image of the great scientist, underneath which will be an inscription written by his only son, Major Leonard Darwin, of Sussex, England.

The inscription will read: "Charles Darwin visited the Galapagos Islands in 1835, making a study of the reproduction of animals and plants, which prompted him to consider the problem of organic evolution. Thus, was born the revolutionary thought on this subject which has since held a prominent place in science. Erected in 1935 by the Darwin Memorial Expedition."

The rear of the monument will have a bronze relief plaque of the Beagle, on board which Darwin made his celebrated expedition. The sides will have images of Darwin when 25 years of

age.

Ten bronze medals, commemorating the unveiling of the monument, have been struck and will be distributed to President Roosevelt, President Jose Maria Velasco Ibarra, of Ecuador, Major Leonard Darwin and seven others for their activities in behalf of the memorial.

Doctor Victor W. von Fagen, University of Michigan naturalist and head of the Darwin Memorial Expedition, recently presented one of the medals to President Velasco Ibarra. The expedition had planned to leave Guayaquil for the Galapagos Islands about the middle of July to supervise the work on the memorial and at the same time study plant and animal life there.

Drastic measures have been taken to suppress the rising in Candia, the capital of Crete.

Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell, the First Lord of the Admiralty, emphasised the need for a strong Navy in a speech at Blenheim, Oxfordshire.